



Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phone Administration Guide for Release 11.3(1) and Later

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Overview of the Cisco IP Phone

The Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones comprises a set of full-featured VoIP (Voice-over-Internet Protocol) phones that provide voice communication over an IP network. The phones provide all the features of traditional business phones, such as call forwarding, redialing, speed dialing, transferring calls, and conference calling. The Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones is targeted for solutions that are centered on Third-Party SIP-based IP PBX.



Note

In this document, the terms Cisco IP Phone or phone means Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones.

Phone Overview

The Cisco IP Phones 8811, 8841, 8845, 8851, 8861, and 8865 provide voice communication over an Internet Protocol (IP) network. The Cisco IP Phone functions much like a digital business phone, allowing you to place and receive phone calls and to access features such as mute, hold, transfer, speed dial, call forward, and more. In addition, because the phone connects to your data network, it offers enhanced IP telephony features, including access to network information and services, and customizable features and services.

The Cisco IP Phone 8811 has a grayscale LCD screen.

The Cisco IP Phones 8841, 8845, 8851, 8861, and 8865 has a 24-bit color LCD screen.

The Cisco IP Phones have the following features:

- Programmable feature buttons that support up to 10 lines or that can be programmed for other features
- Gigabit ethernet connectivity
- Bluetooth support for wireless headsets (Cisco IP Phone 8845, 8851, 8861 and 8865)
- Support for an external microphone and speakers (Cisco IP Phone 8861 only)
- Network connectivity by Wi-Fi (Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865)
- USB ports:
 - one USB port for Cisco IP Phone 8851
 - two USB ports for Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865
- Support for up to 3 key expansion modules:
 - Cisco IP Phone 8851 supports 2 key expansion modules
 - Cisco IP Phone 8861 supports 3 key expansion modules

A Cisco IP Phone, like other network devices, must be configured and managed. These phones encode and decode the following codes:

- G.711 a-law
- G.711 mu-law
- G.722
- G.722.2/AMR-WB
- G.729a/G.729ab
- iLBC
- OPUS
- iSAC

Cisco IP Phones provide traditional telephony functionality, such as call forward, transfer, redial, speed dial, conference and voicemail system access. Cisco IP Phones also provide a variety of other features.

As with other network devices, you must configure Cisco IP Phones to prepare them to access Third-Party Call Control system and the rest of the IP network. By using DHCP, you have fewer settings to configure on a phone. If your network requires it, however, you can manually configure information such as: IP address, netmask, gateway and primary/secondary DNS servers.

Cisco IP Phones can interact with other services and devices on your IP network to provide enhanced functionality. For example, you can integrate Third-Party Call Control system with the corporate Lightweight Directory Access Protocol 3 (LDAP3) standard directory to enable users to search for coworker contact information directly from their IP phones.

To function in the IP telephony network, the Cisco IP Phone must connect to a network device, such as a Cisco Catalyst switch. You must also register the Cisco IP Phone with a Third-Party Call Control system before sending and receiving calls.

Finally, because the Cisco IP Phone is a network device, you can obtain detailed status information from it directly. This information can assist you with troubleshooting any problems users might encounter when using their IP phones. You can also obtain statistics about a current call or firmware versions on the phone.



Caution

Using a cell, mobile, or GSM phone, or two-way radio in close proximity to a Cisco IP Phone might cause interference. For more information, see the manufacturer's documentation of the interfering device.

Cisco IP Phone 8811

Phone Connections

Connect your phone to your organization's IP telephony network as shown in the following diagram.



1	DC adapter port (DC48V).	5	Access port (10/100/1000 PC) connection.
2	AC-to-DC power supply (optional).	6	Auxiliary port.
3	AC power wall plug (optional).	7	Handset connection.
4	Network port (10/100/1000 SW) connection. IEEE 802.3at power enabled.	8	Analog headset connection (optional).



The Cisco IP Phone 8811 does not support a key expansion module.

Cisco IP Phones 8841 and 8845

The following section describe the attributes of the Cisco IP Phones 8841 and 8845.

Phone Connections

Connect your phone to the corporate IP telephony network, using the following diagram.



1	DC adaptor port (DC48V).	5	Access port (10/100/1000 PC) connection.
2	AC-to-DC power supply (optional).	6	Auxiliary port.
3	AC power wall plug (optional).	7	Handset connection.

power chapted.		4	Network port (10/100/1000 SW) connection. IEEE 802.3at power enabled.		Analog headset connection (optional).
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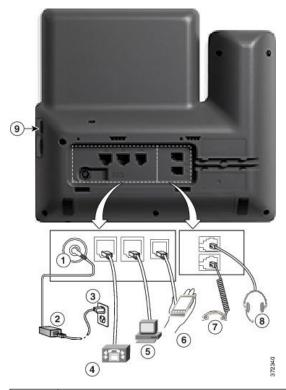


The Cisco IP Phone 8841 and 8845 does not support a key expansion module.

Cisco IP Phone 8851

Phone Connections

Connect your phone to the corporate IP telephony network as shown in the following diagram.



1	DC adaptor port (DC48V).	6	Auxiliary port.
2	AC-to-DC power supply (optional).	7	Handset connection.
3	AC power wall plug (optional).	8	Analog headset connection (optional).
4	Network port (10/100/1000 SW) connection. IEEE 802.3at power enabled.	9	USB port
5	Access port (10/100/1000 PC) connection.		



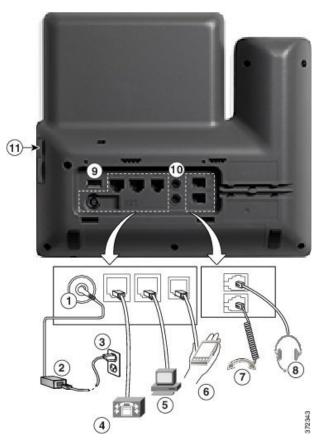
Each USB port supports the connection of up to five supported and nonsupported devices. Each device connected to the phone is included in the maximum device count. For example, your phone can support five USB devices (such as two key expansion modules, one headset, one hub, and one other standard USB device) on the side port. Many third-party USB products count as multiple USB devices, for example, a device containing USB hub and headset can count as two USB devices. For more information, see the USB device documentation.

Cisco IP Phones 8861 and 8865

The following section describe the attributes of the Cisco IP Phones 8861 and 8865.

Phone Connections

Connect your phone to the corporate IP telephony network as shown in the following diagram.



1	DC adaptor port (DC48V).	7	Handset connection.
2	AC-to-DC power supply (optional).	8	Analog headset connection (optional).
3	AC power wall plug (optional).	9	USB port

4	Network port (10/100/1000 SW) connection. IEEE 802.3at power enabled.	10	Audio In/Out ports
5	Access port (10/100/1000 PC) connection.	11	USB port
6	Auxiliary port.		



Each USB port supports the connection of up to five supported and nonsupported devices. Each device connected to the phone is included in the maximum device count. For example, your phone can support five USB devices (such as three key expansion modules, one hub, and one other standard USB device) on the side port and five additional standard USB devices on the back port. Many third-party USB products count as multiple USB devices, for example, a device containing USB hub and headset can count as two USB devices. For more information, see the USB device documentation.

Buttons and Hardware

The Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series has two distinct hardware types:

- Cisco IP Phones 8811, 8841, 8851, and 8861—do not have a camera.
- Cisco IP Phones 8845 and 8865—have a built-in camera.

Figure 1: Cisco IP Phone 8845 Buttons and Hardware



1	Handset and Handset light strip	Indicates whether you have an incoming call (flashing red) or a new voice message (steady red).
2	Camera	Use the camera for video calls.
	Cisco IP Phone 8845 and 8865 only	

3	Programmable feature buttons and line buttons	Access your phone lines, features, and call sessions.
4	Softkey buttons	Access to functions and services.
5	Back, Navigation cluster, and Release	Back Return to the previous screen or menu. If you press and hold the back button for more than 0.5 secs (long press), you return to the main screen or the call screen. When you are in the settings screens, the long press takes you to the main screen. If you are in one of the call screens, the long press takes you to the call screens. Navigation cluster Navigation ring and Select button—Scroll through menus, highlight items and select the highlighted item.
	W 1170 G 4	Release End a connected call or session.
6	Hold/Resume, Conference, and Transfer	Hold/Resume Place an active call on hold and resume the held call. Conference Create a conference call. Transfer Transfer a call.
7	Speakerphone, Mute, and Headset	Speakerphone Toggle the speakerphone on or off. When the speakerphone is on, the button is lit. Mute Toggle the microphone on or off. When the microphone is muted, the button is lit. Headset Toggle the headset on or off. When the headset is on, the button is lit.
8	Contacts, Applications, and Messages	Contacts Access personal and corporate directories. Applications Access call history, user preferences, phone settings, and phone model information. Messages Autodial your voice messaging system.
9	Volume button	Adjust the handset, headset, and speakerphone volume (off hook) and the ringer volume (on hook).

Softkey, Line, and Feature Buttons

You can interact with the features on your phone in several ways:

• Softkeys, located below the screen, give you access to the function displayed on the screen above the softkey. The softkeys change depending on what you are doing at the time. The **More** ... softkey shows you that more functions are available.

- Feature and line buttons, located on either side of the screen, give you access to phone features and phone lines
 - Feature buttons—Used for features such as Speed dial or Call pickup, and to view your status on another line.
 - Line buttons—Used to initiate or answer a call or resume a held call. You can also use a line key to open and close the call session window, and to navigate through the call session window. Open the call session window to see the calls on the line.

Feature and line buttons illuminate to indicate status:

Some functions can be set up as softkeys or as feature buttons. You can also access some functions with softkeys or the associated hard button.

Terminology Differences

The following table highlights some of the differences in terminology found in the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones User Guide and Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones Administration Guide.

Table 1: Terminology Differences

User Guide	Administration Guide
Line Status	Busy Lamp Field (BLF)
Message Indicators	Message Waiting Indicator (MWI) or Message Waiting Lamp
Programmable Feature Button	Programmable Button or Programmable Line Key (PLK)
Simplified New Call Window	Simplified New Call Bubble
Voicemail System	Voice Messaging System

Terminology Differences

New and Changed Information

- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(7), on page 11
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(6), on page 14
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(5), on page 16
- New and Changed for 11.3(4), on page 16
- New and Changed for Release 11.3(3), on page 17
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(2), on page 19
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(1), on page 23
- New and Changed Information for Firmware Release 11.2(3)SR1, on page 24
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(3), on page 24
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(1), on page 26
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(2), on page 28
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(1), on page 29
- New and Changed Features for Firmware Release 11.0(1), on page 30

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(7)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to add the new feature Inert	Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288
Added the task for the new feature Inert Mode for PLK Configuration	Shut Down a Line Key, on page 294 Shut Down a Line Key on a Key Expansion Module, on page 611
Updated the topics to add a prerequisite for the new feature Inert Mode for PLK Configuration	Enable the User to Configure Features on Line Keys, on page 176
	Enable the User to Configure Features on Key Expansion Module Line Keys, on page 607
	Select the Line Key LED Behavior, on page 267
	Configure the Phone to Monitor Multiple Users' Lines, on page 182
	Configure a Line Key on the Phone to Monitor a Single User's Line, on page 185

Revision	New and Changed
Added the task about how to support Spam indication for incoming calls	Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls, on page 355
Updated the topic to add a reference to the topic to "Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls"	Spam Indication for Incoming Calls , on page 354
Added the topic for the feature VPN Connection Support	Set Up a VPN Connection from the Phone, on page 157
	View the VPN Status, on page 158
	Set Up a VPN Connection from the Phone Web Page, on page 159
	Parameters for VPN Settings, on page 159
	Reboot the Phone from the Phone Web Page, on page 544
Updated the topic to add the feature VPN Connection Support	Telephony Features, on page 165
Updated the topic to add the shortcut strings of the phone menus VPN settings and VPN status	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284
Updated the topic to add new fields of the feature VPN Connection Support	Network Configuration Fields, on page 422
Added the task about how to enable support for LDAP unified search	Enable LDAP Unified Search, on page 293
Added the task about how to enable the feature Direct PLK Configuration	Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topics for the feature Direct PLK Configuration	Enable the User to Configure Features on Line Keys, on page 176
	Parameters for Features on Line Keys , on page 177
	Configure Speed Dial on a Line Key, on page 179
	Parameters for Monitoring a Single Line, on page 185
	Add Call Park to a Line Key, on page 192
	Configure Executive and Assistant Menu Access on a Line Key, on page 257
	Add a Menu Shortcut to a Line Key, on page 283
	Add an Extended Feature to a Line Key, on page 287
	Enable the Extension of a Line Key, on page 344
	Add an XML Service to a Line Key, on page 346
	Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 325
	Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Line Key, on page 382
	Configure the Voicemail PLK on the Phone, on page 385
	Enable the User to Configure Features on Key Expansion Module Line Keys, on page 607
Added the task about how to disable a USB port	Disable the USB Port, on page 565
Updated the topic to mention the general call records that the users can view	Display Call Statistics Screen, on page 553
Updated the topic to update the table	Call Statistics Fields, on page 553
Updated the topic to add more steps	Set the User Password, on page 213
Added the task about how to set up a proxy server in the phone web page	Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 152
Added the topic for the feature HTTP Proxy Support	Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings, on page 154
Updated the topic to add the feature HTTP Proxy	Telephony Features, on page 165
Updated the topic to add the shortcut string of the phone menu HTTP proxy settings	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284
Updated the topic to add new fields of the feature	Network Configuration Fields, on page 422

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to mention the HTTP proxy settings	Onboard Your Phone with the Activation Code , on page 37
	Use DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning, on page 41
	Enable Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code, on page 38
	Set Up Your Phones for Activation Code Onboarding, on page 67
Added the task for Webex contact support	Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone, on page 324
Added the task for Webex contact support on a line key	Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 325
Added the taskfor Webex contact support on a softkey	Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts, on page 326
Updated the topic for Webex contact on PSK and PLK	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284
Added the topic for Webex call log support	Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone, on page 326
A new topic added to support One button to join (OBTJ)	Webex One Button to Join on Phone, on page 317
A new topic added to support One button to join (OBTJ) and how to add Meetings softkey	Add Meetings Softkey on Phone, on page 317
Added the topic to troubleshoot an issue about the phone onboarding to Webex	Failed to Onboard the Phone to Webex, on page 541

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(6)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the task to add the situations in which the focus moves to the incoming call	Keep Focus on the Active Call, on page 305
Updated the description of Call Forward	Telephony Features, on page 165
Updated the topic to add the new parameter Forward Softkey	Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 312
Updated the softkey in the topic for the new feature	Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls, on page 315

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to add the support for French (Canada) language.	Setup for Latin and Cyrillic Languages, on page 523
	Supported Languages for the Phone Display, on page 520
	Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts, on page 521
Updated the description of the parameter Display Attrs	Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 392
Added the new task topic on how to restrict users from controlling the ringer volume	Restrict User from Controlling the Ringer Volume, on page 210
Added the new topic for Webex cloud onboarding	Phone Onboarding to Webex Cloud, on page 38
	Enable a Phone to Onboarding to Webex Cloud, on page 38
Added the new topic for PRT generation from Cisco Webex Control Hub	Report Phone Issues from Webex Control Hub, on page 543
Added the new topic to reboot from Cisco Webex Control Hub	Reboot the Phone from the Webex Control Hub, on page 544
Added the new topic for Webex contact support	Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone, on page 324
Added the new topic for Webex contact support on a line key	Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 325
Added the new topic for Webex contact support on a softkey	Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts, on page 326
Updated the topic for Webex contact on PSK and PLK	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284
Added the new topic for Webex call log support	Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone, on page 326
Updated the topic to add the new feature Noise Removal	Telephony Features, on page 165
Updated the topic to mention the new feature Noise Removal	Configure the Acoustic Settings, on page 363
Updated the topic to add the new parameter Noise Removal	Parameters for Acoustic Settings, on page 364
Added the new topic about how to resolve a downgrade issue	Saved Passwords Become Invalid after Downgrade, on page 540

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(5)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to remove a duplicated sentence	Configure Voicemail, on page 379
Rewrote the topic.	Configure Voicemail for An Extension, on page 379
Updated the topic to add a reference link.	Configure the Message Waiting Indicator, on page 380
Updated the topic to add new parameters	Parameters for Voicemail Server and Message Waiting, on page 380
Added the task about how to enable the feature	Keep Focus on the Active Call, on page 305
Updated the topic to add MIC Cert Refresh Status	View Download Status, on page 551
Added the task about how to renew the MIC certificate	Renew the MIC Certificate, on page 79
Added the topic for the feature MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service	Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service, on page 80
Added the topic to support STIR/SHAKEN	Spam Indication for Incoming Calls , on page 354
Added the task for dialog-based shared line	Add Dialog-Based Shared Line Appearance, on page 207
Added the topic about how to set the upgrade rule for the Cisco Headsets	Set the Upgrade Rule for the Cisco Headset, on page 587
Updated the topic for the Cisco Headset 700 Series	Report Headset Inventory, on page 305
Added a new task to support single step migration of MPP phones to enterprise phone	Migrate Your Phone to Enterprise Phone Directly, on page 68

New and Changed for 11.3(4)

Revision	New and Changed
Added the topic about how to configure a phone to report the connected or disconnected peripheral information to the server.	Report Headset Inventory, on page 305
Added a new topic for RTL language support	Setup for RTL Languages, on page 524
Updated the existing topic with RTL language entries	Supported Languages for the Phone Display, on page 520
Updated the existing topic with RTL language entries	Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts, on page 521

Revision	New and Changed
Added the task about how to enable SSRC reset to avoid a call transfer error	Enable SSRC Reset for the New RTP and SRTP Sessions, on page 468
Updated the topic to add the new parameter SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE	RTP Parameters, on page 465
Updated the number of the DNS SRV records	SIP Proxy Redundancy, on page 567
Added a task about how to disable or enable the Don't Fragment feature	Disable or Enable DF Bit, on page 435
Added the task on how to add XMPP user ID on the phone	Display XMPP User ID on the Phone Screen, on page 337
Updated the topic to add the new parameter Display XMPP User ID With Top Priority Updated the task to add a new step	Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 333 Configure the Phone Name, on page 297

New and Changed for Release 11.3(3)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to add the new parameter Add Contacts to Directory Personal	Parameters for XSI Phone Service, on page 403
Added Executive and Assistant relevant topics	Enable Alphanumeric Dialing for Executives, on page 257
	Set Up Preference for the Executive-Assistant Role, on page 254
	Selection Logic of the Executive-Assistant Role, on page 255

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topics regarding the Executive and Assistant	Executives and Assistants, on page 254
	Executive-Assistant Setting Synchronization, on page 256
	Dial Plan for Executives and Assistants, on page 256
	Configure Executive and Assistant Menu Access on a Line Key, on page 257
	Service Activation Codes for Executives and Assistants, on page 258
	Programmable Softkeys for Executives and Assistants, on page 259
	Hide a Menu Item from Being Displayed on the Phone Screen, on page 277
	Parameters for Menu Visibility, on page 278
	Executive or Assistant Menu Does Not Appear, on page 536
	Telephony Features, on page 165
	Feature Buttons and Softkeys, on page 174
	Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246
	DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247
	Line Key LED Behaviour Customization, on page 268
	Hide a Menu Item from Being Displayed on the Phone Screen, on page 277
	Parameters for Menu Visibility, on page 278
	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284
	Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288
	Enable Synchronization of Settings Between the Phone and the Server, on page 323
	Programmable Line Keys, on page 344
	Programmable Softkeys, on page 356
	Digit Sequence Examples, on page 507
	Vertical Service Activation Codes, on page 525

Revision	New and Changed
Added the topics for the Synchronization of Call Waiting and Anonymous Call Rejection feature	Enable Synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection via XSI Service, on page 250
	Set Feature Activation Code for Anonymous Call Rejection, on page 251
	Enable Synchronization of Call Waiting via XSI Service, on page 251
	Set Feature Activation Code for Call Waiting, on page 253
Added the task topic on how to display or hide the Unavailability menu text box of agent status on the phone	Display or Hide Unavailable Menu Text Box of Agent Status on the Phone , on page 332
Added the task topic on how to configure softkeys for different types of calls history list	Enable Softkeys to Calls History List Menu, on page 353
Updated the topic to add new parameters PRT HTTP Header and PRT HTTP Header Value	Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 216
Updated the topic to add the parameter Precondition Support and update the parameter SIP 100REL Enable	Parameters for SIP Settings on Extensions, on page 477
Updated the topic for the Product information screen on the phone	Display the Phone Information Window, on page 550
Added the topic on how to customize the product configuration version	Customize the Product Configuration Version, on page 304
Updated the parameters Port and User ID in the topic	Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 333
Added the topic on how to use the DNS SRV records for the BroadSoft XMPP	Use DNS SRV for XMPP, on page 336

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(2)

Revision	New and Changed
Added the tasks about the menu shortcuts of features on PLK and PSK	Add a Menu Shortcut to a Line Key, on page 283 Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284 Add an Extended Feature to a Line Key, on page 287 Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288 Add a Menu Shortcut to a Programmable Softkey, on page 292

Revision	New and Changed
Added the topics for the user authentication control feature	Control the Authentication Requirement to Access the Phone Menus , on page 236
	Parameters for User Authentication Control, on page 236
Added the tasks about adding menu shortcuts or features to the keys of an key expansion module	Enable the User to Configure Features on Key Expansion Module Line Keys, on page 607
	Add a Menu Shortcut to a Key Expansion Module Line Key, on page 608
	Add an Extended Feature to a Key Expansion Module Line Key, on page 608
Updated the topics about features on PLK and PSK with menu shortcuts	Enable the User to Configure Features on Line Keys, on page 176
	Parameters for Programmable Softkeys, on page 348
Added the topics for the Feature Activation Code Synchronization feature	Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls, on page 315
	Set Feature Activation Code for the Call Forward All Service, on page 316
Added the topics introducing the SIP Proxy	SIP Proxy Redundancy, on page 567
Redundancy enhancements	SIP Proxy Failover, on page 568
	SIP Proxy Fallback, on page 569
Updated the task context to support the SIP proxy redundancy enhancement	Configure the SIP Transport, on page 230
Updated the description for the feature of Show Caller Name and Caller Number	Telephony Features, on page 165
Added the task about configuring the caller name and number display in incoming call alerts	Display Caller Number Instead of Unresolved Caller Name, on page 282
Added the task about how to disable contact search in all directories	Disable Contact Search in All Directories, on page 390
Added the task about how to disable the personal directory	Disable Personal Directory, on page 391
Added the task about how to hide menu items on the phone screen	Hide a Menu Item from Being Displayed on the Phone Screen, on page 277
Add the reference topic about the menu visibility function	Parameters for Menu Visibility, on page 278
Added the task about how to configure the directory services on the phone web page	Configure Directory Services, on page 387

Revision	New and Changed
Added the reference topic about the directory services	Parameters for Directory Services, on page 387
Updated the reference topic to add the new parameters for the directory enhancement feature	Parameters for XSI Phone Service, on page 403
Updated the reference topic for the directory enhancement feature	Feature Buttons and Softkeys, on page 174
Added the reference topic about a troubleshooting case for the directory enhancement feature	Phone Doesn't Show Contacts, on page 536
Updated the task to add more information about how to enable call forward setting on user tab	Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 311
Added the reference topic about the parameters for call forward settings on user tab	Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 312
Updated the reference topic to add new features	Feature Buttons and Softkeys, on page 174
Update the description of the Message Waiting Indicator	Telephony Features, on page 165
Updated the topic to add Voicemail	Programmable Line Keys, on page 344
Added the topic on how to configure the voicemail PLK on a line key	Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Line Key, on page 382
Added the topic on how to the voicemail PLK on a KEM button	Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Key Expansion Module Button, on page 609
Added the topic on how to the voicemail PLK on the phone	Configure the Voicemail PLK on the Phone, on page 385
Added the reference topic for the string syntax used in the voicemail PLK feature	String Syntax for Voicemail PLK, on page 383
Updated the topic to add the voicemail PLK feature	Enable the User to Configure Features on Line Keys, on page 176
Updated the topic to add new features	Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288
Updated the topic to add the new step for MWI	Select the Line Key LED Behavior, on page 267
Updated the topic to add a table	Line Key LED Behaviour Customization, on page 268

Revision	New and Changed
Added the topics for troubleshooting voicemail PLK relevant issues	SIP Subscription Failure Message, on page 537
	Number of Voicemail Messages Doesn't Display, on page 537
	Unable to Place a Call with Speed Dial for Voicemail Messages, on page 538
	Failed to Sign Into a Voicemail Account, on page 538
	Voicemail PLK Options Don't Display on the Phone, on page 539
Updated the topic to support the automatic RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) transport selection	Set up a Secure Extension, on page 229
Updated the Client DN, User Name, Password, and Auth Method parameters for LDAP directory	Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 392
Added the topic to show the logic of the LDAP directory access	Overview of LDAP Directory Access, on page 401
Updated the firmware version (SWVER) format	Macro Expansion Variables, on page 89
	Macro Variables, on page 201
	Conditional Expressions, on page 99
Updated the topic for the enhancement of the call park feature	Configure One-Button Call Park, on page 190
Updated the topic to add prerequisites and updated the short description	Enable Hoteling on a Phone, on page 211
Added the topic to describe the Flexible Seating feature of BroadWorks and how to enable it	Enable Flexible Seating on a Phone, on page 211
Added the topic on how to enable EM for the user	Enable Extension Mobility on a Phone, on page 212
Updated the topic to support the reverse name lookup against local contacts for BroadWorks server call logs	Enable Viewing BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line , on page 243
Added the task on how to configure StartTLS	Configure StartTLS, on page 138
Updated the topic to add "StartTLS"	Enable Hostname Verification for SIP over TLS, on page 148
Updated the topic to add the new parameter of the feature	Configure the Cipher List, on page 145
Updated the topic for "StartTLS"	Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 392
Updated the topic for "StartTLS"	XML and TR-069 Parameter Comparison, on page 627

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to support the reverse name lookup	Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 338
Updated the topic to add the new parameter of the feature	Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 329
Updated the description of Agent Sign-in and Sign-out for the feature	Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288
Added the task for the ACD feature sync	Restore the ACD Status, on page 331

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(1)

Revision	New and Changed
Added a new task to support the feature Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code.	Enable Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code
Added topics to support HTTP provisioning with DNS servers	DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning
Add tasks to support MPP OS Hardening	Enable the Firewall
	Configure Your Firewall with Additional Options
Added a new task about how to configure a cipher list	Configure the Cipher List
Added a task and the relevant parameters to support client-initiated mode for media plane security negotiations	Enable Client-Initiated mode for Media Plan Security Negotiations
Added a task about how to enable hostname verification for a line that uses SIP over TLS	Enable Hostname Verification for SIP over TLS
Added a task to support One-Button Call Park.	Configure One-Button Call Park
Added a task and the parameter about multicast paging	Configure Multicast Paging
	Parameters for Multiple Paging Group
Added a task and the relevant parameters to support	Set Up a Phone for Remote SDK
the remote SDK feature	WebSocket API Parameters
Add Task for configuring a programmable softkey (PSK) with DTMF support.	Configure a PSK with DTMF Support
Added a task about how to enable call statistics report in SIP BYE messages	Enable End-of-Call Statistics Reports in SIP Messages
Added a task to support the new feature VQM SIP Publish Message New Fields	Configure Voice Quality Reporting

Revision	New and Changed
Added new topics to support the SIP Session ID feature	SIP Session ID Enable SIP Session ID Session ID Parameters
Added a topics to support Line Key LED Behavior Customization.	Select the Line Key LED Behavior
Added a new task about how to view the Wi-Fi status on the phone	View Wi-Fi Status Messages on the Phone
Added description for the new field RTP Before ACK	RTP Parameters
Updated the task on how to configure the SDP Payload Types	Configure the SDP Payload Types
Added a task to support OPUS Codec Narrowband.	Set Up Your Phone to Use OPUS Codec Narrowband

New and Changed Information for Firmware Release 11.2(3)SR1

Revision	New and Changed
Added a new task to support Activation Code Onboarding	Set Up Your Phones for Activation Code Onboarding, on page 67

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(3)

Revisions	New and Changed Sections
Added Catalan to the supported language list	Supported Languages for the Phone Display
Updated the key keyword details and added a note about RFC 8188-based encryption.	Report Current Phone Configuration to the Provisioning Server
Added a new task on how to enable early media support	Enble _Early-Media Support
Added topics replacing the "Set up Profile Account" topic to support the enhancements in profile authentication	Profile Authentication Specify the Profile Authentication Type

Revisions	New and Changed Sections
Added new fields and topics to support the feature of DND and call forward status sync	DND and Call Forward Status Sync
	Enable Feature Key Sync
	Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service,
	Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service
	XSI Line Service
Added a new topic replacing the existing Busy Lamp Field Configuration on a Monitoring Phone.	Phone Configuration for Monitoring Other Phones
Added a new task on how to phone users to configure speed dial and monitor a coworker's line.	Enable Users to Configure Features on Line Keys
Added a new topic about including a device identifier in uploaded syslog messages.	Include a Device Identifier in Uploaded Syslog Messages
Added new fields and a new task on how to remotely	Report a Phone Problem Remotely
report phone problems.	PRT Status
Added the Syslog Identifier field.	Optional Network Configuration
Replaced the <i>Profile Account Enable</i> parameter with the <i>Profile Authentication Type</i> field	Configuration Profile
Updated the description of the <i>Profile Rule</i> parameter.	
Updated Report Rule and added new parameters: Report to Server, periodic Upload to Server, and Upload Delay on Local Change.	Upload Cofiguration Options
Updated the description for the Extension field.	Line Key
Updated the description of the <i>First Name Filter</i> and <i>Last Name Filter</i> fields.	LDAP Directory Paramters
Example XML parameter configuration is added for the <i>Line Enable</i> parameter.	Voice>Ext(n)>General
Added a new task on how to assign the new MPP key	Allocate a Key Expansion Module Type
expansion modules—Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module and Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module	Allocate a Key Expansion Module Type with the Phone Menu
Added a new field in the General table to support the new parameter" KEM Type" that is added to the phone web page	General
Added a troubleshooting scenario for new MPP key expansion modules—Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module and Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module	Key Expansion Module Does Not Go Through the Normal Start Up Process

Revisions	New and Changed Sections
Add new task to support Wi-Fi management and Wi-Fi profile	Turn the Wi-Fi On or Off from the Phone Web Interface
	Set Up a Wi-Fi Profile from the Phone Web Page and the XML Provisioning Server
Added a new table to support the new parameter Wi-Fi Settings that is added to the phone web page	Wi-Fi Settings
Added a new table to support the new parameter Wi-Fi Profile (n) that is added to the phone web page	Wi-Fi Profile(n)
Added a topic of Cisco Headset 500 Series customization	Cisco Headset 500 Series Customization
Added topics to support Cisco Headset 521, 522, 561,	Accessories Overview for Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series
and 562	with Multiplatform Firmware
	Cisco Headset
	Cisco Headset
Added a topic for upgrading Cisco Headset 500 Series	Set the Upgrade Rule for the Cisco Headset 500 Series

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(1)

Revisions	New or Changed Sections
Updated the topics to support LCD screen does not honor "ro" and "na" attribute	Enable User Access to the Phone Interface Menus System Configuration
Added a new topic to support NAPTR	Configure the SIP Transport
Updated the topics to support NAPTR	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone SIP Settings
Added a new topic to support SIP privacy header	Configure a Privacy Header
Updated the topic to support SIP privacy header	SIP Settings
Added a new topic to support blocking of SIP message from a non-proxy device	Block Non-Proxy SIP Messages to a Phone
Updated the topic to support blocking of SIP message from a non-proxy device	System Configuration
Added a new topic to support Peer Firmware Sharing	Peer Firmware Sharing Enable Peer Firmware Sharing

Revisions	New or Changed Sections
Updated the topic to support Peer Firmware Sharing	Telephone Features for Cisco IP Phone
	Firmware Upgrade
Added a new topic to support profile account	Enable Profile Account
Updated the topic to support profile account	Configuration Profile
Updated the topic to support DND and call forward indication for non-selected line with feature key sync support	Enable Synchronization of Settings Between the Phone and the Server
Added new topic to support call silence	Silence an Incoming Call with Ignore Soft Key
Updated the topics to support call silence	Programmable Softkeys
	Telephone Features for Cisco IP Phone
Added new topics to support XSI BroadWorks Anywhere	Move an Active Call from a Phone to Other Phones(Locations)
	XSI Line Service
Added new topics to support XSI caller ID blocking	Sync the Block Caller ID Feature with the Phone and the BroadWords XSI Server
	XSI Line Service
Added new topics to support XSI call logs	Enable Viewing BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line
Updated the topics to support XSI call logs	XSI Phone Service
	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone
Updated the topic to support screen saver type "lock" removal	Configure the Screen Saver with the Phone Web Page
Added new section to support Executive-Assistant	Executives and Assistants
	Executive or Assistant Menu Does Not Appear

Revisions	New or Changed Sections
Updated topics to support Executive-Assistant	Digit Sequence Examples
	Edit the Dial Plan on the IP Phone
	Enable Synchronization of Settings Between the Phone and the Server
	Programmable Softkeys
	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone
	Programmable Softkeys
	Line Key
	Vertical Service Activation Codes
	Feature Buttons and Softkeys
	Call Feature Settings
Updated the topic to support video packetization	Configure the Video Codec
Added a new topic to support Video RTP ToS(Voice/Video data priorities)	Configure Priorities for Voice and Video Data
Updated topics to support Video RTP	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone
ToS(Voice/Video data priorities)	Network Settings
Added a new topic to support Audio Settings (Acoustic)	Acoustic Settings
	Configure Acoustic Settings
Updated topics to support Audio Settings (Acoustic)	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone.

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(2)

Feature	New or Changed Sections
Control the Look Up of Caller Names for Incoming and Outgoing Calls	Reverse Name Lookup for Incoming and Outgoing Calls
	Enable and Disable Reverse Name Lookup
Cisco Headset 531 and Cisco Headset 532	Important Headset Safety Information
	Third Party Headsets
	Headset Configuration on Your Phone

Feature	New or Changed Sections
Make Emergency Calls	Emergency Call Support Background
	Configure a Phone to Make Emergency Calls
	217
	E911 Geolocation Configuration
	An Emergency Call Doesn't Connect to Emergency Services
LDAP over TLS (LDAPS).	Configure LDAP over TLS
DHCP VLAN options.	Set Up DHCP VLAN Option from Phone Web Page
	VLAN Settings
	Network Configuration Fields
HTTPS support for XSI Services.	XSI Phone Service
	Phone Cannot Access BroadSoft Directory for XSI

New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(1)

Feature	New or Changed Sections
Asian Language Support	Phone Display Language
	Phone Display Problems
	The Font is Too Small or Has Unusual Characters
	page 356
	Phone Screen Displays Boxes Instead of Asian Characters
	Phone Locale is Not Displayed
	Softkey Labels are Truncated
Call Center Support	Set Up a Call Center Agent Phone
	ACD Call Information Missing
	ACD Settings
	Phone Doesn't Show ACD Softkeys
Call Recording	Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP REC
	Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP INFO
	Call Doesn't Record

Feature	New or Changed Sections	
Cisco IP Phone 8845 and 8865 Support	Configure the Video Codec	
	Video Configuration	
	Video Transmit Resolution Setup	
	Control the Video Bandwidth	
	Video Configuration	
	Disable Video Services	
	Video Configuration	
Factory Reset Button in the Phone Web Page	Factory Reset the Phone with the Web UI Button	
	Factory Reset	
IPv6 Support	Network Configuration Fields	
	IPv6 Information	
	Network Settings	
	IPv6 Settings	
Presence	Set Up a Phone for Presence	
	Broadsoft XMPP	
	Phone Presence Message: Disconnected from Server	
	Presence Status Doesn't Work	

New and Changed Features for Firmware Release 11.0(1)

All new features have been added to Telephony Features, on page 165.

Revision	Updated Section
Added MOS enhancement	See MOS-LQ and MOS-CQ values in Line Call Status
Added how to configure missed call indication on the Configuration Utility Page	Supplementary Services Configure Missed Call Indication with the Configuration Utility
Added factory reset and pinging in phone web page with a specific URL	Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page Identify Phone Issues with a URL in the Phone Web Page
Added information on a star code is added to Conference hard key from the phone web page	Enable Conference Button with a Star Code
Logo can be added as boot display	Add a Logo as the Boot Display

Revision	Updated Section
Key expansion modue will be auto-detected when plugged in	Auto Detection of Key Expansion Modules

New and Changed Features for Firmware Release 11.0(1)



PART

Cisco IP Phone Provisioning

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- Provisioning Methods, on page 51
- Provisioning Parameters, on page 83
- Provisioning Formats, on page 93

Provisioning

- Provisioning Overview, on page 35
- Provisioning, on page 36
- TR69 Provisioning, on page 43
- Communication Encryption, on page 44
- Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion, on page 44
- In-House Preprovisioning and Provisioning Servers, on page 44
- Server Preparation and Software Tools, on page 45
- In-House Device Preprovisioning, on page 47
- Provisioning Server Setup, on page 47

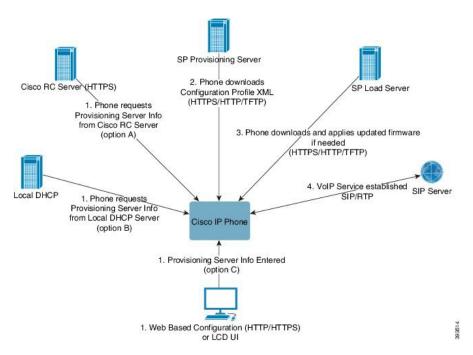
Provisioning Overview

Cisco IP Phones are intended for high-volume deployments by Voice-over-IP (VoIP) service providers to customers in home, business, or enterprise environments. Hence, provisioning the phone using remote management and configuration ensures the proper operation of the phone at the customer site.

Cisco supports the customized, ongoing feature configuration of the phone by using:

- Reliable remote control of the phone.
- Encryption of the communication that controls the phone.
- Streamlined phone account binding.

Phones can be provisioned to download configuration profiles or updated firmware from a remote server. Downloads can happen when the phones are connected to a network, when they are powered up, and at set intervals. Provisioning is typically part of the high-volume, VoIP deployments common by service providers. Configuration profiles or updated firmware is transferred to the device using TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.



At a high level, the phone provisioning process is as follows:

- 1. If the phone is not configured, the provisioning server information is applied to the phone using one of the following options:
 - A–Downloaded from the Cisco Enablement Data Orchestration System (EDOS) Remote Customization (RC) server using HTTPS, DNS SRV, GDS (Activation code onboarding), EDOS device activation.
 - B-Queried from a local DHCP server.
 - C-Entered manually using the Cisco phone web-based configuration utility or Phone UI.
- **2.** The phone downloads the provisioning server information and applies the configuration XML using the HTTPS, HTTP, or TFTP protocol.
- 3. The phone downloads and applies the updated firmware, if needed, using HTTPS, HTTP, or TFTP.
- **4.** The VoIP service is established using the specified configuration and firmware.

VoIP service providers intend to deploy many phones to residential and small business customers. In business or enterprise environments, phones can serve as terminal nodes. Providers widely distribute these devices across the Internet, which are connected through routers and firewalls at the customer premises.

The phone can be used as a remote extension of the service provider back-end equipment. Remote management and configuration ensure the proper operation of the phone at the customer premises.

Provisioning

A phone can be configured to resynchronize its internal configuration state to match a remote profile periodically and on power-up. The phone contacts a normal provisioning server (NPS) or an access control server (ACS).

By default, a profile resync is only attempted when the phone is idle. This practice prevents an upgrade that would trigger a software reboot and interrupt a call. If intermediate upgrades are required to reach a current upgrade state from an older release, the upgrade logic can automate multistage upgrades.

Normal Provisioning Server

The Normal Provisioning Server (NPS) can be a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server. A remote firmware upgrade is achieved by using TFTP or HTTP, or HTTPS, because the firmware does not contain sensitive information.

Although HTTPS is recommended, communication with the NPS does not require the use of a secure protocol because the updated profile can be encrypted by a shared secret key. For more information about utilizing HTTPS, see Communication Encryption, on page 44. Secure first-time provisioning is provided through a mechanism that uses SSL functionality. An unprovisioned phone can receive a 256-bit symmetric key encrypted profile that is targeted for that device.

