



## **Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Deployment Guide, Release 3.3**

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# CHAPTER 1

## Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Overview

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This chapter contains the following sections:

- [About Cisco Nexus Data Broker, on page 1](#)
- [Supported Web Browsers, on page 6](#)
- [Prerequisites for Cisco Nexus Series Switches, on page 6](#)
- [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix, on page 12](#)
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### About Cisco Nexus Data Broker

Visibility into application traffic has traditionally been important for infrastructure operations to maintain security, troubleshooting, and compliance and perform resource planning. With the technological advances and growth in cloud-based applications, it has become imperative to gain increased visibility into the network traffic. Traditional approaches to gain visibility into network traffic are expensive and rigid, making it difficult for managers of large-scale deployments.

Cisco Nexus Data Broker with Cisco Nexus Switches provides a software-defined, programmable solution to aggregate copies of network traffic using Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) or network Test Access Point (TAP) for monitoring and visibility. As opposed to traditional network taps and monitoring solutions, this packet-brokering approach offers a simple, scalable and cost-effective solution that is well-suited for customers who need to monitor higher-volume and business-critical traffic for efficient use of security, compliance, and application performance monitoring tools.

With the flexibility to use a variety of Cisco Nexus Switches and the ability to interconnect them to form a scalable topology provides the ability to aggregate traffic from multiple input TAP or SPAN ports, and replicate and forward traffic to multiple monitoring tools which may be connected across different switches. Combining the use of Cisco plugin for OpenFlow and the Cisco NX-API agent to communicate to the switches, Cisco Nexus Data Broker provides advance features for traffic management.

Cisco Nexus Data Broker provides management support for multiple disjointed Cisco Nexus Data Broker networks. You can manage multiple Cisco Nexus Data Broker topologies that may be disjointed using the same application instance. For example, if you have 5 data centers and want to deploy an independent Cisco Nexus Data Broker solution for each data center, you can manage all 5 independent deployments using a single application instance by creating a logical partition (network slice) for each monitoring network.

Starting with Cisco NDB release 3.6, when a new switch is discovered on NDB, the following connections are installed on the ISL interfaces:

- Default-Deny-ISL connection with Default-Deny-All, Default-Deny-MPLS, and Default-Deny-ARP filters. This connection is supported on all the types of switches in NXAPI mode.
- Default-Deny-ISL-ICMP connection with Default-Deny-ICMP and Default-Deny-ICMP-All filters. This connection is supported on 9200, 9300EX, 9300FX, 9500EX, and 9500FX switches in NXAPI mode.

All the ACLs related to the default filters are installed on the ISL interfaces of the new switch. By default, this feature is enabled for all the new ISL interfaces.



**Note** You can manage this feature using the `mm.addDefaultISLDenyRules` attribute in `config.ini` file. By default, the `mm.addDefaultISLDenyRules` attribute is not present in `config.ini` file. To disable this feature, you need to add the `mm.addDefaultISLDenyRules` attribute to `config.ini` file and set it to `false` and restart the device. For example:

```
mm.addDefaultISLDenyRules = false
```



**Note** A Cisco Nexus Data Broker instance can support either the OpenFlow or NX-API device configuration mode, it does not support both device types.



**Note** Starting with Cisco NDB release 3.6, Global ACLs are automatically added to all the interfaces on a device. By default, Global ACLs are enabled for a device. To manage Global ACLs, you need to add the `configure.global.acls` parameter in the `config.ini` file. Set the `configure.global.acls` parameter to *false* and restart the device to disable Global ACLs on the device.



**Note** Starting with Cisco NDB release 3.6, consistency check option is now available for NX-API based devices along with the OpenFlow based devices.



**Note** Starting with Cisco NDB Release 3.4, you can configure the timeout interval for NDB GUI. By default, a user is logged out if the session is inactive for more than 10 minutes. You can configure the inactive timeout interval by modifying the timeout interval attribute in the `xnc/configuration/web.xml` file. You need to restart the NDB to apply the new interval.



**Note** Starting with Cisco NDB Release 3.6.2, you can now configure the inactivity timeout interval in NDB GUI instead of updating the `xnc/configuration/web.xml` file. By default, a user is logged out if the session is inactive for more than 10 minutes. You need to re-log in to the NDB to apply the new interval. For more information, see *Configuring Inactivity Timeout* section. .





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- Note** Starting with Cisco Nexus Data Broker, Release 3.3:
- Advanced filtering based on TCP AND UDP flags is supported to filter the traffic.
  - IPv6, QinQ, and UDF are supported for NX-OS I6 release platform.
  - You can define a User Defined Filter (UDF) and use it while creating a filter for traffic management.
  - Edit Priority field for the connections is configurable. By default, edit is enabled for the Cisco NDB administrator role.
- 



- 
- Note** Starting with Cisco NDB release 3.2.2, IPv6 addressing is supported in centralized mode. You can configure NDB to use either IPv6 addressing or both IPv4 and IPv6 addressing. Set `ipv6.strict` attribute in `config.ini` file to `true` to make NDB accessible only through IPv6 address. If you set the `ipv6.strict` attribute to `false`, you can access NDB through IPv4 or IPv6 address.
- 



- 
- Note** Starting with Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.1, the user strings for Cisco Nexus Data Broker can contain alphanumeric characters including the following special characters: period (.), underscore (\_), or hyphen (-). These are the only special characters that are allowed in the user strings.
- 



- 
- Note** The hostname string for Cisco Nexus Data Broker can contain between 1 and 256 alphanumeric characters including the following special characters: period (.), underscore (\_), or hyphen (-). These are the only special characters that are allowed in the user strings.
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Cisco Nexus Data Broker provides the following:

- Support for the OpenFlow mode or the NX-API mode of operation.




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**Note** The OpenFlow mode and the NX-API mode are supported on both Cisco Nexus 3000 Series and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches. Cisco Nexus 9500, 9200, and 9300-EX switches support only NX-API mode of deployment. Cisco Nexus 3500 supports only Openflow mode of deployment. You can enable only one mode, either OpenFlow or NX-API mode, at a time.

You can enable only one mode, either OpenFlow or NX-API mode, at a time.

When using OpenFlow mode, NX-API is available for auxiliary configurations only, for example, Enabling Q-in-Q on the SPAN and TAP ports.

Cisco Nexus 9300-EX Series switches support only Cisco NX-OS Release 7.0(3)I5(1) and later releases.

The configuration that is supported in the AUX mode is:

- Pull and push of interface description
- Q-in-Q configuration
- Redirection
- Port Channel load balancing
- MPLS Stripping




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**Note** Starting with Cisco Nexus 3000 Release 7.x, the NX-API configuration is supported on the following Cisco Nexus Series switches:

- Cisco Nexus 3172 switches
- Cisco Nexus 3132 switches
- Cisco Nexus 3164 switches
- Cisco Nexus 31128 switches
- Cisco Nexus 3232 switches
- Cisco Nexus 3264 switches
- Cisco Nexus 3100-V switches

- 
- The features that are supported with the Cisco Nexus 9500 Series switches are:
    - The NX-API feature is supported. (OpenFlow is not supported.)
    - The MPLS strip feature is supported.
    - The label age CLI feature is not supported.
  - Support for Layer-7 filtering for the HTTP traffic using the HTTP methods.
  - Support for VLAN and MPLS tag stripping.

- A scalable topology for TAP and SPAN port aggregation.
- Support for Q-in-Q to tag input source TAP and SPAN ports.
- Symmetric load balancing.
- Rules for matching monitoring traffic based on Layer 1 through Layer 4 information.
- The ability to replicate and forward traffic to multiple monitoring tools.
- Time stamping using Precision Time Protocol (PTP).
- Packet truncation beyond a specified number of bytes to discard payload.
- Reaction to changes in the TAP/SPAN aggregation network states.
- Security features, such as role-based access control (RBAC), and integration with an external Active Directory using RADIUS, TACACS, or LDAP for authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) functions.
- End-to-end path visibility, including both port and flow level statistics for troubleshooting.
- Robust Representational State Transfer (REST) API and a web-based GUI for performing all functions
- Support for Cisco plugin for Open Flow, version 1.0
- Cisco Nexus Data Broker adds NX-API plugin to support Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches as TAP/SPAN aggregation. The NX-API supports JSON-RPC, XML, and JSON. Cisco Nexus Data Broker interacts with Cisco Nexus 9000 Series using the NX-API in JSON message formats.
- Beginning with Cisco Nexus Data Broker, Release 3.1, Cisco Nexus Data Broker is certified with Cisco Nexus 9200 Series and Cisco Nexus 9300-EX Series switches.

The following features are supported on the Cisco Nexus 9300-EX Series switches:

- Symmetric Load Balancing
  - Q-in-Q
  - Switch Port Configuration
  - MPLS Stripping
  - BlockTx
  - Truncate
- Beginning with Cisco Nexus Data Broker, Release 3.1, Cisco Nexus Data Broker is shipped with a certificate for the HTTPS connection between the Cisco Nexus Data Broker and a browser. Now with this feature, you can change to a different certificate than the shipped certificate.