Phone Provisioning Practices

Typically, the Cisco IP Phone is configured for provisioning when it first connects to the network. The phone is also provisioned at the scheduled intervals that are set when the service provider or the VAR preprovisions (configures) the phone. Service providers can authorize VARs or advanced users to manually provision the phone by using the phone keypad. You can also configure provisioning using the Phone Web UI.

Check the **Status** > **Phone Status** > **Provisioning** from the Phone LCD UI, or Provisioning Status in the **Status** tab of the web-based Configuration Utility.

Onboard Your Phone with the Activation Code

This feature is available in firmware release 11-2-3MSR1, BroadWorks Application Server Release 22.0 (patch AP.as.22.0.1123.ap368163 and its dependencies). However, you can change phones with older firmware to use this feature. You instruct the phone to upgrade to the new firmware and to use the gds:// profile rule to trigger the activation code screen. A user enters a 16-digit code in the provided field to onboard the phone automatically.

Before you begin

Ensure that you allow the activation.webex.com service through your firewall to support onboarding via activation code.

If you want to set up a proxy server for the onboarding, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 152.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Edit the phone config.xml file in a text or XML editor.
- **Step 2** Follow the example below in your config.xml file to set the profile rule for Activation Code Onboarding.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<device>
<flat-profile>
<!-- System Configuration -->
<Profile_Rule ua="na">gds://</Profile_Rule>
<!-- Firmware Upgrade -->
```

```
<Upgrade_Enable ua="na">Yes</Upgrade_Enable>
<Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay ua="na">3600</Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay>
<Upgrade_Rule ua="na">http://<server ip address>/sip88xx.11-2-3MSR1-1.loads</Upgrade_Rule>
<!-- <BACKUP_ACS_Password ua="na"/> -->
</flat-profile>
</device>
```

Note For the firmware release after the 11.2(3) SR1, the setting of Firmware Upgrade is optional.

Step 3 Save the changes to the config.xml file.

Phone Onboarding to Webex Cloud

Phone onboarding provides a simple and secure way to onboard Webex-aware phones to Webex cloud. You can achieve the onboarding process either with activation code onboarding (GDS) or with phone MAC address (EDOS device activation).

For more information on how to generate the activation code, see *Cisco BroadWorks Partner Configuration Guide, Cisco Multi-Platform Phones*.

For more information on Webex-aware phone onboarding, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.

Enable a Phone to Onboarding to Webex Cloud

After the successful registration of the phone to the Webex cloud, a cloud symbol appears on the phone screen.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the Webex section, set the Onboard Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Webex Onboard Enable ua="na">Yes</Webex Onboard Enable>

Default value: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code

Use the steps below to enable auto provisioning with a short activation code.

Before you begin

Ensure that your phones are updated with Firmware Release 11.3(1) or later.

If you want to set up a proxy server for the phone, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 152.

Review how to set up the CDA server for redirection profile:

https://community.cisco.com/t5/collaboration-voice-and-video/cisco-multi-platform-phones-cloud-provisioning-process/ta-p/3910244

Procedure

- Step 1 Create a redirection profile name that contains a any number of digits between three and 16, inclusive. This becomes the activation code, later. Use one of these formats:
 - nnn.
 - nnnnnnnnnnnnnn
 - Any number of digits between three and sixteen, inclusive. Example, 123456
- **Step 2** Provide the profile name that you created in step 1 to the Customer Device Activation (CDA) support team at cdap-support@cisco.com.
- **Step 3** Ask the CDA support team to enable your profile for discovery.
- **Step 4** When you get confirmation from the CDA support team, distribute the activation code to the users.
- **Step 5** Instruct users to press pound (#) before entering the digits at the activation screen.

Manually Provision a Phone from the Keypad

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Device administration** > **Profile Rule**.
- **Step 3** Enter the profile rule using the following format:

protocol://server[:port]/profile pathname

For example:

tftp://192.168.1.5/CP_x8xx_MPP.cfg

If no protocol is specified, TFTP is assumed. If no server-name is specified, the host that requests the URL is used as the server name. If no port is specified, the default port is used (69 for TFTP, 80 for HTTP, or 443 for HTTPS).

Step 4 Press Resvnc.

DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning

The DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning feature enables auto provisioning of your multiplatform phone. Domain Name System Service (DNS SRV) records establish connections between a service and a hostname. When the phone looks for the location of the provisioning service, it first queries on the given DNS SRV domain name, then it queries for SRV records. The phone validates the records to confirm that the server is accessible. Then, it continues to the actual provisioning flow. Service providers can utilize this DNS SRV provisioning flow to provide auto provisioning.

DNS SRV bases the hostname validation on the certificate of the DHCP provided domain name. It is important that all SRV records use a valid certificate containing the DHCP provided domain name.

The DNS SRV query includes the DHCP domain name in its construction as follows: _<servicename>._<transport>.<domainName>.

For example, _ciscoprov-https._tls.example.com, instructs the phone to do a lookup for example.com. The phone uses the hostname and port number that's retrieved by the DNS SRV query to build the URL that it uses to download the initial configuration.

DNS SRV is one of many auto provisioning mechanisms that the phone uses. The phone tries the mechanisms in the following order:

- 1. DHCP
- 2. DNS SRV
- 3. EDOS
- 4. GDS (Activation Code Onboarding), or EDOS Device Activation

The following table describes the SRV record fields.

Table 2: SRV Record Fields

Field	Description	Example
<_servicename.>	The service name begins with an underscore. Server services use symbolic names in SRV records.	_ciscoprov-https. Or _ciscoprov-http.
	After the service, a period (.) signifies that the service is established and the next section is beginning.	DNS SRV doesn't support the TFTP protocol. If you use TFTP, you receive the following error message: Error - TFTP Scheme not supported in SRV lookups.
<_proto.>	The transport protocol begins with an underscore. The period that follows the protocol signals that the protocol section has ended.	_tls. You must use HTTPS with TLS. Or _tcp. You must use HTTP with TCP.

Field	Description	Example
<domainname></domainname>	The service domain name follows the protocol.	example.com
	Hostname validation: All SRV records are validated based on the original DHCP-provided domain name. It is important that all records use a valid certificate containing the original domain name.	
TTL (Time to Live)	Expiration value of the record, in seconds.	86400
Class	Internet-type—Standard BIND notation indicating that it's an SRV record.	IN
<pre><priority></priority></pre>	Each line contains a priority number. The lower the number, the earlier the phone will attempt the target hostname and port included in this DNS SRV record.	10
<weight></weight>	If two or more services have the same priority, the weight number determines which line comes first. The lower the number, the earlier the phone will attempt the target hostname and port included in this DNS SRV record.	20
<port></port>	optional port number	5060
<target></target>	The A record of the machine providing the service. A Records are the most basic type of DNS record and are used to point a domain or subdomain to an IP address.	pr1.example.com

Example SRV Configurations

```
_service._proto.name. TTL class SRV priority weight port target.
_ciscoprov-https._tls.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 60 5060 pr1.example.com.
_ciscoprov-https._tls.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 20 5060 pr2.example.com.
_ciscoprov-http._tcp.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 50 5060 px1.example.com.
```

_ciscoprov-http._tcp.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 30 5060 px2.example.com.

Use DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning

New phones use DNS SRV as one method of auto provisioning. For existing phones, if your network is set up for provisioning with DNS SRV for HTTP, you can use this feature to resync your phone. Sample configuration file:

```
<flat-profile>
<!-- System Configuration -->
<Primary_DNS ua="rw">10.89.68.150</Primary_DNS>
<Back_Light_Timer ua="rw">Always On</Back_Light_Timer>
<Peer_Firmware_Sharing ua="na">Yes</Peer_Firmware_Sharing>
<Profile_Authentication_Type ua="na">Basic Http Authentication </Profile_Authentication_Type>
<Proxy_1_ ua="na">example.com</Proxy_1_>
```

```
<Display_Name_1_ ua="na">4081001141</Display_Name_1_>
<User_ID_1_ ua="na">4081001141</User_ID_1_>
</flat-profile>
```

Before you begin

If you want to set up a proxy server for the HTTP provisioning, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 152.

Procedure

Perform one of the following actions. Then, Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Web Page, on page 42 or Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Phone, on page 42

- Place the XML configuration file, \$PSN.xml, in the web server root directory.
- Place the XML configuration file, \$MA.cfg, in the web server root directory/Cisco/.

Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Web Page

You can use the SRV option to download a configuration file to your phone.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning
- Step 2 In the **Profile Rule** field, enter the profile rule with the SRV option. Only HTTP and HTTPS are supported. Example:

[--srv] https://example.com/\$PSN.xml

Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Phone

You can use the SRV option on your phone to download a configuration file.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Device administration** > **Profile rule**.
- **Step 3** Enter the profile rule with the [--srv] parameter. Only HTTP and HTTPS are supported.

Example:

[--srv] https://example.com/\$PSN.xml

Step 4 Press Resync.

TR69 Provisioning

The Cisco IP Phone helps the administrator to configure the TR69 parameters using the Web UI. For information related to the parameters, including a comparison of the XML and TR69 parameters, see the Administration Guide for the corresponding phone series.

The phones support Auto Configuration Server (ACS) discovery from DHCP Option 43, 60, and 125.

- Option 43-Vendor-specific information for the ACS URL.
- Option 60-Vendor class identifier, for the phone to identify itself with dslforum.org to the ACS.
- Option 125–Vendor-specific information for the gateway association.

TR69 RPC Methods

RPC Methods Supported

The phones support only a limited set of Remote Procedure Call (RPC) methods as follows:

- GetRPCMethods
- SetParameterValues
- GetParameterValues
- SetParameterAttributes
- GetParameterAttributes
- GetParameterNames
- AddObject
- DeleteObject
- Reboot
- FactoryReset
- Inform
- Download: Download RPC method, the file types supported are:
 - Firmware upgrade image
 - Vendor configuration file
 - Custom Certificate Authority (CA) file
- Transfer Complete

Event Types Supported

The phones support event types based on features and methods supported. Only the following event types are supported:

- Bootstrap
- Boot
- · value change
- · connection request
- Periodic
- Transfer Complete
- M Download
- M Reboot

Communication Encryption

The configuration parameters that are communicated to the device can contain authorization codes or other information that protect the system from unauthorized access. It is in the service provider's interest to prevent unauthorized customer activity. It is in the customer's interest to prevent the unauthorized use of the account. The service provider can encrypt the configuration profile communication between the provisioning server and the device, in addition to restricting access to the administration web server.

Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion

Anything that degrades network performance can affect phone audio and video quality, and in some cases, can cause a call to drop. Sources of network degradation can include, but are not limited to, the following activities:

- Administrative tasks, such as an internal port scan or security scan.
- Attacks that occur on your network, such as a Denial of Service attack.

In-House Preprovisioning and Provisioning Servers

The service provider preprovisions phones, other than RC units, with a profile. The preprovision profile can comprise a limited set of parameters that resynchronizes the phone. The profile can also comprise a complete set of parameters that the remote server delivers. By default, the phone resynchronizes on power-up and at intervals that are configured in the profile. When the user connects the phone at the customer premises, the device downloads the updated profile and any firmware updates.

This process of preprovisioning, deployment, and remote provisioning can be accomplished in many ways.

Server Preparation and Software Tools

The examples in this chapter require the availability of one or more servers. These servers can be installed and run on a local PC:

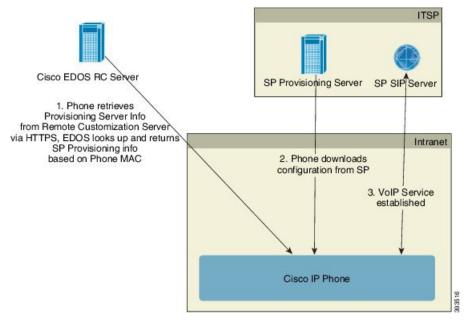
- TFTP (UDP port 69)
- syslog (UDP port 514)
- HTTP (TCP port 80)
- HTTPS (TCP port 443).

To troubleshoot server configuration, it is helpful to install clients for each type of server on a separate server machine. This practice establishes proper server operation, independent of the interaction with the phones.

We also recommend that you install these software tools:

- To generate configuration profiles, install the open source gzip compression utility.
- For profile encryption and HTTPS operations, install the open source OpenSSL software package.
- To test the dynamic profile generation and one-step remote provisioning using HTTPS, we recommend a scripting language with CGI scripting support. Open source Perl language tools is an example of such a scripting language.
- To verify secure exchanges between provisioning servers and the phones, install an Ethernet packet sniffer (such as the freely downloadable Ethereal/Wireshark). Capture an Ethernet packet trace of the interaction between the phone and the provisioning server. To do so, run the packet sniffer on a PC that is connected to a switch with port mirroring enabled. For HTTPS transactions, you can use the ssldump utility.

Remote Customization (RC) Distribution



All phones contact the Cisco EDOS RC server until they are provisioned initially.

In an RC distribution model, a customer purchases a phone that has already been associated with a specific Service Provider in the Cisco EDOS RC Server. The Internet Telephony Service Provider (ITSP) sets up and maintains a provisioning server, and registers their provisioning server information with the Cisco EDOS RC Server.

When the phone is powered on with an internet connection, the customization state for the unprovisioned phone is **Open**. The phone first queries the local DHCP server for provisioning server information and sets the customization state of the phone. If DHCP query is successful, Customization State is set to **Aborted** and RC is not attempted due to DHCP providing the needed provisioning server information.

When a phone connects to a network for the first time or after a factory reset, if there are no DHCP options setup, it contacts a device activation server for zero touch provisioning. New phones will use "activate.cisco.com" instead of "webapps.cisco.com" for provisioning. Phones with firmware release prior to 11.2(1), will continue to use webapps.cisco.com. Cisco recommends that you allow both the domain names through your firewall.

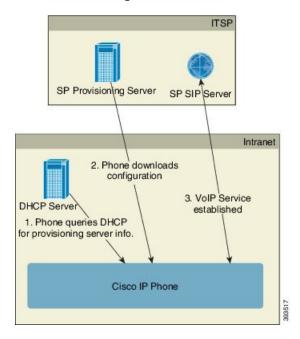
If DHCP server does not provide provisioning server information, the phone queries the Cisco EDOS RC Server and provides its MAC address and model and the Customization State is set to **Pending**. The Cisco EDOS server responds with the associated service provider's provisioning server information including provisioning server URL and the phone's Customization State is set to **Custom Pending**. The phone then performs a resync URL command to retrieve the Service Provider's configuration and, if successful, the Customization State is set to **Acquired**.

If the Cisco EDOS RC Server does not have a service provider associated with the phone, the customization state of the phone is set to **Unavailable**. The phone can be manually configured or an association added for the service provider of the phone to the Cisco EDOS Server.

If a phone is provisioned via either the LCD or Web Configuration Utility, prior to the Customization State becoming **Acquired**, the Customization State is set to **Aborted** and the Cisco EDOS Server will not be queried unless the phone is factory reset.

Once the phone has been provisioned, the Cisco EDOS RC Server is not utilized unless the phone is factory reset.

In-House Device Preprovisioning



With the Cisco factory default configuration, the phone automatically tries to resync to a profile on a TFTP server. A managed DHCP server on a LAN delivers the information about the profile and TFTP server that is configured for preprovisioning to the device. The service provider connects each new phone to the LAN. The phone automatically resyncs to the local TFTP server and initializes its internal state in preparation for deployment. This preprovisioning profile typically includes the URL of a remote provisioning server. The provisioning server keeps the device updated after the device is deployed and connected to the customer network.

The preprovisioned device bar code can be scanned to record its MAC address or serial number before the phone is shipped to the customer. This information can be used to create the profile to which the phone resynchronizes.

Upon receiving the phone, the customer connects it to the broadband link. On power-up, the phone contacts the provisioning server through the URL that is configured through preprovisioning. The phone can thus resync and update the profile and firmware, as necessary.

Provisioning Server Setup

This section describes setup requirements for provisioning a phone by using various servers and different scenarios. For the purposes of this document and for testing, provisioning servers are installed and run on a local PC. Also, generally available software tools are useful for provisioning the phones.

TFTP Provisioning

The phones support TFTP for both provisioning resync and firmware upgrade operations. When devices are deployed remotely, HTTPS is recommended, but HTTP and TFTP can also be used. This then requires provisioning file encryption to add security, as it offers greater reliability, given NAT and router protection mechanisms. TFTP is useful for the in-house preprovisioning of a large number of unprovisioned devices.

The phone is able to obtain a TFTP server IP address directly from the DHCP server through DHCP option 66. If a Profile_Rule is configured with the filepath of that TFTP server, the device downloads its profile from the TFTP server. The download occurs when the device is connected to a LAN and powered up.

The Profile_Rule provided with the factory default configuration is &PN.cfg, where &PN represents the phone model name.

For example, for a CP-8841-3PCC, the filename is CP-8841-3PCC.cfg.

For a device with the factory default profile, upon powering up, the device resyncs to this file on the local TFTP server that DHCP option 66 specifies. The filepath is relative to the TFTP server virtual root directory.

Remote Endpoint Control and NAT

The phone is compatible with network address translation (NAT) to access the Internet through a router. For enhanced security, the router might attempt to block unauthorized incoming packets by implementing symmetric NAT, a packet-filtering strategy that severely restricts the packets that are allowed to enter the protected network from the Internet. For this reason, remote provisioning by using TFTP is not recommended.

VoIP can coexist with NAT only when some form of NAT traversal is provided. Configure Simple Traversal of UDP through NAT (STUN). This option requires that the user have:

- A dynamic external (public) IP address from your service
- A computer that is running STUN server software
- An edge device with an asymmetric NAT mechanism

HTTP Provisioning

The phone behaves like a browser that requests web pages from a remote Internet site. This provides a reliable means of reaching the provisioning server, even when a customer router implements symmetric NAT or other protection mechanisms. HTTP and HTTPS work more reliably than TFTP in remote deployments, especially when the deployed units are connected behind residential firewalls or NAT-enabled routers. HTTP and HTTPs are used interchangeably in the following request type descriptions.

Basic HTTP-based provisioning relies on the HTTP GET method to retrieve configuration profiles. Typically, a configuration file is created for each deployed phone, and these files are stored within an HTTP server directory. When the server receives the GET request, it simply returns the file that is specified in the GET request header.

Rather than a static profile, the configuration profile can be generated dynamically by querying a customer database and producing the profile on-the-fly.

When the phone requests a resynch, it can use the HTTP POST method to request the resync configuration data. The device can be configured to convey certain status and identification information to the server within the body of the HTTP POST request. The server uses this information to generate a desired response configuration profile, or to store the status information for later analysis and tracking.

As part of both GET and POST requests, the phone automatically includes basic identifying information in the User-Agent field of the request header. This information conveys the manufacturer, product name, current firmware version, and product serial number of the device.

The following example is the User-Agent request field from a CP-8841-3PCC:

```
User-Agent: Cisco-CP-8841-3PCC/11.0 (00562b043615)
```

User Agent is configurable, and the phone uses this the value if it has not be configured (still at default).

When the phone is configured to resync to a configuration profile by using HTTP, it is recommended that HTTPS be used or the profile be encrypted to protect confidential information. Encrypted profiles that the phone downloads by using HTTP avoid the danger of exposing confidential information that is contained in the configuration profile. This resync mode produces a lower computational load on the provisioning server when compared to using HTTPS.

The phone can decrypt profiles encrypted with one of these encryption methods:

- AES-256-CBC encryption
- RFC-8188 based encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering



Note

The phones support HTTP Version 1.0, HTTP Version 1.1, and Chunk Encoding when HTTP Version 1.1 is the negotiated transport protocol.

HTTP Status Code Handling on Resync and Upgrade

The phone supports HTTP response for remote provisioning (Resync). Current phone behavior is categorized in three ways:

- A—Success, where the "Resync Periodic" and "Resync Random Delay" values determine subsequent requests.
- B—Failure when File Not Found or corrupt profile. The "Resync Error Retry Delay" value determines subsequent requests.
- C—Other failure when a bad URL or IP address causes a connection error. The "Resync Error Retry Delay" value determines subsequent requests.

Table 3: Phone Behavior for HTTP Responses

HTTP Status Code	Description	Phone Behavior
301 Moved Permanently	This and future requests should be directed to a new location.	Retry request immediately with new location.
302 Found	Known as Temporarily Moved.	Retry request immediately with new location.
Зхх	Other 3xx responses not processed.	С

HTTP Status Code	Description	Phone Behavior
400 Bad Request	The request cannot be fulfilled due to bad syntax.	С
401 Unauthorized	Basic or digest access authentication challenge.	Immediately retry request with authentication credentials. Maximum 2 retries. Upon failure, the phone behavior is C.
403 Forbidden	Server refuses to respond.	С
404 Not Found	Requested resource not found. Subsequent requests by client are permissible.	В
407 Proxy Authentication Required	Basic or digest access authentication challenge.	Immediately retry request with authentication credentials. Maximum two retries. Upon failure, the phone behavior is C.
4xx	Other client error status codes are not processed.	С
500 Internal Server Error	Generic error message.	Phone behavior is C.
501 Not Implemented	The server does not recognize the request method, or it lacks the ability to fulfill the request.	Phone behavior is C.
502 Bad Gateway	The server is acting as a gateway or proxy and receives an invalid response from the upstream server.	Phone behavior is C.
503 Service Unavailable	The server is currently unavailable (overloaded or down for maintenance). This is a temporary state.	Phone behavior is C.
504 Gateway Timeout	The server behaves as a gateway or proxy and does not receive timely response from the upstream server.	С
5xx	Other server error	С



Provisioning Methods

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Provision a Phone with BroadSoft Server

BroadSoft Server user only.

You can register your Cisco IP multiplatform phones to a BroadWorks platform.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Download the CPE Kit from BroadSoft Xchange. To get the latest CPE kits, go to this URL: https://xchange.broadsoft.com.
- **Step 2** Upload the most recent DTAF file to the BroadWorks (system level) server.

For more information, go to this URL: (https://xchange.broadsoft.com/node/1031047). Access the *BroadSoft Partner Configuration Guide* and see the section "*Configure BroadWorks Device Profile Type*".

Step 3 Configure Broadworks Device Profile Type.

For more information on how to configure the device profile type, go to this URL:

https://xchange.broadsoft.com/node/1031047. Access the *BroadSoft Partner Configuration Guide* and see the section "*Broadworks Device Profile Type Configuration*".

Provisioning Examples Overview

This chapter provides example procedures for transferring configuration profiles between the phone and the provisioning server.

For information about creating configuration profiles, refer to Provisioning Formats, on page 93.

Basic Resync

This section demonstrates the basic resync functionality of the phones.

Use Syslog to Log Messages

A phone can be configured to send logging messages to a syslog server over UDP, including messages related to provisioning. To identify this server, you can access the phone Web interface (see Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120), select **Voice** > **System** and identify the server in the **Syslog Server** parameter of the **Optional Network Configuration** section. Configure the syslog server IP address into the device and observe the messages that are generated during the remaining procedures.

To get the information, you can access the phone Web interface, select **Info > Debug Info > Control Logs** and click **messages**.

Before you begin

Procedure

- **Step 1** Install and activate a syslog server on the local PC.
- **Step 2** Program the PC IP address into the Syslog Server parameter of the profile and submit the change:

```
<Syslog_Server>192.168.1.210/Syslog_Server>
```

- **Step 3** Click the **System** tab and enter the value of your local syslog server into the Syslog Server parameter.
- **Step 4** Repeat the resync operation as described in TFTP Resync, on page 53.

The device generates two syslog messages during the resync. The first message indicates that a request is in progress. The second message marks success or failure of the resync.

Step 5 Verify that your syslog server received messages similar to the following:

```
CP-88xx-3PCC 00:0e:08:ab:cd:ef -- Successful resync tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt
```

Detailed messages are available by programming a Debug_Server parameter (instead of the Syslog_Server parameter) with the IP address of the syslog server, and by setting the Debug_Level to a value between 0 and 3 (3 being the most verbose):

```
<Debug Server>192.168.1.210/Debug Server>
```

```
<Debug Level>3</Debug Level>
```

The contents of these messages can be configured by using the following parameters:

- Log_Request_Msg
- · Log Success Msg
- Log_Failure_Msg

If any of these parameters are cleared, the corresponding syslog message is not generated.

TFTP Resync

The phone supports multiple network protocols for retrieving configuration profiles. The most basic profile transfer protocol is TFTP (RFC1350). TFTP is widely used for the provisioning of network devices within private LAN networks. Although not recommended for the deployment of remote endpoints across the Internet, TFTP can be convenient for deployment within small organizations, for in-house preprovisioning, and for development and testing. See In-House Device Preprovisioning, on page 47 for more information on in-house preprovisioning. In the following procedure, a profile is modified after downloading a file from a TFTP server.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Within a LAN environment, connect a PC and a phone to a hub, switch, or small router.
- **Step 2** On the PC, install and activate a TFTP server.
- Step 3 Use a text editor to create a configuration profile that sets the value for GPP_A to 12345678 as shown in the example.

```
<flat-profile>
  <GPP_A> 12345678
  </GPP_A>
</flat-profile>
```

Step 4 Save the profile with the name basic.txt in the root directory of the TFTP server.

You can verify that the TFTP server is properly configured: request the basic.txt file by using a TFTP client other than the phone. Preferably, use a TFTP client that is running on a separate host from the provisioning server.

Step 5 Open the PC web browser to the admin/advanced configuration page. For example, if the IP address of the phone is 192.168.1.100:

```
http://192.168.1.100/admin/advanced
```

- Step 6 Select the Voice > Provisioning tab, and inspect the values of the general purpose parameters GPP_A through GPP P. These should be empty.
- **Step 7** Resync the test phone to the basic.txt configuration profile by opening the resync URL in a web browser window.

If the IP address of the TFTP server is 192.168.1.200, the command should be similar to the following example:

```
http://192.168.1.100/admin/resync?tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt
```

When the phone receives this command, the device at address 192.168.1.100 requests the file basic.txt from the TFTP server at IP address 192.168.1.200. The phone then parses the downloaded file and updates the GPP A parameter with the value 12345678.

Step 8 Verify that the parameter was correctly updated: Refresh the configuration page on the PC web browser and select the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab.

The GPP A parameter should now contain the value 12345678.

Log Messages to the Syslog Server

If a syslog server is configured on the phone through the use of the parameters, the resync and upgrade operations send messages to the syslog server. A message can be generated at the start of a remote file request (configuration profile or firmware load), and at the conclusion of the operation (indicating either success or failure).

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in System Log Parameters, on page 55.

Before you begin

- A syslog server is installed and configured.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click Voice > System.
- Step 2 In the Optional Network Configuration section, enter the server IP in Syslog Server and optionally specify a Syslog Identifier as defined in System Log Parameters, on page 55.
- Step 3 Optionally define the content of the syslog messages using Log Request Msg, Log Success Msg, and Log Failure Msg as defined in System Log Parameters, on page 55.

The fields defining syslog message content are located in the **Configuration Profile** section on the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab. If you don't specify the message content, the default settings in the fields are used. If any of the fields are cleared, the corresponding message is not generated.

- **Step 4** Click **Submit All Changes** to apply the configuration.
- **Step 5** Verify the validity of the configuration.
 - a) Perform a TFTP resync. See TFTP Resync, on page 53.
 - The device generates two syslog messages during the resync. The first message indicates that a request is in progress. The second message marks the success or failure of the resync.
 - b) Verify that your syslog server received messages similar to the following:

```
CP-78xx-3PCC 00:0e:08:ab:cd:ef -- Requesting resync tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt CP-88xx-3PCC 00:0e:08:ab:cd:ef -- Successful resync tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt
```

System Log Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the syslog parameters in the **Optional Network Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 4: Syslog Parameters

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Syslog Server	Specify the server for logging the phone system information and critical events. If both Debug Server and Syslog Server are specified, Syslog messages are also logged to the Debug Server.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<syslog_server ua="na">10.74.30.84</syslog_server>
	• On the phone web page, specify the Syslog server.
Syslog Identifier	Select the device identifier to include in syslog messages that are uploaded to the syslog server. The device identifier appears after the timestamp in each message. The options for the identifiers are:
	None: No device identifier.
	• \$MA: The MAC address of the phone, expressed as continuous lower case letters and digits. Example: c4b9cd811e29
	• \$MAU: The MAC address of the phone, expressed as continuous upper case letters and digits. Example: C4B9CD811E29
	• \$MAC: The MAC address of the phone in the standard colon-separated format. Example: c4:b9:cd:81:1e:29
	• \$SN: The product serial number of the phone.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<syslog_identifier ua="na">\$MAC</syslog_identifier>
	• On the phone web page, select an identifier from the list.
	Default: None

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Log Request Msg	The message that is sent to the syslog server at the start of a resync attempt. If no value is specified, the syslog message is not generated.	
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Requesting resync \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><log_request_msg ua="na">\$PN \$MAC Requesting resync \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH</log_request_msg></pre>	
Log Success Msg	The syslog message that is issued upon successful completion of a resync attempt. If no value is specified, the syslog message is not generated.	
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><log_success_msg ua="na">\$PN \$MAC Successful resync \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH</log_success_msg></pre>	
Log Failure Msg	The syslog message that is issued after a failed resync attempt. If no value is specific the syslog message is not generated.	
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Resync failed: \$ERR	
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <pre><log_failure_msg ua="na">\$PN \$MAC Resync failed: \$ERR</log_failure_msg></pre>	

Unique Profiles, Macro Expansion, and HTTP

In a deployment where each phone must be configured with distinct values for some parameters, such as User_ID or Display_Name, the service provider can create a unique profile for each deployed device and host those profiles on a provisioning server. Each phone, in turn, must be configured to resync to its own profile according to a predetermined profile naming convention.

The profile URL syntax can include identifying information that is specific to each phone, such as MAC address or serial number, by using the macro expansion of built-in variables. Macro expansion eliminates the need to specify these values in multiple locations within each profile.

A profile rule undergoes macro expansion before the rule is applied to the phone. The macro expansion controls a number of values, for example:

- \$MA expands to the unit 12-digit MAC address (using lower case hex digits). For example, 000e08abcdef.
- \$SN expands to the unit serial number. For example, 88012BA01234.

Other values can be macro expanded in this way, including all the general purpose parameters, GPP_A through GPP_P. An example of this process can be seen in TFTP Resync, on page 53. Macro expansion is not limited to the URL file name, but can also be applied to any portion of the profile rule parameter. These parameters are referenced as \$A through \$P. For a complete list of variables that are available for macro expansion, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 89.

In this exercise, a profile specific to a phone is provisioned on a TFTP server.

Provision a Specific IP Phone Profile on a TFTP Server

Procedure

- **Step 1** Obtain the MAC address of the phone from its product label. (The MAC address is the number, using numbers and lower–case hex digits, such as 000e08aabbcc.
- Step 2 Copy the basic.txt configuration file (described in TFTP Resync, on page 53) to a new file named CP-xxxx-3PCC macaddress.cfg (replacing xxxx with the model number and macaddress with the MAC address of the phone).
- **Step 3** Move the new file in the virtual root directory of the TFTP server.
- **Step 4** Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Step 5 Select Voice > Provisioning.
- Step 6 Enter tftp://192.168.1.200/CP-8841-3PCC\$MA.cfg in the Profile Rule field.

```
<Profile Rule>
  tftp://192.168.1.200/CP-8841-3PCC$MA.cfg
</Profile Rule>
```

Step 7 Click **Submit All Changes**. This causes an immediate reboot and resync.

When the next resync occurs, the phone retrieves the new file by expanding the \$MA macro expression into its MAC address.

HTTP GET Resync

HTTP provides a more reliable resync mechanism than TFTP because HTTP establishes a TCP connection and TFTP uses the less reliable UDP. In addition, HTTP servers offer improved filtering and logging features compared to TFTP servers.

On the client side, the phone does not require any special configuration setting on the server to be able to resync by using HTTP. The Profile_Rule parameter syntax for using HTTP with the GET method is similar to the syntax that is used for TFTP. If a standard web browser can retrieve a profile from your HTTP server, the phone should be able to do so as well.

Resync with HTTP GET

Procedure

- **Step 1** Install an HTTP server on the local PC or other accessible host.
 - The open source Apache server can be downloaded from the internet.
- Step 2 Copy the basic.txt configuration profile (described in TFTP Resync, on page 53) onto the virtual root directory of the installed server.
- **Step 3** To verify proper server installation and file access to basic.txt, access the profile with a web browser.

Step 4 Modify the Profile_Rule of the test phone to point to the HTTP server in place of the TFTP server, so as to download its profile periodically.

For example, assuming the HTTP server is at 192.168.1.300, enter the following value:

```
<Profile_Rule>
http://192.168.1.200/basic.txt
</Profile Rule>
```

- **Step 5** Click **Submit All Changes**. This causes an immediate reboot and resync.
- **Step 6** Observe the syslog messages that the phone sends. The periodic resyncs should now be obtaining the profile from the HTTP server.
- **Step 7** In the HTTP server logs, observe how information that identifies the test phone appears in the log of user agents.

This information should include the manufacturer, product name, current firmware version, and serial number.

Provisioning Through Cisco XML

For each of the phones, designated as xxxx here, you can provision through Cisco XML functions.

You can send an XML object to the phone by a SIP Notify packet or an HTTP Post to the CGI interface of the phone: http://IPAddressPhone/CGI/Execute.

The CP-xxxx-3PCC extends the Cisco XML feature to support provisioning via an XML object:

After the phone receives the XML object, it downloads the provisioning file from [profile-rule]. This rule uses macros to simplify the development of the XML services application.

URL Resolution with Macro Expansion

Subdirectories with multiple profiles on the server provide a convenient method for managing a large number of deployed devices. The profile URL can contain:

- A provisioning server name or an explicit IP address. If the profile identifies the provisioning server by name, the phone performs a DNS lookup to resolve the name.
- A nonstandard server port that is specified in the URL by using the standard syntax :port following the server name.
- The subdirectory of the server virtual root directory where the profile is stored, specified by using standard URL notation and managed by macro expansion.

For example, the following Profile_Rule requests the profile file (\$PN.cfg), in the server subdirectory /cisco/config, from the TFTP server that is running on host prov.telco.com listening for a connection on port 6900:

```
<Profile Rule>
```

```
tftp://prov.telco.com:6900/cisco/config/$PN.cfg
</Profile Rule>
```

A profile for each phone can be identified in a general purpose parameter, with its value referred within a common profile rule by using macro expansion.

For example, assume GPP B is defined as Dj6Lmp23Q.

The Profile Rule has the value:

```
tftp://prov.telco.com/cisco/$B/$MA.cfg
```

When the device resyncs and the macros are expanded, the phone with a MAC address of 000e08012345 requests the profile with the name that contains the device MAC address at the following URL:

tftp://prov.telco.com/cisco/Dj6Lmp23Q/000e08012345.cfg

Resync a Device Automatically

A device can resync periodically to the provisioning server to ensure that any profile changes made on the server are propagated to the endpoint device (as opposed to sending an explicit resync request to the endpoint).

To cause the phone to periodically resync to a server, a configuration profile URL is defined by using the Profile_Rule parameter, and a resync period is defined by using the Resync_Periodic parameter.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.
- **Step 2** Define the Profile_Rule parameter. This example assumes a TFTP server IP address of 192.168.1.200.
- **Step 3** In the **Resync Periodic** field, enter a small value for testing, such as **30** seconds.
- Step 4 Click Submit all Changes.

With the new parameter settings, the phone resyncs twice a minute to the configuration file that the URL specifies.

- Step 5 Observe the resulting messages in the syslog trace (as described in the Use Syslog to Log Messages, on page 52 section).
- **Step 6** Ensure that the **Resync On Reset** field is set to **Yes**.

```
<Resync On Reset>Yes</Resync On Reset>
```

Step 7 Power cycle the phone to force it to resync to the provisioning server.

If the resync operation fails for any reason, such as if the server is not responding, the unit waits (for the number of seconds configured in **Resync Error Retry Delay**) before it attempts to resync again. If **Resync Error Retry Delay** is zero, the phone does not try to resync after a failed resync attempt.

Step 8 (Optional) Set the value of **Resync Error Retry Delay** field to a small number, such as **30**.

```
<Resync_Error_Retry_Delay>30</Resync_Error_Retry_Delay>
```

Step 9 Disable the TFTP server, and observe the results in the syslog output.

Profile Resync Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the profile resync parameters in the **Configuration Profile** section under the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description
Provision Enable	Allows or denies configuration profile resync actions.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><provision_enable ua="na">Yes</provision_enable></pre>
	• On the phone web page, set this field to Yes to allow resync actions, or No to block resync actions.
	Default: Yes
Resync On Reset	Specifies whether the phone resynchronizes configurations with the provisioning server after power-up and after each upgrade attempt.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><resync_on_reset ua="na">Yes</resync_on_reset></pre>
	• On the phone web page, set this field to Yes to allow resync on power-up or reset, or No to block resync on power-up or reset.
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Resync Random Delay	Prevents an overload of the provisioning server when a large number of devices power-on simultaneously and attempt initial configuration. This delay is effective only on the initial configuration attempt, following a device power-on or reset.
	The parameter is the maximum time interval that the device waits before making contact with the provisioning server. The actual delay is a pseudo-random number between 0 and this value.
	This parameter is in units of 20 seconds.
	The valid value ranges between 0 and 65535.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<resync_random_delay ua="na">2</resync_random_delay> • On the phone web page, specify the number of the units (20 seconds) for the phone to delay resync after power-up or reset.
	The default value is 2 (40 seconds).
Resync At (HHmm)	The time (HHmm) that the phone resynchronizes with the provisioning server.
	The value for this field must be a four-digit number ranging from 0000 to 2400 to indicate the time in HHmm format. For example, 0959 indicates 09:59.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><resync_athhmm_ ua="na">0959</resync_athhmm_> • On the phone web page, specify the time in HHMM format for the phone to start resync.</pre>
	The default value is empty. If the value is invalid, the parameter is ignored. If this parameter is set with a valid value, the Resync Periodic parameter is ignored.
Resync At Random Delay	Prevents an overload of the provisioning server when a large number of devices power on simultaneously.
	To avoid flooding resync requests to the server from multiple phones, the phone resynchronizes in the range between the hours and minutes, and the hours and minutes plus the random delay (hhmm, hhmm+random_delay). For example, if the random delay = (Resync At Random Delay + 30)/60minutes, the input value in seconds is converted to minutes, rounding up to the next minute to calculate the final random_delay interval.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><resync_at_random_delay ua="na">600</resync_at_random_delay> • On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.</pre>
	The valid value ranges between 600 and 65535.
	If the value is less than 600, the random delay internal is between 0 and 600.
	The default value is 600 seconds (10minutes).

Parameter	Description
Resync Periodic	The time interval between periodic resynchronization with the provisioning server. The associated resync timer is active only after the first successful sync with the server.
	The valid formats are as follows:
	An integer
	Example: An input of 3000 indicates that the next resync occurs in 3000 seconds.
	Multiple integers
	Example: An input of 600, 1200, 300 indicates that the first resync occurs in 600 seconds, the second resync occurs in 1200 seconds after the first one, and the third resync occurs in 300 seconds after the second one.
	A time range
	Example, an input of 2400+30 indicates that the next resync occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a successful resync.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><resync_periodic ua="na">3600</resync_periodic></pre>
	• On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.
	Set this parameter to zero to disable periodic resynchronization.
	The default value is 3600 seconds.

Parameter	Description	
Resync Error Retry Delay	If a resync operation fails because the phone was unable to retrieve a profile from the server, or the downloaded file is corrupt, or an internal error occurs, the phone tries to resync again after a time specified in seconds.	
	The valid formats are as follows:	
	An integer	
	Example: An input of 300 indicates that the next retry for resync occurs in 300 seconds.	
	Multiple integers	
	Example: An input of 600,1200,300 indicates that the first retry occurs in 600 seconds after the failure, the second retry occurs in 1200 seconds after the failure of the first retry, and the third retry occurs in 300 seconds after the failure of the second retry.	
	• A time range	
	Example, an input of 2400+30 indicates that the next retry occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a resync failure.	
	If the delay is set to 0, the device does not try to resync again following a failed resync attempt.	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre> <resync_error_retry_delay ua="na">60,120,240,480,960,1920,3840,7680,15360,30720,61440,86400</resync_error_retry_delay></pre> • On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.	
	Default: 60,120,240,480,960,1920,3840,7680,15360,30720,61440,86400	
Forced Resync	Maximum delay (in seconds) the phone waits before performing a resynchronization.	
Delay	The device does not resync while one of its phone lines is active. Because a resync can take several seconds, it is desirable to wait until the device has been idle for an extended period before resynchronizing. This allows a user to make calls in succession without interruption.	
	The device has a timer that begins counting down when all of its lines become idle. This parameter is the initial value of the counter. Resync events are delayed until this counter decrements to zero.	
	The valid value ranges between 0 and 65535.	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><forced_resync_delay ua="na">14400</forced_resync_delay> • On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.</pre>	
	The default value is 14,400seconds.	

Parameter	Description
Resync From SIP	Controls requests for resync operations via a SIP NOTIFY event sent from the service provider proxy server to the phone. If enabled, the proxy can request a resync by sending a SIP NOTIFY message containing the Event: resync header to the device.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<resync_from_sip ua="na">Yes</resync_from_sip>
	• On the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature, or No to disalbe it.
	Default: Yes
Resync After Upgrade Attempt	Enables or disables the resync operation after any upgrade occurs. If Yes is selected, sync is triggered after a firmware upgrade.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<resync_after_upgrade_attempt< td=""></resync_after_upgrade_attempt<>
	ua="na">Yes
	• On the phone web page, select Yes to trigger resync after a firmware upgrade, or No to not resync.
	Default: Yes
Resync Trigger 1	If the logical equation in these parameters evaluates to FALSE, resync is not triggered
Resync Trigger 2	even when Resync On Reset is set to TRUE . Only the resync via direct action URL and SIP notify ignores these resync triggers.
	The parameters can be programmed with a conditional expression that undergoes macro expansion. For the valid macro expansions, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 89.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><resync_trigger_1 ua="na">\$UPGTMR gt 300 and \$PRVTMR ge 600</resync_trigger_1></pre>
	<resync_trigger_2 ua="na"></resync_trigger_2>
	• On the phone web page, specify the triggers.
	Default: Blank

Parameter	Description	
User Configurable Resync	Allows a user to resync the phone from the phone screen menu. When set to Yes , a user can resync the phone configuration by entering the profile rule from the phone. When set to No , the Profile rule parameter isn't displayed on the phone screen menu.	
	The Profile rule parameter is loacated under Applications > Device administration.	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><user_configurable_resync ua="na">Yes</user_configurable_resync></pre>	
	• On the phone web page, select Yes to show the Profile rule parameter on the phone menu, or select No to hide this parameter.	
	Default: Yes	
Resync Fails On FNF	A resync is typically considered unsuccessful if a requested profile is not received from the server. This parameter override this behavior. When set to No , the device accepts a file-not-found response from the server as a successful resync.	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre> <resync_fails_on_fnf ua="na">Yes</resync_fails_on_fnf> • On the phone web page, select Yes to take a file-not-found response as an unsuccessful resync, or select No to take a file-not-found response as a successful resync. Default: Yes </pre>	
	Default: Yes	

Parameter	Description
Profile Authentication Type	Specifies the credentials to use for profile account authentication. The available options are:
	• Disabled : Disables the profile account feature. When this feature is disabled, the Profile account setup menu doesn't display on the phone screen.
	Basic HTTP Authentication: The HTTP login credentials are used to authenticate the profile account.
	• XSI Authentication: XSI login credentials or XSI SIP credentials are used to authenticate the profile account. The authentication credentials depend on the XSI Authentication Type for the phone:
	When the XSI Authentication Type for the phone is set to Login Credentials, the XSI login credentials are used.
	When the XSI Authentication Type for the phone is set to SIP Credentials, the XSI SIP credentials are used.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<profile_authentication_type ua="na">Basic Http</profile_authentication_type>
	• On the phone web page, select an option from the list for the phone to
	authenticate profile resync.
	Default: Basic HTTP Authentication
Profile Rule	Each profile rule informs the phone of a source from which to obtain a profile
Profile Rule B	(configuration file). During every resync operation, the phone applies all the profiles in sequence.
Profile Rule C Profile Rule D	If you are applying AES-256-CBC encryption to the configuration files, specify the encryption key with the key keyword as follows:
	[key <encryption key="">]</encryption>
	You can enclose the encryption key in double-quotes (") optionally.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<profile_rule ua="na">/\$PSN.xml</profile_rule>
	<profile_rule_b ua="na"></profile_rule_b>
	<profile_rule_c ua="na"></profile_rule_c>
	<profile_rule_d ua="na"></profile_rule_d>
	• On the phone web page, specify the profile rule.
	Default: /\$PSN.xml
DHCP Option To	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
Use	Default: 66,160,159,150,60,43,125

Parameter	Description	
DHCPv6 Option To	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.	
Use	Default: 17,160,159	

Set Up Your Phones for Activation Code Onboarding

If your network is configured for Activation Code Onboarding, you can set up new phones to register automatically in a secure way. You generate and provide each user with a unique 16-digit activation code. The user enters the activation code, and the phone automatically registers. This feature keeps your network secure because the phone can't register until the user enters a valid activation code.

Activation codes can be used only once, and have an expiry date. If a user enters an expired code, the phone displays Invalid activation code on the screen. If this happens, provide the user with a new code.

This feature is available in firmware release 11-2-3MSR1, BroadWorks Application Server Release 22.0 (patch AP.as.22.0.1123.ap368163 and its dependencies). However, you can change phones with older firmware to use this feature. To do this, use the following procedure.

Before you begin

Ensure that you allow the activation.webex.com service through your firewall to support onboarding via activation code.

If you want to set up a proxy server for the onboarding, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 152.

Access the phone web page. Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- **Step 1** Reset the phone to the factory settings.
- **Step 2** Select Voice > Provisioning > Configuration Profile.
- **Step 3** Enter the profile rule in the **Profile Rule** field as described in the Activation Code Provisioning Parameters, on page 67 table.
- **Step 4** (Optional) In the **Firmware Upgrade** section, enter the upgrade rule in the **Upgrade Rule** field as described in the Activation Code Provisioning Parameters, on page 67 table.
- **Step 5** Submit All Changes.

Activation Code Provisioning Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the activation code parameters in the **Configuration Profile** section under the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description	
Profile Rule	Remote configuration profile rules evaluated in sequence. Each resync operation can	
Profile Rule B	retrieve multiple files, potentially managed by different servers.	
Profile Rule C	Perform one of the following:	
Profile Rule D	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<profile_rule ua="na">gds://</profile_rule>	
	• In the phone web interface, enter a string in this format:	
	gds://	
	Default: /\$PSN.xml	
Upgrade Rule	Specifies the firmware upgrade script that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><upgrade_rule ua="na">http://<server address="" ip="">/ sip88xx.11-2-3MSR1-1.loads</server></upgrade_rule></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, enter the upgrade rule:	
	<pre>protocol://server[:port]/profile_pathname</pre>	
	For example:	
	tftp://192.168.1.5/image/sip88xx.11-2-3MSR1-1.loads	
	If no protocol is specified, TFTP is assumed. If no server-name is specified, the host that requests the URL is used as the server name. If no port is specified, the default port is used (69 for TFTP, 80 for HTTP, or 443 for HTTPS).	
	Default: Blank	

Migrate Your Phone to Enterprise Phone Directly

You can now migrate your phone to enterprise phone easily in one step without using transition firmware load.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Provisioning**.
- **Step 2** In the **Upgrade Rule** field, set the Upgrade Rule parameter by entering a firmware upgrade script. For the syntax details, see that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule. Enter a script and use the following format to enter the upgrade rule:

<tftp|http|https>://<ipaddress>/image/<load name>

For example:

tftp://192.168.1.5/image/sip78xx.14-1-1MN-366.loads

Step 3 Configure the **Transition Authorization Rule** parameter by entering a value to obtain and authorize the licence from the server.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Trans Auth Rule ua="na">http://10.74.51.81/prov/migration/E2312.lic</Trans Auth Rule>

Step 4 In the **Transition Authorization Type** parameter, set the license type as **Classic**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Trans Auth Type ua="na">Classic</Trans Auth Type>

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Secure HTTPS Resync

These mechanisms are available on the phone for resyncing by using a secure communication process:

- Basic HTTPS Resync
- HTTPS with Client Certificate Authentication
- HTTPS Client Filtering and Dynamic Content

Basic HTTPS Resync

HTTPS adds SSL to HTTP for remote provisioning so that the:

- The phone can authenticate the provisioning server.
- Provisioning server can authenticate the phone.
- Confidentiality of information exchanged between the phone and the provisioning server is ensured.

SSL generates and exchanges secret (symmetric) keys for each connection between the phone and the server, using public/private key pairs that are pre-installed in the phone and the provisioning server.

On the client side, the phone does not require any special configuration setting on the server to be able to resync using HTTPS. The Profile_Rule parameter syntax for using HTTPS with the GET method is similar to the syntax that is used for HTTP or TFTP. If a standard web browser can retrieve a profile from a your HTTPS server, the phone should be able to do so as well.

In addition to installing a HTTPS server, a SSL server certificate that Cisco signs must be installed on the provisioning server. The devices cannot resync to a server that is using HTTPS unless the server supplies a Cisco-signed server certificate. Instructions for creating signed SSL Certificates for Voice products can be found at https://supportforums.cisco.com/docs/DOC-9852.

Authenticate with Basic HTTPS Resync

Procedure

Step 1 Install an HTTPS server on a host whose IP address is known to the network DNS server through normal hostname translation.

The open source Apache server can be configured to operate as an HTTPS server when installed with the open source mod ssl package.

Generate a server Certificate Signing Request for the server. For this step, you might need to install the open source OpenSSL package or equivalent software. If using OpenSSL, the command to generate the basic CSR file is as follows:

```
openssl reg -new -out provserver.csr
```

This command generates a public/private key pair, which is saved in the privkey.pem file.

Step 3 Submit the CSR file (provserver.csr) to Cisco for signing.

A signed server certificate is returned (provserver.cert) along with a Sipura CA Client Root Certificate, spacroot.cert.

See https://supportforums.cisco.com/docs/DOC-9852 for more information

Step 4 Store the signed server certificate, the private key pair file, and the client root certificate in the appropriate locations on the server.

In the case of an Apache installation on Linux, these locations are typically as follows:

```
# Server Certificate:
SSLCertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/provserver.cert
# Server Private Key:
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/httpd/conf/pivkey.pem
# Certificate Authority:
SSLCACertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/spacroot.cert
```

- **Step 5** Restart the server.
- Step 6 Copy the basic.txt configuration file (described in TFTP Resync, on page 53) onto the virtual root directory of the HTTPS server.
- **Step 7** Verify proper server operation by downloading basic.txt from the HTTPS server by using a standard browser from the local PC.
- **Step 8** Inspect the server certificate that the server supplies.

The browser probably does not recognize the certificate as valid unless the browser has been pre-configured to accept Cisco as a root CA. However, the phones expect the certificate to be signed this way.

Modify the Profile Rule of the test device to contain a reference to the HTTPS server, for example:

```
<Profile_Rule>
https://my.server.com/basic.txt
</profile_Rule>
```

This example assumes the name of the HTTPS server is my.server.com.

- Step 9 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 10** Observe the syslog trace that the phone sends.

The syslog message should indicate that the resync obtained the profile from the HTTPS server.

Step 11 (Optional) Use an Ethernet protocol analyzer on the phone subnet to verify that the packets are encrypted.

In this exercise, client certificate verification was not enabled. The connection between the phone and server is encrypted. However, the transfer is not secure because any client can connect to the server and request the file, given knowledge of the file name and directory location. For secure resync, the server must also authenticate the client, as demonstrated in the exercise described in HTTPS with Client Certificate Authentication, on page 71.

HTTPS with Client Certificate Authentication

In the factory default configuration, the server does not request an SSL client certificate from a client. Transfer of the profile is not secure because any client can connect to the server and request the profile. You can edit the configuration to enable client authentication; the server requires a client certificate to authenticate the phone before it accepts a connection request.

Because of this requirement, the resync operation cannot be independently tested by using a browser that lacks the proper credentials. The SSL key exchange within the HTTPS connection between the test phone and the server can be observed with the ssldump utility. The utility trace shows the interaction between client and server.

Authenticate HTTPS with Client Certificate

Procedure

- **Step 1** Enable client certificate authentication on the HTTPS server.
- **Step 2** In Apache (v.2), set the following in the server configuration file:

SSLVerifyClient require

Also, ensure that the spacroot.cert has been stored as shown in the Basic HTTPS Resync, on page 69 exercise.

Step 3 Restart the HTTPS server and observe the syslog trace from the phone.

Each resync to the server now performs symmetric authentication, so that both the server certificate and the client certificate are verified before the profile is transferred.

Step 4 Use ssldump to capture a resync connection between the phone and the HTTPS server.

If client certificate verification is properly enabled on the server, the ssldump trace shows the symmetric exchange of certificates (first server-to-client, then client-to-server) before the encrypted packets that contain the profile.

With client authentication enabled, only a phone with a MAC address that matches a valid client certificate can request the profile from the provisioning server. The server rejects a request from an ordinary browser or other unauthorized device.

Configure a HTTPS Server for Client Filtering and Dynamic Content

If the HTTPS server is configured to require a client certificate, the information in the certificate identifies the resyncing phone and supplies it with the correct configuration information.

The HTTPS server makes the certificate information available to CGI scripts (or compiled CGI programs) that are invoked as part of the resync request. For the purpose of illustration, this exercise uses the open source Perl scripting language, and assumes that Apache (v.2) is used as the HTTPS server.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Install Perl on the host that is running the HTTPS server.
- **Step 2** Generate the following Perl reflector script:

```
#!/usr/bin/perl -wT
use strict;
print "Content-Type: text/plain\n\n";
print "<flat-profile><GPP_D>";

print "OU=$ENV{'SSL_CLIENT_I_DN_OU'},\n";
print "L=$ENV{'SSL_CLIENT_I_DN_L'},\n";
print "S=$ENV{'SSL_CLIENT_I_DN_S'}\n";
print "</GPP_D></flat-profile>";
```

- Save this file with the file name reflect.pl, with executable permission (chmod 755 on Linux), in the CGI scripts directory of the HTTPS server.
- **Step 4** Verify accessibility of CGI scripts on the server (that is, /cgi-bin/...).
- **Step 5** Modify the Profile Rule on the test device to resync to the reflector script, as in the following example:

```
https://prov.server.com/cgi-bin/reflect.pl?
```

- Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 7** Observe the syslog trace to ensure a successful resync.
- **Step 8** Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- **Step 9** Select Voice > Provisioning
- **Step 10** Verify that the GPP_D parameter contains the information that the script captured.

This information contains the product name, MAC address, and serial number if the test device carries a unique certificate from the manufacturer. The information contains generic strings if the unit was manufactured before firmware release 2.0.

A similar script can determine information about the resyncing device and then provide the device with appropriate configuration parameter values.

HTTPS Certificates

The phone provides a reliable and secure provisioning strategy that is based on HTTPS requests from the device to the provisioning server. Both a server certificate and a client certificate are used to authenticate the phone to the server and the server to the phone.

In addition to Cisco issued certifications, the phone also accepts server certificates from a set of commonly used SSL certificate providers.

To use HTTPS with the phone, you must generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and submit it to Cisco. The phone generates a certificate for installation on the provisioning server. The phone accepts the certificate when it seeks to establish an HTTPS connection with the provisioning server.

HTTPS Methodology

HTTPS encrypts the communication between a client and a server, thus protecting the message contents from other network devices. The encryption method for the body of the communication between a client and a server is based on symmetric key cryptography. With symmetric key cryptography, a client and a server share a single secret key over a secure channel that is protected by Public/Private key encryption.

Messages encrypted by the secret key can only be decrypted by using the same key. HTTPS supports a wide range of symmetric encryption algorithms. The phone implements up to 256-bit symmetric encryption, using the American Encryption Standard (AES), in addition to 128-bit RC4.

HTTPS also provides for the authentication of a server and a client engaged in a secure transaction. This feature ensures that a provisioning server and an individual client cannot be spoofed by other devices on the network. This capability is essential in the context of remote endpoint provisioning.

Server and client authentication is performed by using public/private key encryption with a certificate that contains the public key. Text that is encrypted with a public key can be decrypted only by its corresponding private key (and vice versa). The phone supports the Rivest-Shamir-Adleman (RSA) algorithm for public/private key cryptography.

SSL Server Certificate

Each secure provisioning server is issued a secure sockets layer (SSL) server certificate that Cisco signs directly. The firmware that runs on the phone recognizes only a Cisco certificate as valid. When a client connects to a server by using HTTPS, it rejects any server certificate that is not signed by Cisco.

This mechanism protects the service provider from unauthorized access to the phone, or any attempt to spoof the provisioning server. Without such protection, an attacker might be able to reprovision the phone, to gain configuration information, or to use a different VoIP service. Without the private key that corresponds to a valid server certificate, the attacker is unable to establish communication with a phone.

Obtain a Server Certificate

Procedure

- Step 1 Contact a Cisco support person who will work with you on the certificate process. If you are not working with a specific support person, email your request to ciscosb-certadmin@cisco.com.
- **Step 2** Generate a private key that will be used in a CSR (Certificate Signing Request). This key is private and you do not need to provide this key to Cisco support. Use open source "openssl" to generate the key. For example:

```
openssl genrsa -out <file.key> 1024
```

Step 3 Generate a CSR that contains fields that identify your organization and location. For example:

```
openssl req -new -key <file.key> -out <file.csr>
```

You must have the following information:

- Subject field—Enter the Common Name (CN) that must be an FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) syntax. During SSL authentication handshake, the phone verifies that the certificate it receives is from the machine that presented it.
- Server hostname—For example, provserv.domain.com.
- Email address—Enter an email address so that customer support can contact you if needed. This email address is visible in the CSR.
- **Step 4** Email the CSR (in zip file format) to the Cisco support person or to ciscosb-certadmin@cisco.com. The certificate is signed by Cisco. Cisco sends the certificate to you to install on your system.

Client Certificate

In addition to a direct attack on a phone, an attacker might attempt to contact a provisioning server through a standard web browser or another HTTPS client to obtain the configuration profile from the provisioning server. To prevent this kind of attack, each phone also carries a unique client certificate, signed by Cisco, that includes identifying information about each individual endpoint. A certificate authority root certificate that is capable of authenticating the device client certificate is given to each service provider. This authentication path allows the provisioning server to reject unauthorized requests for configuration profiles.

Certificate Structure

The combination of a server certificate and a client certificate ensures secure communication between a remote phone and its provisioning server. The figure below illustrates the relationship and placement of certificates, public/private key pairs, and signing root authorities, among the Cisco client, the provisioning server, and the certification authority.

The upper half of the diagram shows the Provisioning Server Root Authority that is used to sign the individual provisioning server certificate. The corresponding root certificate is compiled into the firmware, which allows the phone to authenticate authorized provisioning servers.

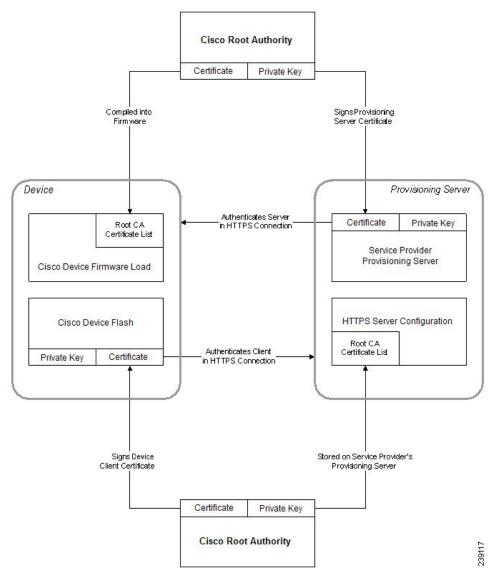


Figure 2: Certificate Authority Flow

Configure a Custom Certificate Authority

Digital certificates can be used to authenticate network devices and users on the network. They can be used to negotiate IPSec sessions between network nodes.

A third party uses a Certificate Authority certificate to validate and authenticate two or more nodes that are attempting to communicate. Each node has a public and private key. The public key encrypts data. The private key decrypts data. Because the nodes have obtained their certificates from the same source, they are assured of their respective identities.

The device can use digital certificates provided by a third-party Certificate Authority (CA) to authenticate IPSec connections.

The phones support a set of preloaded Root Certificate Authority embedded in the firmware:

· Cisco Small Business CA Certificate

- CyberTrust CA Certificate
- Verisign CA certificate
- Sipura Root CA Certificate
- Linksys Root CA Certificate

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Info > Status.
- **Step 2** Scroll to **Custom CA Status** and see the following fields:
 - Custom CA Provisioning Status—Indicates the provisioning status.
 - Last provisioning succeeded on mm/dd/yyyy HH:MM:SS; or
 - Last provisioning failed on mm/dd/yyyy HH:MM:SS
 - Custom CA Info—Displays information about the custom CA.
 - Installed—Displays the "CN Value," where "CN Value" is the value of the CN parameter for the Subject field in the first certificate.
 - Not Installed—Displays if no custom CA certificate is installed.

Profile Management

This section demonstrates the formation of configuration profiles in preparation for downloading. To explain the functionality, TFTP from a local PC is used as the resync method, although HTTP or HTTPS can be used as well.

Compress an Open Profile with Gzip

A configuration profile in XML format can become quite large if the profile specifies all parameters individually. To reduce the load on the provisioning server, the phone supports compression of the XML file, by using the deflate compression format that the gzip utility (RFC 1951) supports.



Note

Compression must precede encryption for the phone to recognize a compressed and encrypted XML profile.

For integration into customized back-end provisioning server solutions, the open source zlib compression library can be used in place of the standalone gzip utility to perform the profile compression. However, the phone expects the file to contain a valid gzip header.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Install gzip on the local PC.
- Step 2 Compress the basic.txt configuration profile (described in TFTP Resync, on page 53) by invoking gzip from the command line:

gzip basic.txt

This generates the deflated file basic.txt.gz.

- Step 3 Save the basic.txt.gz file in the TFTP server virtual root directory.
- Step 4 Modify the Profile_Rule on the test device to resync to the deflated file in place of the original XML file, as shown in the following example:

tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt.gz

- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 6** Observe the syslog trace from the phone.

Upon resync, the phone downloads the new file and uses it to update its parameters.

Encrypt a Profile with OpenSSL

A compressed or uncompressed profile can be encrypted (however, a file must be compressed before it is encrypted). Encryption is useful when the confidentiality of the profile information is of particular concern, such as when TFTP or HTTP is used for communication between the phone and the provisioning server.

The phone supports symmetric key encryption by using the 256-bit AES algorithm. This encryption can be performed by using the open source OpenSSL package.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Install OpenSSL on a local PC. This might require that the OpenSSL application be recompiled to enable AES.
- Using the basic.txt configuration file (described in TFTP Resync, on page 53), generate an encrypted file with the following command:

>openssl enc -aes-256-cbc -k MyOwnSecret -in basic.txt -out basic.cfg

The compressed basic.txt.gz file that was created in Compress an Open Profile with Gzip, on page 76 also can be used, because the XML profile can be both compressed and encrypted.

- **Step 3** Store the encrypted basic.cfg file in the TFTP server virtual root directory.
- **Step 4** Modify the Profile_Rule on the test device to resync to the encrypted file in place of the original XML file. The encryption key is made known to the phone with the following URL option:

```
[--key MyOwnSecret ] tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.cfg
```

- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 6** Observe the syslog trace from the phone.

Upon resync, the phone downloads the new file and uses it to update its parameters.

Create Partitioned Profiles

A phone downloads multiple separate profiles during each resync. This practice allows management of different kinds of profile information on separate servers and maintenance of common configuration parameter values that are separate from account specific values.

Procedure

Step 1 Create a new XML profile, basic2.txt, that specifies a value for a parameter that makes it distinct from the earlier exercises. For instance, to the basic.txt profile, add the following:

```
<GPP B>ABCD</GPP B>
```

- **Step 2** Store the basic2.txt profile in the virtual root directory of the TFTP server.
- Step 3 Leave the first profile rule from the earlier exercises in the folder, but configure the second profile rule (Profile_Rule_B) to point to the new file:

```
<Profile_Rule_B>tftp://192.168.1.200/basic2.txt
</Profile_Rule_B>
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone now resyncs to both the first and second profiles, in that order, whenever a resync operation is

Step 5 Observe the syslog trace to confirm the expected behavior.

Set the Phone Privacy Header

A user privacy header in the SIP message sets user privacy needs from the trusted network.

You can set the user privacy header value for each line extension using an XML tag in the config.xml file.

The privacy header options are:

- Disabled (default)
- none—The user requests that a privacy service applies no privacy functions to this SIP message.
- header—The user needs a privacy service to obscure headers which cannot be purged of identifying information.
- session—The user requests that a privacy service provide anonymity for the sessions.
- user—The user requests a privacy level only by intermediaries.
- id—The user requests that the system substitute an id that doesn't reveal the IP address or host name.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Edit the phone config.xml file in a text or XML editor.
- Step 2 Insert the <Privacy_Header_N_ ua="na">Value</Privacy_Header_N_> tag, where N is the line extension number (1-10), and use one of the following values.
 - Default value: Disabled
 - none
 - header
 - session
 - user
 - id
- **Step 3** (Optional) Provision any addition line extensions using the same tag with the required line extension number.
- **Step 4** Save the changes to the config.xml file.

Renew the MIC Certificate

You can renew the Manufacture Installed Certificate (MIC) by a specified or default Secure Unique Device Identifier (SUDI) service. If the MIC certificate expires, the features that use SSL/TLS don't work.

Before you begin

- Ensure that you allow the sudirenewal.cisco.com service (port 80) through your firewall to support the MIC certificate renewal.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Provisioning**.

- Step 2 Under the MIC Cert Settings section, set the parameters as defined in Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service, on page 80.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

 After the certificate renewal is completed successfully, the phone reboots.
- Step 4 (Optional) Check the latest status of the MIC certificate renewal under the MIC Cert Refresh Status section from Info > Download Status.

Note If you restore the phone to factory settings, the phone still uses the renewed certificate.

Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **MIC Cert Settings** section of the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab.

Table 5: Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
MIC Cert Refresh Enable	Controls whether to enable the Manufacture Installed Certificate (MIC) renewal by the default or specified Secure Unique Device Identifier (SUDI) service.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><mic_cert_refresh_enable ua="na">Yes</mic_cert_refresh_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to enable or disable the MIC certificate renewal.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
MIC Cert Refresh Rule	Enter the HTTP URL of the SUDI service that provides the renewed MIC certificate, for example,	
	http://sudirenewal.cisco.com/	
	Note Don't change the URL. Only the default URL is supported for the MIC certificate renewal.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><mic_cert_refresh_rule ua="na">http://sudirenewal.cisco.com/</mic_cert_refresh_rule></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, enter the HTTP URL to use.	
	Allowed values: A valid URL not exceeding 1024 characters	
	Default: http://sudirenewal.cisco.com/	

Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service



Provisioning Parameters

- Provisioning Parameters Overview, on page 83
- Configuration Profile Parameters, on page 83
- Firmware Upgrade Parameters, on page 88
- General Purpose Parameters, on page 89
- Macro Expansion Variables, on page 89
- Internal Error Codes, on page 92

Provisioning Parameters Overview

This chapter describes the provisioning parameters that can be used in configuration profile scripts

Configuration Profile Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Configuration Profile Parameters** section under the **Provisioning** tab.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Provision Enable	Controls all resync actions independently of firmware upgrade actions. Set to Yes to enable remote provisioning. The default value is Yes.
Resync On Reset	Triggers a resync after every reboot except for reboots caused by parameter updates and firmware upgrades. The default value is Yes.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync Random Delay	A random delay following the boot-up sequence before performing the reset, specified in seconds. In a pool of IP Telephony devices that are scheduled to simultaneously power up, this introduces a spread in the times at which each unit sends a resync request to the provisioning server. This feature can be useful in a large residential deployment, in the case of a regional power failure.
	The value for this field must be an integer ranging between 0 and 65535.
	The default value is 2.
Resync At (HHmm)	The time (HHmm) that the device resynchronizes with the provisioning server.
	The value for this field must be a four-digit number ranging from 0000 to 2400 to indicate the time in HHmm format. For example, 0959 indicates 09:59.
	The default value is empty. If the value is invalid, the parameter is ignored. If this parameter is set with a valid value, the Resync Periodic parameter is ignored.
Resync At Random Delay	Prevents an overload of the provisioning server when a large number of devices power-on simultaneously.
	To avoid flooding resync requests to the server from multiple phones, the phone resynchronizes in the range between the hours and minutes, and the hours and minutes plus the random delay (hhmm, hhmm+random_delay). For example, if the random delay = (Resync At Random Delay + 30)/60 minutes, the input value in seconds is converted to minutes, rounding up to the next minute to calculate the final random_delay interval.
	The valid value ranges between 600 and 65535.
	If the value is less than 600, the random delay internal is between 0 and 600.
	The default value is 600 seconds (10 minutes).

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync Periodic	The time interval between periodic resynchronizes with the provisioning server. The associated resync timer is active only after the first successful sync with the server.
	The valid formats are as follows:
	• An integer
	Example: An input of 3000 indicates that the next resync occurs in 3000 seconds.
	Multiple integers
	Example: An input of 600 , 1200 , 300 indicates that the first resync occurs in 600 seconds, the second resync occurs in 1200 seconds after the first one, and the third resync occurs in 300 seconds after the second one.
	• A time range
	Example, an input of 2400+30 indicates that the next resync occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a successful resync.
	Set this parameter to zero to disable periodic resynchronization.
	The default value is 3600 seconds.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync Error Retry Delay	If a resync operation fails because the IP Telephony device was unable to retrieve a profile from the server, or the downloaded file is corrupt, or an internal error occurs, the device tries to resync again after a time specified in seconds.
	The valid formats are as follows:
	An integer
	Example: An input of 300 indicates that the next retry for resync occurs in 300 seconds.
	Multiple integers
	Example: An input of 600, 1200, 300 indicates that the first retry occurs in 600 seconds after the failure, the second retry occurs in 1200 seconds after the failure of the first retry, and the third retry occurs in 300 seconds after the failure of the second retry.
	• A time range
	Example, an input of 2400+30 indicates that the next retry occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a resync failure.
	If the delay is set to 0, the device does not try to resync again following a failed resync attempt.
Forced Resync Delay	Maximum delay (in seconds) the phone waits before performing a resynchronization.
	The device does not resync while one of its phone lines is active. Because a resync can take several seconds, it is desirable to wait until the device has been idle for an extended period before resynchronizing. This allows a user to make calls in succession without interruption.
	The device has a timer that begins counting down when all of its lines become idle. This parameter is the initial value of the counter. Resync events are delayed until this counter decrements to zero.
	The valid value ranges between 0 and 65535.
	The default value is 14,400 seconds.
Resync From SIP	Enables a resync to be triggered via a SIP NOTIFY message.
	The default value is Yes.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync After Upgrade Attempt	Enables or disables the resync operation after any upgrade occurs. If Yes is selected, sync is triggered.
	The default value is Yes.
Resync Trigger 1, Resync Trigger 2	Configurable resync trigger conditions. A resync is triggered when the logic equation in these parameters evaluates to TRUE.
	The default value is (empty).
Resync Fails On FNF	A resync is considered unsuccessful if a requested profile is not received from the server. This can be overridden by this parameter. When it is set to no , the device accepts a file-not-found response from the server as a successful resync.
	The default value is Yes.
Profile Rule	Each profile rule informs the phone of a source from
Profile Rule B Profile Rule C	which to obtain a profile (configuration file). During every resync operation, the phone applies all the profiles in sequence.
Profile Rule D	Default: /\$PSN.xml
	If you are applying AES-256-CBC encryption to the configuration files, specify the encryption key with the key keyword as follows:
	[key <encryption key="">]</encryption>
	You can enclose the encryption key in double-quotes (") optionally.
DHCP Option To Use	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
	The default value is 66,160,159,150,60,43,125.
Log Request Msg	This parameter contains the message that is sent to the syslog server at the start of a resync attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC -Requesting % \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH.
Log Success Msg	The syslog message that is issued upon successful completion of a resync attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC -Successful Resync % \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH \$ERR.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Log Failure Msg	The syslog message that is issued after a failed resync attempt.	
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Resync failed: \$ERR.	
User Configurable Resync	Allows a user to resync the phone from the IP phone screen.	
	The default value is Yes.	

Firmware Upgrade Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Firmware Upgrade** section of the **Provisioning** tab.

Description and Default Value
Enables firmware upgrade operations independently of resync actions.
The default value is Yes.
The upgrade retry interval (in seconds) applied in case of upgrade failure. The device has a firmware upgrade error timer that activates after a failed firmware upgrade attempt. The timer is initialized with the value in this parameter. The next firmware upgrade attempt occurs when this timer counts down to zero. The default value is 3600 seconds.
The default value is 5000 seconds.
A firmware upgrade script that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule.
Use the following format to enter the upgrade rule:
<tftp http https>://<ip address=""><:port>/<path>/<load name=""></load></path></ip></tftp http https>
For example:
tftp://192.168.1.5/firmware/sip88xx.11-0-0MPP-321.loads
If no protocol is specified, TFTP is assumed. If no server-name is specified, the host that requests the URL is used as the server name. If no port is specified, the default port is used (69 for TFTP, 80 for HTTP, or 443 for HTTPS).
The default value is blank.
Syslog message issued at the start of a firmware upgrade attempt.
Default: \$PN \$MAC Requesting upgrade \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Log Upgrade Success Msg	Syslog message issued after a firmware upgrade attempt completes successfully.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Successful upgrade \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH \$ERR
Log Upgrade Failure Msg	Syslog message issued after a failed firmware upgrade attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Upgrade failed: \$ERR
Peer Firmware Sharing	Enables or disables the Peer Firmware Sharing feature. Select Yes or No to enable or to disable the feature. Default: Yes
Peer Firmware Sharing Log Server	Indicates the IP address and the port to which the UDP message is sent.
	For example: 10.98.76.123:514 where, 10.98.76.123 is the IP address and 514 is the port number.

General Purpose Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **General Purpose Parameters** section of the **Provisioning** tab.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
GPP A - GPP P	The general purpose parameters GPP_* are used as free string registers when configuring the phones to interact with a particular provisioning server solution. They can be configured to contain diverse values, including the following:
	Encryption keys.
	• URLs.
	Multistage provisioning status information.
	Post request templates.
	Parameter name alias maps.
	Partial string values, eventually combined into complete parameter values.
	The default value is blank.

Macro Expansion Variables

Certain macro variables are recognized within the following provisioning parameters:

- Profile_Rule
- Profile_Rule_*
- Resync_Trigger_*
- Upgrade_Rule
- Log_*
- GPP_* (under specific conditions)

Within these parameters, syntax types, such as \$NAME or \$(NAME), are recognized and expanded.

Macro variable substrings can be specified with the notation \$(NAME:p) and \$(NAME:p:q), where p and q are non-negative integers (available in revision 2.0.11 and above). The resulting macro expansion is the substring starting at character offset p, with length q (or else till end-of-string if q is not specified). For example, if GPP_A contains ABCDEF, then \$(A:2) expands to CDEF, and \$(A:2:3) expands to CDE.

An unrecognized name is not translated, and the \$NAME or \$(NAME) form remains unchanged in the parameter value after expansion.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
\$	The form \$\$ expands to a single \$ character.	
A through P	Replaced by the contents of the general purpose parameters GPP_A through GPP_P.	
SA through SD	Replaced by special purpose parameters GPP_SA through GPP_SD. These parameters hold keys or passwords used in provisioning. Note \$SA through \$SD are recognized as arguments to the optional resync URL	
	qualifier,key.	
MA	MAC address using lower case hex digits, for example, 000e08aabbcc.	
MAU	MAC address using upper case hex digits, for example 000E08AABBCC.	
MAC	MAC address using lower case hex digits, and colons to separate hex digit pairs. For example 00:0e:08:aa:bb:cc.	
PN	Product Name. For example, CP-8841-3PCC.	
PSN	Product Series Number. For example, V03.	
SN	Serial Number string. for example 88012BA01234.	
CCERT	SSL Client Certificate status: Installed or Not Installed.	

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
IP	IP address of the phone within its local subnet. For example 192.168.1.100.
EXTIP	External IP of the phone, as seen on the Internet. For example 66.43.16.52.
SWVER	Software version string. For example,
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous: sip88xx.11-0-1MPP-312
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sip88xx.11-3-2MPP0001-609
HWVER	Hardware version string. For example, 2.0.1
PRVST	Provisioning State (a numeric string):
	-1 = explicit resync request
	0 = power-up resync
	1 = periodic resync
	2 = resync failed, retry attempt
UPGST	Upgrade State (a numeric string):
	1 = first upgrade attempt
	2 = upgrade failed, retry attempt
UPGERR	Result message (ERR) of previous upgrade attempt; for example http_get failed.
PRVTMR	Seconds since last resync attempt.
UPGTMR	Seconds since last upgrade attempt.
REGTMR1	Seconds since Line 1 lost registration with SIP server.
REGTMR2	Seconds since Line 2 lost registration with SIP server.
UPGCOND	Legacy macro name.
SCHEME	File access scheme, one of TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
SERV	Request target server host name, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
SERVIP	Request target server IP address, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL, possibly following DNS lookup.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
PORT	Request target UDP/TCP port, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
PATH	Request target file path, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
ERR	Result message of resync or upgrade attempt. Only useful in generating result syslog messages. The value is preserved in the UPGERR variable in the case of upgrade attempts.
UIDn	The contents of the Line n UserID configuration parameter.
EMS	Extension Mobility Status
MUID	Extension Mobility User ID
MPWD	Extension Mobility Password

Internal Error Codes

The phone defines a number of internal error codes (X00–X99) to facilitate configuration in providing finer control over the behavior of the unit under certain error conditions.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
X00	Transport layer (or ICMP) error when sending a SIP request.
X20	SIP request times out while waiting for a response.
X40	General SIP protocol error (for example, unacceptable codec in SDP in 200 and ACK messages, or times out while waiting for ACK).
X60	Dialed number invalid according to given dial plan.



Provisioning Formats

- Configuration Profiles, on page 93
- Configuration Profile Formats, on page 93
- Open Profile (XML) Compression and Encryption, on page 97
- Application of a Profile to the Phone, on page 103
- Provisioning Parameter Types, on page 104
- Data Types, on page 110
- Profile Updates and Firmware Upgrades, on page 113

Configuration Profiles

The phone accepts configuration in an XML format.

The examples in this document use configuration profiles with an XML format (XML) syntax.

For detailed information about your phone, refer to the administration guide for your particular device. Each guide describes the parameters that can be configured through the administration web server.

Configuration Profile Formats

The configuration profile defines the parameter values for the phone.

The configuration profile XML format uses standard XML authoring tools to compile the parameters and values.



Note

Only the UTF-8 charset is supported. If you modify the profile in an editor, do not change the encoding format; otherwise, the phone cannot recognize the file.

Each phone has a different feature set and therefore, a different set of parameters.

XML Format (XML) Profile

The open format profile is a text file with XML-like syntax in a hierarchy of elements, with element attributes and values. This format lets you use standard tools to create the configuration file. A configuration file in this

format can be sent from the provisioning server to the phone during a resync operation. The file can be sent without compilation as a binary object.

The phone can accept configuration formats that standard tools generate. This feature eases the development of back-end provisioning server software that generates configuration profiles from existing databases.

To protect confidential information in the configuration profile, the provisioning server delivers this type of file to the phone over a channel secured by TLS. Optionally, the file can be compressed by using the gzip deflate algorithm (RFC1951).

The file can be encrypted with one of these encryption methods:

- AES-256-CBC encryption
- RFC-8188 based HTTP content encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering

Example: Open Profile Format

```
<flat-profile>
<Resync_On_Reset> Yes </Resync_On_Reset>
<Resync_Periodic> 7200 </Resync_Periodic>
<Profile_Rule> tftp://prov.telco.com:6900/cisco/config/CP_xxxx_MPP.cfg</Profile_Rule>
</flat-profile>
```

The <flat-profile> element tag encloses all parameter elements that the phone recognizes.