The script **generateWebUICertificate.sh** is available in the **xnc/configuration** folder. If you execute this script, it moves the shipped certificate to **old\_keystore** and the new certificate is generated in **keystore**. On the next Cisco Nexus Data Broker restart, this new certificate is used.

With Cisco Nexus Data Broker, you can:

- Classify Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) and Test Access Point (TAP) ports.
- Integrate with Cisco ACI through Cisco APIC to configure SPAN destinations and SPAN sessions.

- Add monitoring devices to capture traffic.
- Filter which traffic should be monitored.
- Redirect packets from a single or multiple SPAN or TAP ports to multiple monitoring devices through delivery ports.
- Restrict which users can view and modify the monitoring system.
- If Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switch is using 7.0(3)I4(1) or later version in NX-API mode and if a flow is installed using a VLAN filer, then the device goes through an IP access list and it does not match on the Layer 2 packet.
- Configure these additional features, depending upon the type of switch:
  - Enable MPLS Tag stripping.
  - Set VLAN ID on Cisco Nexus 3000 Series switches.
  - Symmetric load balancing on Cisco Nexus 3100 Series switches and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches.
  - Q-in-Q on Cisco Nexus 3000 Series switches, 3100 Series switches, and Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches.
  - Timestamp tagging and packet truncation on Cisco Nexus 3500 Series switches.
  - You can now configure the **watchdog\_timer** configuration parameter in the **config.ini** file. If the value of the parameter is set to 0, the watchdog timer functionality is not available. The value of 30 seconds is a minimum value of the parameter and if the value of the parameter is set to a value more the 30 seconds, the watchdog timer monitors the JAVA process for the configured time interval.

## Supported Web Browsers

The following Web browsers are supported for Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded:

- Firefox 45.x and later versions
- Chrome 45.x and later versions
- Internet Explorer 11 and later versions



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**Note** JavaScript 1.5 or a later version must be enabled in your browser.

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## Prerequisites for Cisco Nexus Series Switches

Cisco Nexus Data Broker is supported on Cisco Nexus 3000, 3100, 3200, 3500, and 9000 series switches. Before you deploy the software, you must do the following:

- Ensure that you have administrative rights to log in to the switch.

- Verify that the management interface of the switch (mgmt0) has an IP address configured using the **show running-config interface mgmt0** command.
- Ensure that the switch is in Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) mode. You can use **spanning-tree mode mst** command to enable MST mode on a switch.
- Add the VLAN range in the database that is to be used in Cisco Nexus Data Broker for tap aggregation and inline monitoring redirection to support VLAN filtering. For example, the VLAN range is <1-3967>.
- Ensure that the spanning tree protocol is disabled for all the VLANs. You can use the **no spanning-tree vlan 1-3967** to disable spanning tree on all the VLANs.
- For the first NDB deployment with NXOS version 9.2(1), ensure that the **feature nxapi** and **nxapi http port 80** commands are configured on the NDB switch. If you upgrading NDB switch from NXOS version I7(x) to 9.2(1), the **feature nxapi** and **nxapi http port 80** configurations are not required.

For running the OpenFlow and NX-API mode on the Cisco Nexus Series switches, see the following pre-requisites.



**Note** The hardware command that is a pre-requisite for the IPv6 feature is **hardware access-list tcam region ipv6-ifacl 512 double-wide**.



**Note** The TCAM configurations are based on the type of filters required. You may configure multiple TCAM entries from a specific region based on the network requirement. For example, *ing-ifacl* is the TCAM region to cater MAC, IPv4, IPv6 filters in case of N93180YC-E. You may configure multiple TCAM from this region to fit more filtering ACL TCAM entries.

Device Models	OpenFlow Mode	NX-API Mode
Cisco Nexus 3000 Series switches	Enter the <b># hardware profile openflow</b> command at the prompt.	

Device Models	OpenFlow Mode	NX-API Mode
Cisco Nexus 3164Q switches	The OpenFlow mode is not supported on the Nexus 3164Q switches.	Enter the following commands at the prompt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• # hardware profile tcam region qos 0</li> <li>• # hardware profile tcam region racl 0</li> <li>• # hardware profile tcam region vacl 0</li> <li>• # hardware profile tcam region ifacl 1024 double-wide</li> <li>• # hardware access-list tcam region mac-ifacl 512</li> <li>• #feature nxapi</li> <li>• #feature lldp</li> </ul>
Cisco Nexus 3172 Series switches	Enter the # hardware profile openflow command at the prompt.	Use the hardware profile mode tap-aggregation [ l2drop ] CLI command to enable tap aggregation and to reserve entries in the interface table that are needed for VLAN tagging. The l2drop option drops non-IP traffic ingress on tap interfaces.

Device Models	OpenFlow Mode	NX-API Mode
Cisco Nexus 3200 Series switches	Enter the <b>hardware access-list tcam region openflow 256</b> command at the prompt.	Enter the following commands at the prompt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region e-racl 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region span 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region redirect 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region vpc-convergence 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region racl-lite 256</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region l3qos-intra-lite 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ifacl 256 double-wide</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region mac-ifacl 512</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ipv6-ifacl 256</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature nxapi</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature lldp</b></li> </ul>
Cisco Nexus 3500 series switches	Enter either of the following commands at the prompt to configure OpenFlow TCAM: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b># hardware profile forwarding-mode openflow-hybrid</b></li> <li>• <b>#hardware profile forwarding-mode openflow-only</b></li> </ul>	

Device Models	OpenFlow Mode	NX-API Mode
Cisco Nexus 9300 Series switches	<p>Enter the <b>hardware access-list tcam region openflow 512 double-wide</b> command at the prompt to configure the MAC filters.</p> <p>For IPv4 and IPv6, enter the <b>hardware access-list tcam region openflow 512</b> command.</p> <p><b>Note</b> IPv6 and IPv4 dual stack is not supported in I6 and I7.</p>	<p>Enter the following commands at the prompt:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region qos 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region vqacl 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region racl 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region redirect 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region vpc-convergence 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ifacl 1024 double-wide</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region mac-ifacl 512</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ipv6-ifacl 512</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature nxapi</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature lldp</b></li> </ul>



Device Models	OpenFlow Mode	NX-API Mode
Cisco Nexus 9200, 9300-EX, 9336C-FX2, and 93240YC-FX2 switches	The OpenFlow mode is not supported on the 9200, 9300-EX, 9336C-FX2, and 93240YC-FX2 switches.	Enter the following commands at the prompt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>#hardware access-list tcam region ing-l2-span-filter 0</b> (For Cisco Nexus 93108 series switch only)</li> <li>• <b>#hardware access-list tcam region ing-l3-span-filter 0</b> (For Cisco Nexus 93108 series switch only)</li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ing-racl 0</b></li> <li>• <b>hardware access-list tcam region ing-l3-vlan-qos 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region egr-racl 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ing-ifacl 1024</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature nxapi</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature lldp</b></li> </ul>
Cisco Nexus 9500-EX and 9500-FX Series switches	The OpenFlow mode is not supported on the Cisco Nexus 9500-EX and 9500-FX Series switches.	Enter the following commands at the prompt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ing-racl 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ing-l3-vlan-qos 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region egr-racl 0</b></li> <li>• <b># hardware access-list tcam region ing-ifacl 1024</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature nxapi</b></li> <li>• <b>#hardware acl tap-agg</b></li> <li>• <b>#feature lldp</b></li> </ul>

# Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix

See the Cisco Nexus Data Broker software release filename matrix for more information on the software images:

Mode of Deployment	NXOS Image	Mode	File Name
Embedded	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NXAPI	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip
Embedded	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	OpenFlow	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip
Embedded	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NXAPI	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-nxapi-3.7.1-k9.zip
Embedded	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	Openflow	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-3.7.1-ofa_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.zip

Mode of Deployment	NXOS Image	Mode	File Name
Embedded	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	Openflow	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-3.7.1-ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.zip
Centralized	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NXAPI	ndb1000-sw-app-k9-3.7.1.zip
Centralized	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	OpenFlow	ndb1000-sw-app-k9-3.7.1.zip

## Nexus Data Broker Hardware and Software Interoperability Matrix

The following table lists the hardware and software ineteroperability matrix for Cisco NDB Release 3.7.1.

Nexus Switch Model(s)	Implementation Type	Supported NX-OS Versions	Open Flow Agent
Nexus 3048 / 3064 / 3172	OpenFlow	6.0(2)U6	1.1.5
Nexus 3048 / 3064 / 3172	OpenFlow	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	2.1.4
Nexus 3048 / 3064	NXAPI	6.0(2)U6(x), and 7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(8b)	NA

Nexus Switch Model(s)	Implementation Type	Supported NX-OS Versions	Open Flow Agent
Nexus 3172	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 3164	OpenFlow	Not Supported	Not Supported
Nexus 3164	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 3232	OpenFlow	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	2.1.4
Nexus 3232	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 3548	OpenFlow	6.0(2)A6(x) and 6.0(2)A8(x) I7(5) and I7(5a) (OF agent is not required)	1.1.5
Nexus 3548	NXAPI	Not Supported	Not Supported
Nexus 92160 / 92304	OpenFlow	Not Supported	Not Supported
Nexus 92160 / 92304	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 9372 / 9396 / 93128	OpenFlow	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(2) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	2.1.4
Nexus 9372 / 9396 / 93128	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 93180LC-EX	OpenFlow	Not Supported	Not Supported
Nexus 93180LC-EX	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(8), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 93180TC-EX / 93180YC-EX	OpenFlow	Not Supported	Not Supported
Nexus 93180TC-EX / 93180YC-EX	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 93108TC-FX / 93108YC-FX	OpenFlow	Not Supported	Not Supported
Nexus 93108TC-FX / 93108YC-FX	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(8), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 9504 / 9508 / 9516	OpenFlow	Not Supported	Not Supported

Nexus Switch Model(s)	Implementation Type	Supported NX-OS Versions	Open Flow Agent
Nexus 9504 / 9508 / 9516	NXAPI	7.0(3)I4(1) to 7.0(3)I4(9), 7.0(3)I6(1), 7.0(3)I7(3) to 7.0(3)I7(6), 9.2(1) to 9.2(3).	NA
Nexus 31108TC-V / 31108PC-V	NXAPI	7.0(3)I7(5), 7.0(3)I7(5a), 9.2(1), and 9.2(2).	NA
Nexus 31108TC-V / 31108PC-V	OpenFlow	7.0(3)I7(5), 7.0(3)I7(5a), 9.2(1), and 9.2(2).	NA
Nexus 9336C-FX2 / 93240YC-FX2	NXAPI	7.0(3)I7(5), 7.0(3)I7(5a), 9.2(1), and 9.2(2).	NA

## Python Activator Scripts for NX-OS Images

The following table lists the Python Activator scripts and corresponding NX-OS Image names:



**Note** The activator scripts are available for download at: <https://github.com/datacenter/nexus-data-broker>.

**Table 1: Python Activator Scripts for NX-OS Images**

Python activator script file name	NX-OS Image
NDBActivator2.0_A6_A8_Plus.py	Cisco NXOS versions A6 and A8
NDBActivator2.0_I3_I4.py	Cisco NXOS versions I3 and I4
NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py	Cisco NXOS version I5 and above.





## CHAPTER 2

# Deploying Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded for OpenFlow

---

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Obtaining the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow, on page 17](#)
- [Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow, on page 19](#)
- [Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow Mode for NXOS Versions in 7.0\(3\)I7\(2\) or Later, on page 21](#)
- [Installing, Activating and upgrading the Cisco Nexus Data Broker for OpenFlow Mode for NXOS Version 7.0\(3\)I7\(2\) or Later on Low Memory Devices, on page 23](#)
- [Upgrading to Release 3.7.1, on page 28](#)
- [Upgrading to Release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS Releases 7.0\(3\)I7\(2\) or Later, on page 30](#)
- [Configuring the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow, on page 31](#)
- [Logging in to the Cisco Nexus Data Broker GUI , on page 33](#)

## Obtaining the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow

To obtain the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow, complete the following steps:



---

**Attention**

Starting with Cisco NXOS Release 7.0(3)I5(1), Openflow is supported in Embedded deployment.

---



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**Note**

This procedure is applicable for the following Cisco Nexus 3000, Nexus 9000 platforms:

- Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches (excluding EX, FX, and 9500 models) running NXOS version I4 or lower.
  - Cisco Nexus 3000 and 3100 Series switches running NXOS version I4 or lower.
  - Cisco Nexus 3548 switches running version 6.0(2)A6 or 6.0(2)A8.
-

## Procedure

---

- Step 1** In a web browser, navigate to [Cisco.com](http://Cisco.com).
- Step 2** Under **Support**, click **All Downloads**.
- Step 3** In the center pane, click **Cloud and Systems Management**.
- Step 4** If prompted, enter your Cisco.com username and password to log in.
- Step 5** In the right pane, click **Network Controllers and Applications**, and then click **Cisco Nexus Data Broker**.
- Step 6** Download and unzip the **Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1** application bundle zip file. For more information regarding the NDB zip file name, see [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix](#).
- Step 7** Download the activator script. The Python activator script needed to activate the NDB is available at: <https://github.com/datacenter/nexus-data-broker>. For more information regarding the Python activator script file name, see [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix](#).
- Step 8** Unzip the application bundle to extract the two files:
- ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.7.1.ova – NDB application OVA
  - ofa\_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova (N9K switches) OR ofa\_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova (N3K and N3548 switches) – Openflow Plugin OVA
- Step 9** Copy the OpenFlow Plugin OVA to bootflash of the switch.
- Example:**  
copy ftp://user@10.10.10.1/download\_dir/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.7.1.ova bootflash: vrf management
- Step 10** Copy the NDB application OVA to bootflash of the switch.
- Example:**  
copy ftp://user@10.10.10.1/download\_dir/ofa\_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova bootflash: vrf management
- Example:**  
copy ftp://user@10.10.10.1/download\_dir/ofa\_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova bootflash: vrf management
- Step 11** Copy the Python activator script to switch.
- Example:**  
copy ftp://user@10.10.10.1/download\_dir/NDBActivator2.0\_A6\_A8\_Plus.py bootflash:NDBActivator.py  
vrf management
- Example:**  
copy ftp://user@10.10.10.1/download\_dir/NDBActivator2.0\_I3\_I4.py bootflash:NDBActivator.py  
management
- 

## What to do next

Install the software on a Cisco Nexus 3000, 3100, 3200, 3500, or 9000 Series switch.



# Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow

To install and activate Cisco Nexus Data Broker (NDB) for OpenFlow, you need two OVA files for deployment, one file for OpenFlow plugin and other for NDB Application.

## Before you begin



**Note** You cannot install a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded if you already have an existing Cisco Monitor Manager Embedded application installed and active.

Before you begin installing a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded, you must:

- Deactivate your current Cisco Monitor Manager Embedded OVA file.
- Uninstall the Cisco Monitor Manager Embedded OVA file.



**Note** To add a device to NDB in embedded mode, use the device IP address. Currently, NDB embedded mode does not support hostname for adding a device.



**Important** Ensure that you have at least 1 GB of available space in the bootflash. For example, the **ofa\_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova** and **ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.3.ova** file require a total of 850 MB of space in the bootflash for the decompression and installation processes. For more information regarding the NDB zip file name, see [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix](#).

## Procedure

- Step 1** switch# **copy ftp://source\_Server ofa\_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova bootflash:vrf management OR download\_dir ofa\_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova bootflash:vrf management**
- Copies the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
- Step 2** switch# **copy ftp://source\_Server ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.3.ova bootflash:vrf management**
- Copies the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
- Step 3** switch# **show virtual-service list**
- Monitors the status of the copy processes.

**Step 4** switch# **virtual-service install name ofa\_ndbemb package bootflash:ofa\_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova** OR switch# **virtual-service install name ofa\_ndbemb package bootflash:ofa\_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova**

Installs the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow package on the switch.

**Step 5** switch# **virtual-service install name ndb\_emb package bootflash:ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.3.ova**

Installs the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package on the switch.

**Step 6** switch# **show virtual-service list**

Monitors the status of the installations.

**Note** Do not continue until both OVA files have been successfully installed.

**Step 7** switch# **configure terminal**

Enters global configuration mode on the switch.

**Step 8** switch (config)# **virtual-service ndb virtual service name**

Starts the virtual service for the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow package and enters virtual service configuration mode on the switch.

**Step 9** switch(config-virt-serv)# **activate**

Activates the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow package.

**Step 10** switch(config-virt-serv)# **exit**

Returns to global configuration mode.

**Step 11** switch(config)# **virtual-service ndb virtual service name**

Starts the virtual service for the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package and enters virtual service configuration mode on the switch.

**Step 12** switch(config-virt-serv)# **activate**

Activates the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package.

**Step 13** switch(config-virt-serv)# **exit**

Exits virtual service configuration mode on the switch.

**Step 14** switch(config)# **show virtual-service list**

Monitors the status of the package activations.

**Example:**

```
N9k(config-virt-serv)# show virtual-service list
Virtual Service List:
Name                               Status           Package Name
-----
ndb                                 Activated        ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.1.0.ova
ofa                                 Activated        ofa_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova
```

**Step 15** **python bootflash:<python NDB activator script> -v ndb .**

Creates `/embndb/interface` file with management interface details using the NDB Python activator script:

- if version is 2.x.x, the following error message is displayed, "Not supported version, please upgrade to the newer version"
- if version is 3.0.0 or 3.1.0, the `/xnclite/launcher.sh` file is updated.
- If version is 3.2.0, `/xnclite/launcher.sh` is not updated.