Configuration File Components

A configuration file can include these components:

- · Element tags
- Attributes
- Parameters
- Formatting features
- XML comments

Element Tag Properties

- The XML provisioning format and the Web UI allow the configuration of the same settings. The XML tag name and the field names in the Web UI are similar but vary due to XML element name restrictions. For example, underscores () instead of " ".
- The phone recognizes elements with proper parameter names that are encapsulated in the special <flat-profile> element.
- Element names are enclosed in angle brackets.
- Most element names are similar to the field names in the administration web pages for the device, with the following modifications:

• Element names may not include spaces or special characters. To derive the element name from the administration web field name, substitute an underscore for every space or the special characters [,], (,), or /.

Example: The <Resync_On_Reset> element represents the **Resync On Reset** field.

• Each element name must be unique. In the administration web pages, the same fields can appear on multiple web pages, such as the Line, User, and Extension pages. Append [n] to the element name to indicate the number that is shown in the page tab.

Example: The <Dial_Plan_1_> element represents the **Dial Plan** for Line 1.

• Each opening element tag must have a matching closing element tag. For example:

- Element tags are case-sensitive.
- Empty element tags are allowed and will be interpreted as configuring the value to be empty. Enter the opening element tag without a corresponding element tag, and insert a space and a forward slash before the closing angle bracket (>). In this example, Profile Rule B is empty:

```
<Profile_Rule_B />
```

• An empty element tag can be used to prevent the overwriting of any user-supplied values during a resync operation. In the following example, the user speed dial settings are unchanged:

```
<flat-profile>
<Speed Dial 2 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_2 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 3 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_3_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 4 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 4 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 5 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 5 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_6_Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_6_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_7_Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 7 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 8 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_8_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_9_Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 9 Number ua="rw"/>
</flat-profile>
```

• Use an empty value to set the corresponding parameter to an empty string. Enter an opening and closing element without any value between them. In the following example, the GPP_A parameter is set to an empty string.

```
<flat-profile> <GPP A>
```

```
</GPP_A>
</flat-profile>
```

Unrecognized element names are ignored.

Parameter Properties

These properties apply to the parameters:

- Any parameters that are not specified by a profile are left unchanged in the phone.
- Unrecognized parameters are ignored.
- If the Open format profile contains multiple occurrences of the same parameter tag, the last such occurrence overrides any earlier ones. To avoid inadvertent override of configuration values for a parameter, we recommend that each profile specify at most one instance of a parameter.
- The last profile processed takes precedence. If multiple profiles specify the same configuration parameter, the value of the latter profile takes precedence.

String Formats

These properties apply to the formatting of the strings:

• Comments are allowed through standard XML syntax.

```
<!-- My comment is typed here -->
```

- Leading and trailing white space is allowed for readability but is removed from the parameter value.
- New lines within a value are converted to spaces.
- An XML header of the form <? ?> is allowed, but the phone ignores it.
- To enter special characters, use basic XML character escapes, as shown in the following table.

Special Character	XML Escape Sequence
& (ampersand)	&
< (less than)	<
> (greater than)	>
' (apostrophe)	'
" (double quote)	"

In the following example, character escapes are entered to represent the greater than and less than symbols that are required in a dial plan rule. This example defines an information hotline dial plan that sets the <Dial Plan 1 >parameter (**Admin Login**> **advanced**> **Voice**> **Ext (n)**) equal to (50 < 18005551212 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 180055512 > 18

```
<flat-profile>
  <Dial_Plan_1>
    (S0 &lt;:18005551212&gt;)
  </Dial_Plan_1>
  </flat-profile>
```

- Numeric character escapes, using decimal and hexadecimal values (s.a. (and .), are translated.
- The phone firmware only supports ASCII characters.

Open Profile (XML) Compression and Encryption

The Open configuration profile can be compressed to reduce the network load on the provisioning server. The profile can also be encrypted to protect confidential information. Compression is not required, but it must precede encryption.

Open Profile Compression

The supported compression method is the gzip deflate algorithm (RFC1951). The gzip utility and the compression library that implements the same algorithm (zlib) are available from Internet sites.

To identify compression, the phone expects the compressed file to contain a gzip compatible header. Invocation of the gzip utility on the original Open profile generates the header. The phone inspects the downloaded file header to determine the file format.

For example, if profile.xml is a valid profile, the file profile.xml.gz is also accepted. Either of the following commands can generate this profile type:

• >gzip profile.xml

Replaces original file with compressed file.

• >cat profile.xml | gzip > profile.xml.gz

Leaves original file in place, produces new compressed file.

A tutorial on compression is provided in the Compress an Open Profile with Gzip, on page 76 section.

Open Profile Encryption

Symmetric key encryption can be used to encrypt an open configuration profile, whether the file is compressed or not. Compression, if applied, must be applied before encryption.

The provisioning server uses HTTPS to handle initial provisioning of the phone after deployment. Pre-encrypting configuration profiles offline allows the use of HTTP for resyncing profiles subsequently. This reduces the load on the HTTPS server in large-scale deployments.

The phone supports two methods of encryption for configuration files:

- AES-256-CBC encryption
- RFC 8188-based HTTP content encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering

The key or Input Keying Material (IKM) must be preprovisioned into the unit at an earlier time. Bootstrap of the secret key can be accomplished securely by using HTTPS.

The configuration file name does not require a specific format, but a file name that ends with the .cfg extension normally indicates a configuration profile.

AES-256-CBC Encryption

The phone supports AES-256-CBC encryption for configuration files.

The OpenSSL encryption tool, available for download from various Internet sites, can perform the encryption. Support for 256-bit AES encryption may require recompilation of the tool to enable the AES code. The firmware has been tested against version openssl-1.1.1d.

Encrypt a Profile with OpenSSL, on page 77 provides a tutorial on encryption.

For an encrypted file, the profile expects the file to have the same format as generated by the following command:

```
# example encryption key = SecretPhrase1234
openssl enc -e -aes-256-cbc -k SecretPhrase1234 -in profile.xml -out profile.cfg
# analogous invocation for a compressed xml file
openssl enc -e -aes-256-cbc -k SecretPhrase1234 -in profile.xml.gz -out profile.cfg
```

A lowercase -k precedes the secret key, which can be any plain text phrase, and which is used to generate a random 64-bit salt. With the secret specified by the -k argument, the encryption tool derives a random 128-bit initial vector and the actual 256-bit encryption key.

When this form of encryption is used on a configuration profile, the phone must be informed of the secret key value to decrypt the file. This value is specified as a qualifier in the profile URL. The syntax is as follows, using an explicit URL:

```
[--key "SecretPhrase1234"] http://prov.telco.com/path/profile.cfg
```

This value is programmed by using one of the Profile_Rule parameters.

Macro Expansion

Several provisioning parameters undergo macro expansion internally prior to being evaluated. This preevaluation step provides greater flexibility in controlling the phone resync and upgrade activities.

These parameter groups undergo macro expansion before evaluation:

- Resync_Trigger_*
- Profile Rule*
- Log_xxx_Msg
- Upgrade_Rule

Under certain conditions, some general-purpose parameters (GPP_*) also undergo macro expansion, as explicitly indicated in Optional Resync Arguments, on page 102.

During macro expansion, the contents of the named variables replace expressions of the form \$NAME and \$(NAME). These variables include general-purpose parameters, several product identifiers, certain event timers, and provisioning state values. For a complete list, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 89.

In the following example, the expression \$(MAU) is used to insert the MAC address 000E08012345.

The administrator enters: \$ (MAU) config.cfg

The resulting macro expansion for a device with MAC address 000E08012345 is: 000E08012345config.cfg

If a macro name is not recognized, it remains unexpanded. For example, the name STRANGE is not recognized as a valid macro name, while MAU is recognized as a valid macro name.

The administrator enters: \$STRANGE\$MAU.cfg

The resulting macro expansion for a device with MAC address 000E08012345 is: \$STRANGE000E08012345.cfg

Macro expansion is not applied recursively. For example, \$\$MAU" expands into \$MAU" (the \$\$ is expanded), and does not result in the MAC address.

The contents of the special purpose parameters, GPP_SA through GPP_SD, are mapped to the macro expressions \$SA through \$SD. These parameters are only macro expanded as the argument of the **--key**, **--uid**, and **--pwd** options in a resync URL.

Conditional Expressions

Conditional expressions can trigger resync events and select from alternate URLs for resync and upgrade operations.

Conditional expressions consist of a list of comparisons, separated by the **and** operator. All comparisons must be satisfied for the condition to be true.

Each comparison can relate to one of the following three types of literals:

- · Integer values
- Software or hardware version numbers
- Doubled-quoted strings

Version Numbers

The software version for Cisco IP Phones with Multiplatform Firmware uses this format (where *BN* is the Build Number):

- For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous: sipyyyy.11-0-1MPP-376 where yyyy indicates the phone model or phone series; 11 is the major version; 0 is the minor version; 1MPP is the micro version; and 376 is the build number.
- For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609 where yyyy indicates the phone model or phone series; 11 is the major version; 3 is the minor version; 2MPP0001 is the micro version; and 609 is the build number.

The comparing string must use the same format. Otherwise, a format parsing error results.

When comparing the software version, the major version, minor version, and micro version are compared in sequence, and the leftmost digits take precedence over the latter ones. When version numbers are identical, the build number is compared.

Examples of Valid Version Number

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous:

```
sip88xx.11-0-1MPP-312
```

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later:

```
sip88xx.11-3-2MPP0001-609
```

Comparison

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous:

```
sipyyyy.11-3-1MPP-110 > sipyyyy.11-2-3MPP-256
```

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later:

```
sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0002-256 > sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609
```

Quoted strings can be compared for equality or inequality. Integers and version numbers can also be compared arithmetically. The comparison operators can be expressed as symbols or as acronyms. Acronyms are convenient for expressing the condition in an Open format profile.

Operator	Alternate Syntax	Description	Applicable to Integer and Version Operands	Applicable to Quoted String Operands
=	eq	equal to	Yes	Yes
!=	ne	not equal to	Yes	Yes
<	lt	less than	Yes	No
<=	le	less than or equal to	Yes	No
>	gt	greater than	Yes	No
>=	ge	greater than or equal to	Yes	No
AND		and	Yes	Yes

It is important to enclose macro variables in double quotes where a string literal is expected. Don't do so where a number or version number is expected.

When used in the context of the Profile_Rule* and Upgrade_Rule parameters, conditional expressions must be enclosed within the syntax "(expr)?" as in this upgrade rule example. Remember to replace BN with the build number of your firmware load to upgrade to.

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous

```
($SWVER ne sip88xx.11-0-0MPP-256)? http://ps.tell.com/sw/sip88xx.11-0-0MPP-BN.loads
```

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later

```
($SWVER ne sip88xx.11-3-2MPP0001-609)?
http://ps.tell.com/sw/sip88xx.11-3-2MPP0001-BN.loads
```

Do not use the preceding syntax with parentheses to configure the Resync Trigger * parameters.

URL Syntax

Use the Standard URL syntax to specify how to retrieve configuration files and firmware loads in Profile_Rule* and Upgrade_Rule parameters, respectively. The syntax is as follows:

```
[ scheme:// ] [ server [:port]] filepath
```

Where **scheme** is one of these values:

- tftp
- http
- https

If **scheme** is omitted, tftp is assumed. The server can be a DNS-recognized hostname or a numeric IP address. The port is the destination UDP or TCP port number. The filepath must begin with the root directory (/); it must be an absolute path.

If server is missing, the tftp server specified through DHCP (option 66) is used.



Note

For upgrade rules, the server must be specified.

If **port** is missing, the standard port for the specified scheme is used. Tftp uses UDP port 69, http uses TCP port 80, https uses TCP port 443.

A filepath must be present. It need not necessarily refer to a static file, but can indicate dynamic content obtained through CGI.

Macro expansion applies within URLs. The following are examples of valid URLs:

```
/$MA.cfg
/cisco/cfg.xml
192.168.1.130/profiles/init.cfg
tftp://prov.call.com/cpe/cisco$MA.cfg
http://neptune.speak.net:8080/prov/$D/$E.cfg
https://secure.me.com/profile?Linksys
```

When using DHCP option 66, the empty syntax is not supported by upgrade rules. It is only applicable for Profile Rule*.

RFC 8188-Based HTTP Content Encryption

The phone supports RFC 8188-based HTTP content encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering for configuration files. With this encryption method, any entity can read the HTTP message headers. However, only the entities that know the Input Keying Material (IKM) can read the payload. When the phone is provisioned with the IKM, the phone and the provisioning server can exchange configuration files securely, while allowing third-party network elements to use the message headers for analytic and monitoring purposes.

The XML configuration parameter **IKM_HTTP_Encrypt_Content** holds the IKM on the phone. For security reasons, this parameter is not accessible on the phone administration web page. It is also not visible in the phone's configuration file, which you can access from the phone's IP address or from the phone's configuration reports sent to the provisioning server.

If you want to use the RFC 8188-based encryption, ensure the following:

- Provision the phone with the IKM by specifying the IKM with the XML parameter IKM_HTTP_Encrypt_Content in the configuration file that is sent from the provisioning server to the phone.
- If this encryption is applied to the configuration files sent from the provisioning server to the phone, ensure that the *Content-Encoding* HTTP header in the configuration file has "aes128gcm".
 - In the absence of this header, the AES-256-CBC method is given precedence. The phone applies AES-256-CBC decryption if a AES-256-CBC key is present in a profile rule, regardless of IKM.
- If you want the phone to apply this encryption to the configuration reports that it sends to the provisioning server, ensure that there is no AES-256-CBC key specified in the report rule.

Optional Resync Arguments

Optional arguments, **key**, **uid**, and **pwd**, can precede the URLs entered in Profile_Rule* parameters, collectively enclosed by square brackets.

key

The **--key** option tells the phone that the configuration file that it receives from the provisioning server is encrypted with AES-256-CBC encryption, unless the *Content-Encoding* header in the file indicates "aes128gcm" encryption. The key itself is specified as a string following the term **--key**. The key can be enclosed in double-quotes (") optionally. The phone uses the key to decrypt the configuration file.

Usage Examples

```
[--key VerySecretValue]
[--key "my secret phrase"]
[--key a37d2fb9055c1d04883a0745eb0917a4]
```

The bracketed optional arguments are macro expanded. Special purpose parameters, GPP_SA through GPP_SD, are macro expanded into macro variables, \$SA through \$SD, only when they are used as key option arguments. See these examples:

```
[--key $SC]
[--key "$SD"]
```

In Open format profiles, the argument to --**key** must be the same as the argument to the -**k** option that is given to **openssl**.

uid and pwd

The **uid** and **pwd** options can be used to specify the userID and password that will be sent in response to HTTP Basic and Digest authentication challenges when the specified URL is requested. The bracketed optional arguments are macro expanded. Special purpose parameters, GPP_SA through GPP_SD, are macro expanded into macro variables, \$SA through \$SD, only when they are used as key option arguments. See these examples:

```
GPP_SA = MyUserID
GPP SB = MySecretPassword
```

[--uid \$SA --pwd \$SB] https://provisioning_server_url/path_to_your_config/your_config.xml

would then expand to:

[--uid MyUserID --pwdMySecretPassword] https://provisioning_server_url/path_to_your_config/your_config.xml

Application of a Profile to the Phone

After you create an XML configuration script, it must be passed to the phone for application. To apply the configuration, you can either download the configuration file to the phone from a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server using a web browser or by using cURL command line utility.

Download the Configuration File to the Phone from a TFTP Server

Complete these steps to download the configuration file to a TFTP server application on your PC.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Connect your PC to the phone LAN.
- **Step 2** Run a TFTP server application on the PC and ensure that the configuration file is available in the TFTP root directory.
- **Step 3** In a web browser, enter the phone LAN IP address, the IP address of the computer, the filename, and the login credentials. Use this format:

Example:

http://192.168.15.1/admin/resync?tftp://192.168.15.100/my config.xml&xuser=admin&xpassword=admin

Download the Configuration File to the Phone with cURL

Complete these steps to download the configuration to the phone by using cURL. This command-line tool is used to transfer data with a URL syntax. To download cURL, visit:

https://curl.haxx.se/download.html



Note

We recommend that you do not use cURL to post the configuration to the phone because the username and password might get captured while using cURL.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Connect your PC to the LAN port of the phone.
- **Step 2** Download the configuration file to the phone by entering the following cURL command:

```
curl -d @my_config.xml
"http://192.168.15.1/admin/config.xml&xuser=admin&xpassword=admin"
```

Provisioning Parameter Types

This section describes the provisioning parameters broadly organized according to function:

These provisioning parameter types exist:

- General Purpose
- Enables
- Triggers
- Configurable Schedules
- · Profile Rules
- Upgrade Rule

General Purpose Parameters

The general-purpose parameters GPP_* (**Admin Login** > **advanced** > **Voice** > **Provisioning**) are used as free string registers when configuring the phone to interact with a particular provisioning server solution. The GPP_* parameters are empty by default. They can be configured to contain diverse values, including the following:

- Encryption keys
- URLs
- Multistage provisioning status information.
- Post request templates
- Parameter name alias maps
- Partial string values, eventually combined into complete parameter values.

The GPP_* parameters are available for macro expansion within other provisioning parameters. For this purpose, single-letter uppercase macro names (A through P) suffice to identify the contents of GPP_A through GPP_P. Also, the two-letter uppercase macro names SA through SD identify GPP_SA through GPP_SD as a special case when used as arguments of the following URL options:

key, uid, and pwd

These parameters can be used as variables in provisioning and upgrade rules. They are referenced by prefixing the variable name with a '\$' character, such as \$GPP_A.

Use General Purpose Parameters

For example, if GPP_A contains the string ABC, and GPP_B contains 123, the expression \$A\$B macro expands into ABC123.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1	Select Voice > Provisioning.
Step 2	Scroll to the General Purpose Parameters section.
Step 3	Enter valid values in the fields, GPP A through GPP P
Ston 4	Click Submit All Changes

Enable Parameters

The Provision_Enable and Upgrade_Enable parameters control all profile resync and firmware upgrade operations. These parameters control resyncs and upgrades independently of each other. These parameters also control resync and upgrade URL commands that are issued through the administration web server. Both of these parameters are set to **Yes** by default.

The Resync_From_SIP parameter controls requests for resync operations. A SIP NOTIFY event is sent from the service provider proxy server to the phone. If enabled, the proxy can request a resync. To do so, the proxy sends a SIP NOTIFY message that contains the Event: resync header to the device.

The device challenges the request with a 401 response (authorization refused for used credentials). The device expects an authenticated subsequent request before it honors the resync request from the proxy. The Event: reboot_now and Event: restart_now headers perform cold and warm restarts, respectively, which are also challenged.

The two remaining enables are Resync_On_Reset and Resync_After_Upgrade_Attempt. These parameters determine whether the device performs a resync operation after power-up software reboots and after each upgrade attempt.

When Resync_On_Reset is enabled, the device introduces a random delay that follows the boot-up sequence before the reset is performed. The delay is a random time up to the value that the Resync_Random_Delay (in seconds) specifies. In a pool of phones that power up simultaneously, this delay spreads out the start times of the resync requests from each unit. This feature can be useful in a large residential deployment, in the case of a regional power failure.

Triggers

The phone allows you to resync at specific intervals or at a specific time.

Resync at Specific Intervals

The phone is designed to resync with the provisioning server periodically. The resync interval is configured in Resync Periodic (seconds). If this value is left empty, the device does not resync periodically.

The resync typically takes place when the voice lines are idle. If a voice line is active when a resync is due, the phone delays the resync procedure until the line becomes idle again. A resync can cause configuration parameter values to change.

A resync operation can fail because the phone is unable to retrieve a profile from the server, the downloaded file is corrupt, or an internal error occurred. The device tries to resync again after a time that is specified in Resync_Error_Retry_Delay (seconds). If Resync_Error_Retry_Delay is set to 0, the device does not try to resync again after a failed resync attempt.

If an upgrade fails, a retry is performed after Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay seconds.

Two configurable parameters are available to conditionally trigger a resync: Resync_Trigger_1 and Resync_Trigger_2. Each parameter can be programmed with a conditional expression that undergoes macro expansion. When the resync interval expires (time for the next resync) the triggers, if set, will prevent resync unless one or more triggers evaluates to true.

The following example condition triggers a resync. In the example, the last phone upgrade attempt has elapsed more than 5 minutes (300 seconds), and at least 10 minutes (600 seconds) have elapsed since the last resync attempt.

\$UPGTMR gt 300 and \$PRVTMR ge 600

Resync at a Specific Time

The Resync_At parameter allows the phone to resync at a specific time. This parameter uses the 24-hour format (hhmm) to specify the time.

The Resync_At_Random_Delay parameter allows the phone to resync at an unspecified delay in time. This parameter uses a positive integer format to specify the time.

Flooding the server with resync requests from multiple phones that are set to resync at the same time should be avoided. To do so, the phone triggers the resync up to 10 minutes after the specified time.

For example, if you set the resync time to 1000 (10 a.m.), the phone triggers the resync anytime between 10:00 a.m. and 10:10 a.m.

By default, this feature is disabled. If the Resync_At parameter is provisioned, the Resync_Periodic parameter is ignored.

Configurable Schedules

You can configure schedules for periodic resyncs, and you can specify the retry intervals for resync and upgrade failures by using these provisioning parameters:

- · Resync Periodic
- · Resync Error Retry Delay
- Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay

Each parameter accepts a single delay value (seconds). The new extended syntax allows for a comma-separated list of consecutive delay elements. The last element in the sequence is implicitly repeated forever.

Optionally, you can use a plus sign to specify another numeric value that appends a random extra delay.

Example 1

In this example, the phone periodically resyncs every 2 hours. If a resync failure occurs, the device retries at these intervals: 30 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hours, 4 hours. The device continues to try at 4-hour intervals until it resyncs successfully.

```
Resync_Periodic=7200
Resync Error Retry Delay=1800,3600,7200,14400
```

Example 2

In this example, the device periodically resyncs every hour (plus an extra random delay of up to 10 minutes). In the case of a resync failure, the device retries at these intervals: 30 minutes (plus up to 5 minutes). 1 hour (plus up to 10 minutes), 2 hours (plus up to 15 minutes). The device continues to try at 2-hour intervals (plus up to 15 minutes) until it successfully resyncs.

```
Resync_Periodic=3600+600
Resync Error Retry Delay=1800+300,3600+600,7200+900
```

Example 3

In this example, if a remote upgrade attempt fails, the device retries the upgrade in 30 minutes, then again after one more hour, then in two hours. If the upgrade still fails, the device retries every four to five hours until the upgrade succeeds.

```
Upgrade Error Retry Delay = 1800,3600,7200,14400+3600
```

Profile Rules

The phone provides multiple remote configuration profile parameters (Profile_Rule*). Thus, each resync operation can retrieve multiple files that different servers manage.

In the simplest scenario, the device resyncs periodically to a single profile on a central server, which updates all pertinent internal parameters. Alternatively, the profile can be split between different files. One file is common for all the phones in a deployment. A separate, unique file is provided for each account. Encryption keys and certificate information can be supplied by still another profile, stored on a separate server.

Whenever a resync operation is due, the phone evaluates the four Profile Rule* parameters in sequence:

- 1. Profile_Rule
- 2. Profile Rule B
- 3. Profile Rule C
- **4.** Profile_Rule_D

Each evaluation can result in a profile retrieval from a remote provisioning server, with a possible update of some number of internal parameters. If an evaluation fails, the resync sequence is interrupted, and is retried again from the beginning specified by the Resync_Error_Retry_Delay parameter (seconds). If all evaluations succeed, the device waits for the second specified by the Resync_Periodic parameter and then performs another resync.

The contents of each Profile_Rule* parameter consist of a set of alternatives. The alternatives are separated by the | (pipe) character. Each alternative consists of a conditional expression, an assignment expression, a profile URL, and any associated URL options. All these components are optional within each alternative. The following are the valid combinations, and the order in which they must appear, if present:

```
[ conditional-expr ] [ assignment-expr ] [[ options ] URL ]
```

Within each Profile_Rule* parameter, all alternatives except the last one must provide a conditional expression. This expression is evaluated and is processed as follows:

- 1. Conditions are evaluated from left to right, until one is found that evaluates as true (or until one alternative is found with no conditional expression).
- 2. Any accompanying assignment expression is evaluated, if present.
- **3.** If a URL is specified as part of that alternative, an attempt is made to download the profile that is located at the specified URL. The system attempts to update the internal parameters accordingly.

If all alternatives have conditional expressions and none evaluates to true (or if the whole profile rule is empty), the entire Profile Rule* parameter is skipped. The next profile rule parameter in the sequence is evaluated.

Example 1

This example resyncs unconditionally to the profile at the specified URL, and performs an HTTP GET request to the remote provisioning server:

```
http://remote.server.com/cisco/$MA.cfg
```

Example 2

In this example, the device resyncs to two different URLs, depending on the registration state of Line 1. In case of lost registration, the device performs an HTTP POST to a CGI script. The device sends the contents of the macro expanded GPP_A, which may provide additional information on the device state:

```
($PRVTMR ge 600)? http://p.tel.com/has-reg.cfg
| [--post a] http://p.tel.com/lost-reg?
```

Example 3

In this example, the device resyncs to the same server. The device provides additional information if a certificate is not installed in the unit (for legacy pre-2.0 units):

```
("$CCERT" eq "Installed")? https://p.tel.com/config?
| https://p.tel.com/config?cisco$MAU
```

Example 4

In this example, Line 1 is disabled until GPP_A is set equal to Provisioned through the first URL. Afterwards, it resyncs to the second URL:

```
("$A" ne "Provisioned")? (Line_Enable_1_ = "No";)! https://p.tel.com/init-prov | https://p.tel.com/configs
```

Example 5

In this example, the profile that the server returns is assumed to contain XML element tags. These tags must be remapped to proper parameter names by the aliases map stored in GPP_B:

```
[--alias b] https://p.tel.com/account/$PN$MA.xml
```

A resync is typically considered unsuccessful if a requested profile is not received from the server. The Resync_Fails_On_FNF parameter can override this default behavior. If Resync_Fails_On_FNF is set to No, the device accepts a file-not-found response from the server as a successful resync. The default value for Resync Fails On FNF is Yes.

Upgrade Rule

Upgrade rule is to tell the device to activate to a new load and from where to get the load, if necessary. If the load is already on the device, it will not try to get the load. So, validity of the load location does not matter when the desired load is in the inactive partition.

The Upgrade_Rule specifies a firmware load which, if different from the current load, will be downloaded and applied unless limited by a conditional expression or Upgrade Enable is set to **No**.

The phone provides one configurable remote upgrade parameter, Upgrade_Rule. This parameter accepts syntax similar to the profile rule parameters. URL options are not supported for upgrades, but conditional expressions and assignment expressions can be used. If conditional expressions are used, the parameter can be populated with multiple alternatives, separated by the | character. The syntax for each alternative is as follows:

```
[ conditional-expr ] [ assignment-expr ] URL
```

As in the case of Profile_Rule* parameters, the Upgrade_Rule parameter evaluates each alternative until a conditional expression is satisfied or an alternative has no conditional expression. The accompanying assignment expression is evaluated, if specified. Then, an upgrade to the specified URL is attempted.

If the Upgrade_Rule contains a URL without a conditional expression, the device upgrades to the firmware image that the URL specifies. After macro expansion and evaluation of the rule, the device does not reattempt to upgrade until the rule is modified or the effective combination of scheme + server + port + filepath is changed.

To attempt a firmware upgrade, the device disables audio at the start of the procedure and reboots at the end of the procedure. The device automatically begins an upgrade that is driven by the contents of Upgrade_Rule only if all voice lines are currently inactive.

For example,

```
http://p.tel.com/firmware/sip88xx.11-3-1MPP-678.loads
```

In this example, the Upgrade Rule upgrades the firmware to the image that is stored at the indicated URL.

Here is another example:

```
("$F" ne "beta-customer")? http://p.tel.com/firmware/sip88xx.11-3-1MPP-678.loads | http://p.tel.com/firmware/sip88xx.11-3-1MPP-678.loads
```

This example directs the unit to load one of two images, based on the contents of a general-purpose parameter, GPP F.

The device can enforce a downgrade limit regarding firmware revision number, which can be a useful customization option. If a valid firmware revision number is configured in the Downgrade_Rev_Limit parameter, the device rejects upgrade attempts for firmware versions earlier than the specified limit.

Data Types

These data types are used with configuration profile parameters:

- {a,b,c,...}—A choice among a, b, c, ...
- Bool—Boolean value of either "yes" or "no."
- CadScript—A miniscript that specifies the cadence parameters of a signal. Up to 127 characters.

Syntax: $S_1[;S_2]$, where:

- $S_i = D_i(on_{i,1}/off_{i,1}[,on_{i,2}/off_{i,2}[,on_{i,3}/off_{i,3}[,on_{i,4}/off_{i,4}[,on_{i,5}/off_{i,5}[,on_{i,6}/off_{i,6}]]]])$ and is known as a section.
- on_{i,j} and off_{i,j} are the on/off duration in seconds of a *segment*. i = 1 or 2, and j = 1 to 6.
- D_i is the total duration of the section in seconds.

All durations can have up to three decimal places to provide 1 ms resolution. The wildcard character "*" stands for infinite duration. The segments within a section are played in order and repeated until the total duration is played.

Example 1:

```
60(2/4)

Number of Cadence Sections = 1

Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 60 s

Number of Segments = 1

Segment 1: On=2s, Off=4s

Total Ring Length = 60s
```

Example 2—Distinctive ring (short,short,short,long):

```
60(.2/.2,.2/.2,.2/.2,1/4)

Number of Cadence Sections = 1

Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 60s

Number of Segments = 4

Segment 1: On=0.2s, Off=0.2s

Segment 2: On=0.2s, Off=0.2s

Segment 3: On=0.2s, Off=0.2s

Segment 4: On=1.0s, Off=4.0s

Total Ring Length = 60s
```

• DialPlanScript—Scripting syntax that is used to specify Line 1 and Line 2 dial plans.

- Float<n>—A floating point value with up to n decimal places.
- FQDN—Fully Qualified Domain Name. It can contain up to 63 characters. Examples are as follows:
 - sip.Cisco.com:5060 or 109.12.14.12:12345
 - sip.Cisco.com or 109.12.14.12
- FreqScript—A miniscript that specifics the frequency and level parameters of a tone. Contains up to 127 characters.

Syntax: $F_1@L_1[,F_2@L_2[,F_3@L_3[,F_4@L_4[,F_5@L_5[,F_6@L_6]]]]]$, where:

- F₁–F₆ are frequency in Hz (unsigned integers only).
- L₁-L₆ are corresponding levels in dBm (with up to one decimal place).

White spaces before and after the comma are allowed but not recommended.

Example 1—Call Waiting Tone:

```
440@-10
Number of Frequencies = 1
Frequency 1 = 440 Hz at -10 dBm
```

Example 2—Dial Tone:

```
3500-19,4400-19

Number of Frequencies = 2

Frequency 1 = 350 Hz at -19 dBm

Frequency 2 = 440 Hz at -19 dBm
```

- IP— Valid IPv4 Address in the form of x.x.x.x, where x is between 0 and 255. Example: 10.1.2.100.
- UserID—User ID as it appears in a URL; up to 63 characters.
- Phone—A phone number string, such as 14081234567, *69, *72, 345678; or a generic URL, such as, 1234@10.10.100:5068 or jsmith@Cisco.com. The string can contain up to 39 characters.
- PhTmplt—A phone number template. Each template may contain one or more patterns that are separated by a comma (,). White space at the beginning of each pattern is ignored. "?" and "*" represent wildcard characters. To represent literally, use %xx. For example, %2a represents *. The template can contain up to 39 characters. Examples: "1408*, 1510*", "1408123????, 555?1.".
- Port—TCP/UDP Port number (0-65535). It can be specified in decimal or hex format.
- ProvisioningRuleSyntax—Scripting syntax that is used to define configuration resync and firmware upgrade rules.
- PwrLevel—Power level expressed in dBm with one decimal place, such as -13.5 or 1.5 (dBm).
- RscTmplt—A template of SIP Response Status Code, such as "404, 5*", "61?", "407, 408, 487, 481". It can contain up to 39 characters.
- Sig<n>—Signed n-bit value. It can be specified in decimal or hex format. A "-" sign must precede negative values. A + sign before positive values is optional.

- Star Codes—Activation code for a supplementary service, such as *69. The code can contain up to 7 characters.
- Str<n>—A generic string with up to n nonreserved characters.
- Time<n>—Time duration in seconds, with up to n decimal places. Extra specified decimal places are ignored.
- ToneScript—A miniscript that specifies the frequency, level, and cadence parameters of a call progress tone. Script may contain up to 127 characters.

```
Syntax: FreqScript;Z_1[;Z_2].
```

The section Z_1 is similar to the S_1 section in a CadScript, except that each on/off segment is followed by a frequency components parameter: $Z_1 = D_1(on_{i,1}/off_{i,1}/f_{i,1}[,on_{i,2}/off_{i,2}/f_{i,2}[,on_{i,3}/off_{i,3}/f_{i,3}[,on_{i,4}/off_{i,4}/f_{i,4}[,on_{i,5}/off_{i,5}/f_{i,5}[,on_{i,6}/off_{i,6}/f_{i,6}]]]])$ where:

- $f_{i,j} = n_1[+n_2] + n_3[+n_4[+n_5[+n_6]]]$].
- $1 < n_k < 6$ specifies the frequency components in the FreqScript that are used in that segment.

If more than one frequency component is used in a segment, the components are summed together.

Example 1—Dial tone:

```
350@-19,440@-19;10(*/0/1+2)

Number of Frequencies = 2

Frequency 1 = 350 Hz at -19 dBm

Frequency 2 = 440 Hz at -19 dBm

Number of Cadence Sections = 1

Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 10 s

Number of Segments = 1

Segment 1: On=forever, with Frequencies 1 and 2

Total Tone Length = 10s
```

Example 2—Stutter tone:

```
350@-19,440@-19;2(.1/.1/1+2);10(*/0/1+2)

Number of Frequencies = 2
Frequency 1 = 350 Hz at -19 dBm
Frequency 2 = 440 Hz at -19 dBm
Number of Cadence Sections = 2
Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 2s
Number of Segments = 1
Segment 1: On=0.1s, Off=0.1s with Frequencies 1 and 2
Cadence Section 2: Section Length = 10s
Number of Segments = 1
Segment 1: On=forever, with Frequencies 1 and 2
Total Tone Length = 12s
```

• Uns<n>—Unsigned n-bit value, where n = 8, 16, or 32. It can be specified in decimal or hex format, such as 12 or 0x18, as long as the value can fit into n bits.



Note

Keep these under consideration:

- <Par Name> represents a configuration parameter name. In a profile, the corresponding tag is formed by replacing the space with an underscore "_", such as **Par_Name**.
- An empty default value field implies an empty string < "'>.
- The phone continues to use the last configured values for tags that are not present in a given profile.
- Templates are compared in the order given. The first, *not the closest*, match is selected. The parameter name must match exactly.
- If more than one definition for a parameter is given in a profile, the last such definition in the file is the one that takes effect in the phone.
- A parameter specification with an empty parameter value forces the parameter back to its default value.
 To specify an empty string instead, use the empty string "" as the parameter value.

Profile Updates and Firmware Upgrades

The phone supports secure remote provisioning (configuration) and firmware upgrades. An unprovisioned phone can receive an encrypted profile targeted for that device. The phone does not require an explicit key due to a secure first-time provisioning mechanism that uses SSL functionality.

User intervention is not required to either start or complete a profile update, or firmware upgrade, or if intermediate upgrades are required to reach a future upgrade state from an older release. A profile resync is only attempted when the phone is idle, because a resync can trigger a software reboot and disconnect a call.

General-purpose parameters manage the provisioning process. Each phone can be configured to periodically contact a normal provisioning server (NPS). Communication with the NPS does not require the use of a secure protocol because the updated profile is encrypted by a shared secret key. The NPS can be a standard TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server with client certificates.

The administrator can upgrade, reboot, restart, or resync phones by using the phone web user interface. The administrator can also perform these tasks by using a SIP notify message.

Configuration profiles are generated by using common, open-source tools that integrate with service provider provisioning systems.

Allow Profile Updates

Profile updates can be allowed at specified intervals. Updated profiles are sent from a server to the phone by using TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Provisioning.

Step 2 In the **Configuration Profile** section, choose **Yes** from the **Provision Enable** parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Provision_Enable ua="na">Yes</Provision_Enable>

Default: Yes

- **Step 3** Set the parameters as described in the Profile Resync Parameters, on page 60 table.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Allow and Configure Firmware Upgrades

Firmware updates can be allowed at specified intervals. Updated firmware is sent from a server to the phone by using TFTP or HTTP. Security is less of an issue with a firmware upgrade, because firmware does not contain personal information.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Provisioning**.

Step 2 In the Firmware Upgrade section, choose Yes from the Upgrade Enable parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Upgrade_Enable ua="na">Yes</Upgrade_Enable>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Step 3 Set the Upgrade Error Retry Delay parameter in seconds.