The script is available in the `ndb` directory in the GitHub repository at <https://github.com/datacenter/nexus9000/blob/master/nexusdatabroker/>.

**Note** The NDB activator script is different for the different Cisco NXOS versions:

- `NDBActivator2.0_A6_A8.py`: For Cisco NXOS versions A6 and A8.
- `NDBActivator2.0_I3_I4.py`: For Cisco NXOS versions I3 and I4.

**Step 16** Deactivate the NDB virtual service and activate it.

Updates the configuration changes.

**Example:**

```
device# configure terminal
device(config)# virtual-service <virtual-services-name>
device(config)# no activate
device(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until deactivated complete)
device(config)# activate
device(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until activated complete)
device(config)# end
device(config)# copy running-config startup-config
```

---

## Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow Mode for NXOS Versions in 7.0(3)I7(2) or Later

Cisco NDB is not installed as OVA, it is installed in the Guestshell. You can now install NDB directly on a device in embedded mode on NXOS 7.0(3)I7(2) or later release on the Guestshell. To install Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded software on NXOS 7.0(3)I7(2) or later release, use the NDB activator script, `NDBActivator2.0_I5_Plus.py`. After you install NDB, you need to enable it. To enable NDB, use the **guestshell enable** command. To disable NDB, use **guestshell disable** command.

The activator script performs the following functions:

- Resizes the Guestshell resources.
- Unzips and places the XNC folder into the Guestshell home directory.
- Configures the Guestshell to management VRF.

## Before you begin



**Note** By default, you cannot install a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded if you already have an existing Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded application installed and active. You can forcefully run the activator script even if it is already activated using **python bootflash** command with **--force** attribute. For example:

```
Syntax: python <file path>NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+ <zip file path> --force
```

```
Example: python bootflash:NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+
/bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip -force
```



**Note** If you are using Cisco NXOS version I4.7 in embedded mode, you need to uninstall the NDB OVA and OpenFlow agent OVA and then upgrade the device to NXOS version I7.2.



**Note** Before you begin installing a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker in Embedded mode, you must download and copy NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py and ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip files to device.



**Note** If an instance of NDB exists in the guestshell and you need to install a new NDB instance, you need to destroy the existing Guestshell and re-install the Guestshell and the NDB. To uninstall NDB application, destroy the Guestshell using the command, **guestshell destroy**.

```
N9K-switch# guestshell destroy
```



**Important** Ensure that you have sufficient space available in the bootflash. The **ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip** file require a total of ~600 MB of space in the bootflash (/volatile folder) for the decompression processes. The script runs only on NXOS platform, version 7.0(3)I5(1) or later, with memory greater than 8GB.

## Procedure

- Step 1** switch# **copy ftp://10.10.10.1 NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py bootflash: vrf management**
- Copies the NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
- Step 2** switch# **copy ftp://10.10.10.1 ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip bootflash: vrf management**
- Copies the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.

- Step 3**      switch# **show virtual-service list**  
Monitors the status of the copy processes.
- Step 4**      switch# **guestshell enable**  
Enables the guestshell.
- Step 5**      switch# **python bootflash:NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py -v guestshell+  
/bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip**  
Installs the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package on the switch.
- Step 6**      switch# **show virtual-service list**  
Monitors the status of the installations.
- Note**      Do not continue until both the OVA files are installed successfully.
- Step 7**      switch# **show processes cpu sort | grep java**  
**Example:**  
switch# show processes cpu sort | grep java  
19587 3 6 551 0.00% java  
switch#  
Verify whether NDB installed and initiated successfully. Stop the NDB using **guestshell disable** command and then enable it using the **guestshell enable** command.
- Step 8**      switch# **guestshell disable**  
Disables the NDB.
- Step 9**      switch# **guestshell enable**  
Enables the NDB.
- Step 10**     Log in to the NDB application using the credentials.
- Step 11**     Configure the OpenFlow switch, see [Configuring the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow](#).
- 

## Installing, Activating and upgrading the Cisco Nexus Data Broker for OpenFlow Mode for NXOS Version 7.0(3)I7(2) or Later on Low Memory Devices

Complete the following steps to upgrade Nexus 3K Switches (Nexus 3548P and 3548X) with low memory (less than 4 Gb). This procedure is applicable when you are upgrading devices with NXOS version 6.0(2)A6(x) and 6.0(2)A8(x) to NXOS version 7.0(3)I7(X) or 9.2(x).

## Before you begin



**Note** By default, you cannot install a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded if you already have an existing Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded application installed and active. You can forcefully run the activator script even if it is already activated using **python bootflash** command with **--force** attribute. For example:

```
Syntax: python <file path>NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+ <zip file path> --force
```

```
Example: python bootflash:NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+
/bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.8.0.zip -force
```



**Note** If you are using Cisco NXOS version I4.7 in embedded mode, you need to uninstall the NDB OVA and OpenFlow agent OVA and then upgrade the device to NXOS version I7.2.

## Procedure

- Step 1** Log into the current NDB instance.
- Step 2** Navigate to **ADMINISTRATION > Devices > NODES LEARNED** tab.
- Step 3** Note the Node ID (also known as Data Path ID (DPID)) value for the switch listed on the **NODES LEARNED** tab.
- Step 4** Click **Save** to save the NDB configuration for NDB release 3.1 and earlier.
  - Note** Ensure that you save the NDB configuration because configuration in NDB releases 3.1 and earlier are not saved automatically.
- Step 5** Navigate to **ADMINISTRATION > System**.
- Step 6** Click **Download Configuration** to download the current configuration on the NDB.
- Step 7** Remove the OVA files (ndb and ofa virtual services) from the switch. For example:

### Example:

```
N3K-130(config)# conf t
N3K-130(config)# virtual-service ndb
N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# no activate
N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# sh virtual-service list
Virtual Service List:
```

Name	Status	Package Name
ndb	Deactivating	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.8.0.ova
ofa	Activated	ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

```
N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# sh virtual-service list
```

```
Virtual Service List:
```

Name	Status	Package Name
ndb	Deactivated	ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.8.0.ova
ofa	Activated	ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

```

N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# no virtual-service ndb
N3K-130(config)# ex
N3K-130# virtual-service uninstall name ndb
N3K-130# sh virtual-service list

Virtual Service List:

Name                Status              Package Name
-----
ofa                  Activated           ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

N3K-130# conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
N3K-130(config)# virtual-service ofa
N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# no activate
N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# sh virtual-service list

Virtual Service List:

Name                Status              Package Name
-----
ofa                  Deactivating       ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# sh virtual-service list

Virtual Service List:

Name                Status              Package Name
-----
ofa                  Deactivating       ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# sh virtual-service list

Virtual Service List:

Name                Status              Package Name
-----
ofa                  Deactivated        ofa_mmemb-1.1.5-r3-n3000-SPA-k9.ova

N3K-130(config-virt-serv)# no virtual-service ofa
N3K-130(config)# ex
N3K-130# virtual-service uninstall name ofa
N3K-130#
N3K-130# sh virtual-service list

Virtual Service List:

```

**Step 8**

Copy the latest NXOS image to your local server and use the compact option to generate a compact NXOS image while copying the image to the switch bootflash. For example:

**Important** Starting with Cisco NXOS Release 7.0(3)I5(2), you can compact the image while copying the image to the switch bootflash or USB drive using compact option in the **copy** command. Download and keep the non-compact image in any server. The compact option in the **copy** command overrides the bootflash space limitation as the image is compacted at the time of transferring the image to the switch bootflash or USB drive.

```

Syntax: switch# copy scp :source image name bootflash :image name compact vrf vrf name

copy
scp://vm-ubuntu-1604@10.16.206.136//home/vm-ubuntu-1604/praba/nxos_img/nxos.7.0.3.I7.5A.bin
bootflash: compact vrf management

```

**Note** The compact option with **copy** command is allowed only with SCP protocol.

- Step 9** Upgrade the switch to the downloaded compact image. Refer to [Cisco NX-OS Upgrade guide](#).
- Step 10** Download the guestshell.ova from [NX-OS software](#) download page. If the guestshell.ova is not available on the download page, you need to extract it from the downloaded NXOS image. Refer to [Extracting Guestshell](#) section for more information.
- Step 11** Install the guestshell on the low memory switch using the guestshell enable package command.

```
N3K-130# guestshell enable package bootflash:guestshell.ova
N3K-130#
N3K-130# show virtual-service list
Virtual Service List:
-----
Name                               Status           Package Name
-----
guestshell+                         Activated        guestshell.ova
```

- Step 12** Install and activate the NDB for OpenFlow mode . For detailed information, see [Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow Mode for NXOS Versions in 7.0\(3\)I7\(2\) or Later for more information](#).
- Step 13** Configure the Cisco Plugin. For more information, see the [Configuring the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow](#) section.
- Step 14** Use the show openflow switch command to check the current DPID in the switch after upgrading to Cisco NX-OS Release I7(5A)

```
N3K-130# show openflow switch 1 | grep DPID
DPID: 0x0001a44c116a7620
```

**Note** If DPID is different from the DPID in Step 1, you need to configure DPID described in the next step.

- Step 15** Enable the Openflow feature and add controller configuration along with DPID value to the switch.

```
N3K-130(config)# feature openflow
N3K-130(config)# openflow
N3K-130(config-ofa)# switch 1 pipeline 203
N3K-130(config-ofa-switch)# controller ipv4 10.16.206.130 port 6653 vrf management security none
N3K-130(config-ofa-switch)# datapath-id ?
<0-18446744073709551615> 64-bit hex value [0x1-0xffffffffffffffff]
N3K-130(config-ofa-switch)# datapath-id 0x001a44c116a7620
N3K-130(config-ofa-switch)# of-port interface ethernet 1/1-48
```

**Note** Data Path ID should be the same as mentioned in Step1. Any change in the Data Path ID will result in upgrade failure.

## Extracting Guestshell

Complete these steps to extract the guestshell from the downloaded NX-OS image.

### Before you begin

Ensure that guestshell extraction is performed on a switch with more than 4 Gb disk space and 1 Gb of memory. Load the regular non-compact I7(5) image the switch.





**Note** After extracting the guestshell.ova file, you can delete both isanboot and guestshell.ova. You can also disable bash-shell feature on this switch

## Upgrading to Release 3.7.1

This process involves using the GUI to download the configuration, perform the upgrade, and then upload the configuration.



**Note** For detailed information about upgrading Cisco Nexus OS from I4(6) to I6(1), see *Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide, Release 7.x*.



**Note** This procedure is applicable for the following Cisco Nexus 3000, Nexus 9000 platforms:

- Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches (excluding EX, FX, and 9500 models) running NXOS version I4 or lower.
- Cisco Nexus 3000 and 3100 Series switches running NXOS version I4 or lower.
- Cisco Nexus 3548 switches running version 6.0(2)A6 or 6.0(2)A8.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration**.

The **System Administration** window is displayed.

**Step 2** Click **Download Configuration**.

It downloads the configuration in a zip file format. The name of the zip file is **configuration\_startup.zip**.

OR

Navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration** > **Backup/Restore** tab. Click **Backup and Backup Locally** to download the configuration in zip file format.

**Step 3** Download the configuration in Cisco NDB version 3.7.1.

**Step 4** Deactivate and uninstall Cisco NDB. For example:

**Example:**

```
configure terminal
virtual-service ndb
no activate
no virtual-service ndb
end
virtual-service uninstall name ndb
copy running-config startup-config
```

**Step 5** Install and activate Cisco NDB 3.7.1 using the following steps:

- a) **virtual-service install name <virtual-services-name> package bootflash: ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.7.1.ova**
- b) **show virtual-service list**

Use the show command to check the status of the virtual service installation. After the status of the virtual service becomes listed as **Installed**, run the following commands to activate the service.

- c) **configure terminal**
- d) device-3548(config)# **virtual-service <virtual-services-name>**
- e) device-3548(config)# **activate**
- f) device-3548(config)# **end**
- g) device-3548(config)# **copy running-config startup-config**

**Note** Verify that the OpenFlow plugin is present in the **show virtual-service list**. If it is present, continue with the next step. If it is not listed, follow Step 2 in [Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for OpenFlow](#).

**Step 6** Run the **<python activator script>** in the bash shell **python bootflash:<python activator script> -v <ndbvirtual service name>** command. The script deactivates and activates the NDB OVA automatically. If the NDB OVA is not activated automatically, you need to activate is manually.

**Note** For NXOS devices with A6/A8 version, run the activator script in root user. Copy the activator script in the bootflash of the device and complete the following steps:

**Note** Starting with Cisco NXOS, Release 7.0(3)I5(1), only NXAPI embedded is supported, OpenFlow embedded is not supported.

**Note** Cisco Nexus 3548 switches, running NXOS A6/A8 version, need **root** user privileges to run the activator script. Ensure that activator script is downloaded and copied to bootflash with the name NDBActivator.py as mentioned in the previous section.

```
device-3548# run bash
bash-3.7.1$ sudo su
Password:      #(Enter the password for the "admin" user).
bash-3.7.1# cd /bootflash/
bash-3.7.1# python NDBActivator.py -v ndb
2017-05zx-27 09:08:05,923 - __main__ - INFO - Successfully created /embndb/interface file
with management interface details
bash-3.7.1#
```

**Example:**

```
device# configure terminal
device-3548(config)# virtual-service <virtual-services-name>
device-3548(config)# no activate
device-3548(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until deactivated complete)
device-3548(config)# activate
device-3548(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until activated complete)
device-3548(config)# end
device-3548(config)# copy running-config startup-config
```

**Step 7** Upload Cisco NDB configuration that you downloaded earlier in the Cisco NDB User Interface (UI). Navigate to **Administration > System > BACKUP/RESTORE** tab, click **Restore locally** and follow the prompts to upload the configuration zip file.

# Upgrading to Release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS Releases 7.0(3)I7(2) or Later

This process involves downloading, upgrading, and finally uploading the configuration using the GUI.



**Note** For detailed information about upgrading Cisco Nexus OS from I4(6) to I6(1), see *Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide, Release 7.x*.



**Note** While upgrading NDB embedded, after configuration upload from NDB, wait for at least 60 seconds before restarting the guestshell.

## Procedure

**Step 1** For embedded NDB release 3.3 or earlier, navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration** and click **System Administration** to open the **System Administration** window. Click **Download Configuration**. For embedded NDB release 3.6 or later, navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration** -> **Backup/Restore** tab. Click **Backup and Backup locally**.

It downloads the configuration in a zip file format. The name of the zip file is **configuration\_startup.zip**

**Note** For Cisco NXOS I4 or earlier versions, uninstall both the NDB OVA and Embedded OVA and then upgrade the NXOS version to I7.2.

**Note** For Cisco NXOS I5 and later versions, disable and destroy the guestshell and then upgrade the NXOS version to I7.2.

**Step 2** Copy the NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.

**Example:**

```
switch# copy scp://10.10.10.1 NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py bootflash:vrf management
```

**Step 3** Copy the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.

**Example:**

```
switch# copy scp://10.10.10.1 ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip bootflash:vrf management
```

**Step 4** Monitor the status of the copy processes.

**Example:**

```
switch# show virtual-service list
```

**Step 5** Enable the guestshell.

**Example:**

- Step 6** switch# guestshell enable  
Install the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package on the switch.
- Example:**  
switch# python bootflash:NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py -v guestshell+  
/bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip
- Step 7** Monitor the status of the installations.
- Example:**  
switch# show virtual-service list
- Note** Do not continue until installation completes successfully. NDB application starts after it is installed successfully. Auto discovery for embedded Nexus devices is not available, you need to manually add a device using the Web GUI.
- Step 8** Verify whether NDB installed and initiated successfully.
- Example:**  
switch# show processes cpu sort | grep java  
19587 3 6 551 0.00% java
- Step 9** Log in to the NDB application using the credentials.
- Step 10** Upload Cisco NDB 3.x configuration that you downloaded in step 1 in the Cisco NDB user interface (UI). After uploading you need to disable and enable the guestshell to apply the uploaded configuration.

## Configuring the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow

The Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow needs to be connected to the Cisco Nexus Data Broker locally running on the Cisco Nexus 3000, 3100, 3200, 3500, or 9000 Series switch.



**Note** This procedure is applicable if you are installing the Cisco NDB with Openflow for the first time.



**Note** The flow can have only up to 16 output actions.

### Before you begin

Configure the pre-requisite profile, **hardware profile openflow** for the Cisco Nexus 3000, 3100, 3200, and hardware access-list tcam region openflow <tcam> double-wide (optional) for the Nexus 9000 Series switches. For Cisco Nexus 3500 Series switches, configure the pre-requisite profile **hardware profile forwarding-mode openflow-hybrid** for the Cisco Nexus 3500 Series switches. Use the **copy running-config startup-config** to save the configuration and reload the switch.

## Procedure

---

**Step 1** Enter the configuration mode on the switch.

**configure terminal**

**Step 2** Enter the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow configuration mode on the switch.

switch(config)# **openflow**

**Step 3** Choose the switch to which you want to connect.

switch(config-ofa)# **switch** *switch\_num*

**Caution** Set the *switch\_num* to **1**. This is the default value.

**Step 4** Choose the pipeline to which you want to connect.

switch(config-ofa-switch)# **pipeline** *pipeline\_num*

**Caution** Set the *pipeline\_num* to **201** for Cisco Nexus 3000, 3100, 3200, and 9300 Series switches. This is the default value. Only expert users should set the *pipeline\_num* number to any value other than 201.

Set the *pipeline\_num* to **203** for Cisco Nexus 3500 Series Switch This is the default value. Only expert users should set the *pipeline\_num* number to any value other than 203.