The upgrade retry interval (in seconds) applied in case of upgrade failure. The device has a firmware upgrade error timer that activates after a failed firmware upgrade attempt. The timer is initialized with the value in this parameter. The next firmware upgrade attempt occurs when this timer counts down to zero.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay ua="na">3600</Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay>
```

Default: 3600

<tftp|http|https>://<ip address>/image/<load name>

Set the **Upgrade Rule** parameter by entering a firmware upgrade script that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule. Enter a script and use the following format to enter the upgrade rule:

<tftp|http|https>://<ipaddress>/image/<load name>

For example:

tftp://192.168.1.5/image/sip88xx.11-0-0MPP-BN.loads

tftp://192.168.1.5/image/sip78xx.11-0-1MPP-BN.loads

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Upgrade_Rule ua="na">http://10.74.10.205:6970/sip8845_65.0104-MPP-9875dev.loads </Upgrade_Rule>

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Upgrade Firmware by TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS

The phone supports firmware upgrade by TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.



Note

Downgrades to earlier releases may not be available for all devices. For more information, see the release notes for your phone and firmware version.

Before you begin

The firmware load file must be downloaded to an accessible server.

Procedure

Step 1 Rename the image as follows:

cp-x8xx-sip.aa-b-cMPP.cop to cp-x8xx-sip.aa-b-cMPP.tar.gz

where:

x8xx is the phone series, such as 8811.

aa-b-c is the release number, such as 10-4-1

- **Step 2** Use the tar -xzvf command to untar the tar ball.
- **Step 3** Copy the folder to a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS download directory.
- **Step 4** Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- **Step 5** Select Voice > Provisioning.
- **Step 6** Find the load filename which ends in **.loads** and append it to the valid URL.
- Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

Upgrade Firmware With a Browser Command

An upgrade command entered into the browser address bar can be used to upgrade firmware on a phone. The phone updates only when it is idle. The update is attempted automatically after the call is complete.

Procedure

To upgrade the phone with a URL in a web browser, enter this command:

http://<phone_ip>/admin/upgrade?<schema>://<serv_ip[:port]>/filepath



PART | |

Cisco IP Phone Configuration

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Access Control Configuration

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Access Control

If the <Phone-UI-User-Mode> parameter is enabled, the phone GUI honors the user access attribute of the relevant parameters when the GUI presents a menu item.

For menu entries that are associated with a single configuration parameter:

- Provisioning the parameter with "ua=na" ("ua" stands for "user access") attribute makes the entry disappear.
- Provisioning the parameter with "ua=ro" attribute makes the entry read-only and non-editable.

For menu entries that are associated with multiple configuration parameters:

• Provisioning all concerned parameters with "ua=na" attribute makes the entries disappear.

Administrator and User Accounts

The Cisco IP Phone firmware provides specific administrator and user accounts. These accounts provide specific login privileges. The administrator account name is **admin**; the user account name is **user**. These account names cannot be changed.

The **admin** account gives the service provider or Value-added Reseller (VAR) configuration access to the Cisco IP phone. The **user** account gives limited and configurable control to the device end user.

The **user** and **admin** accounts can be password protected independently. If the service provider sets an administrator account password, you are prompted for it when you click **Admin Login**. If the password does not yet exist, the screen refreshes and displays the administration parameters. No default passwords are assigned to either the administrator or the user account. Only the administrator account can assign or change passwords.

The administrator account can view and modify all web profile parameters, including web parameters, that are available to the user login. The Cisco IP Phone system administrator can further restrict the parameters that a user account can view and modify through use of a provisioning profile.

Configuration parameters that are available to the user account are configurable on the Cisco IP Phone. User access to the phone web user interface can be disabled.

User Access Attribute

The user access (ua) attribute controls may be used to change access by the User account. If the ua attribute is not specified, the existing user access setting is retained. This attribute does not affect access by the Admin account.

The **ua** attribute, if present, must have one of the following values:

- na-No access
- · ro-Read-only
- rw-Read and write
- y—Preserve value

The y value must be used together with **na**, **ro**, or **rw**.

The following example illustrates the **ua** attribute. Notice in the last line that the **ua** attribute is updated to **rw**, and the station name field (**Travel Agent 1**) is preserved. If **y** is not included, **Travel Agent 1** is overwritten:

```
<flat-profile>
     <SIP_TOS_DiffServ_Value_1_ ua="na"/>
     <Dial_Plan_1_ ua="ro"/>
          <Dial_Plan_2_ ua="rw"/>
<Station Name ua="rw" preserve-value="y">Travel Agent 1</Station Name></flat-profile>
```

Double quotes must enclose the value of the **ua** option.

Access the Phone Web Interface

The phone firmware provides mechanisms for restricting end-user access to some parameters. The firmware provides specific privileges for sign-in to an **Admin** account or a **User** account. Each can be independently password-protected.

- Admin account—Allows the full access to all administration web server parameters
- User account–Allows the access to a subset of the administration web server parameters

If your service provider has disabled access to the configuration utility, contact the service provider before proceeding.

Procedure

Step 1 Ensure that the computer can communicate with the phone. No VPN in use.

- **Step 2** Start a web browser.
- **Step 3** Enter the IP address of the phone in your web browser address bar.
 - User Access: http://<ip address>
 - Admin Access: http://<ip address>/admin/advanced
 - Admin Access: http://<ip address>, click Admin Login and click advanced

For example, http://10.64.84.147/admin

Step 4 Enter the password when prompted.

Control Access to the Phone Settings

You can configure the phone to allow or block access to the configuration parameters on the phone web page or the phone screen. The parameters for access control allow you to:

- Indicate which configuration parameters are available to the user account when creating the configuration.
- Enable or disable the access to the administration web server.
- Enable or disable user access to the phone screen menus.
- Bypass the **Set password** screen for the user.
- Restrict the Internet domains that the phone accesses for resync, upgrades, or SIP registration for Line 1.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Access Control Parameters, on page 121.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Click Voice > System.
- Step 2 In the System Configuration section, configure the parameters as defined in the Access Control Parameters, on page 121 table.
- **Step 3** Click **Submit All Changes** to apply the changes.

Access Control Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the access control parameters in the **System Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 6: Access Control Parameters

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value			
Enable Web Server	Enables or disables access to the phone web interface. Set this parameter to Yes to allow users or administrators to access the phone web interface. Otherwise, set it to No . When set to No , the phone web interface isn't accessible.			
	Perform one of the following:			
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:			
	<pre><enable_web_server ua="na">Yes</enable_web_server> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes to allow the access.</pre>			
	Allowed values: Yes No			
	Default: Yes.			
Enable Web Admin	Allows or blocks the access to the phone administration pages:			
Access	http:// <phone_ip>/admin</phone_ip>			
	When set to No , the web page for administrator is inaccessible. Only the web page for user is accessible.			
	Note If you want to allow the access to the administration web page again after the access is blocked, you need to perform a factory reset from the phone.			
	Perform one of the following:			
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:			
	<pre><enable_web_admin_access ua="na">Yes</enable_web_admin_access> • In the phone web interface, set this parameter to Yes to allow the access. Otherwise, set it to No.</pre>			
	Allowed values: Yes No			
	Default: Yes			
Admin Password	Allows you to set or change the password for accessing the phone administration web pages.			
	The Admin Password parameter is only available on the phone administration web page.			
	A valid password must contain 4 to 127 characters from three out of the four types: capital letter, small letter, number, and special character.			
	Perform one of the following:			
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <admin_password ua="na">P0ssw0rd_tes89</admin_password>			
	In the phone web interface, enter the password for administrator access.			
	Default: Empty			

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
User Password	Allows you or the phone user to set or change the password for accessing the phone web interfaces and the menus on the phone screen.
	You can also set or change the user password from the phone screen menu Applications
	> Device administration > Set password.
	A valid password must contain 4 to 127 characters from three out of the four types: capital letter, small letter, number, and special character.
	In the configuration file (cfg.xml), you can use the <code>User_Password</code> parameter to bypass the <code>Set password</code> screen that prompts on the first boot or after a factory reset. For more information, see Bypass the <code>Set Password Screen</code> , on page 124.
	Default: Empty
Phone-UI-User-Mode	This parameter works only with the user access the (ua) attribute attached to an element tag in the configuration file (cfg.xml). You can restrict the parameters that the phone users see on the phone screen.
	When set to Yes , you can use the ua attribute to control user access to specific parameters on the phone screen menu. When set to No , the ua attribute isn't working.
	The options for the ua attribute are "na", "ro", and "rw". Parameters designated as "na" don't appear on the phone screen. Parameters designated as "ro" aren't editable by the user. Parameters designated as "rw" are editable by the user.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<phone-ui-user-mode ua="na">No</phone-ui-user-mode>
	• In the phone web interface, set to Yes and then set the ua attribute of the desired parameter in the phone configuration file.
	Example:
	<pre><phone-ui-user-mode ua="na">Yes</phone-ui-user-mode> <enable_vlan ua="ro">Yes</enable_vlan> <preferred_audio_device ua="rw">Headset</preferred_audio_device> <block_anc_setting ua="na">Yes</block_anc_setting></pre>
	With the settings in the example, the user:
	Can see but can't change the setting of VLAN (Enable_VLAN) on the phone screen menu
	• Can change the setting of Preferred audio device (Preferred_Audio_Device)
	Can't see the menu item Block anonymous call (Block_ANC_Setting) on the phone screen.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
User Password	Controls whether the user password setup screen prompts.
Prompt	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><user_password_prompt ua="na">Yes</user_password_prompt></pre> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes to make the prompt available to the user.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Bypass the Set Password Screen



Note

This feature isn't available from firmware release 11.2.3 and later.

You can bypass the phone **Set password** screen on the first boot or after a factory reset, based on these provisioning actions:

- · DHCP configuration
- EDOS configuration
- User password configuration using in the phone XML configuration file

After the User Password is configured, the set password screen doesn't appear.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Edit the phone cfg.xml file in a text or XML editor.
- **Step 2** Insert the **<User_Password>** tag using one of these options.
 - No password (start and end tag)—<User_Password></User_Password>
 - Password value (4-127 characters)—
 User Password >Abc123
 User Password>
 - No password (start tag only)—<User Password />
- **Step 3** Save the changes to the cfg.xml file.

The **Set password** screen doesn't appear on the first boot or after a factory reset. If a password is specified, the user is prompted to enter the password when accessing the phone web interface or the phone screen menus.



Third-Party Call Control Setup

- Determine the Phone MAC Address, on page 125
- Network Configuration, on page 125
- Provisioning, on page 126
- Report Current Phone Configuration to the Provisioning Server, on page 126

Determine the Phone MAC Address

To add phones to the Third-Party Call Control system, determine the MAC address of a Cisco IP Phone.

Procedure

Perform one of the following actions:

- On the phone, press **Applications** > **Status** > **Product Information**, and look at the MAC address field.
- Look at the MAC label on the back of the phone.
- Display the web page for the phone and select **Info** > **Status** > **Product Information**.

Network Configuration

The Cisco IP Phone is used as a part of a SIP network, because the phone supports Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). The Cisco IP Phone is compatible with other SIP IP PBX call control systems, such as BroadSoft, MetaSwitch, and Asterisk.

Configuration of these systems is not described in this document. For more information, see the documentation for the SIP PBX system to which you are connecting the Cisco IP Phone.

This document describes some common network configurations; however, your configuration can vary, depending on the type of equipment that your service provider uses.

Provisioning

Phones can be provisioned to download configuration profiles or updated firmware from a remote server when they are connected to a network, when they are powered up, and at set intervals. Provisioning is typically part of high-volume, Voice-over-IP (VoIP) deployments and is limited to service providers. Configuration profiles or updated firmware are transferred to the device through use of TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.

Report Current Phone Configuration to the Provisioning Server

You can configure the phone to report its full configuration, delta changes in the configuration, or the status data to the server. You can add up to two URLs in the **Report Rule** field to specify the destination for the report, and include an optional encryption key.

When requesting delta configuration and status reports at once, separate report rules with a **space**. Include a destination upload-URL in each of the report rules. You can optionally precede the report rule by one or more content arguments that are enclosed in square brackets [].

When a report upload is attempted, the *HTTP Report Method* field specifies whether the HTTP Request that the phone sends should be an *HTTP PUT* or an *HTTP POST*. Choose:

- **PUT Method**—To create a new report or overwrite an existing report at a known location on the server. For example, you may want to keep overwriting each report that you send and only store the most *current* configuration on the server.
- **POST Method**—To send the report data to the server for processing, such as, by a PHP script. This approach provides more flexibility for storing the configuration information. For example, you may want to send a series of phone status reports and store all the reports on the server.

Use the following content arguments in the **Report Rule** field to send specific configuration reports:

Content Argument	Report Content
Default: Blank	Full Configuration report
[delta]	Configuration report contains <i>only</i> the latest changed fields
	For example,
	• Report 1 contains ABC changes.
	• Report 2 contains XYZ changes (<i>not</i> ABC and XYZ).
[status]	Full Phone Status report
1 0 0	can be combined with other arguments, such as, key , uid , and control upload authentication and encryption, and are documented in

the Profile Rule field.

• When you specify the [--key <encryption key>] argument in the **Report Rule**, the phone applies AES-256-CBC encryption to the file (configuration, status, or delta), with the specified encryption key.



Note

If you have provisioned the phone with Input Keying Material (IKM) and want the phone to apply RFC 8188-based encryption to the file, do not specify the **--key** argument.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning > Upload Configuration Options.
- Set the parameter for each of the five fields as described in Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server, on page 129.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Example of user inputs and the resulting actions of the phone and provisioning server for the **Report Rule**:

• HTTP PUT ALL configuration:

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
http://my_http_server/config-mpp.xml
```

Then the phone will report the configuration data to http://my_http_server/config-mpp.xml.

• HTTP PUT Changed Configuration

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--delta]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml;
```

Then the phone will report changed configuration to http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml.

HTTP PUT Encrypted Delta Configuration

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--delta --key test123]http://my http server/config-mpp-delta.enc.xml;
```

The phone will report status data to http://my http server/config-mpp-delta.enc.xml

On the report server side, the file can be decrypted like this: # openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc -k test123 -in config-mpp-delta.enc-delta.enc -out cfg.xml

• HTTP PUT Status Data

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--status]http://my http server/config-mpp-status.xml;
```

The phone will report status data to http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml

• HTTP PUT Changed Configuration and Status

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--status]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml
[--delta]http://my http server/config-mpp-delta.xml
```

The phone will report status data to http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml and http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml

• HTTP POST Changed Configuration

If the report method is POST, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--delta]http://my_http_server/report_upload.php
```

The report upload file format"

```
// report_upload.php content
<?php
$filename = "report_cfg.xml"; // report file name
// where to put the file
$file = "/path/to/file".$filename;
// get data from http post
$report_data = file_get_contents('php://input');
// save the post data to file
$file_put_contents($file, $report_data);
?>
```

The phone will upload changed data to http://my_http_server/report_cfg.xml

Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server

Table 7: Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server

Field	Description
Report Rule	Specifies how the phone reports its current internal configuration to the provisioning server. The URLs in this field specify the destination for a report and can include an encryption key.
	You can use the following keywords, encryption key, and file locations and names to control how you store the phone configuration information:
	• No keywords and <i>only</i> an XML file reports the <i>entire</i> configuration data to server.
	• [status] keyword reports the <i>status data</i> to server.
	• [delta] keyword reports the <i>changed</i> configuration to server.
	• [key <encryption key="">] keyword tells the phone to apply AES-256-CBC encryption with the specified encryption key to the configuration report, before sending it to the server.</encryption>
	You can enclose the encryption key in double-quotes (") optionally.
	Note If you have provisioned the phone with Input Keying Material (IKM) and want the phone to apply RFC 8188-based encryption to the file, do not specify a AES-256-CBC encryption key.
	• Two rules used together as:
	<pre>[delta]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml [status]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml</pre>
	Caution If you need to use the [delta]xml-delta file rule and the [status]xml-status file rule together, you must separate the two rules with a space .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><profile_rule ua="na"> [delta]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml [status]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml </profile_rule></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the profile rule in this field.

Field	Description
HTTP Report	Specifies whether the HTTP Request that the phone sends should be an <i>PUT</i> or an <i>POST</i> .
method:	• PUT —To create a new report or overwrite an existing report at a known location on the server. For example, you may want to keep overwriting each report that you send and only store the most <i>current</i> configuration on the server.
	• POST —To send the report data to the server for processing, such as, by a PHP script. This approach provides more flexibility for storing the configuration information. For example, you may want to send a series of phone status reports and store <i>all</i> the reports on the server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><http_report_method ua="na">PUT</http_report_method></pre>
	In the phone web interface, select an HTTP report method.
	Allowed values: PUT POST
	Default: POST
Report to	Defines when the phone reports its configuration to the provisioning servers.
Server:	• On Request: The phone reports its configuration only when an administrator sends a sip notify event, or the phone restarts.
	• On Local Change: The phone reports its configuration when any configuration parameter changes by an action on the phone or on the phone administration web page. The phone waits for a few seconds after a change is made, and then reports the configuration. This delay ensures that changes are reported to the web server in batches, rather than reporting a single change at a time.
	• Periodically : The phone reports its configuration at regular intervals. The interval is expressed in seconds.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><report_to_server ua="na">Periodically</report_to_server></pre>
	In the phone web interface, select an option from the list.
	Allowed values: On Request On Local Change Periodically
	Default: On Request

Field	Description
Periodic Upload to	Defines the interval (in seconds) that the phone reports its configuration to the provisioning servers.
Server:	This field is used only when Report to Server is set to Periodically .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><periodic_upload_to_server ua="na">3600</periodic_upload_to_server></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the interval in seconds.
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 600 and 259200
	Default: 3600
Upload Delay On Local	Defines the delay (in seconds) that the phone waits after a change is made, and then reports the configuration.
Change:	This field is used only when Report to Server is set to On Local Change .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><upload_delay_on_local_change ua="na">60</upload_delay_on_local_change></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the delay in seconds.
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 10 and 900
	Default: 60

Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server

Cisco IP Phone Security

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- Configure the Challenge for SIP INVITE Messages, on page 136
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Domain and Internet Setting

Configure Restricted Access Domains

You can configure the phone to register, provision, firmware upgrade, and send reports using only the specified servers. Any registration, provisioning, upgrade, and report that don't use the specified servers can't be performed on the phone. If you specify the servers to use, ensure that the servers you enter in the following fields are included in the list:

- Profile Rule, Profile Rule B, Profile Rule C, and Profile Rule D on the Provisioning tab
- Upgrade Rule and Cisco Headset Upgrade Rule on the Provisioning tab
- Report Rule on the Provisioning tab
- Custom CA Rule on the Provisioning tab
- Proxy and Outbound Proxy on the Ext (n) tab

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **System**.

Step 2 In the System Configuration section, locate the Restricted Access Domains field and enter fully qualified domain names (FQDNs) for each server. Separate FQDNs with commas.

Example:

voiceip.com, voiceip1.com

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Restricted Access Domains ua="na">voiceip.com, voiceip1.com/Restricted Access Domains>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure the DHCP Options

You can set the order in which your phone uses the DHCP options. For help with DHCP Options, see DHCP Option Support, on page 135.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Provisioning**.
- Step 2 In the Configuration Profile section, set the DHCP Option To Use and DHCPv6 Option To Use parameters as described in the Parameters for DHCP Options Configuration, on page 134 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for DHCP Options Configuration

The following table defines the function and usage of parameters for DHCP Options Configuration in the Configuration Profile section under the Voice>Provisioning tab in the phone web interface. It also defines

the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 8: Parameters for DHCP Options Configuration

Parameter	Description
DHCP Option To Use	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dhcp_option_to_use< pre=""></dhcp_option_to_use<></pre>
	ua="na">66,160,159,150,60,43,125
	• In the phone web page, enter the DHCP options separated by commas.
	Example : 66,160,159,150,60,43,125
	Default: 66,160,159,150,60,43,125
DHCPv6 Option To	DHCPv6 options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
Use	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dhcpv6_option_to_use ua="na">17,160,159</dhcpv6_option_to_use></pre> • In the phone web page, enter the DHCP options separated by commas.
	Example : 17,160,159
	Default: 17,160,159

DHCP Option Support

The following table lists the DHCP options that are supported on the multiplatform phones.

Network Standard	Description
DHCP option 1	Subnet mask
DHCP option 2	Time offset
DHCP option 3	Router
DHCP option 6	Domain name server
DHCP option 15	Domain name
DHCP option 41	IP address lease time
DHCP option 42	NTP server
DHCP option 43	Vendor-specific information
	Can be used for TR.69 Auto Configurations Server (ACS) discovery.

Network Standard	Description
DHCP option 56	NTP server
	NTP server configuration with IPv6
DHCP option 60	Vendor class identifier
DHCP option 66	TFTP server name
DHCP option 125	Vendor-identifying vendor-specific information
	Can be used for TR.69 Auto Configurations Server (ACS) discovery.
DHCP option 150	TFTP server
DHCP option 159	Provisioning server IP
DHCP option 160	Provisioning URL

Configure the Challenge for SIP INVITE Messages

You can set up the phone to challenge the SIP INVITE (initial) message in a session. The challenge restricts the SIP servers that are permitted to interact with devices on a service provider network. This practice prevents malicious attacks against the phone. When you enable this feature, authorization is required for initial incoming INVITE requests from the SIP proxy.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, select Yes from the Auth INVITE list to enable this feature or select No to disable it.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Auth INVITE 1>Yes</Auth INVITE 1 >
```

Default: No.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Transport Layer Security

Transport Layer Security (TLS) is a standard protocol for securing and authenticating communications over the Internet. SIP over TLS encrypts the SIP signaling messages between the service provider SIP proxy and the end user.

The Cisco IP Phone uses UDP as the standard for SIP transport, but the phone also supports SIP over TLS for added security.

The following table describes the two TLS layers.

Table 9: TLS Layers

Protocol Name	Description
TLS Record Protocol	Layered on a reliable transport protocol, such as SIP or TCH, this layer ensures that the connection is private through use of symmetric data encryption and it ensures that the connection is reliable.
TLS Handshake Protocol	Authenticates the server and client, and negotiates the encryption algorithm and cryptographic keys before the application protocol transmits or receives data.

Encrypt Signaling with SIP Over TLS

You can configure added security when you encrypt signaling messages with SIP over TLS.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120. See Transport Layer Security, on page 137

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, select TLS from the SIP Transport list.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<SIP_Transport_1_ ua="na">TLS</SIP_Transport_1_>
```

Options available:

- UDP
- TCP
- TLS
- Auto

Default: UDP.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure LDAP over TLS

You can configure LDAP over TLS (LDAPS) to enable secure data transmission between the server and a specific phone.



Attention

Cisco recommends leaving the authentication method to the default value of **None**. Next to the server field is an authentication field that uses the values **None**, **Simple**, or **DIGEST-MD5**. There is no **TLS** value for authentication. The software determines the authentication method from the LDAPS protocol in the server string.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2 In the **LDAP** section, enter a server address in the **Server** field.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<LDAP_Server ua="na">ldaps://10.45.76.79</LDAP_Server>
```

For example, enter ldaps://<ldaps server>[:port].

where:

- ldaps://= The start of the server address string.
- ldaps server = IP address or domain name
- port = Port number. Default: 636

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure StartTLS

You can enable Start Transport Layer Security (StartTLS) for the communications between the phone and the LDAP server. It uses the same network port (default 389) for both secure and insecure communications. If the LDAP server supports StartTLS, TLS encrypts the communications. Otherwise, the communications are in plaintext.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2 In the **LDAP** section, enter a server address in the **Server** field.

For example, enter ldap://<ldap server>[:port].

Where:

- ldap:// = The start of the server address string, scheme of the URL
- ldap server = IP address or domain name
- port = Port number

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<LDAP Server ua="na">ldap://<ldap server>[:port]</LDAP Server>
```

Step 3 Set the **StartTLS Enable** field to **Yes**.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<LDAP_StartTLS_Enable ua="na">Yes</LDAP_StartTLS_Enable>
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Related Topics

Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 392

HTTPS Provisioning

The phone supports HTTPS for provisioning for increased security in managing remotely deployed units. Each phone carries a unique SLL Client Certificate (and associated private key), in addition to a Sipura CA server root certificate. The latter allows the phone to recognize authorized provisioning servers, and reject non-authorized servers. On the other hand, the client certificate allows the provisioning server to identify the individual device that issues the request.

For a service provider to manage deployment by using HTTPS, a server certificate must be generated for each provisioning server to which a phone resyncs by using HTTPS. The server certificate must be signed by the Cisco Server CA Root Key, whose certificate is carried by all deployed units. To obtain a signed server certificate, the service provider must forward a certificate signing request to Cisco, which signs and returns the server certificate for installation on the provisioning server.

The provisioning server certificate must contain the Common Name (CN) field, and the FQDN of the host running the server in the subject. It might optionally contain information following the host FQDN, separated by a slash (/) character. The following examples are of CN entries that are accepted as valid by the phone:

```
CN=sprov.callme.com
CN=pv.telco.net/mailto:admin@telco.net
CN=prof.voice.com/info@voice.com
```

In addition to verifying the server certificate, the phone tests the server IP address against a DNS lookup of the server name that is specified in the server certificate.

Get a Signed Server Certificate

The OpenSSL utility can generate a certificate signing request. The following example shows the **openssl** command that produces a 1024-bit RSA public/private key pair and a certificate signing request:

```
openssl req -new -out provserver.csr
```

This command generates the server private key in **privkey.pem** and a corresponding certificate signing request in **provserver.csr**. The service provider keeps the **privkey.pem** secret and submits **provserver.csr** to Cisco for signing. Upon receiving the **provserver.csr** file, Cisco generates **provserver.crt**, the signed server certificate.

Procedure

Step 1 Navigate to https://software.cisco.com/software/cda/home and log in with your CCO credentials.

Note

When a phone connects to a network for the first time or after a factory reset, and there are no DHCP options set up, it contacts a device activation server for zero touch provisioning. New phones use "activate.cisco.com" instead of "webapps.cisco.com" for provisioning. Phones with firmware release earlier than 11.2(1) continues to use "webapps.cisco.com". We recommend that you allow both the domain names through your firewall.

Step 2 Select Certificate Management.

On the **Sign CSR** tab, the CSR of the previous step is uploaded for signing.

- From the Select Product drop-down list box, select SPA1xx firmware 1.3.3 and newer/SPA232D firmware 1.3.3 and newer/SPA5xx firmware 7.5.6 and newer/CP-78xx-3PCC/CP-88xx-3PCC.
- **Step 4** In the **CSR File** field, click **Browse** and select the CSR for signing.
- **Step 5** Select the encryption method:
 - MD5
 - SHA1
 - SHA256

Cisco recommends that you select SHA256 encryption.

- **Step 6** From the **Sign in Duration** drop-down list box, select the applicable duration (for example, 1 year).
- Step 7 Click Sign Certificate Request.
- **Step 8** Select one of the following options to receive the signed certificate:
 - Enter Recipient's Email Address—If you wish to receive the certificate via email, enter your email address in this field.

• **Download**—If you wish to download the signed certificate, select this option.

Step 9 Click Submit.

The signed server certificate is either emailed to the email address previously provided or downloaded.

Multiplatform Phone CA Client Root Certificate

Cisco also provides a Multiplatform Phone Client Root Certificate to the service provider. This root certificate certifies the authenticity of the client certificate that each phone carries. The Multiplatform Phones also support third-party signed certificates such as those provided by Verisign, Cybertrust, and so on.

The unique client certificate that each device offers during an HTTPS session carries identifying information that is embedded in its subject field. This information can be made available by the HTTPS server to a CGI script invoked to handle secure requests. In particular, the certificate subject indicates the unit product name (OU element), MAC address (S element), and serial number (L element).

The following example from the Cisco IP Phone 8841 Multiplatform Phones client certificate subject field shows these elements:

```
OU=CP-8841-3PCC, L=88012BA01234, S=000e08abcdef
```

To determine if a phone carries an individualized certificate, use the \$CCERT provisioning macro variable. The variable value expands to either Installed or Not Installed, according to the presence or absence of a unique client certificate. In the case of a generic certificate, it is possible to obtain the serial number of the unit from the HTTP request header in the User-Agent field.

HTTPS servers can be configured to request SSL certificates from connecting clients. If enabled, the server can use the Multiplatform Phone Client Root Certificate that Cisco supplies to verify the client certificate. The server can then provide the certificate information to a CGI for further processing.

The location for certificate storage may vary. For example, in an Apache installation, the file paths for storage of the provisioning server-signed certificate, its associated private key, and the Multiplatform Phone CA client root certificate are as follows:

```
# Server Certificate:
SSLCertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/provserver.crt
# Server Private Key:
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/httpd/conf/provserver.key
# Certificate Authority (CA):
SSLCACertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/spacroot.crt
```

For specific information, refer to the documentation for an HTTPS server.

The Cisco Client Certificate Root Authority signs each unique certificate. The corresponding root certificate is made available to service providers for client authentication purposes.

Redundant Provisioning Servers

The provisioning server can be specified as an IP address or as a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN). The use of an FQDN facilitates the deployment of redundant provisioning servers. When the provisioning server is identified through an FQDN, the phone attempts to resolve the FQDN to an IP address through DNS. Only DNS A-records are supported for provisioning; DNS SRV address resolution is not available for provisioning. The phone continues to process A-records until a server responds. If no server that is associated with the A-records responds, the phone logs an error to the syslog server.

Syslog Server

If a syslog server is configured on the phone through use of the <Syslog Server> parameters, the resync and upgrade operations send messages to the syslog server. A message can be generated at the start of a remote file request (configuration profile or firmware load), and at the conclusion of the operation (indicating either success or failure).

The logged messages are configured in the following parameters and macro expanded into the actual syslog messages:

- · Log Request Msg
- Log_Success_Msg
- · Log Failure Msg

Enable the Firewall

We have improved phone security by hardening the operating system. Hardening ensures that the phone has a firewall to protect it from malicious incoming traffic. The firewall tracks the ports for incoming and outgoing data. It detects incoming traffic from unexpected sources and blocks the access. Your firewall allows all outgoing traffic.

The firewall may dynamically unblock normally blocked ports. The outgoing TCP connection or UDP flow unblocks the port for return and continued traffic. The port is kept unblocked while flow is alive. The port reverts to blocked state when flow terminates or ages out.

The legacy setting, IPv6 Multicast Ping **Voice** > **System** > **IPv6 Settings** > **Broadcast Echo** continues to work independently of the new firewall settings.

Firewall configuration changes generally don't result in a phone restart. Phone soft restarts generally don't affect firewall operation.

The firewall is enabled by default. If it is disabled, you can enable it from the phone web page.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **System** > **Security Settings**.

Step 2 In the **Firewall** drop down list, select **Enabled**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Firewall ua="na">Enabled</firewall>

The allowed values are Disabled|Enabled. The default value is Enabled.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

This enables the firewall with its default open UDP and TCP ports.

Step 4 Select **Disabled** to disable the firewall if you wish your network to return to its prior behavior.

The following table describes the default open UDP ports.

Table 10: Firewall Default Open UDP Ports

Default Open UDP Port	Description
DHCP/DHCPv6	DHCP client Port 68
	DHCPv6 client Port 546
SIP/UDP	Configure the Port in Voice > Ext <n> > SIP Settings > SIP Port (example: 5060), when Line Enable is set to Yes, and SIP Transport is set to UDP or Auto.</n>
RTP/RTCP	UDP port range from RTP Port Min to RTP Port Max+1
PFS (Peer Firmware Sharing)	Port 4051, when Upgrade Enable and Peer Firmware Sharing are set to Yes .
TFTP clients	Ports 53240-53245. You need this port range if the remote server uses a port other than the standard TFTP port 69. You may turn it off if the server uses standard port 69. See Configure Your Firewall with Additional Options, on page 144.
TR-069	UDP/STUN port 7999, when Enable TR-069 is set to Yes .

The following table describes the default open TCP ports.

Table 11: Firewall Default Open TCP Ports

Default Open TCP Port	Description
Web server	Port configured via Web Server Port (default 80), when Enable Web Server is set to Yes .
PFS (Peer Firmware Sharing)	Ports 4051 and 6970, when both Upgrade Enable and Peer Firmware Sharing are set to Yes .
TR-069	HTTP/SOAP port in TR-069 Connection Request URL, when Enable TR-069 is set to Yes . The port is chosen randomly from the range 8000-9999.

Configure Your Firewall with Additional Options

You can configure additional options in the **Firewall Options** field. Type the keyword for each option in the field, and separate the keywords by commas (,). Some keywords have values. Separate the values by colons (:).

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- **Step 1** Go to Voice > System > Security Settings.
- **Step 2** Select **Enabled** for the **Firewall** field.
- **Step 3** In the **Firewall Options** field, enter the keywords. The list of ports applies to both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols.

When you enter the keywords,

- separate the keywords with commas (,).
- separate keywords values with colons (:).

Table 12: Firewall Optional Settings

Firewall Options Keywords	Description
Field is empty.	The firewall runs with default open ports.
NO_ICMP_PING	The firewall blocks incoming ICMP/ICMPv6 Echo requests (Ping).
	This option may break some types of traceroute requests to the phone. Windows tracert is one example.
	Example Firewall Options entry with a combination of options:
	NO_ICMP_PING,TCP:12000,UDP:8000:8010
	The firewall runs with default settings and the following additional options:
	Drops incoming ICMP/ICMPv6 Echo (Ping) requests.
	Opens TCP port 12000 (IPv4 and IPv6) for incoming connections.
	Opens UDP port range 8000-8010 (IPv4 and IPv6) for incoming requests.

Firewall Options Keywords	Description
NO_ICMP_UNREACHABLE	The phone doesn't send ICMP/ICMPv6 Destination Unreachable for UDP ports.
	Note The exception is to always send Destination Unreachable for ports in the RTP port range.
	This option may break some types of traceroute requests to the device. For example, Linux traceroute may break.
NO_CISCO_TFTP	• The phone doesn't open TFTP-client port-range (UDP 53240:53245).
	Requests to non-standard (non 69) TFTP server ports fail.
	Requests to standard TFTP server port 69 work.
The following keywords and options apply when the phone runs custom apps that handle incoming requests.	
UDP: <xxx></xxx>	Opens UDP port <xxx>.</xxx>
UDP: <xxx:yyy></xxx:yyy>	Opens UDP port-range, <xxx to="" yyy="">, inclusive.</xxx>
	You can have up to 5 UDP port options (single ports and port ranges). For example, you can have 3 UDP: <xxx> and 2 UDP:<xxx:yyy>.</xxx:yyy></xxx>
TCP: <xxx></xxx>	Opens TCP port <xxx>.</xxx>
TCP: <xxx:yyy></xxx:yyy>	Opens TCP port-range <xxx to="" yyy="">, inclusive.</xxx>
	You can have up to 5 TCP port options (single ports and port ranges). For example, you can have 4 TCP: <xxx> and one TCP:<xxx:yyy>.</xxx:yyy></xxx>

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Firewall_Config ua="na">NO_ICMP_PING</Firewall_Config>

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure the Cipher List

You can specify the cipher suites that the phone TLS applications use. The specified cipher list applies to all the applications that use the TLS protocol. The TLS applications on your phone include:

- Customer CA Provisioning
- E911 Geolocation
- Firmware/Cisco Headset Upgrade
- LDAPS

- LDAP (StartTLS)
- · Picture Download
- Logo Download
- · Dictionary Download
- Provisioning
- · Report Upload
- PRT Upload
- SIP over TLS
- TR-069
- · WebSocket API
- XML Services
- XSI Services

You can also specify the cipher suites with the TR-069 parameter

(Device.X_CISCO_SecuritySettings.TLSCipherList) or with the the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in the configuration file in this format:

```
<TLS Cipher List ua="na">RSA:!aNULL:!eNULL</TLS Cipher List>
```

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page, see Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **System**.
- Step 2 In the Security Settings section, enter the cipher suite or the combination of cipher suites in the TLS Cipher List field.

Example:

RSA: !aNULL: !eNULL

supports those cipher suites using RSA authentication, but excludes those cipher suites offering no encryption and authentication.

Note

A valid cipher list must follow the format defined at https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.1/man1/ciphers.html. Your phone doesn't support all the cipher strings listed on the OpenSSL web page. For the supported strings, see Supported Cipher Strings, on page 147.

If the value in the **TLS Cipher List** field is blank or invalid, the cipher suites used vary with applications. See the following list for the suites that the applications use when this field is with a blank or an invalid value.

- Web Server (HTTPS) applications use the following cipher suites:
 - ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

- ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- AES256-SHA
- AES128-SHA
- DES-CBC3-SHA
- XMPP uses the cipher list **HIGH: MEDIUM: AES: @STRENGTH**.
- SIP, TR-069, and other applications using the curl library use the **DEFAULT** cipher string. The **DEFAULT** cipher string contains the following cipher suites that the phone support:

```
DEFAULT Cipher Suites (28 suites):
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        DHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
        ECDHE RSA WITH CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
        DHE RSA WITH CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
        ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256
        DHE RSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384
        DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
        ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
        DHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
        DHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        DHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
        RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
        RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
        RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
        RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        EMPTY RENEGOTIATION INFO SCSV
```

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Supported Cipher Strings

The supported cipher strings listed following is based on the OpenSSL 1.1.1d standards.

Table 13: Supported Cipher Strings (OpenSSL 1.1.1d)

Strings	Strings	Strings
DEFAULT	kECDHE, kEECDH	CAMELLIA128, CAMELLIA256, CAMELLIA
COMPLEMENTOFDEFAULT	ECDHE, EECDH	CHACHA20

Strings	Strings	Strings
ALL	ECDH	SEED
COMPLEMENTOFALL	AECDH	MD5
HIGH	aRSA	SHA1, SHA
MEDIUM	aDSS, DSS	SHA256, SHA384
eNULL, NULL	aECDSA, ECDSA	SUITEB128, SUITEB128ONLY, SUITEB192
aNULL	TLSv1.2, TLSv1, SSLv3	
kRSA, RSA	AES128, AES256, AES	
kDHE, kEDH, DH	AESGCM	
DHE, EDH	AESCCM, AESCCM8	
ADH	ARIA128, ARIA256, ARIA	

Enable Hostname Verification for SIP over TLS

You can enable increased phone security on a phone line if you use TLS. The phone line can verify the hostname to determine if the connection is secure.

Over a TLS connection, the phone can verify the hostname to check the server identity. The phone can check both the Subject Alternative Name (SAN) and the Subject Common Name (CN). If the hostname on the valid certificate matches the hostname that is used to communicate with the server, the TLS connection establishes. Otherwise, the TLS connection fails.

The phone always verifies the hostname for the following applications:

- LDAPS
- LDAP (StartTLS)
- XMPP
- Image upgrade over HTTPS
- XSI over HTTPS
- File download over HTTPS
- TR-069

When a phone line transports SIP messages over TLS, you can configure the line to enable or bypass the hostname verification with the **TLS Name Validate** field on the **Ext(n)** tab.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

• On the Ext(n) tab, set SIP Transport to TLS.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Go to **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**.
- Step 2 In the Proxy and Registration section, set the TLS Name Validate field to Yes to enable the hostname verification, or No to bypass the hostname verification.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<TLS Name Validate 1 ua="na">Yes</TLS Name Validate 1 >
```

The allowed values are Yes or No. The default setting is Yes.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Client-Initiated Mode for Media Plane Security Negotiations

To protect media sessions, you can configure the phone to initiate media plane security negotiations with the server. The security mechanism follows the standards stated in RFC 3329 and its extension draft *Security Mechanism Names for Media* (See https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-dawes-sipcore-mediasec-parameter-08#ref-2). The transport of negotiations between the phone and the server can use SIP protocol over UDP, TCP, and TLS. You can limit that media plane security negotiation is applied only when the signaling transport protocol is TLS.

You can also configure the parameters in the configuration file (cfg.xml). To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation, on page 150.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice \geq Ext (n).
- Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, set the MediaSec Request and MediaSec Over TLS Only field as defined in Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation, on page 150
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters for media plane security negotiation in the **SIP Settings** section under the **Voice**> **Ext (n)** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 14: Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation

Parameter	Description
MediaSec Request	Specifies whether the phone initiates media plane security negotiations with the server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><mediasec_request_1_ ua="na">Yes</mediasec_request_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	• Yes—Client-initiated Mode. The phone initiates media plane security negotiations.
	• No—Server-initiated Mode. The server initiates media plane security negotiations. The phone doesn't initiate negotiations, but can handle negotiation requests from the server to establish secure calls.
	Default: No
MediaSec Over TLS Only	Specifies the signaling transport protocol over which media plane security negotiation is applied.
	Before setting this field to Yes , ensure that the signaling transport protocol is TLS.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><mediasec_over_tls_only_1_ ua="na">No</mediasec_over_tls_only_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	• Yes—The phone initiates or handles media plane security negotiations only when the signaling transport protocol is TLS.
	• No—The phone initiates and handles media plane security negotiations regardless of the signaling transport protocol.
	Default: No

802.1X Authentication

Cisco IP Phones use Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) to identify the LAN switch and determine parameters such as VLAN allocation and inline power requirements. CDP does not identify locally attached workstations. Cisco IP Phones provide an EAPOL pass-through mechanism. This mechanism allows a workstation attached to the Cisco IP Phone to pass EAPOL messages to the 802.1X authenticator at the LAN switch. The pass-through mechanism ensures that the IP phone does not act as the LAN switch to authenticate a data endpoint before accessing the network.

Cisco IP Phones also provide a proxy EAPOL Logoff mechanism. In the event that the locally attached PC disconnects from the IP phone, the LAN switch does not see the physical link fail, because the link between the LAN switch and the IP phone is maintained. To avoid compromising network integrity, the IP phone sends an EAPOL-Logoff message to the switch on behalf of the downstream PC, which triggers the LAN switch to clear the authentication entry for the downstream PC.

Support for 802.1X authentication requires several components:

- Cisco IP Phone: The phone initiates the request to access the network. Cisco IP Phones contain an 802.1X supplicant. This supplicant allows network administrators to control the connectivity of IP phones to the LAN switch ports. The current release of the phone 802.1X supplicant uses the EAP-FAST and EAP-TLS options for network authentication.
- Cisco Secure Access Control Server (ACS) (or other third-party authentication server): The authentication server and the phone must both be configured with a shared secret that authenticates the phone.
- A LAN switch supporting 802.1X: The switch acts as the authenticator and pass the messages between the phone and the authentication server. After the exchange completes, the switch grants or denies the phone access to the network.

You must perform the following actions to configure 802.1X.

- Configure the other components before you enable 802.1X Authentication on the phone.
- Configure PC Port: The 802.1X standard does not consider VLANs and thus recommends that only a
 single device should be authenticated to a specific switch port. However, some switches support
 multidomain authentication. The switch configuration determines whether you can connect a PC to the
 PC port of the phone.
 - Yes: If you are using a switch that supports multidomain authentication, you can enable the PC port
 and connect a PC to it. In this case, Cisco IP Phones support proxy EAPOL-Logoff to monitor the
 authentication exchanges between the switch and the attached PC.
 - No: If the switch does not support multiple 802.1X-compliant devices on the same port, you should disable the PC Port when 802.1X authentication is enabled. If you do not disable this port and subsequently attempt to attach a PC to it, the switch denies network access to both the phone and the PC.
- Configure Voice VLAN: Because the 802.1X standard does not account for VLANs, you should configure
 this setting based on the switch support.
 - Enabled: If you are using a switch that supports multidomain authentication, you can continue to use the voice VLAN.