Starting with NXOS version I6(1), you must configure the switch and pipeline in a single command.

**Step 5** Configure the controller address using vrf management.

switch(config-ofa-switch)# **controller ipv4** *management\_interface\_address* **port** *port\_num* **vrf management security none**

- Note**
- The controller ipv4 address should match the management interface (mgmt0) address.
  - By default, the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow listens on port 6653.

**Step 6** Assign ports to the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow.

switch(config-ofa-switch)# **of-port interface** *ethernet\_port\_num*

**Example:**

switch(config-ofa-switch)# **of-port interface** ethernet1/10

**Step 7** Exit from the current configuration command mode and return to EXEC mode.

switch(config-ofa-switch)# **end**

**Step 8** Verify that the Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow is connected to the Cisco Nexus Data Broker.

switch# **show openflow switch** *switch\_num* **controllers**

See the [Cisco Plug-in for OpenFlow Configuration Guide 1.3](#)

---

# Logging in to the Cisco Nexus Data Broker GUI

The default HTTPS web link for the Cisco Nexus Data Broker GUI is  
`https://Nexus_Switch_Management_IP:8443/monitor`



---

**Note** You must manually specify the `https://` protocol in your web browser. The controller must also be configured for HTTPS.

---

## Procedure

---

- Step 1** In your web browser, enter the Cisco Nexus Data Broker web link, for example, `https://Nexus_Switch_Management_IP:8443/monitor`.
- Step 2** On the launch page, do the following:
- Enter your username and password.  
The default username and password is admin/admin.
  - Click **Log In**.
- 

## What to do next

See the *Cisco Nexus Data Broker Configuration Guide* for the procedures that you need to configure Cisco Nexus Data Broker.







## CHAPTER 3

# Deploying Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded for NX-API

---

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Obtaining the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for NX-API](#), on page 35
- [Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for NX-API Mode for NXOS Versions in 7.0\(3\)I4\(x\)](#), on page 36
- [Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for NX-API Mode for NXOS 7.0\(3\)I5\(1\) or Later](#), on page 38
- [Adding a Device](#), on page 40
- [Upgrading to Release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS Releases Upto 7.0\(3\)I4\(x\)](#), on page 41
- [Upgrading to Release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS Release 7.0\(3\)I6\(1\) or Later](#), on page 43
- [Logging in to the Cisco Nexus Data Broker GUI](#), on page 44

## Obtaining the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for NX-API

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** In a web browser, navigate to [Cisco.com](https://www.cisco.com).
- Step 2** In the center pane, click **Cloud and Systems Management**.
- Step 3** If prompted, enter your Cisco.com username and password to log in.
- Step 4** In the right pane, click **Network Controllers and Applications**, and then click **Cisco Nexus Data Broker**.
- Step 5** Download and unzip the **Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1** application bundle zip file. For more information regarding the NDB zip file name, see [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix](#).

The application bundle zip file contains the following:

- The Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Application package, for example, **ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.7.1.ova**

- Step 6** Download activator script. The Python activator script needed to activate the NDB is available at: <https://github.com/datacenter/nexus-data-broker>. For more information regarding the Python activator script file name, see Python Activator Script Filename Matrix table in [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix](#), on page 12.

---

#### What to do next

Install the software on a Cisco Nexus 3100, 3200, or 9000 Series switch.

# Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for NX-API Mode for NXOS Versions in 7.0(3)I4(x)

#### Before you begin




---

**Note** For a TACACS user to start NDB in embedded mode, the user should be logged in to the switch with network administrator privileges.

---




---

**Note** You cannot install a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded if you already have an existing Cisco Monitor Manager Embedded application installed and active.

---




---

**Note** To add a device to NDB in embedded mode, use the device IP address. Currently, NDB embedded mode does not support hostname for adding a device.

---

Before you begin installing a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded, you must:

- Deactivate your current Cisco Monitor Manager Embedded OVA file.
- Uninstall the Cisco Monitor Manager Embedded OVA file.




---

**Important** Ensure that you have at least 1 GB of available space in the bootflash. The `ofa_mmemb-2.1.4-r2-nxos-SPA-k9.ova` and `ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.4.ova` file require a total of 850 MB of space in the bootflash for the decompression and installation processes. For more information regarding the NDB zip file name, see [Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Release Filename Matrix](#).

---

## Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	switch# <b>copy</b> [ <i>scp:</i>   <i>ftp:</i>   <i>http:</i> ] <i>//download_dir</i> <b>ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.4.ova</b> <b>bootflash:vrf management</b>	Copies the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
<b>Step 2</b>	switch# <b>show virtual-service list</b>	Monitors the status of the copy processes.
<b>Step 3</b>	switch# <b>virtual-service install name</b> <b>ndb_emb package</b> <b>bootflash:ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.4.ova</b>	Installs the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package on the switch.
<b>Step 4</b>	switch# <b>show virtual-service list</b>	Monitors the status of the installations.  <b>Note</b> Do not continue until both OVA files have been successfully installed.
<b>Step 5</b>	switch# <b>configure terminal</b>	Enters global configuration mode on the switch.
<b>Step 6</b>	switch(config)# <b>virtual-service</b> <b>Name_Of_OFA_NDB_EMB_File</b>  <b>Example:</b> switch (config)# virtual-service ndb_emb	Starts the virtual service for the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package and enters virtual service configuration mode on the switch.
<b>Step 7</b>	switch(config-virt-serv)# <b>activate</b>	Activates the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package.
<b>Step 8</b>	switch(config-virt-serv)# <b>exit</b>	Exits virtual service configuration mode on the switch.
<b>Step 9</b>	switch(config)# <b>show virtual-service list</b>	Monitors the status of the package activations.
<b>Step 10</b>	<b>python bootflash:&lt;python NDB activator script&gt; -v ndb_emb .</b>	Creates <code>/embndb/interface</code> file with management interface details using the NDB Python activator script: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if version is 2.x.x, the following error message is displayed, "Not supported version, please upgrade to the newer version"</li> <li>• if version is 3.0.0 or 3.1.0, the <code>/xnclite/launcher.sh</code> file is updated.</li> <li>• If version is 3.2.0, <code>/xnclite/launcher.sh</code> is not updated.</li> </ul>

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<p>The script is available in the <b>ndb</b> directory in the GitHub repository at <a href="https://github.com/datacenter/nexus-data-broker">https://github.com/datacenter/nexus-data-broker</a>.</p> <p><b>Note</b> The NDB activator script is different for the different Cisco NXOS versions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NDBActivator2.0_I3_I4.py: For Cisco NXOS versions 7.0(3)I3(1) and 7.0(3)I4(1).</li> </ul>
<b>Step 11</b>	<p>Deactivate the NDB virtual service and activate it.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>device# configure terminal device(config)# virtual-service &lt;virtual-services-name&gt; device(config)# no activate device(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until deactivated complete) device(config)# activate device(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until activated complete) device(config)# end device(config)# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	Update the configuration changes.

## Installing and Activating the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded Software for NX-API Mode for NXOS 7.0(3)I5(1) or Later

Cisco NDB is not installed as OVA, it is installed in the Guestshell. The Guestshell is installed and activated in the NXOS 7.0(3)I5(1) and later releases. You can now install NDB directly on a device in embedded mode on NXOS 7.0(3)I5(1) or later release. To install Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded software on NXOS 7.0(3)I5(1) or later release, use the NDB activator script, NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py.

The activator script performs the following functions:

- Resizes the Guestshell resources.
- Unzips and places the XNC folder into the Guestshell home directory.
- Configures the Guestshell to management VRF.

## Before you begin



**Note** By default, you cannot install a new version of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded if you already have an existing Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded application installed and active. You can forcefully run the activator script even if it is already activated using **python bootflash** command with **--force** attribute. For example:

```
Syntax: python <file path>NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+ <zip file path> --force
```

```
Example: python bootflash:NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+
/bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.4.0.zip --force
```



**Note** To uninstall NDB application, destroy the Guestshell using the command, **guestshell destroy**. If an instance of NDB exists in the guestshell and you need to install a new NDB instance, you need to destroy the existing Guestshell and re-install the Guestshell and the NDB.

```
N9K-switch# guestshell destroy
```



**Note** To add a device to NDB in embedded mode, use the device IP address. Currently, NDB embedded mode does not support hostname for adding a device.



**Important** Ensure that you have sufficient space available in the bootflash. The **ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.4.0.zip** file require a total of ~600 MB of space in the bootflash (/volatile folder) for the decompression processes. The script runs only on NXOS platform, version 7.0(3)I5(1), with memory greater than 8GB.

## Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	switch# <b>copy ftp://source_server &gt;NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py bootflash:vrf management</b>	Copies the >NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
<b>Step 2</b>	switch# <b>copy ftp://source_server ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.4.0.zip bootflash:vrf management</b>	Copies the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
<b>Step 3</b>	switch# <b>show virtual-service list</b>	Monitors the status of the copy processes.