• Disabled: If the switch does not support multidomain authentication, disable the Voice VLAN and consider assigning the port to the native VLAN.

Enable 802.1X Authentication

You can enable 802.1X authentication on the phone. When 802.1X authentication is enabled, the phone uses 802.1X authentication to request network access. When 802.1X authentication is turned off, the phone uses CDP to acquire VLAN and network access. You can also view the transaction status on the phone screen menu.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Perform one of the following actions to enable 802.1X authentication:
 - In the phone web interface, select **Voice** > **System** and set the **Enable 802.1X Authentication** field to **Yes**. Then, click **Submit All Changes**.
 - In the configuration file (cfg.xml), entering a string in this format:

```
<Enable 802.1X Authentication ua="rw">Yes</Enable 802.1X Authentication>
```

• On the phone, press **Applications** > **Network configuration** > **Ethernet configuration** > **802.1X** authentication. Then, toggle the **Device authentication** field to **On** with the **Select** button and press **Submit**.

- **Step 2** (Optional)Select **Transaction status** to view the following:
 - Transaction status: Displays the state of 802.1x authentication. The state can be
 - Authenticating: Indicates that the authentication process is in progress.
 - Authenticated: Indicates that the phone is authenticated.
 - Disabled: Indicates that 802.1x authentication is disabled on the phone.
 - **Protocol**: Displays the EAP method that is used for 802.1x authentication. The protocol can be EAP-FAST or EAP-TLS.
- Step 3 Press 5 to exit the menu.

Set Up a Proxy Server

You can configure the phone to use a proxy server to enhance security. A proxy server acts as a firewall between the phone and Internet. After successful configuration, the phone connects to Internet through the proxy server which protects the phone from cyber attack.

You can set up a proxy server by either using an automatic configuration script or manually configuring the host server (hostname or IP address) and port of the proxy server.

When configured, the HTTP proxy feature applies to all the applications that use the HTTP protocol. The applications include the following:

- GDS (Activation Code Onboarding)
- EDOS Device Activation
- Onboarding to Webex Cloud (via EDOS and GDS)
- Certificate Authentication
- Provisioning
- Firmware Upgrade
- Phone Status Report
- PRT Upload
- XSI Services
- Webex Services

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **System**.
- Step 2 In the section HTTP Proxy Settings, configure the parameter Proxy Mode and others according to your requirement. Detailed procedures are provided in the following steps.
- **Step 3** Do one of the following actions:
 - Proxy Mode is Auto:
 - If **Use Auto Discovery (WPAD)** is **Yes**, no further action is required. The phone will automatically retrieve a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file by the Web Proxy Auto-Discovery (WPAD) protocol.
 - If Use Auto Discovery (WPAD) is No, enter a valid URL in PAC URL.
 - Proxy Mode is Manual:
 - If **Proxy Server Requires Authentication** is **No**, enter a proxy server in **Proxy Host** and a proxy port in **Proxy Port**.
 - If Proxy Server Requires Authentication is Yes, enter a proxy server in Proxy Host and a proxy
 port in Proxy Port. And enter a username in Username and a password in Password.
 - Proxy Mode is Off, the HTTP proxy feature is disabled on the phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings, on page 154.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings

The following table defines the function and usage of the HTTP proxy parameters in the **HTTP Proxy Settings** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 15: Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Proxy Mode	Specifies the HTTP proxy mode that the phone uses, or disables the HTTP proxy feature.
	• Auto
	The phone automatically retrieves a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file to select a proxy server. In this mode, you can determine whether to use Web Proxy Auto-Discovery (WPAD) protocol to retrieve a PAC file or manually enter a valid URL of the PAC file.
	For details about the parameters, see Use Auto Discovery (WPAD) and PAC URL.
	• Manual
	You must manually specify a server (hostname or IP address) and a port of a proxy server.
	For details about the parameters, see Proxy Host and Proxy Port.
	• Off
	You disable the HTTP proxy feature on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_mode ua="rw">Off</proxy_mode>
	• On the phone web interface, select a proxy mode or disable the feature.
	Allowed values: Auto, Manual, and Off
	Default: Off

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Use Auto Discovery (WPAD)	Determines whether the phone uses the Web Proxy Auto-Discovery (WPAD) protocol to retrieve a PAC file.
	WPAD protocol uses DHCP or DNS, or both network protocols to locate a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file automatically. PAC file is used to select a proxy server for a given URL. This file can be hosted locally or on a network.
	• The parameter configuration takes effect when Proxy Mode is set to Auto .
	• If you set the parameter to No, you must specify a PAC URL.
	For details about the parameter, see PAC URL.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><use_auto_discoverywpad_ ua="rw">Yes</use_auto_discoverywpad_></pre>
	On the phone web interface, select Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
PAC URL	URL of a PAC file.
	For example, http://proxy.department.branch.example.com
	TFTP, HTTP, and HTTPS are supported.
	If you set the Proxy Mode to Auto and Use Auto Discovery (WPAD) to No , you must configure this parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><pac_url ua="rw">http://proxy.department.branch.example.com/pac</pac_url></pre>
	On the phone web interface, enter a valid URL that locates to a PAC file.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Proxy Host	IP address or hostname of the proxy host server for the phone to access. For example:
	proxy.example.com
	The scheme (http://or https://) is not required.
	If you set the Proxy Mode to Manual , you must configure this parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_host ua="rw">proxy.example.com</proxy_host></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, enter an IP address or hostname of the proxy server.
	Default: Empty
Proxy Port	Port number of the proxy host server.
	If you set the Proxy Mode to Manual , you must configure this parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_port ua="rw">3128</proxy_port></pre>
	On the phone web interface, enter a server port.
	Default: 3128
Proxy Server Requires Authentication	Determines whether the user needs to provide the authentication credentials (username and password) that the proxy server requires. This parameter is configured according to the actual behaviour of the proxy server.
	If you set the parameter to Yes , you must configure Username and Password .
	For details about the parameters, see Username and Password.
	The parameter configuration takes effect when Proxy Mode is set to Manual .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_server_requires_authentication ua="rw">No</proxy_server_requires_authentication></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, set this field Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes and No

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Username	Username for a credential user on the proxy server.
	If Proxy Mode is set to Manual and Proxy Server Requires Authentication is set to Yes , you must configure the parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_username ua="rw">Example</proxy_username></pre>
	On the phone web interface, enter the username.
	Default: Empty
Password	Password of the specified username for the proxy authentication purpose.
	If Proxy Mode is set to Manual and Proxy Server Requires Authentication is set to Yes , you must configure the parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_password ua="rw">Example</proxy_password></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, enter a valid password for the proxy authentication of the user.
	Default: Empty

Set Up a VPN Connection from the Phone

You can set up and enable the VPN connection from the phone.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select Network configuration > VPN settings.
- **Step 3** Enter the IP address or FQDN of a VPN server in **VPN server**.
- **Step 4** Enter the user credentials in **Username** and **Password**.
- **Step 5** (Optional) If needed, enter the name of a tunnel group in **Tunnel group**.

If the field is empty, this means no tunnel group is used for this VPN connection.

- **Step 6** Highlight **Connect to VPN on bootup**, press the **Select** button of the navigation cluster to select **On**.
- **Step 7** Press **Set** to save the settings.

Currently, the VPN settings are finished. You can manually reboot the phone to trigger the automatic connection to the VPN server. If you want to enable the VPN connection immediately, proceed with the next step.

Step 8 Highlight **Enable VPN connection**, select **On** to enable the VPN connection.

Note Once you set **Enable VPN connection** to **On**, the phone immediately tries to connect to the VPN server. During the process, the phone reboots automatically.

The VPN connection takes about one minute.

After the phone reboots, the VPN connection icon on the upper-right corner of the phone screen indicates that the VPN connection is established successfully.

If the VPN connection fails, the value of **Enable VPN connection** remains **Off**.

- **Step 9** (Optional) View the details of the VPN connection. For example, the current VPN connection status and VPN IP address. For details, see View the VPN Status, on page 158.
- **Step 10** (Optional) You can disable the VPN connection from the phone.
 - a) Press **Applications**
 - b) Select **Network configuration** > **VPN settings**.
 - c) Highlight Connect to VPN on bootup, select Off.
 - d) Highlight **Enable VPN connection**, select **Off** to disable the VPN connection. This causes an immediate reboot of the phone.

View the VPN Status

You can check the details of the VPN connection. For example, the current VPN status and VPN IP address of your phone.

You can also view the status from the phone web page by selecting **Info > Status > VPN Status**.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- Step 2 Select Status > VPN status.

You can view the following information:

- **VPN connection**—Indicates whether the phone connects to the VPN server. The status can be either Connected **or** Disconnected.
- VPN IP address—VPN IP address assigned from the VPN server.
- VPN subnet mask—VPN subnet mask assigned from the VPN server.
- **Sent bytes**—Total bytes the phone sent out to the network through the VPN server.
- Received bytes—Total bytes the phone received from the network through the VPN server.

Set Up a VPN Connection from the Phone Web Page

You can set up a VPN connection from the phone web page.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- Step 2 In the section VPN Settings, configure the parameters as defined in Parameters for VPN Settings, on page 159 table.
- **Step 3** Click **Submit All Changes** to save the changes.

The changes don't take effect immediately. You need to manually reboot the phone or enable the VPN connection from the phone to trigger the VPN connection.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for VPN Settings, on page 159 table.

- **Step 4** (Optional) After the phone reboots successfully, you can view the status and other details of the VPN connection under the **VPN Status** section from **Info** > **Status**.
- **Step 5** (Optional) If you want to disable the VPN connection, set the parameter **Connect on Bootup** to **No**, and then manually reboot the phone. For details, see Reboot the Phone from the Phone Web Page, on page 544.

Parameters for VPN Settings

The following table defines the function and usage of the VPN connection parameters in the **VPN Settings** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 16: Parameters for VPN Settings

Parameter	Description and Default Value
VPN Server	IP address or FQDN of the VPN server for the phone to access. For example:
	100.101.1.218 Or vpn_server.example.com
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><vpn_server ua="rw"><server fqdn="" ip="" or=""></server></vpn_server></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, enter an IP address or FQDN of the VPN server.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description and Default Value
VPN User Name	Username for a credential user on the VPN server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<vpn_user_name ua="rw">Example</vpn_user_name>
	• On the phone web interface, enter the username.
	Default: Empty
VPN Password	Password of the specified username to access the VPN server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<vpn_password ua="rw">Example</vpn_password>
	• On the phone web interface, enter the password.
	Default: Empty
VPN Tunnel Group	Tunnel group assigned to the VPN user.
	Tunnel group is used to identify the group policy for the VPN connection.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<vpn_tunnel_group ua="rw">Example</vpn_tunnel_group>
	On the phone web interface, enter the name of the tunnel group.
	Default: Empty
Connect on Bootup	Enables or disables the automatic connection to the VPN server after the phone reboots.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><connect_on_bootup ua="rw">No</connect_on_bootup></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, set this field Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Cisco Product Security Overview

This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to U.S. and local country laws that govern import, export, transfer, and use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic products does not imply third-party authority to import, export, distribute, or use encryption. Importers, exporters, distributors, and users are responsible for

compliance with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product, you agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable to comply with U.S. and local laws, return this product immediately.

Further information regarding U.S. export regulations can be found at https://www.bis.doc.gov/policiesandregulations/ear/index.htm.

Cisco Product Security Overview



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Phone Features and Setup Overview

After you install Cisco IP Phones in your network, configure their network settings, and add them to Third-Party Call Control System, you must use the Third-Party Call Control System to configure telephony features, optionally modify phone templates, set up services, and assign users.

You can modify additional settings for the Cisco IP Phone from Third-Party Call Control Configuration Utility. Use this web-based application to set up phone registration criteria and calling search spaces, to configure corporate directories and services, and to modify phone button templates, among other tasks.

Cisco IP Phone User Support

If you are a system administrator, you are likely the primary source of information for Cisco IP Phone users in your network or company. It is important to provide current and thorough information to end users.

To successfully use some of the features on the Cisco IP Phone (including Services and voice message system options), users must receive information from you or from your network team or must be able to contact you

for assistance. Make sure to provide users with the names of people to contact for assistance and with instructions for contacting those people.

We recommend that you create a web page on your internal support site that provides end users with important information about their Cisco IP Phones.

Consider including the following types of information on this site:

- User guides for all Cisco IP Phone models that you support
- Information on how to access the Cisco Unified Communications Self Care Portal
- List of features supported
- User guide or quick reference for your voicemail system

Telephony Features

After you add Cisco IP Phones to Third-Party Call Control system, you can add functionality to the phones. The following table includes a list of supported telephony features, many of which you can configure by using Third-Party Call Control system.



Note

The Third-Party Call Control system also provides several service parameters that you can use to configure various telephony functions.

Feature	Description and More Information
AES 256 Encryption Support for Phones	Enhances security by supporting TLS 1.2 and new ciphers.
Alphanumeric Dialing	Allows users to place a call with alphanumeric characters. You can use these characters for alphanumeric dialing: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, _, ., and +.
Any Call Pickup	Allows users to pick up a call on any line in their call pickup group, regardless of how the call was routed to the phone.
Assisted Directed Call Park	Enables users to park a call by pressing only one button using the Direct Park feature. Administrators must configure a Busy Lamp Field (BLF) Assisted Directed Call Park button. When users press an idle BLF Assisted Directed Call Park button for an active call, the active call is parked at the Direct Park slot associated with the Assisted Directed Call Park button.
Audio Settings	Configures audio settings for the phone speaker, the handset, and the headsets that are connected to the phone.
Auto Answer	Connects incoming calls automatically after a ring or two. Auto Answer works with either the speakerphone or the headset.

Feature	Description and More Information
Blind Transfer	Blind Transfer: This transfer joins two established calls (call is in hold or in connected state) into one call and drops the feature initiator from the call. Blind Transfer does not initiate a consultation call and does not put the active call on hold.
	Some JTAPI/TAPI applications are not compatible with the Join and Blind Transfer feature implementation on the Cisco IP Phone and you may need to configure the Join and Direct Transfer Policy to disable join and direct transfer on the same line or possibly across lines.
Busy Lamp Field (BLF)	Allows user to monitor call state of a directory number.
Busy Lamp Field (BLF) Pickup	Allows user to pick up incoming calls to the directory number monitored through BLF.
Call Back	Provides users with an audio and visual alert on the phone when a busy or unavailable party becomes available.
Call Display Restrictions	Determines the information that will display for calling or connected lines, depending on the parties who are involved in the call. RPID and PAID caller id handling are supported.
Call Forward	Allows users to redirect incoming calls to another number. Call Forward services include Call Forward All, Call Forward Busy, Call Forward No Answer.
Call Forward Destination Override	Allows you to override Call Forward All (CFA) in cases where the CFA target places a call to the CFA initiator. This feature allows the CFA target to reach the CFA initiator for important calls. The override works whether the CFA target phone number is internal or external.
Call Forward Notification	Allows you to configure the information that the user sees when receiving a forwarded call.
Call History for Shared Line	Allows you to view shared line activity in the phone Call History. This feature:
	Logs missed calls for a shared line.
	Logs all answered and placed calls for a shared line.
Call Park	Allows users to park (temporarily store) a call and then retrieve the call by using another phone.
Call Pickup	Allows users to redirect a call that is ringing on another phone within their pickup group to their phone.
	You can configure an audio and visual alert for the primary line on the phone. This alert notifies the users that a call is ringing in their pickup group.
Call Waiting	Indicates (and allows users to answer) an incoming call that rings while on another call. Incoming call information appears on the phone display.
Caller ID	Caller identification such as a phone number, name, or other descriptive text appear on the phone display.
Caller ID Blocking	Allows a user to block their phone number or name from phones that have caller identification enabled.

Feature	Description and More Information
Calling Party Normalization	Calling party normalization presents phone calls to the user with a dialable phone number. Any escape codes are added to the number so that the user can easily connect to the caller again. The dialable number is saved in the call history and can be saved in the Personal Address Book.
Cisco Extension Mobility	Allows users to temporarily access their Cisco IP Phone configuration such as line appearances, services, and speed dials from shared Cisco IP Phone by logging into the Cisco Extension Mobility service on that phone when they log into the Cisco Extension Mobility service on that phone.
	Cisco Extension Mobility can be useful if users work from a variety of locations within your company or if they share a workspace with coworkers.
Cisco Extension Mobility Cross Cluster (EMCC)	Enables a user configured in one cluster to log into a Cisco IP Phone in another cluster. Users from a home cluster log into a Cisco IP Phone at a visiting cluster.
	Note Configure Cisco Extension Mobility on Cisco IP Phones before you configure EMCC.
Cisco Unified Video Advantage (CUVA)	Allows users to make video calls by using a Cisco IP Phone, a personal computer, and an external video camera.
	Note Configure the Video Capabilities parameter in the Product Specific Configuration Layout section in Phone Configuration.
	See the Cisco Unified Video Advantage documentation.
Cisco WebDialer	Allows users to make calls from web and desktop applications.
Classic Ringtone	Supports narrowband and wideband ringtones. The feature makes the available ringtones common with other Cisco IP Phones.
Client Matter Code (CMC)	Enables a user to specify that a call relates to a specific client matter.
Conference	Allows a user to talk simultaneously with multiple parties by calling each participant individually.
	Allows a noninitiator in a standard (adhoc) conference to add or remove participants; also allows any conference participant to join together two standard conferences on the same line.
	Note Be sure to inform your users whether these features are activated.
Configurable RTP/sRTP Port Range	Provides a configurable port range (Port Min to Port Max) for Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) and secure Real-Time Transport Protocol (sRTP).
	The value range for the Port Min and Port Max is 2048 to 49151.
	The default RTP and sRTP port range is 16384 to 16482.
	Note If the value range (Port Max - Port Min) is less than 16 or you use an incorrect port range, the port range (16382 to 32766) is used instead.
	You configure the RTP and sRTP port range in the SIP Profile.

Feature	Description and More Information
Contacts Management of the BroadSoft Personal Directory on the Phone	Provides the user with the ability to add, edit, and delete in the BroadSoft Personal directory. Allows the user to add contacts from recent calls or any types of directories (if enabled).
	In addition administrator can set the BroadSoft Personal directory as the target directory to store new contacts.
CTI Applications	A computer telephony integration (CTI) route point can designate a virtual device to receive multiple, simultaneous calls for application-controlled redirection.
Device Invoked Recording	Provides end users with the ability to record their telephone calls via a softkey.
	In addition administrators may continue to record telephone calls via the CTI User Interface.
Directed Call Park	Allows a user to transfer an active call to an available directed call park number that the user dials or speed dials. A Call Park BLF button indicates whether a directed call park number is occupied and provides speed-dial access to the directed call park number.
	Note If you implement Directed Call Park, avoid configuring the Park softkey. This prevents users from confusing the two Call Park features.
Directed Call Pickup	Allows a user to pick up a ringing call on a DN directly by pressing the GPickUp softkey and entering the directory number of the device that is ringing.
Divert	Allows a user to transfer a ringing, connected, or held call directly to a voice-messaging system. When a call is diverted, the line becomes available to make or receive new calls.
Do Not Disturb (DND)	When DND is turned on, either no audible rings occur during the ringing-in state of a call, or no audible or visual notifications of any type occur.
DND and Call Forward Indication on Non-selected Line Key	Displays the DND and call forward icons next the to the line key label. The line key should be enabled with feature key sync. The line key should also be enabled with DND or call forward.
Emergency Calls	Enables users to make emergency calls. The emergency services receive the phone's location and a call-back number, to use when the emergency call unexpectedly disconnects.
EnergyWise	Enables an IP Phone to sleep (power down) and wake (power up) at predetermined times, to promote energy savings.
Enhanced Secure Extension Mobility Cross Cluster (EMCC)	Improves the Secure Extension Mobility Cross Cluster (EMCC) feature by preserving the network and security configurations on the login phone. By so doing, security policies are maintained, network bandwidth is preserved and network failure is avoided within the visiting cluster (VC).
Extension Mobility Size Safe and Feature Safe	With Feature Safe, your phone can use any phone button template that has the same number of line buttons that the phone model supports.
	Size Safe allows your phone to use any phone button template that is configured on the system.
Executive-Assistant	Indicates shared call control for executives and their assistants.

Feature	Description and More Information
Executive-Assistant Setting Enhancements	Allows you to show or hide the Call filter menu item on the phone for the users of the assistant role.
	Enables the executive to set the call filtering criteria and view the associated assistants.
	Enables the assistant to view the associated executives and choose to opt in to or opt out of the executive's assistants pool. Allows the assistant to activate or deactivate call diversion and call filtering.
Forced Authorization Code (FAC)	Controls the types of calls that certain users can place.
Feature Activation Code	Allows a user to enable, disable, or configure the Call Forward All service.
Headset Sidetone Control	Allows an administrator to set the sidetone level of a wired headset.
Group Call Pickup	Allows a user to answer a call that is ringing on a directory number in another group.
Hold Status	Enables phones with a shared line to distinguish between the local and remote lines that placed a call on hold.
Hold/Resume	Allows the user to move a connected call from an active state to a held state. • No configurations are required unless you want to use Music On Hold. See "Music On Hold" in this table.
	See "Hold Reversion" in this table.
HTTP Download	Enhances the file download process to the phone to use HTTP by default. If the HTTP download fails, the phone reverts to using the TFTP download.
HTTP Proxy	Allows you to set up a proxy server for the phone.
HTTPS for Phone Services	Increases security by requiring communication using HTTPS.
	Note When the web is in HTTPS mode, the phone is an HTTPS server.
Improve Caller Name and Number Display	Improves the display of caller names and numbers. If the Caller Name is known, then the Caller Number is displayed instead of Unknown.
IPv6 Support	Provides support for expanded IP addressing on Cisco IP Phones. IPv6 support is provided in standalone or in dual-stack configurations. In dual-stack mode, the phone is able to communicate using IPv4 and IPv6 simultaneously, independent of the content.
Jitter Buffer	The Jitter Buffer feature handles jitter from 10 milliseconds (ms) to 1000 ms for both audio and video streams.
Join Across Lines	Allows users to combine calls that are on multiple phone lines to create a conference call.
	Some JTAPI/TAPI applications are not compatible with the Join and Direct Transfer feature implementation on the Cisco IP Phone and you may need to configure the Join and Direct Transfer Policy to disable join and direct transfer on the same line or possibly across lines.

Feature	Description and More Information
Join	Allows users to combine two calls that are on one line to create a conference call and remain on thecall.
Line Display Enhancement	Improves Call Display by removing the central dividing line when it is not required. This feature applies to the Cisco IP Phone 7841 only.
Log out of hunt groups	Allows users to log out of a hunt group and temporarily block calls from ringing their phone when they are not available to take calls. Logging out of hunt groups does not prevent nonhunt group calls from ringing their phone.
Malicious Caller Identification (MCID)	Allows users to notify the system administrator about suspicious calls that are received.
Meet Me Conference	Allows a user to host a Meet Me conference in which other participants call a predetermined number at a scheduled time.
Message Waiting	Defines directory numbers for message waiting on and off indicators. A directly-connected voice-message system uses the specified directory number to set or to clear a message waiting indication for a particular Cisco IP Phone.
Message Waiting Indicator	A light on the handset that indicates that a user has one or more new voice messages.
	A line key LED or a KEM key LED that indicates that a monitored voicemail user or group has one or more new voice messages.
Minimum Ring Volume	Sets a minimum ringer volume level for an IP phone.
Missed Call Logging	Allows a user to specify whether missed calls will be logged in the missed calls directory for a given line appearance.
Mobile Connect	Enables users to manage business calls using a single phone number and pick up in-progress calls on the desk phone and a remote device such as a mobile phone. Users can restrict the group of callers according to phone number and time of day.
Mobile Voice Access	Extends Mobile Connect capabilities by allowing users to access an interactive voice response (IVR) system to originate a call from a remote device such as a cellular phone.
Monitoring and Recording	Allows a supervisor to silently monitor an active call. The supervisor cannot be heard by either party on the call. The user might hear a monitoring audible alert tone during a call when it is being monitored.
	When a call is secured, the security status of the call is displayed as a lock icon on Cisco IP Phones. The connected parties might also hear an audible alert tone that indicates the call is secured and is being monitored.
	When an active call is being monitored or recorded, the use can receive or place intercom calls; however, if the user place an intercom call, the active call will be put on hold, which causes the recording session to terminate and the monitoring session to suspend. To resume the monitoring session, the party whose call is being monitored must resume the call.
Multicasting Paging	Enables users to page some or all phones. If the phone is on an active call while a group page starts, the incoming page is ignored.

Feature	Description and More Information
Multiple Calls Per Line Appearance	Each line can support multiple calls. By default, the phone supports two active calls per line, and a maximum of ten active calls per line. Only one call can be connected at any time; other calls are automatically placed on hold.
	The system allows you to configure maximum calls/busy trigger not more than 10/6. Any configuration more than 10/6 is not officially supported.
Music On Hold	Plays music while callers are on hold.
Mute	Mutes the handset or headset microphone.
No Alert Name	Makes it easier for end users to identify transferred calls by displaying the original caller's phone number. The call appears as an Alert Call followed by the caller's telephone number.
Noise Removal	Allows a user to filter out background noises (such as, keyboard typing, dog barking, clapping, and so on) in a call or meeting.
Onhook Dialing	Allows a user to dial a number without going off hook. The user can then either pick up the handset or press Dial.
Other Group Pickup	Allows a user to answer a call ringing on a phone in another group that is associated with the user's group.
Pause in Speed Dial	Users can set up the speed-dial feature to reach destinations that require Forced Authorization Code (FAC) or Client Matter Code (CMC), dialing pauses, and additional digits (such as a user extension, a meeting access code, or a voicemail PIN) without manual intervention. When the user presses the speed dial, the phone establishes the call to the specified DN and sends the specified FAC, CMC, and DTMF digits to the destination and inserts the necessary dialing pauses.
Peer Firmware Sharing (PFS)	Allows IP Phones located at remote sites to share the firmware files amongst them, which saves bandwidth when the upgrade process takes place. This feature uses Cisco Peer-to-Peer-Distribution Protocol (CPPDP) which is a Cisco proprietary protocol used to form a peer-to-peer hierarchy of devices. CPPDP is also used to copy firmware or other files from peer devices to the neighbouring devices.
	PFS aids in firmware upgrades in branch/remote office deployment scenarios that run over bandwidth-limited WAN links.
	Provides the following advantages over the traditional upgrade method:
	Limits congestion on TFTP transfers to centralized remote TFTP servers
	Eliminates the need to manually control firmware upgrades
	• Reduces phone downtime during upgrades when large numbers of devices are reset simultaneously
	The more the number of IP phones, the better it's performance compared to the traditional firmware upgrade method.
PLK Support for Queue Statistics	The PLK Support for Queue Statistics feature enables the users to query the call queue statistics for hunt pilots and the information appears on phone screen.

Feature	Description and More Information
Plus Dialing	Allows the user to dial E.164 numbers prefixed with a plus (+) sign.
	To dial the + sign, the user needs to press and hold the star (*) key for at least 1 second. This applies to dialing the first digit for an on-hook (including edit mode) or off-hook call.
Power Negotiation over LLDP	Allows the phone to negotiate power using Link Level Endpoint Discovery Protocol (LLDP) and Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP).
Problem Reporting Tool	Submits phone logs or reports problems to an administrator.
Programmable Feature Buttons	You can assign features, such as New Call, Call Back, and Call Forward All to line buttons.
Quality Reporting Tool (QRT)	Allows users to submit information about problem phone calls by pressing a button. QRT can be configured for either of two user modes, depending upon the amount of user interaction desired with QRT.
Redial	Allows users to call the most recently dialed phone number by pressing a button or the Redial softkey.
Remote Customization (RC)	Allows a service provider to customize the phone remotely. There is no need for either the service provider to physically touch the phone or a user to configure the phone. The service provider can work with a sales engineer at the time of ordering to set this up.
Ringtone Setting	Identifies ring type used for a line when a phone has another active call.
Reverse Name Lookup	Identifies the caller name using the incoming or outgoing call number. You must configure either the LDAP Directory or the XML directory. You can enable or disable the reverse name lookup using the phone administration web page.
RTCP Hold For SIP	Ensures that held calls are not dropped by the gateway. The gateway checks the status of the RTCP port to determine if a call is active or not. By keeping the phone port open, the gateway will not end held calls.
Secure Conference	Allows secure phones to place conference calls using a secured conference bridge. As new participants are added by using Confrn, Join, cBarge softkeys or MeetMe conferencing, the secure call icon displays as long as all participants use secure phones.
	The Conference List displays the security level of each conference participant. Initiators can remove nonsecure participants from the Conference List. Noninitiators can add or remove conference participants if the Advanced Adhoc Conference Enabled parameter is set.
Serviceability for SIP Endpoints	Enables administrators to quickly and easily gather debug information from phones.
	This feature uses SSH to remotely access each IP phone. SSH must be enabled on each phone for this feature to function.
Shared Line	Allows a user with multiple phones to share the same phone number or allows a user to share a phone number with a coworker.

Feature	Description and More Information
Show Caller Name and Caller Number	The phones can display both the caller name and caller number for incoming calls. The phone screen size limits the length of the caller name and the caller number that display.
	If boxes are displayed in the caller name, follow the procedure in Display Caller Number Instead of Unresolved Caller Name, on page 282.
	This feature applies to the incoming call alert only and doesn't change the Call Forward and Hunt Group features.
	See "Caller ID" in this table.
Show Product Configuration Version	Allows you to customize the product configuration version that shows on the phone screen Product information .
Show Duration for Call History	Displays the time duration of placed and received calls in the Call History details.
	If the duration is greater than or equal to one hour, the time is displayed in the Hour, Minute, Second (HH:MM:SS) format.
	If the duration is less than one hour, the time is displayed in the Minute, Second (MM:SS) format.
	If the duration is less than one minute, the time is displayed in the Second (SS) format.
Silence Incoming Call	Allows you to silence an incoming call by pressing Ignore softkey or by pressing the volume button down.
SIP Transport Auto-Selection	Configures the phone to select the appropriate SIP transport protocol automatically, based on the NAPTR records on the DNS server.
	See Configure the SIP Transport, on page 230.
Speed Dial	Dials a specified number that has been previously stored.
Support Executive and Assistant Roles for a User	Allows you to set the preference for the executive-assistant role. The phone can select the role when it retrieves both roles from the BroadWorks server.
Synchronization of Call Waiting and Anonymous Call Rejection	Allows you to enable or disable synchronization of the Call Waiting and Anonymous Call Rejection functions between a specific line and a BroadSoft XSI server.
Time Zone Update	Updates the Cisco IP Phone with time zone changes.
Transfer	Allows users to redirect connected calls from their phones to another number.
	Some JTAPI/TAPI applications are not compatible with the Join and Direct Transfer feature implementation on the Cisco IP Phone and you may need to configure the Join and Direct Transfer Policy to disable join and direct transfer on the same line or possibly across lines.
Voice/Video data priorities	Enables you to prioritise voice or video data in limited bandwidth conditions, by specifying different ToS field values for voice and video packets.
Voice Message System	Enables callers to leave messages if calls are unanswered.
VPN Connection	Allows you to set up a VPN connection for the phone.

Feature	Description and More Information
Web Access Enable by Default	Web services are enabled by default.
XSI call logs display	Allows you to configure a phone to display recent call logs from either the BroadWorks server or the local phone. After you enable the feature, the Recents screen has a Display recents from menu and the user can choose the XSI call logs or the local call logs.

Feature Buttons and Softkeys

The following table provides information about features that are available on softkeys, features that are available on dedicated feature buttons, and features that you need to configure as programmable feature buttons. A "Supported" entry in the table indicates that the feature is supported for the corresponding button type or softkey. Of the two button types and softkeys, only programmable feature buttons require configuration in Cisco IP Phone administration.

Table 17: Features with Corresponding Buttons and Softkeys

Feature Name	Dedicated Feature Button	Programmable Feature Button	Softkey
Answer		Supported	Supported
Call Back		Supported	Supported
Call Forward All		Supported	Supported
Call Forward Busy		Supported	Supported
Call Forward No Answer		Supported	Supported
Call Park		Supported	Supported
Call Park Line Status		Supported	
Call Pickup (Pick Up)		Supported	Supported
Call Pickup Line Status		Supported	
Category		Not supported	Supported
Conference	Supported		Supported (only displayed during connected call conference scenario)
Divert			Supported
Do Not Disturb		Supported	Supported
Executive - Join ongoing call		Supported	Supported

Feature Name	Dedicated Feature Button	Programmable Feature Button	Softkey
Executive - Call filtering activation and deactivation			Supported
Executive - Call filtering status		Supported	
Executive - Call transfer to self		Supported	Supported
Executive - Access to Settings > Executive menu		Supported	
Executive Assistant - Call diversion activation and deactivation			Supported
Executive Assistant - Call filtering activation and deactivation			Supported
Executive Assistant - Call initiation on behalf of executive		Supported	Supported
Executive Assistant - Call transfer to executive		Supported	Supported
Executive Assistant - Access to Settings > Assistant menu		Supported	
Group Pickup (Group Pick Up)		Supported	Supported
Hold	Supported		Supported
Hunt Groups		Supported	Supported
Intercom		Supported	
Malicious Call Identification (MCID)		Supported	Supported
Meet Me		Supported	Supported
Mobile Connect (Mobility)		Supported	Supported
Mute	Supported		

Feature Name	Dedicated Feature Button	Programmable Feature Button	Softkey
Other Pickup		Supported	Supported
PLK Support for Queue Status		Supported	Supported
Privacy		Supported	
Queue Status		Supported	
Quality Reporting Tool (QRT)		Supported	Supported
Record	Not supported	Not supported	Supported
Redial		Supported	Supported
Speed Dial		Supported	Supported
Speed Dial Line Status		Supported	
Transfer	Supported		Supported (only displayed during connected call transfer scenario)

Enable the User to Configure Features on Line Keys

You can enable the user to configure features on line keys. The user can then add any of the configured features to the dedicated line keys. For the supported features, see Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

For the phones with a key expansion module, the user can configure the features on the key expansion module keys. For more information, see Enable the User to Configure Features on Key Expansion Module Line Keys, on page 607.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Ensure that the line keys are not in the Inert mode.

Procedure

Step 1 (Optional) Disable the extension of a line key on which you allow users to configure the features.

Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to allow users to configure the features on the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

a) Select Voice > Phone.

- b) Select a line key.
- c) Set the Extension to Disabled.

You can also disable the line key in the configuration file (cfg.xml):

```
<Extension n ua="na">Disabled</extension n >
```

where n is the extension number.

- **Step 2** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- In the General section, configure the Customizable PLK Options parameter with the codes of your desired features, as defined in Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

Example: You configure this parameter with blf; sd; mwi; shortcut; dnd;. The user does a long-press on an unassigned line key to see the feature list. The feature list looks like:

- 1 None
- 2 Speed dial
- 3 BLF presence
- 4 BLF + Speed dial
- 5 MWI
- 6 MWI + Speed dial
- 7 Menu shortcut
- 8 Do not disturb

The user can then select a feature or a menu shortcut to add to the line key.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Customizable PLK Options ua="na">mwi;sd;blf;shortcut;dnd;</Customizable PLK Options>

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Features on Line Keys

The following table defines the function and usage of the speed dial parameters in the **Line Key (n)** sections under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 18: Parameters for Features on Line Keys

Parameter	Description and default value
Extension	Assigns an extension number to a line key or disables the extension function on a line key.
	The number of line keys varies with phone models. When assigned with an extension number, you can configure the line key as a telephony extension. You can assign the line key with extended functions, for example, speed dial, Busy Lamp Field, and call pickup.
	By default, you don't need to disable the extension to assign the line key with extended functions. However, if the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to achieve the assignment. For more information about how to enable the feature, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<extension_1_ ua="na">1</extension_1_>
	<extension_2_ ua="na">2</extension_2_>
	<extension_3_ ua="na">3</extension_3_>
	<extension_4_ ua="na">Disabled</extension_4_>
	• On the phone web interface, select a number or Disabled from the options.
	Allowed values: Disabled 1 2 3 4, the allowed values vary with phones.
	Default: n, where n is the line key number.

Parameter	Description and default value	
Extended Function	Used to assign extended functions to a line key on the phone. The supported functions are:	
	Busy Lamp Field (BLF)	
	Example: fnc=blf;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;usr=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	BLF with Call Pickup	
	Example: fnc=blf+cp;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;usr=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	• Speed Dial	
	Example: fnc=sd;usr=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	BLF with Speed Dial	
	Example: fnc=blf+sd;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;usr=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	BLF with Speed Dial and Call Pickup	
	Example: fnc=blf+sd+cp;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;usr=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, the parameter is available only when the Extension of the line key is set to Disabled .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><extended_function_1_>fnc=sd;ext=user_ID@\$PROXY</extended_function_1_></pre>	
	• On the phone web interface, specify the functions that apply to the line key.	
	Default: Empty	

Configure Speed Dial on a Line Key

You can configure speed dial on an idle line of a user phone. The user can then use that line key to speed-dial a number. When you enable the speed dial on the line key, the user sees the speed-dial icon, a name, and an extension number for the speed dial line key. The user presses the line key to dial the assigned extension.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key on which to configure speed-dial.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note

If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to configure speed dial on the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension 2 ua="na">Disabled</Extension 2 >
```

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

fnc=sd;ext=9999@\$PROXY;nme=xxxx

If you configure a phone with alphanumeric dialing feature in which the phone can place a call with alphanumeric characters instead of the traditional digits, you can enter a string in this format:

fnc=sd;ext=xxxx.yyyy@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=xxxx

where:

- fnc= sd means function=speed dial
- ext= 9999 is the phone that the line key calls. Replace 9999 with appropriate phone number. ext= xxxx.yyyy is the phone that the line key calls. Replace xxxx.yyyy with alphanumeric characters. You can use these characters for alphanumeric dialing: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, ., and +.
- vid=n is the line index of the phone.
- nme= XXXX is the name displayed on the phone for the speed-dial line key. Replace XXXX with a name.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extended_Function_2_ ua="na">fnc=sd;ext=9999@$PROXY;nme=xxxx</Extended_Function_2_>
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Assign a Speed Dial Number

You can configure speed dials on the phone with the web interface. The user can see the configured speed dials on the phone and can use the speed dial number to call the corresponding contact.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **User**.

Step 2 In the Speed Dial section, enter a name in Speed Dial (n) Name and the number in Speed Dial (n) Number that corresponds to the speed dial entry.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. The speed dial parameters are line-specific. Enter a string in the format

```
<Speed_Dial_1_Name ua="rw">John Wood</Speed_Dial_1_Name>
<Speed Dial 1 Number ua="rw">12345678</Speed Dial 1 Number>
```

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

DTMF Wait and Pause Parameters

Speed dial, directory, extended function, and other strings configured in the phone can include wait (**X**) and pause (,) characters. These characters that allow manual and automatic DTMF (Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency) signal transmission.

You can add the wait and pause character with speed-dial, extended function, or directory strings in the format:

```
{Dial_String}[ ][,|X][DTMF_string][,|X][DTMF_string]
```

where:

- Dial String—is the number that the user is trying to reach. For example, 8537777 or 14088537777.
- [](space)—is a dial termination character that defines or delimits the end of the dial string. The space is mandatory. If the phone encounters an X or a comma (,) before the space, the characters are treated as part of dial string.
- , (comma)—is a 2-second pause that is inserted for each comma in the string.
- X (wait)—indicates that the phone is waits for user input and acknowledgement.

When the user manually enters the DTMF signal with the key pad, the user sees a message to acknowledge that the transmission of the manual entry is complete. On confirmation, the phone sends any DTMF signals defined by the *DTMF_string*. The phone executes the next parameter. If there are no more parameters in the dial string to execute, the phone exists to the main screen.

The wait prompt window does not disappear until the user confirms the wait prompt or the call is ended either by the user or ended by the remote device.

• DTMF_string—is the DTMF signals that a user sends to a remote device after the call is connected. The phone cannot send signals other than valid DTMF signals.

Example:

18887225555,,5552X2222

A speed dial entry triggers the phone to dial 18887225555. The space indicates the end of the dial string. The phone waits 4 seconds (2 commas), and then sends the DTMF signals 5552.

A message is displayed, prompting the user to manually enter digits. When the user finishes dialing the digits, the user presses **OK** to confirm the manual input is complete. The phone sends the DTMF signals 2222.

Usage Guidelines

A user can transmit digits any time, as long as the call is connected.

The maximum length of the string, including the Xs or commas (,), is limited to the length of a speed-dial entry, dial screen entry, directory entry, and other dialed strings.

When a wait is initiated, the phone displays the home screen and prompts the user to input more digits with the key pad. If this action occurs while the user is editing an entry, the edits might be lost.

If only the first part of a dial string matches a dial plan when the call is dialed, the portion of the dial string that does not match the dial string is ignored. For example:

85377776666,,1,23

If 8537777 matches a dial plan, the characters 6666 are ignored. The phone waits 4 seconds before sending DTMF 1. It then wait 2 seconds and sends DTMF 23.

When logging the call, the phone only logs the dial string; the DTMF strings are not logged.

Valid DTMF signals are 0-9, *, or #. All other characters are ignored.

Limitations

When the call is connected and immediately transferred, the phone might not be able to process the DTMF signals. This depends on the length of time that the call is connected before it is transferred.

Phone Configuration for Monitoring Other Phones

You can configure the phone to monitor the status of lines on other phones. This feature is useful if users routinely handle calls for colleagues and need to see if they are available to answer calls. The phone monitors each line on a separate line key. The monitoring line keys function as Busy Lamp Field (BLF) keys. A BLF is an LED that changes color to indicate the status of the monitored line:

Table 19: BLF Key LED Status

LED Color	Meaning
Green	The monitored line is available.
Red	The monitored line is busy.
Blinking red	The monitored line is ringing.
Amber	Error in BLF key configuration.

If the phone is registered to a BroadSoft server, you can set up the phone to monitor multiple users, with a single set of configurations.

Configure the Phone to Monitor Multiple Users' Lines

If the phone is registered to a BroadSoft server, you can configure the phone to monitor the entire BLF list. The phone assigns available line keys in sequence to monitor the BLF list entries, and starts showing the status of the monitored lines on the BLF keys.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Monitoring Multiple Users' Lines, on page 183.

Before you begin

• Ensure that the phone is registered to a BroadSoft server.

- You set up a BLF list for a user of the phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Ensure that the monitored lines on the BLF keys are not in the Inert mode.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- Step 2 Configure BLF List URI, Use Line Keys For BLF List, BLF List, and BLF Label Display Mode as described in Parameters for Monitoring Multiple Users' Lines, on page 183.

If you allow users to configure individual BLF keys (see Enable the User to Configure Features on Line Keys, on page 176), we recommend setting **BLF List** to **Hide**.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Monitoring Multiple Users' Lines

The following table defines the function and usage of the BLF parameters in the **General** section under the **Voice** > **Att Console** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 20: Parameters for Monitoring Multiple Users' Lines

Parameter	Description and default value
BLF List URI	The Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the Busy Lamp Field (BLF) list that you have set up for a user of the phone, on the BroadSoft server.
	This field is only applicable if the phone is registered to a BroadSoft server. The BLF list is the list of users whose lines the phone is allowed to monitor. See Phone Configuration for Monitoring Other Phones, on page 182 for details.
	The BLF List URI must be specified in the format <uri_name>@<server></server></uri_name> . The BLF List URI specified must be the same as the value configured for the List URI : sip parameter on the BroadSoft server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><blf_list_uri ua="na">MonitoredUsersList@sipurash22.com</blf_list_uri></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, specify the BLF list that is defined on the BroadSoft server.
	Default: Blank

Parameter	Description and default value
Use Line Keys For BLF List	Controls whether the phone uses its line keys to monitor the BLF list, when monitoring of the BLF list is active.
	When set to No , the phone uses only the Key Expansion Module keys to monitor the BLF list.
	This setting only has significance when BLF List is set to Show .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><use_line_keys_for_blf_list ua="na">Yes</use_line_keys_for_blf_list></pre>
	• On the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to use the unregistered line keys to monitor the BLF list entries. Set it to No to prevent the line keys from being used for monitoring the BLF list entries.
	Default: No
BLF List	Activates or deactivates monitoring of the BLF list.
	When set to Show , the phone assigns available line keys or the Key Expansion Module keys in sequence, to monitor the BLF list entries. The labels of the BLF list keys show the names of the monitored users and the status of the monitored lines.
	This setting only has significance when BLF List URI is configured.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<blf_list ua="rw">Show</blf_list>
	On the phone web interface, set this field to Show or Hide to activate or deactivate the BLF monitoring feature.
	Allowed values: Show Hide
	Default: Show
BLF Label Display Mode	Specifies how the BLF entries are displayed on the line keys or on the Key Expansion Module keys . The options are: Name , Ext (extention number), and Both .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<blf_label_display_mode ua="na">Name</blf_label_display_mode>
	On the phone web interface, select an option from the list.
	Allowed values: Name Ext Both
	Default: Name

Configure a Line Key on the Phone to Monitor a Single User's Line

You can configure busy lamp field on a phone line when a user needs to monitor a coworker's availability to handle calls.

You can configure the busy lamp field to work with any combination of speed dial or call pickup. For example, busy lamp field alone, busy lamp field and speed dial, busy lamp field and call pickup, or busy lamp field, speed dial, and call pickup can all be configured to work together. But speed dial alone requires a different configuration.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Monitoring a Single Line, on page 185.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Ensure that the line key on which to configure a busy lamp field is not in the Inert mode.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key on which to configure a busy lamp field.
- Step 3 Configure the Extension, Extended Function, fields as definined in Parameters for Monitoring a Single Line, on page 185.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Monitoring a Single Line

The following table defines the function and usage of the Busy Lamp Field (BLF) parameters in the **Line Key** (n) sections under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 21: Parameters for Monitoring a Single Line

Parameter	Description and default value
Extension	Assigns an extension number to a line key or disables the extension function on a line key.
	The number of line keys varies with phone models. When assigned with an extension number, you can configure the line key as a telephony extension. You can assign the line key with extended functions, for example, speed dial, Busy Lamp Field, and call pickup.
	By default, you don't need to disable the extension to assign the line key with extended functions. However, if the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to achieve the assignment. For more information about how to enable the feature, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<extension_1_ ua="na">1</extension_1_>
	<extension_2_ ua="na">Disabled</extension_2_>
	<extension_3_ ua="na">Disabled</extension_3_>
	<extension_4_ ua="na">Disabled</extension_4_>
	• On the phone web interface, set the parameter to Disabled to monitor another line on the line key.
	Allowed values: Disabled 1 2 3 4, the allowed values vary with phones.
	Default: n, where n is the line key number.

Parameter	Description and default value	
Extended Function	Used to assign extended functions to a line key on the phone. The supported functions are:	
	Busy Lamp Field (BLF)	
	Example: fnc=blf;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;ext=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	BLF with Call Pickup	
	Example: fnc=blf+cp;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;ext=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	BLF with Speed Dial	
	Example: fnc=blf+sd; sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY; ext=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	BLF with Speed Dial and Call Pickup	
	Example: fnc=blf+sd+cp;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;ext=user_ID@\$PROXY	
	Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, the parameter is available only when the Extension of the line key is set to Disabled .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre>Extended_Function_1 >fnc=blf;sub=BLF_List_URIG\$PROMY;ext=user_IDG\$PROMY</pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, configure the parameter with a valid syntax to enable monitoring another user or extension using the line key.	
	Default: Empty	

Enable Conference Button with a Star Code

You can add a star code to the Conference button so that your user can press the button only once to add many active calls to a conference. You can enable this feature from the phone web page.

Before you begin

- The phone server must support this feature.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- Step 2 In the Call Features Settings section, configure the Conference Single Hardkey and Conference Bridge URL fields as definined in Conference Button Parameters, on page 188.

You can also enable the conference button with a xml file. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Conference_Bridge_URL_1_ ua="na">*55</Conference_Bridge_URL_1_>
<Conference_Single_Hardkey_1_ ua="na">Yes</Conference_Single_Hardkey_1_>
```

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Conference Button Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the conference button parameters in the **Call Features Settings** section under the **Voice** > **Ext** (n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 22: Conference Button Parameters

Parameter	Description and default value
Conference Single Hardkey	You can use this field to specify whether to use only the Conferenc button on the key to initiate a conference call. When set to Yes , the user can use only the Conference button to initiate a conference call. The Conf softkey is deactivated. When set to No , the user can use both the Conference button and the Conf softkey.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><conference_single_hardkey_1_ ua="na">Yes</conference_single_hardkey_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable this feature.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No
Conference Bridge URL	URL used to join a conference call, generally in the form of a dialable number or a URI in this format user@IPaddress:port.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><conference_bridge_url_1_ ua="na">*55</conference_bridge_url_1_></pre>
	• in the phone web interface, specify the URI or a number as the conference bridge.
	Default: Empty

Enable Dial Assistance

You can configure dial assistance so that your users can place calls more quickly. As a user dials, the phone displays a list of closely-matched phone numbers on the screen.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **User**.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, set Dial Assistance field to Yes.

You can also enable Dial Assisitance in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml).

<Dial Assistance ua="rw">No</Dial Assistance>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure Alphanumeric Dialing

You can configure a phone so that the user of the phone can make a call by dialing alphanumeric characters instead of dialing only digits. In the phone web page, you can configure alphanumeric dialing with speed-dial, blf, and call pickup.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice \geq Ext (n).
- Step 2 In the Dial Plan section, set Enable URI Dialing to Yes to enable alphanumeric dialing.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific.

<Enable_URI_Dialing_1_ ua="na">Yes</Enable_URI_Dialing_1_>

Step 3 Select Voice > Phone, you can add a string on a line key in this format to enable speed dial with alphanumeric dialing capability:

fnc=sd;ext=xxxx.yyyy@\$PROXY;nme=yyyy,xxxx

For example:

fnc=sd;ext=first.last@\$PROXY;nme=Last,First

The above example will enable the user to dial "first.last" to make a call.

Note The supported characters that you can use for alphanumeric dialing are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, _, ., and +.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Call Park

With call park, a call can be parked and then retrieved either from your phone or from another phone. The following LED colors display on the line key when this feature is configured:

- Green LED—Call park is successfully configured.
- Amber LED—Call park is not configured.
- Red slow blinking LED—A call is parked.

Configure Call Park with Star Codes

You can configure call park so that the user can put a call on hold and then retrieve the call from either the user's phone or another phone.

When configuring call park, the Call Park Code and the Call Unpark Code must match the Feature Access Code configured on the server.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Regional.
- Step 2 Enter *68 in the Call Park Code field.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

```
<Call Park Code ua="na">*68</Call Park Code>
```

Step 3 Enter *88 in the Call Unpark Code field.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

```
<Call_Unpark_Code ua="na">*88</Call_Unpark_Code>
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure One-Button Call Park

With One-Button Call Park, there is no need to enter a combination of key strokes for parking and unparking a call.

You can also configure parking calls in a dedicated call park extension

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120, and Configure the Phone to Monitor Multiple Users' Lines, on page 182

Procedure

- **Step 1** Go to **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- Step 2 In the BLF List URI field, enter uri_name@server.

The **BLF List URI** field must have the same value as that configured for the **List URI:sip** parameter on the BroadSoft server.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<BLF List URI ua="na">uri name@server
```

Step 3 From the **BLF List Feature Options** drop down list, select **prk**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<BLF List Feature Options ua="na">prk</BLF List Feature Options>
```

The allowed values are blf+sd+cp|prk. The default value is blf+sd+cp.

Example:

• When the **BLF List Feature Options** field is set to **blf+sd+cp**, the auto-assigned keys can be used for blf+sd+cp function or a call park function. If **type="park"** is included in the resource element, then the auto-assigned keys are used for call park function, else it is used for blf+sd+cp function when the type is not included.

In the server, there are three resource elements in NOTIFY requests. Enter the strings in the resource elements in the format and add new attribute type="park" in the call park extension resource URI:

```
<resource uri="sip:test01@as1bsoft.sipurash.com"><name>test 01</name><instance
id="cROdMctbQE" state="active" cid="BQQ7uR@broadworks"/></resource>
<resource uri="sip:2345@as1bsoft.sipurash.com" type="park"><name>Park
Location1</name><instance id="cROdMctbQE" state="active"
cid="BQQ8uR@broadworks"/></resource>
<resource uri="sip:test02@as1bsoft.sipurash.com"><name>test 02</name><instance
id="cROdMctbQE" state="active" cid="BQQ9uR@broadworks"/></resource>
```

After successful configuration, the phone monitors test 01, Park Location1, and test 02. If call park extensions and users are subscribed successfully, linekeys will be assigned for callpark or blf function respectively, and get the monitored extension and user status.

 When the BLF List Feature Options field is set to prk, the BLF List URI monitors call park extensions and users.

In the server, there are three resource elements in NOTIFY requests. Enter the strings in the resource elements in the format and add new attribute **type="park"** in the call park extension resource URI:

```
<resource uri="sip:test01@as1bsoft.sipurash.com"><name>test 01</name><instance
id="cROdMctbQE" state="active" cid="BQQ7uR@broadworks"/></resource>
<resource uri="sip:2345@as1bsoft.sipurash.com" type="park"><name>Park
Location1</name><instance id="cROdMctbQE" state="active"
cid="BQQ8uR@broadworks"/></resource>
```

<resource uri="sip:test02@as1bsoft.sipurash.com"><name>test 02</name><instance
id="cROdMctbQE" state="active" cid="BQQ9uR@broadworks"/></resource>

After successful configuration, the phone monitors test 01, Park Location1, and test 02. If call park extensions and users are subscribed successfully, linekeys will be assigned for call park function and get the monitored extension and user status.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Add Call Park to a Line Key

You can add call park to a line key to enable the user to temporarily store and retrieve calls. Call park is supported on private lines and shared lines.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note

If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to add call park to the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension 2 ua="na">Disabled</Extension 2 >
```

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

For a private line, enter

fnc=prk;sub=\$USER@\$PROXY;nme=CallPark-Slot1;vid=1

For a shared line, enter

fnc=prk;sub=\$USER@\$PROXY;nme=CallPark-Slot1;orbit=<DN of shared line>;vid=1

where:

- fnc=prk means function=call park
- sub is the SIP URI of the monitored park slot.
- nme is the name displayed on the phone for the call park line key.
- orbit is the DN of the shared line.

• vid is the extension ID. The values of \$USER and \$PROXY are retrieved from the specified extension. If vid is missing in the function string, the values of \$USER and \$PROXY are retrieved from extension 1.

You can also configure the line-specific parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in the following format:

```
<Extended_Function_2_
ua="na">fnc=prk;sub=$USER@$PROXY;nme=CallPark-Slot1;vid=1;</Extended Function 2 >
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Set the Optional Network Configuration

Optional network servers provide resources such as DNS lookup, network time, logging, and device discovery. It also enables you to add PC port mirroring on the user phone. Your user can also enable or disable this service from the phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Optional Network Configuration, on page 193.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **System**.
- Step 2 In the Optional Network Configuration section, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Optional Network Configuration, on page 193.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Optional Network Configuration

The following table defines the function and usage of the access control parameters in the **Optional Network Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 23: Parameters for Optional Network Configuration

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Host Name	The hostname of the server that the phone uses.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<host_name ua="rw">serverhost.com</host_name>
	• On the phone web interface, enter the host name of the server to use.
	Default: Empty
Domain	The network domain of the Phone.
	If you're using LDAP, see LDAP Configuration, on page 391.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><domain ua="rw">domainexample.com</domain></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the domain of the phone.
	Default: Empty
DNS Server Order	Specifies the sequence for selecting the DNS server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• Manual, DHCP
	• Manual
	• DHCP, Manual
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<dns_server_order ua="na">Manual,DHCP</dns_server_order>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the order that the phone follows to select the DNS server.
	Allowed values: Manual,DHCP Manual DHCP,Manual
	Default: Manual, DHCP
DNS Query Mode	Specifies the mode of DNS query.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<dns_query_mode ua="na">Parallel</dns_query_mode>
	• In the phone web interface, select the mode of DNS query.
	Allowed values: Parallel Sequential
	Default: Parallel

Parameter	Description and Default Value
DNS Caching Enable	Enables or disables DNS caching. When enabled, the DNS query results are cached. The phone retrieves the local DNS cache until the local cache is expired. When disabled, the phone always performs DNS queries.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dns_caching_enable ua="na">Yes</dns_caching_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable DNS caching.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
Switch Port Config	Allows you to select speed and duplex of the network port. Values are:
	• Auto
	• 10 HALF
	• 10 FULL
	• 100 HALF
	• 100 FULL
	• 1000 FULL
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<switch_port_config ua="na">AUTO</switch_port_config>
	• On the phone web interface, select the speed for the port or select Auto to allow the system to select the speed.
	Default: Auto

Parameter	Description and Default Value
PC Port Config	Allows you to select Speed and duplex of the Computer (access) port.
	• Auto
	• 10 HALF
	• 10 FULL
	• 100 HALF
	• 100 FULL
	• 1000 FULL
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pc_port_config ua="na">AUTO</pc_port_config>
	• In the phone web interface, select the speed for the port or select Auto to allow the system to select the speed.
	Default: Auto
PC PORT Enable	Enables or disables the PC port on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pc_port_enable ua="na">Yes</pc_port_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the PC port on the phone.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
Enable PC Port Mirror	Enables or disables PC Port mirroring on the phone. When set to Yes , you can see the packets on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<enable_pc_port_mirror ua="na">No</enable_pc_port_mirror>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable PC port mirroring on the phone.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No
Syslog Server	See System Log Parameters, on page 55.
Syslog identifier	See System Log Parameters, on page 55.

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Primary NTP Server	IP address or name of the primary NTP server used to synchronize its time.
	You can set primary NTP server for both IPv4 and IPv6.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><primary_ntp_server ua="rw">192.168.1.10</primary_ntp_server></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the IP address or host name of the NTP server.
	Default: Blank
Secondary NTP	IP address or name of the secondary NTP server used to synchronize its time.
Server	You can set primary NTP server for both IPv4 and IPv6.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><secondary_ntp_server ua="rw">192.168.1.11</secondary_ntp_server></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the IP address or host name of the NTP server.
	Default: Blank
Use Config TOS	This field controls whether the phone uses the Time of Service (TOS) parameters on the Ext (n) tab. Set this field to Yes when you want the phones to use the TOS configuration specified on the Ext (n) tab. Otherwise, set this field to No .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><use_config_tos ua="na">No</use_config_tos></pre>
	In the phone web interface, select Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

XML Services

The phones provide support for XML services, such as an XML Directory Service or other XML applications. For XML services, only HTTP and HTTPS support is available.

The following Cisco XML objects are supported:

- CiscoIPPhoneMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneText
- CiscoIPPhoneInput
- CiscoIPPhoneDirectory

- CiscoIPPhoneIconMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneStatus
- CiscoIPPhoneExecute
- CiscoIPPhoneImage
- CiscoIPPhoneImageFile
- CiscoIPPhoneGraphicMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneFileMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneStatusFile
- CiscoIPPhoneResponse
- CiscoIPPhoneError
- CiscoIPPhoneGraphicFileMenu
- Init:CallHistory
- Key:Headset
- EditDial:n

The full list of supported URIs is contained in Cisco Unified IP Phone Services Application Development Notes for Cisco Unified Communications Manager and Multiplatform Phones, located here:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/ip-phone-8800-series-multiplatform-firmware/products-programming-reference-guides-list.html

XML Directory Service

When an XML URL requires authentication, use the parameters XML UserName and XML Password.

The parameter **XML UserName** in XML URL is replaced by \$XML UserName.

For example:

The parameter XML UserName is cisco. The XML Directory Service URL is http://www.sipurash.compath?username=\$XML User Name.

This results in the request URL: http://www.sipurash.com/path?username=cisco.

Configure a Phone to Connect to an XML Application

You can also configure the parameters in the configuration file (cfg.xml) as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 199.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the XML Service section, configure the XML Application Service Name and XML Application Service URL fields as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 199.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Specify the username and password to authenticate XML service in the **XML User Name** and **XML Password** fields as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 199.
- **Step 4** (Optional) Enable and configure authentication for CGI/Execute URL via Post from an external application (for example, a web application) to the phones.

Configure the **CISCO XML EXE Enable** and **CISCO XML EXE Auth Mode** fields as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 199.

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for XML Applications

The following table defines the function and usage of the XML application parameters in the **XML Service** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 24: Parameters for XML Applications

Parameter	Description
XML Application Service Name	Name of the XML application. The name displays on the phone as a web application choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xml_application_service_name ua="na">XML_APP</xml_application_service_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter a name for the XML application.
	Default: Empty
XML Application	The URL where the XML application is located.
Service URL	Macro variables are supported in XML URLs. For the valid macro variables, see Macro Variables, on page 201.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xml_application_service_url ua="na">XML_APP</xml_application_service_url></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the URL for the XML application.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
XML User Name	XML service username for authentication purposes.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<xml_user_name ua="na">username</xml_user_name>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the usename used for authenticating XML service.
	Default: Empty
XML Password	XML service password for the specified XML User Name. The password you entered in this field shows in the configuration file (cfg.xml) as
	<br <xml_password ua="na">*********/XML_Password> ></xml_password>
	Default: Empty
CISCO XML EXE	Specifies whether authentication is required to access the XML application server.
Enable	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<cisco_xml_exe_enable ua="na">Yes</cisco_xml_exe_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set it to Yes or No to enable or disable authentication.
	Allowed values: No
	Default: No
CISCO XML EXE	Specifies the authentication mode for Cisco XML EXE. The available options are:
Auth Mode	Trusted—No authentication is performed regardless of the local credential.
	• Local Credential—Authentication is based on the digest authentication using the local credential, if set. If the local credential is not set, then no authentication is performed.
	• Remote Credential—Authentication is based on the digest authentication using the remote credential as set in the XML application on the web page (to access an XML application server).
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cisco_xml_exe_auth_mode ua="na">Local Credential</cisco_xml_exe_auth_mode></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, select an authentication mode.
	Allowed values: Trusted Local Credential Remote Credential
	Default: Local Credential

Macro Variables

You can use macro variables in XML URLs. The following macro variables are supported:

- User ID—UID1, UID2 to UIDn
- Display name—DISPLAYNAME1, DISPLAYNAME2 to DISPLAYNAMEn
- Auth ID—AUTHID1, AUTHID2 to AUTHIDn
- Proxy—PROXY1, PROXY2 to PROXYn
- MAC Address using lowercase hex digits—MA
- Product Name—PN
- Product Series Number—PSN
- Serial Number—SERIAL NUMBER

The following table shows the list of macros supported on the phones:

Macro Name	Macro Expansion
\$	The form \$\$ expands to a single \$ character.
A through P	Replaced by general-purpose parameters GPP_A through GPP_P.
SA through SD	Replaced by special purpose parameters GPP_SA through GPP_SD. These parameters hold keys or passwords used in provisioning.
	Note \$SA through \$SD are recognized as arguments to the optional resync URL qualifier,key.
MA	MAC address using lowercase hex digits (000e08aabbcc).
MAU	MAC address using uppercase hex digits (000E08AABBCC).
MAC	MAC address using lowercase hex digits with a colon to separate hex digit pairs (00:0e:08:aa:bb:cc).
PN	Product Name; for example, IP Phone 8861.
PSN	Product Series Number; for example, 8861.
SN	Serial Number string; for example, 88012BA01234.
CCERT	SSL Client Certificate status, installed or not installed.
IP	IP address of the phone within its local subnet; for example, 192.168.1.100.
EXTIP	External IP of the phone, as seen on the internet; for example, 66.43.16.52.

Macro Name	Macro Expansion
SWVER	Software version string. Use the software version string to compare against the current phone's firmware load.
	Follow the format below:
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous:
	sip <i>yyyy.11-0-1</i> MPP- <i>376</i>
	where $yyyy$ indicates the phone model or phone series; 11 is the major version; 0 is the minor version; $1MPP$ is the micro version; and 376 is the build number.
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later:
	sip <i>yyyy.11-3-2</i> MPP <i>0001-609</i>
	where <i>yyyy</i> indicates the phone model or phone series; 11 is the major version; 3 is the minor version; 2MPP0001 is the micro version; and 609 is the build number.
	There are two methods to compare firmware loads:
	• With quotes, "\$SWVER"—Variable acts as a string in firmware load name comparisons. For "\$SWVER" eq "sipyyyy.11-2-1MPP-312.loads" or "\$SWVER" eq "sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609.loads", the phone model number and the version numbers in the load name are part of the comparison.
	• Without quotes, \$SWVER-Variable is parsed to determine a build number, plus major, minor, and micro revision numbers. For example, when the sip88xx.11-3-2MPP0001-598.loads and sip8845_65.11-3-2MMP0001-598.loads firmware names are parsed, the result ignores the model number and load number. The result for both firmware names yields a major revision=11, minor revision=3, micro revision=2MPP0001, and build number=598.
	See more information about firmware version comparison, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 89.
HWVER	Hardware version string; for example, 1.88.1.
PRVST	Provisioning State (a numeric string):
	• -1 = explicit resync request
	• 0 = power-up resync
	• 1 = periodic resync
	• 2 = resync failed, retry attempted
UPGST	Upgrade State (a numeric string):
	• 1 = first upgrade attempt
	• 2 = upgrade failed, retry attempt
UPGERR	Result message (ERR) of previous upgrade attempt; for example, http_get failed.

Macro Name	Macro Expansion
PRVTMR	Seconds since last resync attempt.
UPGTMR	Seconds since last upgrade attempt.
REGTMR1	Seconds since Line 1 lost registration with SIP server.
REGTMR2	Seconds since Line 2 lost registration with SIP server.
UPGCOND	Legacy macro name.
SCHEME	File access scheme (TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS, obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL).
METH	Deprecated alias for SCHEME, do not use.
SERV	Request target server hostname.
SERVIP	Request target server IP address (following DNS lookup).
PORT	Request target UDP/TCP port.
PATH	Request target file path.
ERR	Result message of resync or upgrade attempt.
UIDn	The contents of the Line n UserID configuration parameter.
ISCUST	If unit is customized, value=1, otherwise 0.
	Note Customization status viewable on Web UI Info page.
INCOMINGNAME	Name associated with first connected, ringing, or inbound call.
REMOTENUMBER	Phone number of first connected, ringing, or inbound call. If there are multiple calls, the data associated with the first call found is provided.
DISPLAYNAMEn	The contents of the Line N Display Name configuration parameter.
AUTHIDn	The contents of the Line N auth ID configuration parameter.

Shared Lines

A shared line is a directory number that appears on more than one phone. You can create a shared line by assigning the same directory number to various phones.

Incoming calls display on all phones that share a line, and anyone can answer the call. Only one call remains active at a time on a phone.

Call information displays on all phones that are sharing a line. If somebody turns on the privacy feature, you do not see the outbound calls made from the phone. However, you see inbound calls to the shared line.

All phones with a shared line ring when a call is made to the line. If you place the shared call on hold, anyone shared with the line can resume the call by pressing or the **Resume** softkey.

The following shared line features are supported:

- Line Seizure
- · Public Hold
- · Private Hold
- Silent Barge (only through enabled programmable softkey)

The following features are supported as for a private line

- Transfer
- Conference
- Call Park / Call Retrieve
- · Call Pickup
- Do Not Disturb
- · Call Forward

You can configure each phone independently. Account information is usually the same for all IP phones, but settings such as the dial plan or preferred codec information can vary.

Configure a Shared Line

You can create a shared line by assigning the same directory number to more than one phone on the phone web page.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 205.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice \geq Ext(n), where (n) is the number of an extension to share.
- Step 2 In the General section, set the Line Enable parameter as described in the Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 205 table.
- Step 3 In the Share Line Appearance section, set Share Ext, Shared User ID field, Subscription Expires, and Restrict MWI parameters as described in the Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 205 table.
- Step 4 In the Proxy and Registration section, enter the IP address of the proxy server in the Proxy field.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Proxy_1_ ua="na">as1bsoft.sipurash.com
```

Example for proxy server address: as1bsoft.sipurash.com

Step 5 In the Subscriber Information section, enter the Display Name and User ID (extension number) for the shared extension.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Display_Name_1_ ua="na">name</Display_Name_1_>
<User_ID_1_ ua="na">4085273251</User_ID_1_>
```

- Step 6 In the Miscellaneous Line Key Settings section, set SCA Barge-In Enable parameter as described in the Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 205 table.
- Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line

The following table describes the parameters in the Voice > Ext(n) tab of the phone web page.

The following table defines the function and usage of Shared Line parameters in the General and Share Line Appearance sections under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 25: Parameters for Shared Lines

Parameter	Description
Line Enable	Enables a line for the service.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select yes to enable. Otherwise, select No .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<line_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</line_enable_1_>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
Share Ext	Indicates whether other Cisco IP phones share this extension is, or the extension is private.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select yes to enable. Otherwise, select No .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<share_ext_1_ ua="na">No</share_ext_1_>
	If you set Share Ext to No , this extension is private and doesn't share calls, regardless of the Share Line Appearance setting. If you set this extension to Yes , calls follow the Share Line Appearance setting.
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Shared User ID	The user identified assigned to the shared line appearance.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, enter the user ID.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><shared_user_id_1_ ua="na">Shared UserID</shared_user_id_1_></pre>
Subscription Expires	Number of seconds before the SIP subscription expires. Before the subscription expiration, the phone gets NOTIFY messages from the SIP server on the status of the shared phone extension.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, enter the value in seconds.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><subscription_expires_1_ ua="na">3600</subscription_expires_1_></pre>
	Valid values: An integer from 10 through 65535
	Default: 3600 seconds
Restrict MWI	Indicates the message waiting indicator lights only for messages on private.
(Message Waiting Indicator)	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes to enable. When enabled the message waiting indicator lights only for messages on private. Otherwise, select No .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<restrict_mwi_1_ ua="na">No</restrict_mwi_1_>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: No

The following table describes the parameters in the **Voice** > **Phone** tab of the phone web page.

Table 26: Miscellaneous Line Key Settings

Parameter	Description	
-----------	-------------	--

SCA Barge-In Enable	Enables the SCA Barge-In.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes to enable. Otherwise, select No .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<sca_barge-in-enable ua="na">No</sca_barge-in-enable>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: No

Add Dialog-Based Shared Line Appearance

You can now enable dialog-based shared line, so that the phones in the shared line can subscribe to the dialog event package.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **SIP**.

Step 2 In the SIP Parameters section, set the Share Line Event Package Type parameter to Dialog to subscribe the phone to the dialog event package.

You can also set the parameter to **Call-Info** and the phone retains the legacy behavior.

Default value: Call-Info

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Share Line Event Package Type ua="na">Dialog</Share Line Event Package Type>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Assign a Ringtone to an Extension

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Ringtone, on page 208.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where (n) is the number of a phone extension.
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, select the Default Ring parameter from the list or select no ring.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Default_Ring_3_ ua="rw">1</Default_Ring_3_>
```

- **Step 3** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 4 In the Ringtone section, set the Ring(n) and Silent Ring Duration parameters as described in the Parameters for Ringtone, on page 208 table.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Ringtone

The following table describes the parameters for **Ringtone**.

Table 27: Parameters for Ringtone

Parameter	Description
Ring1 to Ring12	Ring tone scripts for various ringtones.
	In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><!-- Ringtone--> <ring1 ua="na">n=Sunrise; w=file://Sunrise.rwb; c=l</ring1> <ring2 ua="na">n=Chirp 1; w=file://chirp1.raw; c=l</ring2> <ring3 ua="na">n=Chirp 2; w=file://chirp2.raw; c=l</ring3> <ring4 ua="na">n=Delight; w=file://Delight.rwb; c=l</ring4> <ring5 ua="na">n=Evolve; w=file://Evolve.rwb; c=l</ring5> <ring6 ua="na">n=Mellow; w=file://Mellow.rwb; c=l</ring6> <ring7 ua="na">n=Mellow; w=file://Mischief.rwb; c=l</ring7> <ring8 ua="na">n=Mellow; w=file://Reflections.rwb; c=l <ring9 ua="na">n=Reflections; w=file://Reflections.rwb; c=l</ring9></ring8> <ring9 ua="na">n=Ringer; w=file://Ringer.rwb; c=l <ring10 ua="na">n=Reflections; w=file://Ascent.rwb; c=l</ring10> <ring11 ua="na">n=Are you there; w=file://AreYouThereF.raw; c=l</ring11> <ring12 ua="na">n=Chime; w=file://Chime.raw; c=l</ring12> <silent_ring_duration ua="na">60</silent_ring_duration></ring9></pre>

Parameter	Description
Silent Ring Duration	Controls the duration of the silent ring. For example, if the parameter is set to 20 seconds, the phone plays the silent ring for 20 seconds then sends 480 response to INVITE message.
	In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <ring1 'x="9xrrise;w=file://Syrrise.rwb;c=1</Ring1" u="ma"></ring1>
	<pre><silent_ring_duration ua="na">60</silent_ring_duration></pre>

Add Distinctive Ringtone

You can configure the characteristics of each ring tone using a ring tone script. When the phone receives SIP Alert-INFO message and the message format is correct, then the phone plays the specified ringtone. Otherwise, the phone plays the default ringtone.

Procedure

In a ring tone script, assign a name for the ring tone and add the script to configure a distinctive ringtone in the format:

n=ring-tone-name; h=hint; w=waveform-id-or-path; c=cadence-id; b=break-time; t=total-time

where:

n = ring-tone-name that identifies this ring tone. This name appears on the Ring Tone menu of the phone. The same name can be used in a SIP Alert-Info header in an inbound INVITE request to tell the phone to play the corresponding ring tone. The name should contain the same characters allowed in a URL only.

h = hint used to SIP Alert-INFO rule.

w = waveform-id-or-path which is the index of the desired waveform to use in this ring tone. The built-in waveforms are:

- 1 = Classic phone with mechanical bell
- 2 = Typical phone ring
- 3 = Classic ring tone
- 4 = Wide-band frequency sweep signal

c = is the index of the desired cadence to play the given waveform. 8 cadences (1–8) as defined in <Cadence 1> through <Cadence 8>. Cadence-id can be 0 If w=3,4. Setting c=0 implies the on-time is the natural length of the ring tone file.

b = break-time that specifies the number of seconds to break between two bursts of ring tone, such as b=2.5.

t = total-time that specifies the total number of seconds to play the ring tone before it times out.

In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<!-- Ringtone -->
<Ring1 ua="na">n=Sunrise; w=file://Sunrise.rwb; c=1</Ring1>
<Ring2 ua="na">n=Chirp 1; w=file://chirp1.raw; c=1</Ring2>
<Ring3 ua="na">n=Chirp 2; w=file://chirp2.raw; c=1</Ring3>
<Ring4 ua="na">n=Delight; w=file://chirp2.raw; c=1</Ring4>
<Ring5 ua="na">n=Evolve; w=file://Evolve.rwb; c=1</Ring5>
<Ring6 ua="na">n=Mellow; w=file://Mellow.rwb; c=1</Ring6>
<Ring7 ua="na">n=Mischief; w=file://Mischief.rwb; c=1</Ring7>
<Ring8 ua="na">n=Reflections; w=file://Reflections.rwb; c=1</Ring8>
<Ring9 ua="na">n=Ringer; w=file://Ringer.rwb; c=1</Ring1>
<Ring10 ua="na">n=Ascent; w=file://Ascent.rwb; c=1</Ring10>
<Ring11 ua="na">n=Are you there; w=file://AreYouThereF.raw; c=1</Ring11>
<Ring12 ua="na">n=Chime; w=file://Chime.raw; c=1</Ring12>
<Silent_Ring_Duration ua="na">60</Silent_Ring_Duration>
```

Restrict User from Controlling the Ringer Volume

Some users tend to lower the ringer volume when they don't want to answer a call. Hence, they miss important calls. To avoid such problem, you can disable the ability of the users to control the ringer volume.



Note

When you configure the restriction on the ringing volume control, this configuration doesn't restrict the user's ability of controlling other volumes, such as speaker volume and headset volume.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > User.
- Step 2 In the Audio Volume section, set the Ringer Volume Control parameter to No.

The default value is **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Ringer Volume Control ua="na">No</Ringer Volume Control>
```

Step 3 Select **Submit All Changes**

When you set the parameter to **No** you see the following results:

• The user presses the volume button on the phone, a message appears indicating that the user has no permission to change the ringer volume.

On the phone administration web page, under the User Login > Advanced access level, the Ringer Volume parameter doesn't appear under the Audio Volume section. Hence, the user doesn't get any option to change the ringer volume.

Enable Hoteling on a Phone

When you enable the hoteling feature of BroadSoft on the phone, the user can sign in to the phone as a guest. After the guest sign out of the phone, the user will switch back to the host user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, set Enable Broadsoft Hoteling parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Enable_Broadsoft_Hoteling_1_ua="na">Yes</Enable_Broadsoft_Hoteling_1>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Set the amount of time (in seconds) that the user can be signed in as a guest on the phone in **Hoteling Subscription Expires**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Hoteling_Subscription_Expires_1_ua="na">3600</Hoteling_Subscription_Expires_1>
```

Valid values: An integer from 10 through 86400

Default: 3600

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Flexible Seating on a Phone

With the Flexible Seating feature of BroadSoft, the phone downloads and is reconfigured with Flexible Seating Guest's device files when the guest is associated with the host. The phone is treated as an alternate device of

the guest. The call originations from guest's primary device are also allowed. The guest's primary device is also alerted on incoming calls to the guest. For more information, see the BroadSoft documentation.

In addition, with the feature enabled on the phone, the phone can cache the user credentials for the LDAP directory. If the cache contains the user credentials, the guest user can bypass the sign-in procedure to access the LDAP directory. The cache can store up to 50 user credentials. The phone removes the least-used credentials when the cache size limit is reached.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, set Enable Broadsoft Hoteling parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Enable Broadsoft Hoteling 1 ua="na">Yes</Enable Broadsoft Hoteling 1>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Extension Mobility on a Phone

With the Extension Mobility (EM) feature enabled on the phone, any user can sign in to the phone other than their own in the same network. In this scenario, the phone can be shared with other users. After the users sign in, they can see their own line number displayed on the phone screen, and their contacts in the personal address directory.

In addition, the phone can cache the user credentials for the LDAP directory when the user signs into the phone with the feature. If the cache contains the user credentials, the user can bypass the sign-in procedure to access the LDAP directory. The cache can store up to 50 user credentials. The phone removes the least-used credentials when the cache size limit is reached.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Extension Mobility section, set EM Enable to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<EM_Enable ua="na">Yes</EM_Enable>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Set the amount of time (in minutes) that the user can be signed in on the phone in **Session Timer(m)**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Session_Timer_m_ ua="na">480</Session_Timer_m_>

Default: 480

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Set the User Password

Configure a password so the phone is protected and secured. Both administrators and users can configure a password and control access to the phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- Step 2 Under the section System Configuration, locate the parameter User Password, and click Change Password next to the parameter.
- **Step 3** Enter the current user password in the **Old Password** field.

If you don't have a password, keep the field empty.

- **Step 4** Enter a new password in the **New Password** field.
- Step 5 Click Submit.

The message Password has been changed successfully. will display in the web page. The web page will refresh in several seconds.

After you set the user password, this parameter displays the following in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml):

```
<!--
<User_Password ua="rw">**********/User_Password>
-->
```

Download Problem Reporting Tool Logs

Users submit problem reports to you with the Problem Reporting Tool.

If you are working with Cisco TAC to troubleshoot a problem, they typically require the logs from the Problem Reporting Tool to help resolve the issue.

To issue a problem report, users access the Problem Reporting Tool and provide the date and time that the problem occurred, and a description of the problem. You need to download the problem report from the Configuration Utility page.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Info > Debug Info > Device Logs**.
- **Step 2** In the **Problem Reports** area, click the problem report file to download.
- **Step 3** Save the file to your local system and open the file to access the problem reporting logs.

Configure Problem Report Tool

You must use a server with an upload script to receive the problem reports that the user sends from the phone.

- If the URL specified in the **PRT Upload Rule** field is valid, users get a notification alert on the phone UI saying that they have successfully submitted the problem report.
- If the **PRT Upload Rule** field is empty or has an invalid URL, users get a notification alert on the phone UI saying that the data upload failed.

The phone uses an HTTP/HTTPS POST mechanism, with parameters similar to an HTTP form-based upload. The following parameters are included in the upload (utilizing multipart MIME encoding):

- devicename (example: "SEP001122334455")
- serialno (example: "FCH12345ABC")
- username (The user name is either the **Station Display Name** or the **User ID** of the extension. The **Station Display Name** is first considered. If this field is empty, then the **User ID** is chosen.)
- prt file (example: "probrep-20141021-162840.tar.gz")

You can generate PRT automatically at specific intervals and can define the PRT file name.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 216 table.

A sample script is shown below. This script is provided for reference only. Cisco does not provide support for the upload script installed on a customer's server.