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 4</b>	switch# <b>python</b> bootflash:>NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+ /bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.4.0.zip	Installs the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package on the switch.
<b>Step 5</b>	switch# <b>show virtual-service list</b>	Monitors the status of the installations.  <b>Note</b> To start the NDB application, use the <b>guestshell enable</b> command. If the NDB application is initiated through the Python script, guestshell is enabled automatically.  <b>Note</b> To stop the NDB application, use the <b>guestshell disable</b> command. Use <b>guestshell enable</b> command to enable NDB.  <b>Note</b> Do not continue until installation completes successfully. NDB application starts after it is installed successfully.
<b>Step 6</b>	switch# <b>show processes cpu sort   grep java</b>  <b>Example:</b> switch# show processes cpu sort   grep java 19587 3 6 551 0.00% java switch#	Verify whether NDB installed and initiated successfully.

## Adding a Device

You need to manually add a device to the NDB application to monitor it.

### Procedure

- 
- Step 1** Log in to NDB user interface.
- Step 2** Click **Administration** Tab and then click **DEVICE CONNECTIONS** Tab.
- Step 3** To add a new device, click **Add Devices**, **Add Device** dialog box appears.
- Step 4** In the **Add Device Dialog** box, enter the following details:
- **Address:** IP address of the new device.
  - **User Name:** User name for accessing the device.
  - **Password:** Password to validate the user.

- **Connection Type:** Type of connection the new device will use, select *NXAPI*.
- **Port Number:** Port number through which the device will communicate.

**Step 5** Click **Add Device** in the **Add Device** dialog box to add the device with the provided credentials.

## Upgrading to Release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS Releases Upto 7.0(3)I4(x)

Upgrading the Cisco NDB to release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS releases upto 7.0(3)I4(x) involves using the GUI to download the configuration, performing the upgrade, and then uploading the configuration.



**Note** For detailed information about upgrading Cisco Nexus OS from I4(6) to I6(1) and I7(1), see *Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide, Release 7.x*.

### Procedure

- Step 1** Navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration**.  
The **System Administration** window is displayed.
- Step 2** Click **Download Configuration** to download the configuration in a zip file format. The name of the zip file is **configuration\_startup.zip**.
- Step 3** Download the configuration in Cisco NDB 3.x release version.
- Step 4** Deactivate Cisco NDB and uninstall Cisco NDB using the following steps:
- configure terminal  
**Example:**  

```
device# configure terminal
```
  - virtual-service **virtual-services-name**  
**Example:**  

```
device(config)# virtual-service vsn1
```
  - no activate  
**Example:**  

```
device(config-virt-serv)# no activate
```
  - no virtual-service **<virtual-services-name>**  
**Example:**  

```
device(config)# no virtual-service vsn1
```
  - end**

**Example:**

```
device(config-virt-serv)# end
```

- f) **virtual-service uninstall name `virtual-services-name`**

**Example:**

```
# virtual-service uninstall name vsn1
```

**Step 5** Install and activate Cisco NDB 3.7.1 using the following steps:

- a) **virtual-service install name `<virtual-services-name>` package bootflash: `NDB_OVA`**

```
device# virtual-service install name vsn1 package bootflash:
ndb1000-sw-app-emb-k9-3.7.1.ova
```

- b) **show virtual-service list**

Use the show command to check the status of the virtual service installation. After the status of the virtual service becomes listed as **Installed**, run the following commands to activate the service.

```
device# show virtual-service list
```

- c) **configure terminal**

```
device(config)# conf terminal
```

- d) **virtual-service virtual-service-name**

```
device(config)# virtual-service vsn1
```

- e) **activate**

```
device(config)# activate
```

- f) **end**

```
device(config)# end
```

- g) **copy running-config startup-config**

```
device(config)# copy running-config startup-config
```

**Step 6** Run the `<python NDB activator script>` script using the `python bootflash:<python activator script> -v <ndb virtual service name>` command.

**Note** The NDB activator script is different for the different Cisco NXOS versions:

- NDBActivator2.0\_I3\_I4.py: For Cisco NXOS versions I3 and I4.

**Example:**

```
device# configure terminal
device(config)# virtual-service <virtual-services-name>
device(config)# no activate
device(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until deactivated complete)
device(config)# activate
device(config)# show virtual-service list (Wait until activated complete)
device(config)# end
device(config)# copy running-config startup-config

repro-9372-2# python bootflash:NDBActivator2.0_I3_I4_working.py -vndb_emb
```



- Step 7** Upload Cisco NDB 3.7.1 configuration that you downloaded in Step 1 in the Cisco NDB user interface (UI). Navigate to **Administration** -> **System** -> **Backup Restore** -> **Restore Locally**.
- 

## Upgrading to Release 3.7.1 for Cisco NXOS Release 7.0(3)I6(1) or Later

This process involves using the GUI to download the configuration, perform the upgrade, and then upload the configuration.



**Note** For detailed information about upgrading Cisco Nexus OS from I4(6) to I6(1) and I7(1), see *Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide, Release 7.x*.

---

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration** in the running Embedded NDB 3.x or earlier version. Click **Download Configuration** to download the configuration in a zip file format.
- OR
- Navigate to the **System** tab under **Administration** > **Backup/Restore** tab. Click **Backup and Backup Locally**. It downloads the configuration in a zip file format. The name of the zip file is configuration\_startup.zip
- Step 2** Copy the NDBActivator3.0\_I5\_Plus.py from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
- Example:**
- ```
switch# copy scp://10.10.10.1 NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py bootflash:vrf management
```
- Step 3** Copy the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package from the directory where you downloaded it to the switch. You can download the file from different sources such as HTTP, FTP, or SSH.
- Example:**
- ```
switch# copy scp://10.10.10.1 ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip bootflash:vrf management
```
- Step 4** Monitor the status of the copy processes.
- Example:**
- ```
switch# show virtual-service list
```
- Step 5** Enable the guestshell.
- Example:**
- ```
switch# guestshell enable
```
- Step 6** Install the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Embedded package on the switch.
- Example:**

```
switch# python bootflash:NDBActivator3.0_I5_Plus.py -v guestshell+
/bootflash/ndb1000-sw-app-emb-i6-plus-k9-3.7.1.zip
```

**Step 7** Monitor the status of installation process.

**Example:**

```
switch# show virtual-service list
```

To stop the NDB application, use the `guestshell disable` command.

**Note** Do not continue until installation completes successfully. NDB application starts after it is installed successfully.

**Step 8** Verify whether NDB installed and initiated successfully.

**Example:**

```
switch# show processes cpu sort | grep java
Example:
switch# show processes cpu sort | grep java
19587 3 6 551 0.00% java
```

**Step 9** Log in to the NDB application using the credentials. You need to manually add a device in NDB.

**Step 10** To add a new device, click **Administration-> DEVICE CONNECTIONS** Tab.

**Step 11** Click **Add Devices**, the **Add Device** dialog box appears.

**Step 12** In the **Add Device Dialog** box, enter the following details:

- **Address:** IP address of the new device.
- **User Name:** User name for accessing the device.
- **Password:** Password to validate the user.
- **Connection Type:** Type of connection the new device will use, select *NXAPI*.
- **Port Number:** Port number through which the device will communicate.

**Step 13** Click **Add Device** in the **Add Device** dialog box to add the device with the provided credentials.

**Step 14** Copy the running configuration to the startup configuration.

**Example:**

```
switch(config)# copy running-config startup-config
```

**Step 15** Upload Cisco NDB 3.7.1 configuration that you downloaded in Step 1 in the Cisco NDB user interface (UI). Navigate to **Administration > System > Backup Restore > Restore Locally**.

## Logging in to the Cisco Nexus Data Broker GUI

The default HTTPS web link for the Cisco Nexus Data Broker GUI is `https://Nexus_Switch_Management_IP:8443/monitor`



---

**Note** You must manually specify the https:// protocol in your web browser. The controller must also be configured for HTTPS.

---

### Procedure

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**Step 1** In your web browser, enter the Cisco Nexus Data Broker web link, for example, *https://Nexus\_Switch\_Management\_IP:8443/monitor* .

**Step 2** On the launch page, do the following:

- a) Enter your username and password.  
The default username and password is admin/admin.
  - b) Click **Log In**.
- 

### What to do next

See the *Cisco Nexus Data Broker Configuration Guide* for the procedures that you need to configure Cisco Nexus Data Broker.





## CHAPTER 4

# Installing or Upgrading the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software in Centralized Mode

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This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Installing Cisco Nexus Data Broker in Centralized Mode, on page 47](#)

## Installing Cisco Nexus Data Broker in Centralized Mode

### Installing or Upgrading the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software in Centralized Mode



#### Important

Direct upgrade path to Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1 is available from Cisco Nexus Data Broker release 3.0 or above. If you are running a previous release, upgrade to Release 3.0 first before upgrading to Release 3.7.1.



#### Note

To add a device to NDB in centralized mode, use the device IP address or the device hostname.

- To complete a new installation of Cisco Nexus Data Broker, see the *Installing the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software* section.

## Installing the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software in Centralized Mode

### Procedure

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- Step 1** In a web browser, navigate to [www.cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com).
- Step 2** Under **Support**, click **All Downloads**.
- Step 3** In the center pane, click **Cloud and Systems Management**.

- Step 4** If prompted, enter your Cisco.com **username** and **password** to log in.
- Step 5** In the right pane, click **Network Controllers and Applications**, and then click **Cisco Nexus Data Broker**.  
The file information for Release 3.7.1 is displayed: Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Application: ndb1000-sw-app-k9-3.7.1.zip
- Step 6** Download the Cisco Nexus Data Broker application bundle.
- Step 7** Create a directory in your Linux machine where you plan to install Cisco Nexus Data Broker.  
For example, in your Home directory, create `CISCO_NDB`.
- Step 8** Copy the Cisco Nexus Data Broker zip file into the directory that you created.
- Step 9** Unzip the Cisco Nexus Data Broker zip file.  
The Cisco Nexus Data Broker software is installed in a directory called `xnc`. The directory contains the following:
- `runxnc.sh` file—The file that you use to launch Cisco Nexus Data Broker.
  - `version.properties` file—The Cisco Nexus Data Broker build version.
  - `configuration` directory—The directory that contains the Cisco Nexus Data Broker initialization files.  
This directory also contains the `startup` subdirectory where configurations are saved.
  - `bin` directory—The directory that contains the following script:
    - `xnc` file—This script contains the Cisco Nexus Data Broker common CLI.
  - `etc` directory—The directory that contains profile information.
  - `lib` directory—The directory that contains the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Java libraries.
  - `logs` directory—The directory that contains the Cisco Nexus Data Broker logs.  
**Note** The `logs` directory is created after the Cisco Nexus Data Broker application is started.
  - `plugins` directory—The directory that contains the OSGi plugins.
  - `work` directory—The webserver working directory.  
**Note** The `work` directory is created after the Cisco Nexus Data Broker application is started.

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## Upgrading the Application Software in Centralized Mode

Use the **upgrade** command to upgrade to Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1. When you are upgrading from Release 2.2.0 and/or Release 2.2.1, you first need to upgrade to Release 3.0.0 and only then you can upgrade to Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1. This upgrade is an in-place upgrade, which means that the product bits are replaced. A backup archive is created to restore your original installation, if necessary.



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**Note** Once you upgrade to Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1, you cannot use the downgrade option to rollback to a previous release. You have to use the configuration archive that is created during the upgrade process to rollback the software.

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**Note** When you upgrade the software to Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.2 or later release, the hostname should not be changed during the upgrade process. If the hostname is changed during the upgrade process, the upgrade might fail. If you are upgrading from release 2.x, 3.0 and 3.1, the domain name configuration in the switch should be removed before upgrading the software.

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When you run the **upgrade** command, the installation and the configuration are upgraded. However, any changes you made to the shell scripts or configuration files, for example, `config.ini`, are overwritten. After you complete the upgrade process, you must manually reapply your changes to those files.

### Before you begin

- Stop all controller instances that use the Cisco Nexus Data Broker installation. This will avoid conflicts with the file system, which is updated during the upgrade.
- Backup up the NDB configuration. For more information, see *Backing Up or Restoring the Configuration Using NDB GUI* section.
- If you are using high availability clustering, stop all application instances in the cluster to ensure that there are no inconsistencies.
- Back up your `config.ini` file.
- All the HA cluster members send keepalive message every 3 seconds. If a peer does not respond to keepalive message, peers attempt three retries to determine whether the peer is alive or dead. If a peer does not respond even after three retries, split-brain situation occurs where multiple HA members act as coordinators.



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**Important** You should manually backup your `config.ini` file before upgrading, because the backup process does not back them up for you. If you do not backup your files before upgrading, any changes you made will be lost.

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**Note** When you run `runxnc.sh` script, there is a thread in the script that monitors the log and the Cisco Nexus Data Broker JAVA process to monitor the health of the Cisco Nexus Data Broker. The default value for this option is 30 Seconds.

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### Procedure

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**Step 1** In a web browser, navigate to [Cisco.com](https://www.cisco.com).

- Step 2** Under **Support**, click **All Downloads**.
- Step 3** In the center pane, click **Cloud and Systems Management**.
- Step 4** In the right pane, click **Network Controllers and Applications**, and then click **Cisco Nexus Data Broker**.
- Step 5** Download the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1 application bundle: Cisco Nexus Data Broker Software Application—ndb1000-sw-app-k9-3.7.1.zip
- Step 6** Create a temporary directory in your Linux machine where you plan to upgrade to Cisco Nexus Data Broker.  
For example, in your Home directory, create `CiscoNDB_Upgrade`.
- Step 7** Unzip the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1 zip file into the temporary directory that you created.
- Step 8** Navigate to the `xnc` directory that was created when you installed the Cisco Nexus Data Broker release earlier.
- Step 9** Backup your Cisco Nexus Data Broker release installation using your standard backup procedures.
- Step 10** Stop running all Cisco Nexus Data Broker release processes.
- Step 11** Navigate to the `xnc/bin` directory in the temporary directory that you created for the Cisco Nexus Data Broker Release 3.7.1 upgrade software.
- Step 12** Upgrade the application by entering the `./xnc upgrade --perform --target-home {xnc_directory_to_be_upgraded} [--verbose] [--backupfile {xnc_backup_location_and_zip_filename}]` command.

You can use one of the following options:

Option	Description
<code>--perform --target-home {xnc_directory_to_be_upgraded}</code>	Upgrades the Cisco XNC Monitor Manager installation to Cisco Nexus Data Broker.
<code>--perform --target-home {xnc_directory_to_be_upgraded} --backupfile {xnc_backup_location_and_zip_filename}</code>	Upgrades the Cisco XNC Monitor Manager installation to Cisco Nexus Data Broker and creates a backup .zip file in the directory path that you set.  <b>Note</b> You must provide the name of the backup file and the .zip extension.  <b>Note</b> The backup file should not be saved in the xnc directory with current NDB installation or its subdirectory.
<code>--verbose</code>	Displays detailed information to the console. This option can be used with any other option and is disabled by default.
<code>--validate --target-home {xnc_directory_to_be_upgraded}</code>	Validates the installation.
<code>./xnc help upgrade</code>	Displays the options for the <b>upgrade</b> command.

- Step 13** Navigate to the `xnc` directory where you originally installed Cisco XNC Monitor Manager.
- Step 14** Start the application processes that you previously stopped.

**Note** Clear the browser cache. Use Shift+Ctrl+Delete keys to clear the cache.



**Note** Press Ctrl–F5, or press the Cmd, Shift, and R keys simultaneously when you access Cisco Nexus Data Broker through a web UI following an upgrade.

## Starting the Application

### Procedure

**Note** When you are running xnc for the first time, the URL that you need to connect to and the port that it is listening on are displayed on the screen. For example, when you run the `./runxnc.sh` script, the following message is displayed on the screen: Web GUI can be accessed using below URL: `[https://<IP_address>: 8443]`.

You can use one of the following options:

Option	Description
no option	
<b>-jmxport</b> <i>port_number</i>	Enables JMX remote access on the specified JVM port.
<b>-debugport</b> <i>port_number</i>	Enables debugging on the specified JVM port.
<b>-start</b>	
<b>-start</b> <i>port_number</i>	
<b>-stop</b>	
<b>-restart</b>	
<b>-status</b>	
<b>-console</b>	
<b>-help</b>	Displays the options for the <code>./runxnc.sh</code> command.
<b>-tls</b>	To enable TLS, start the controller by entering the <code>./runxnc.sh -tls -tlskeystore keystore_file_location -tlstruststore truststore_file_location</code> command.
<b>-osgiPasswordSync</b>	To set the OSGi web console password same as the XNC password if the XNC password is changed.  <b>Note</b> This step is optional. If the application is started without this option, the OSGi console can be accessed through the default credentials.

**Note** Use `runxnc.sh` script to start Cisco Nexus Data Broker. You have to set a path variable named `JAVA_HOME`. It sets the path variables that are used for startup and launches the OSGi framework with the specified options. If a user attempts to start the Cisco Nexus Data Broker application with Java version lower than 1.7, an error message is displayed and the application aborts. To resolve the issue, upgrade your current Java version and restart Cisco Nexus Data Broker. If the current Java Version used is lower than 1.8.0\_45, a warning message is issued before the start that Upgrade to 1.8.0\_45 or above is recommended.

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## Verifying The Application Status

### Procedure

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**Step 1** Navigate to the `xnc` directory that was created when you installed the software.

**Step 2** Verify that the application is running by entering the `./runxnc.sh -status` command.

The controller outputs the following, which indicates that the controller is running the Java process with PID 21680:

```
Controller with PID:21680 -- Running!
```

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### What to do next

Connect the switches to the controller. For more information, see the configuration guide for your switches.