```
<?php
// NOTE: you may need to edit your php.ini file to allow larger
// size file uploads to work.
// Modify the setting for upload_max_filesize
// I used: upload max filesize = 20M
// Retrieve the name of the uploaded file
$filename = basename($ FILES['prt file']['name']);
// Get rid of quotes around the device name, serial number and username if they exist
$devicename = $ POST['devicename'];
$devicename = trim($devicename, "'\"");
$serialno = $ POST['serialno'];
$serialno = trim($serialno, "'\"");
$username = $ POST['username'];
$username = trim($username, "'\"");
// where to put the file
$fullfilename = "/var/prtuploads/".$filename;
// If the file upload is unsuccessful, return a 500 error and
// inform the user to try again
if(!move_uploaded_file($_FILES['prt_file']['tmp_name'], $fullfilename)) {
       header("HTTP/1.0 500 Internal Server Error");
       die ("Error: You must select a file to upload.");
2>
```

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Provisioning**.
- **Step 2** In the **Problem Report Tool** section, set the fields as described in the Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 216 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool

The following table defines the function and usage of Configure Problem Report Tool parameters in the Problem Report Tool section under the Voice > Provisioning tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 28: Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool

Parameter	Description
PRT Upload Rule	Specifies the path to the PRT upload script.
	If the PRT Max Timer and PRT Upload Rule fields are empty, the phone doesn't generate the problem reports automatically unless user manually performs the generation.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><prt_upload_rule ua="na">https://proxy.example.com/prt_upload.php</prt_upload_rule></pre> /PRT_Upload_Rule>
	• In the phone web page, enter the path in the format:
	https://proxy.example.com/prt_upload.php
	or
	http://proxy.example.com/prt_upload.php
	Default: Empty
PRT Upload Method	Determines the method used to upload PRT logs to the remote server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><prt_upload_method ua="na">POST</prt_upload_method> • In the phone web page, select POST or PUT methods to upload the logs to the remote server.</pre>
	Valid values: POST and PUT
	Default: POST

Parameter	Description
PRT Max Timer	Determines at what interval (minutes) the phone starts generating problem report automatically.
	If the PRT Max Timer and PRT Upload Rule fields are empty, the phone doesn't generate the problem reports automatically unless user manually performs the generation.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><prt_max_timer ua="na">30</prt_max_timer> • In the phone web page, enter the interval duration in minutes.</pre>
	Valid value range: 15 minutes to 1440 minutes
	Default: Empty
PRT Name	Defines a name for the generated PRT file.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><prt_name ua="na">prt-string1-\$MACRO</prt_name></pre>
	Enter the name in the format:
	prt-string1-\$MACRO
	• In the phone web page, enter the name in the format:
	prt-string1-\$MACRO
	Default: Empty
PRT HTTP Header	Specifies the HTTP header for the URL in PRT Upload Rule .
	The parameter value is associated with PRT HTTP Header Value .
	Only when both parameters are configured, the HTTP header is included in the HTTP request.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><prt_http_header ua="na">x-cisco-spark-canary-opts</prt_http_header></pre> /PRT_HTTP_Header>
	• In the phone web page, enter the HTTP header in the format:
	x-cisco-spark-canary-opts
	Valid value range: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, underscore (_), and hyphen (-)
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
PRT HTTP Header Value	Sets the value of the specified HTTP header.
	The parameter value is associated with PRT HTTP Header .
	Only when both parameters are configured, the HTTP header is included in the HTTP request.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><prt_http_header_value ua="na">always</prt_http_header_value></pre> /PRT_HTTP_Header_Value>
	• In the phone web page, enter the value in the format:
	always
	Valid value range: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, underscore (_), comma (,), semicolon (;), equal (=), and hyphen (-)
	Note Except for the underscore (_), the first character must not be a special character.
	Default: Empty

Server-Configured Paging

You can configure a paging group on a server so that users can page a group of phones. For more details, refer to your server documentation.

Configure Multicast Paging

You can set up Multicast paging to allow users to page to phones. The page can go to all phones or a group of phones in the same network. Any phone in the group can initiate a multicast paging session. The page is received only by the phones that are set to listen for the paging group.

You can add a phone to up to 10 paging groups. Each paging group has a unique multicast port and number. The phones within a paging group must subscribe to the same multicast IP address, port, and multicast number.

You configure the priority for the incoming page from a specific group. When a phone is active and an important page must be played, the user hears the page on the active audio path.

When multiple paging sessions occur, they are answered in chronological order. After the active page ends, the next page is automatically answered. When do not disturb (DND) is enabled, the phone ignores any incoming paging.

You can specify a codec for the paging to use. The supported codecs are G711a, G711u, G722, and G729. If you don't specify the codec, paging uses G711u by default.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Multiple Paging Group, on page 219.

Before you begin

- Make sure that your network supports multicast so that all devices in the same paging group are able to receive paging.
- For Wi-Fi networks, enable and properly configure the access point for multicast.
- Make sure that all the phones in a paging group are in the same network.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 Go to the Multiple Paging Group Parameters section.
- **Step 3** Enter multicast paging scripts as defined in Parameters for Multiple Paging Group, on page 219.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Multiple Paging Group

The following table defines the function and usage of the multiple paging group parameters in the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 29: Multiple Paging Group Parameters

Feature	Description
Group 1 Paging Script	
_	
Group 10 Paging Script	

Feature	Description
	Enter a string to configure the phone to listen for and initiate multicast paging. You can add a phone to up to 10 paging groups. Enter the script in this format:
	<pre>pggrp=<multicast-address>:<port>;<name=group_name>;<num=multicast_number>; listen=boolean_value>;<pri=priority_level>;<codec=codec_name>;</codec=codec_name></pri=priority_level></num=multicast_number></name=group_name></port></multicast-address></pre>
	Example script:
	pggrp=224.168.168.168:34560;name=GroupA;num=500;listen=yes;pri=1;codec=g711a;
	 Multicast IP address (multicast-address) and port (port)—Enter the multicast IP address and the port specified on your paging server. The port number must be unique for each group and an even number within 1000 and 65534.
	Make sure that you set the same multicast IP address and port for all the phones within a paging group. Otherwise, the phones can't receive paging.
	• Paging group name (name)—Optionally enter the name of the paging group. The name helps you identify the paging group the phone is in when you have multiple paging groups.
	• Multicast number (num)—Specify the number for the phone to listen for multicast paging and initiate a multicast paging session. Assign the same multicast number to all the phones within the group. The number must comply to the dial plan specified for the line to initiate a multicast.
	• Listen status (listen)—Specify whether the phone listens for paging from this group. Set this parameter to yes to make the phone listen for the paging. Otherwise, set it to no , or don't include this parameter in the script.
	• Priority (pri)—Specify priority between paging and phone call. If you don't specify the priority or don't include this parameter in the script, the phone uses priority 1. The four priority levels are:
	• 0: Paging takes precedent over phone call. When the phone is on an active call, an incoming paging places the active call on hold. The call resumes when the paging ends.
	• 1: When the phone receives an incoming paging on an active call, the user hears the mix of the paging and the call.
	• 2: The user is alerted with the paging tone when receiving an incoming paging on an active line. The incoming paging isn't answered unless the active call is put on hold or ends.
	• 3: The phone ignores the incoming paging without any alert when the phone is on an active call.
	 Audio codec (codec)—Optionally specify the audio codec for the multicast paging to use. The supported codecs are G711a, G711u, G722, and G729. If you don't specify the codec or don't include the codec parameter in the script, the phone uses G711u codec.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

Feature	Description
	<pre><group_1_paging_script ua="na">pggrp=224.168.168.168:34560;name=Group_1; num=800;listen=yes;pri=1;codec=g722</group_1_paging_script></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, configure this field with a valid string.
	Default: Empty

Configure a Phone to Accept Pages Automatically

The Single Paging or Intercom feature enables a user to directly contact another user by phone. If the phone of the person being paged has been configured to accept pages automatically, the phone does not ring. Instead, a direct connection between the two phones is automatically established when paging is initiated.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **User**.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, choose Yes for the Auto Answer Page parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Auto_Answer_Page ua="na">Yes</Auto_Answer_Page>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Manage Phones with TR-069

You can use the protocols and standards defined in Technical Report 069 (TR-069) to manage phones. TR-069 explains the common platform for management of all phones and other customer-premises equipment (CPE) in large-scale deployments. The platform is independent of phone types and manufacturers.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 224 table.

As a bidirectional SOAP/HTTP-based protocol, TR-069 provides the communication between CPEs and Auto Configuration Servers (ACS).

For TR-069 Enhancements, see TR-069 Parameter Comparison, on page 627.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **TR-069**.
- **Step 2** Set up the fields as described in Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 224 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

View TR-069 Status

When you enable TR-069 on a user phone, you can view status of TR-069 parameters on the phone web interface.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 224 table.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Select Info > Status > TR-069 Status.

You can view status of TR-069 parameters in Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 224 table.

Parameters for TR-069 Configuration

The following table defines the function and usage of Call Center Agent Setup parameters in the ACD Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 30: Parameters for TR-069 Configuration

Parameter	Description
Enable TR-069	Settings that enables or disables the TR-069 function.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><enable_tr-069 ua="na">No</enable_tr-069> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: No
ACS URL	URL of the ACS that uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This parameter must be in the form of a valid HTTP or HTTPS URL. The host portion of this URL is used by the CPE to validate the ACS certificate when it uses SSL or TLS.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><acs_url ua="na">https://acs.url.com</acs_url> • In the phone web page, enter a valid HTTP or HTTPS URL of the ACS.</pre>
	Default: Blank
ACS Username	Username that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This username is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><acs_username ua="na">acs username</acs_username> • In the phone web page, enter a valid username for HTTPS-based authentication of the CPE.</pre>
	Default: admin

Parameter	Description
ACS Password	Password to access to the ACS for a specific user. This password is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<acs_password ua="na"></acs_password>
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid password for HTTPS-based authentication of the CPE.
	Default: Blank
ACS URL In Use	URL of the ACS that is currently in use. This is a read-only field.
Connection Request URL	This is read-only field showing the URL of the ACS that makes the connection request to the CPE.
Connection Request Username	Username that authenticates the ACS that makes the connection request to the CPE.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<connection_request_password ua="na"></connection_request_password>
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid username that authenticates the ACS.
Connection Request Password	Password used to authenticate the ACS that makes a connection request to the CPE.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><connection_request_password ua="na"></connection_request_password> • In the phone web page, enter a valid password that authenticates the ACS.</pre>
	Default: Blank

Parameter	Description
Periodic Inform Interval	Duration in seconds of the interval between CPE attempts to connect to the ACS when Periodic Inform Enable is set to yes.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<periodic_inform_interval< td=""></periodic_inform_interval<>
	ua="na">20
	In the phone web page, enter a valid duration in seconds.
	Default: 20
Periodic Inform Enable	Settings that enables or disables the CPE connection requests.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<periodic_inform_enable< td=""></periodic_inform_enable<>
	ua="na">Yes
	 In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
TR-069 Traceability	Settings that enables or disables TR-069 transaction logs.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><tr-069_traceability ua="na">Yes</tr-069_traceability> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
CWMP V1.2 Support	Settings that enables or disables CPE WAN Management Protocol (CWMP) support. If set to disable, the phone does not send any Inform messages to the ACS nor accept any connection requests from the ACS.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cwmp_v1.2_support ua="na">Yes</cwmp_v1.2_support> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
TR-069 VoiceObject Init	Settings to modify voice objects.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><tr-069_voiceobject_init ua="na">Yes</tr-069_voiceobject_init> • In the phone web page, select Yes to initialize all voice objects to factory default values or select No to retain the current values.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
TR-069 DHCPOption Init	Settings to modify DHCP settings.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><tr-069_dhcpoption_init ua="na">Yes</tr-069_dhcpoption_init> • In the phone web page, select Yes to initialize the DHCP settings from the ACS or select No to retain the current DHCP settings.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
BACKUP ACS URL	Backup URL of the ACS that uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This parameter must be in the form of a valid HTTP or HTTPS URL. The host portion of this URL is used by the CPE to validate the ACScertificate when it uses SSL or TLS.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><backup_acs_url ua="na">https://acs.url.com</backup_acs_url></pre>
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid URL that uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol.
	Default: Blank
BACKUP ACS User	Backup username that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This username is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<backup_acs_user ua="na">backup</backup_acs_user>
	 username In the phone web page, enter a valid username that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol.
	Default: Blank
BACKUP ACS Password	Backup password to access to the ACS for a specific user. This password is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<backup_acs_password ua="na"></backup_acs_password> In the phone web page, enter a valid password that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol.
	Default: Blank
Note If you do not configure the above parameters, you can also fetch them through DHCP options 60,43, and 125.	

Enable Electronic Hookswitch

The Electronic Hookswitch feature enables users to use headsets that electronically connect a wireless headset to a phone. Typically, the headset requires a base that plugs into the phone and communicates with the headset. Here are the supported headsets:

- Plantronics Savi 740
- Jabra PRO920
- Jabra PRO9400
- Sennheiser DW Pro1

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > User.

Step 2 In the **Audio Volume** section, set the **Electronic HookSwitch Control** parameter to **Yes** to enable the feature.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Ehook_Enable ua="na">Yes</Ehook_Enable>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Set up a Secure Extension

You can configure an extension to only accept secure calls. If the extension is configured to only accept secure calls then any calls the extension makes will be secure.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

• Make sure that **Secure Call Serv** is enabled (set to **Yes**) in the **Supplementary Services** area on the **Voice** > **Phone** tab.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Secure Call Serv ua="na">Yes</Secure Call Serv>
```

- SIP transport with TLS can be set statically on the phone web page or automatically with information in the DNS NAPTR records. If the SIP transport parameter is set for the phone extension as TLS, the phone only allows SRTP. If the SIP transport parameter is set to AUTO, the phone performs a DNS query to get the transport method.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Ext(n).

Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, in the Secure Call Option field, choose Optional, Required, or Strict.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Secure Call Option 1 ua="na">Optional</Secure Call Option 1 >
```

Options: Optional, Required, and Strict

- Optional Retains the current secure call option for the phone.
- Required Rejects nonsecure calls from other phones.
- Strict Allows SRTP only when SIP transport is set to **TLS**. Allows RTP only when SIP transport is **UDP/TCP**.

Default: Optional

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure the SIP Transport

For SIP messages, you can configure each extension to use:

- a specific protocol
- the protocol automatically selected by the phone

When you set up automatic selection, the phone determines the transport protocol based on the Name Authority Pointer (NAPTR) records on the DNS server. The phone uses the protocol with the highest priority in the records.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.

Step 2 In the **SIP Settings** section, set the **SIP Transport** parameter to select a transport protocol for SIP messages.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

```
<SIP Transport n ua="na">UDP</SIP Transport n >
```

where n is the extension number.

Options: UDP, TCP, TLS, and Auto

AUTO allows the phone to select the appropriate protocol automatically, based on the NAPTR records on

the DNS server.

Default: UDP

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Block Non-Proxy SIP Messages to a Phone

You can disable the ability of the phone to receive incoming SIP messages from a non-proxy server. When you enable this feature, the phone only accepts SIP messages from:

- proxy server
- outbound proxy server
- alternative proxy server
- alternative outbound proxy server
- IN-Dialog message from proxy server and non-proxy server. For example: Call Session dialog and Subscribe dialog

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System.

Step 2 In the System Configuration section, set the Block Nonproxy SIP parameter to Yes to block any incoming non-proxy SIP messages except IN-dialog message. If you choose No, the phone does not block any incoming non-proxy SIP messages.

Set **Block Nonproxy SIP** to **No** for phones that use TCP or TLS to transport SIP messages. Nonproxy SIP messages transported over TCP or TLS are blocked by default.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Auto Answer Page ua="na">Yes</Auto Answer Page>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure a Privacy Header

A user privacy header in the SIP message sets user privacy needs from the trusted network.

You can set the user privacy header value for each line extension.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Extension**.

Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, set the Privacy Header parameter to set user privacy in the SIP message in the trusted network.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Privacy_Header_2_ ua="na">header</privacy_Header_2_>
```

Options:

- Disabled (default)
- none—The user requests that a privacy service applies no privacy functions to this SIP message.
- header—The user needs a privacy service to obscure headers which cannot be purged of identifying information.
- session—The user requests that a privacy service provide anonymity for the sessions.
- user—The user requests a privacy level only by intermediaries.
- id—The user requests that the system substitute an id that doesn't reveal the IP address or host name.

Default: Disabled

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable P-Early-Media Support

You can determine whether to include the P-Early-Media header in the SIP message of outgoing calls. The P-Early-Media header contains the status of the early media stream. If the status indicates that the network is blocking the early media stream, the phone plays the local ringback tone. Otherwise, the phone plays the early media while waiting for the call to be connected.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** (n).

Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, set the P-Early-Media Support to Yes to control whether the P-Early-Media header is included in the SIP message for an outgoing call.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<P-Early-Media Support 1 ua="na">No</P-Early-Media Support 1 >

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Peer Firmware Sharing

Peer Firmware Sharing (PFS) is a firmware distribution model which allows a Cisco IP phone to find other phones of the same model or series on the subnet and share updated firmware files when you need to upgrade multiple phones all at the same time. PFS uses Cisco Peer-to-Peer-Distribution Protocol (CPPDP) which is a Cisco proprietary protocol. With CPPDP, all the devices in the subnet form a peer-to-peer hierarchy, and then copy the firmware or the other files from peer devices to the neighboring devices. To optimize firmware upgrades, a root phone downloads the firmware image from the load server and then transfers the firmware to other phones on the subnet using TCP connections.

Peer firmware sharing:

- Limits congestion on TFTP transfers to centralized remove load servers.
- Eliminates the need to manually control firmware upgrades.
- Reduces phone downtime during upgrades when large numbers of phones are reset simultaneously.



Note

• Peer firmware sharing does not function unless multiple phones are set to upgrade at the same time. When a NOTIFY is sent with Event:resync, it initiates a resync on the phone. Example of an xml that can contain the configurations to initiate the upgrade:

"Event:resync;profile="http://10.77.10.141/profile.xml

• When you set the Peer Firmware Sharing Log server to an IP address and port, the PFS specific logs are sent to that server as UDP messages. This setting must be done on each phone. You can then use the log messages when troubleshooting issues related to PFS.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Provisioning**.

Step 2 In the **Firmware Upgrade** section, set the parameters:

a) Set the **Peer Firmware Sharing** parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Peer_Firmware_Sharing ua="na">Yes</Peer_Firmware_Sharing>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

b) Set the **Peer Firmware Sharing Log Server** paramter to indicate the IP address and the port to which the UDP message is sent.

For example: 10.98.76.123:514 where, 10.98.76.123 is the IP address and 514 is the port number.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Peer_Firmware_Sharing_Log_Server>192.168.5.5/ Peer_Firmware_Sharing_Log_Server>
```

Peer_Firmware_Sharing_Log_Server specifies UDP Remote syslog server hostname and the port. The port defaults to the default syslog 514.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Specify the Profile Authentication Type

Profile Authentication allows phone users to resynchronize the provisioning profile onto the phone. Authentication information is required while the phone tries to resynchronize and download configuration file for the first time and gets an HTTP or HTTPS 401 authentication error. When you enable this feature, the **Profile account setup** screen is displayed on the phone for the following situations:

- When the HTTP or HTTPs 401 authentication error occurs during first-time provisioning after the phone reboots
- When the profile account username and password are empty
- When there are no username and password in the Profile Rule

If the **Profile account setup** screen is missed or ignored, the user can also access the setup screen through the phone screen menu, or the **Setup** softkey, which displays only when no line on the phone is registered.

When you disable the feature, the **Profile account setup** screen doesn't display on the phone.

The username and password in the **Profile Rule** field have a higher priority than the profile account.

- When you provide a correct URL in the **Profile Rule** field without a username and password, the phone requires authentication or digest to resynchronize the profile. With the correct profile account, authentication passes. With an incorrect profile account, authentication fails.
- When you provide a correct URL in the **Profile Rule** field with a correct username and password, the
 phone requires authentication or digest to resynchronize the profile. The profile account is not used for
 phone resynchronization. Sign-in is successful.
- When you provide a correct URL in the **Profile Rule** field with an incorrect username and password, the phone requires authentication or digest to resynchronize the profile. The profile account isn't used for phone resynchronization. Sign-in always fails.
- When you provide an incorrect URL in the **Profile Rule** field, sign-in always fails.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

You can specify the profile authentication type from the phone administration web page.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Provisioning.

Step 2 In the Configuration Profile section, set the Profile Authentication Type parameter to specify the credentials to use for profile account authentication.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Profile Authentication Type ua="na">Disabled</Profile Authentication Type>

Options:

- **Disabled**: Disables the profile account feature. When this feature is disabled, the **Profile account setup** menu doesn't display on the phone screen.
- Basic HTTP Authentication: The HTTP login credentials are used to authenticate the profile account.

• XSI Authentication: XSI login credentials or XSI SIP credentials are used to authenticate the profile account. The authentication credentials depend on the XSI Authentication Type for the phone:

When the XSI Authentication Type for the phone is set to Login Credentials, the XSI login credentials are used.

When the XSI Authentication Type for the phone is set to SIP Credentials, the XSI SIP credentials are used.

Default: Basic HTTP Authentication

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Control the Authentication Requirement to Access the Phone Menus

You can control if authentication is required to access phone menus.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Set the LCD Authentication and LCD Authentication Customization sections as described in the Parameters for User Authentication Control, on page 236 table.

Parameters for User Authentication Control

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters for user authentication control feature in the **LCD Authentication** and **LCD Authentication Customization** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 31: Parameters for User Authentication Control

Parameter	Description						
Require	Controls whether the user requires authentication to access phone menus.						
Authentication for LCD Menu	Pertorm one of the following:						
Access	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:						
	<pre><require_authentication_for_lcd_menu_access ua="na">Default</require_authentication_for_lcd_menu_access></pre>						
	On the phone web interface, select the required value.						
	Allowed values: Default Customized No						
	• Default —When selected, user needs to provide password and then sign in to access the phone menus that requires authentication. Phone continues to support all the functionalities that are supported in the releases prior to 11.3(2). Phone displays lock screen icon.						
	To access any phone menus that require authentication, user needs to provide the password and press Sign in . The lock icon remains locked. After the user signs in, the lock icon is unlocked.						
	 Customized—When selected, user requires authentication only to access Profile rul and Factory reset menus on the phone. Authenticaion control of these two menus als depends on the settings of the Factory Reset Menu menu and the Profile Rule Men menu. User will not require any authentication to access other phone menus. 						
	• No—When selected, the Sign in menu, the Sign out menu, the lock icon, and the Set password menus are not available on the phone. User can access phone menus without any authentication.						
	Default value: Default						
Factory Reset	Specifies if the user requires authentication to access Factory reset menu on the phone.						
Menu	You can customize this parameter to Yes or No only when you set the Require Authentication for LCD Menu Access parameter to Customized .						
	Perform one of the following:						
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:						
	<pre><factory_reset_menu ua="na">Yes</factory_reset_menu></pre>						
	• On the phone web interface, set this parameter to Yes or No as needed.						
	Allowed values: Yes No						
	Default value: Yes						

Parameter	Description					
Profile Rule	Specifies if the user requires authentication to access Profile rule menu on the phone.					
Menu	You can customize this parameter to Yes or No only when you set the Require Authentication for LCD Menu Access parameter to Customized .					
	Perform one of the following:					
	<pre><profile_rule_menu ua="na">Yes</profile_rule_menu></pre>					
	• On the phone web interface, set this parameter to Yes or No as needed.					
	Allowed values: Yes No					
	Default value: Yes					

Silence an Incoming Call with Ignore Soft Key

You can add the **Ignore** softkey on the phone. User can press this softkey to silence an incoming call when busy and don't want to be disturbed. When the user presses the softkey, the phone stops ringing, but the user gets a visual alert, and, can answer the phone call.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable to Yes.
- **Step 3** Enter the following values in the **Ringing Key List** field:

answer|1;ignore|2;ignoresilent|3;

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Move an Active Call from a Phone to Other Phones (Locations)

You can configure a phone to allow a call to seamlessly be moved from one desk phone(location) to another mobile phone or desk phone(location).

When you enable this feature, the **Anywhere** menu is added into the phone screen. The user can use this menu to add multiple phones as locations to the extension. When there is an incoming call in that extension, all the added phones will ring and the user can answer the incoming call from any location. The locations list also gets saved to the BroadWorks XSI server.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Moving Active Call to Other Locations, on page 240 table.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext**(**n**).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the XSI Host Server, XSI Authentication Type, Login User ID, Login Password, and Anywhere Enable parameters as described in the Parameters for Moving Active Call to Other Locations, on page 240 table.

If you select **SIP Credentials** for **XSI Authentication Type**, you need to enter subsriber **Auth ID** and **Password** in the **Subscriber Information** section.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Moving Active Call to Other Locations

The following table defines the function and usage of Moving Active Call to Locations parameters in the XSI Line Service section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 32: Parameters for Moving Active Call to Locations

Parameter	Description
XSI Host Server	Enter the name of the server. For example:
	xsi.iop1.broadworks.net
	Note XSI Host Server uses http protocol by default. To enable XSI over HTTPS, you can specify https:// in the server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsi_host_server ua="na">https://xsi.iop1.broadworks.net</xsi_host_server> • In the phone web page, enter the server.</pre>
	For example:
	https://xsi.iopl.broadworks.net
	You can also specify a port for the server. For example:
	https://xsi.iop1.broadworks.net:5061
	If you don't specify a port. The default port for the specified protocol is used.
	Default: Blank

Parameter	Description				
XSI Authentication Type	Determines the XSI authentication type.				
	Perform one of the following:				
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:				
	<pre><xsi_authentication_type ua="na">SIP Credentials</xsi_authentication_type> • In the phone web page, select an authentication type.</pre>				
	Options:				
	Login Credentials - authenticates access with Login User ID and Login Password.				
	SIP Credentials - authenticates access with the register Auth ID and Password of the SIP account registered on the phone.				
	If you select SIP Credentials for XSI Authentication Type , you need to enter subscriber Auth ID and Password in the Subscriber Information section.				
	Default: Login Credentials				
Login User ID	BroadSoft User ID of the phone user.				
	For example:				
	johndoe@xdp.broadsoft.com.				
	Perform one of the following:				
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:				
	<pre><login_user_id ua="na">4081005300@as1bsoft22.sipurash.com</login_user_id></pre>				
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid user ID.				
	For any XSI Authentication Type, you must enter Login User ID . The BroadWorks Anywhere feature does not work without this parameter.				
	Default: admin				
Login Password	Alphanumeric password associated with the Login User ID.				
	Enter Login Password, when you select Login Credentials for XSI authentication type.				
	After you enter the password, this parameter shows the following in the configuration file (cfg.xml): <acs_password ua="na">***********************************</acs_password>				
	Default: Blank				

Parameter	Description
Anywhere Enable	Enables BroadWorks Anywhere feature on an extension.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<anywhere_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</anywhere_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes, Anywhere is enabled on this line, and the user can use the phone menu to add multiple locations to this specific line.
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Sync the Block Caller ID Feature with the Phone and the BroadWords XSI Server

You can sync the **Block caller id** status on the phone and the **Line ID Blocking** status on the BroadWorks XSI server. When you enable the synchronization, the changes that the user makes in the **Block caller id** settings also changes the BroadWorks server settings.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice \geq Ext(n).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the Block CID Enable parameter. Choose Yes to enable the synchronization of blocking caller id status with the server using XSI interface. Choose No to use the phone's local blocking caller id settings.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Block CID Enable 1 ua="na">No</Block CID Enable 1 >

Note

- When **Feature Key Sync** is set to **Yes**, FKS takes precedent over XSI synchronization.
- If XSI host server and credentials are not entered and the **CFWD Enable** field is set to **Yes**, the phone user can't forward calls on the phone.

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Viewing BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line

You can configure a phone to display recent call logs from either the BroadWorks server or the local phone. After you enable the feature, the Recents screen has a **Display recents from** menu and the user can choose the XSI call logs or the local call logs.

You can set up a feature to do a reverse name lookup against local contacts for BroadWorks server call logs. For example, on server you set up a user 3280 (4085273280) with name "cx400 liu" and another user 3281(4085273281) with name "cx401 liu". User 3280 is registered on phone A and user 3281 is registered on phone B. From phone A you make a missed call, a received call, or a placed call on phone B. The display of the broadsoft call logs on phone B appears as follows:

- If the personal directory doesn't have a contact that matches with the caller name, the BroadWorks call logs on phone B displays the original name "cx400 liu" saved in the server as the caller name.
- If the personal directory has a contact with "Name" = "B3280" and "Work" = "3280" that matches with the calling number, the BroadWorks call logs on phone B displays the contact name "B3280" as the caller name.
- If the personal directory has a contact with "Name" = "C3280" and "Work" = "03280", and the user configures a caller id map rule (<3:03>x.), the BroadWorks call logs on the phone B displays "C3280" using the mapped phone number 03280. If there is a matched contact of the unmapped phone number, the mapped phone number will not be used for reverse name lookup.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line, on page 244 table.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

CallLog Enable field is enabled.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the XSI Phone Service section, set the XSI Host Server, XSI Authentication Type, Login User ID, Login Password, and Directory Enable fields as described in Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line, on page 244.

If you select **SIP Credentials** for **XSI Authentication Type**, you need to enter **SIP Auth ID** and **SIP Password** in this section.

Step 3 Set the CallLog Associated Line and Display Recents From fields as described in Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line, on page 244.

Note The **Display recents from** menu doesn't appear in the **Recents** phone screen when you set the value of the **CallLog Enable** field to **No**,

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line

The following table defines the function and usage of XSI Call Logs on a Line parameters in the XSI Phone Service section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 33: Parameters for XSI Call Logs on a Line

Parameter	Description
XSI Host Server	Enter the name of the server; for example,
	xsi.iop1.broadworks.net
	Note XSI Host Server uses http protocol by default. To enable XSI over HTTPS, you can specify https:// in the server. • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <pre></pre>
	Default: Empty
XSI Authentication Type	Determines the XSI authentication type. Select Login Credentials to authenticate access with XSI id and password. Select SIP Credentials to authenticate access with the register user ID and password of the SIP account registered on the phone.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsi_authentication_type ua="na">SIP Credentials</xsi_authentication_type></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the authentication type for XSI service.
	Options: SIP Credentials and Login Credentials
	Default: Login Credentials

Parameter	Description
Login User ID	BroadSoft User ID of the phone user; for example, johndoe@xdp.broadsoft.com.
	Enter SIP Auth ID when you select Login Credentials or SIP Credentials for XSI authentication type.
	When you choose SIP Auth ID as SIP Credentials , you must enter Login User ID. Without Login User ID, the BroadSoft directory will not appear under the phone Directory list.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<login_user_id ua="na">username</login_user_id
	• In the phone web interface, enter the username used to authenticate the access to the XSI server.
	Default: Empty
Login Password	Alphanumeric password associated with the User ID.
	Enter login password, when you select Login Credentials for XSI authentication type.
	Default: Empty
Directory Enable	Enables BroadSoft directory for the phone user. Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><directory_enable ua="na">Yes</directory_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the BroadSoft directory.
	Option: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description		
CallLog Associated Line	Allows you to select a phone line for which you want to display the recent call logs.		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<pre><calllog_associated_line ua="na">1</calllog_associated_line></pre>		
	• In the phone web interface, Select a phone line.		
	Valid values: 1 to 10		
	Default: 1		
Display Recents From	Allows you to set which type of recent call logs the phone will display.		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<pre><display_recents_from ua="na">Phone</display_recents_from></pre> /Display_Recents_From>		
	In the phone web interface, Choose Server to display BroadSoft XSI recent call logs and select Phone to display local recent call logs.		
	Option: Phone and Server		
	Default: Phone		
	Note The Display recents from is added to the Recents screen of the phone only when you set CallLog Enable to Yes and Display Recents From type to Server.		

Enable Feature Key Sync

When you enable the Feature Key Synchronization (FKS), the settings of call forward and do not disturb (DND) on the server are synchronized to the phone. The changes in DND and call forward settings made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server.

When you enable the Feature Key Synchronization (FKS), the settings of call forward and do not disturb (DND) on the server are synchronized to the phone. The changes in DND and call forward settings made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server. If configured, executives can access the **Settings** > **Executive** menu on the phone. Similarly, assistants can access the **Settings** > **Assistant** menu.



Note

Feature Key Sync must be enabled for all the executive and assistant users.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, set the Feature Key Sync field to Yes.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Related Topics

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247
Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 248
Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 249

DND and Call Forward Status Sync

You can configure the settings on the phone administration web page to enable status synchronization of do not disturb (DND) and call forward between the phone and the server.

There are two ways to synchronize the feature status:

- Feature Key Synchronization (FKS)
- XSI Synchronization



Note

Feature Key Sync must be enabled for all the executive and assistant users.

FKS uses SIP messages to communicate the feature status. XSI Synchronization uses HTTP messages. If both FKS and XSI synchronization are enabled, FKS takes precedent over XSI synchronization. See the table below for how FKS interacts with XSI synchronization.

Table 34: Interaction Between FKS and XSI Synchronization

Feature Key Sync	DND Enabled	CFWD Enabled	DND Sync	CFWD Sync
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes (SIP)	Yes (SIP)
Yes	No	No	Yes (SIP)	Yes (SIP)
Yes	No	Yes	Yes (SIP)	Yes (SIP)

Feature Key Sync	DND Enabled	CFWD Enabled	DND Sync	CFWD Sync
Yes	No	No	Yes (SIP)	Yes (SIP)
No	Yes	Yes	Yes (HTTP)	Yes (HTTP)
No	No	Yes	No	Yes (HTTP)
No	Yes	No	Yes (HTTP)	No
No	No	No	No	No

If a line key is configured with FKS or XSI synchronization and is also enabled with DND or call forward, the respective DND icon or the call forward icon is displayed next to the line key label. If the line key has a missed call, a voice message, or an urgent voicemail alert, the DND icon or the call forward icon is also displayed with the alert notification.

Related Topics

Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246 Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 248 Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 249

Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service

When call forward sync is enabled, the settings related to call forward on the server are synchronized to the phone. The changes in call forward settings made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the **Voice** > **Ext (n)** tab.
 - When using **Login Credentials** for XSI server authentication, enter **XSI Host Server**, **Login User ID**, and **Login Password** in the **XSI Line Service** section.
 - When using **SIP** Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter **XSI** Host Server and Login User **ID** in the **XSI** Line Service section, and **Auth ID** and **Password** in the **Subscriber Information** section.
- Disable Feature Key Sync (FKS) in Call Feature Settings section from Voice > Ext (n).

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the CFWD Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<CFWD Enable 1 ua="na">Yes</CFWD Enable 1 >
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Note

If XSI sync for call forward is enabled and the XSI host server or XSI account is not configured correctly, the phone user can't forward calls on the phone.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Related Topics

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247 Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246

Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service

When do not disturb (DND) sync is enabled, the DND setting on the server is synchronized to the phone. The changes in DND setting made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the **Voice** > **Ext (n)** tab.
 - When using **Login Credentials** for XSI server authentication, enter **XSI Host Server**, **Login User ID**, and **Login Password** in the **XSI Line Service** section.
 - When using SIP Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server and Login User ID in the XSI Line Service section, and Auth ID and Password in the Subscriber Information section.
- Disable Feature Key Synchronization (FKS) in **Call Feature Settings** section from **Voice** > **Ext (n)**.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the DND Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<DND Enable 1 ua="na">Yes</DND Enable 1 >
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Related Topics

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247 Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246

Enable Synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection via XSI Service

You can enable synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection for each line via the XSI service. The function can be used to reject calls from callers who have blocked the display of their number.

Except for the setting for each line, you can also use the **Block ANC Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User** to directly enable or disable the function for all lines.

The priority of the setting: **Block Anonymous Call Enable** > **Block ANC Setting**.

For example, if you set **Block Anonymous Call Enable** to **Yes** for a specific line, the setting in the **Block ANC Setting** doesn't take effect for the line, it takes effect for other lines on which **Block Anonymous Call Enable** is **No**.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the Voice > Ext (n) tab.
 - When using Login Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server, Login User ID, and Login Password in the XSI Line Service section.
 - When using SIP Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server and Login User ID in the XSI Line Service section, and Auth ID and Password in the Subscriber Information section.
- Ensure that Anonymous Call Rejection is enabled on the line or in the XSI service. Otherwise, your user still receives anonymous calls.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).

Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the Block Anonymous Call Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Block_Anonymous_Call_Enable_n_ ua="na">Yes</Block_Anonymous_Call_Enable_n_>

Where n is the extension number.

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

After the change takes effect, the XSI service takes over the phone to provide the function. The function doesn't work in the following scenarios even though **Block Anonymous Call Enable** is set to **Yes**:

- The function is disabled in the XSI service.
- The function is disabled on the line.

Because the function status is synchronized between the XSI service and the line.

Set Feature Activation Code for Anonymous Call Rejection

You can set activation code to block or remove blocking of anonymous calls for all lines on which synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection is disabled.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Regional.
- Step 2 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the Block ANC Act Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *77.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Block ANC Act Code ua="na">*77</Block ANC Act Code>
```

Step 3 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the Block ANC Deact Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *87.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Block ANC Deact Code ua="na">*87</Block ANC Deact Code>
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Your user can dial *77 or *87 and press the Call softkey to block all anonymous calls or remove the blocking.

This operation is identical to the setting on the **Block ANC Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User**. It takes effect for the lines on which the **Block Anonymous Call Enable** (under the **XSI Line Service** section from **Voice** > **Ext**) is set to **No**.

Enable Synchronization of Call Waiting via XSI Service

You can enable synchronization of Call Waiting for each line via the XSI service. The function allows the user to receive incoming calls while on another call.

Except for the setting, you can also use the **CW Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User** to directly enable or disable the function for all lines.

The priority of the setting: Call Waiting Enable > CW Setting.

For example, if you set **Call Waiting Enable** to **Yes** for a specific line, the setting in the **CW Setting** doesn't take effect for the line, it only takes effect for other lines on which **Call Waiting Enable** is set to **No**.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the Voice > Ext (n) tab.
 - When using Login Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server, Login User ID, and Login Password in the XSI Line Service section.
 - When using SIP Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server and Login User ID in the XSI Line Service section, and Auth ID and Password in the Subscriber Information section.
- Ensure that Call Waiting is enabled on the line or in the XSI service. Otherwise, your user doesn't receive any incoming calls while on a call.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the Call Waiting Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Call_Waiting_Enable_n_ ua="na">Yes</Call_Waiting_Enable_n_>
```

Where n is the extension number.

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

After the change takes effect, the XSI service takes over the phone to provide the function. The function doesn't work in the following scenarios even though **Call Waiting Enable** is set to **Yes**:

- The function is disabled in the XSI service.
- The function is disabled on the line.

Because the function status is synchronized between the XSI service and the line.

Set Feature Activation Code for Call Waiting

You can set activation code (star code) that can be used to activate or deactivate Call Waiting for all lines.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Regional**.
- Step 2 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the CW Act Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *56.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<CW Act Code ua="na">*56</CW Act Code>
```

Step 3 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the CW_Deact_Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *57.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<CW_Deact_Code ua="na">*57</CW_Deact_Code>
```

Step 4 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the CW_Per_Call_Act_Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *71.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<CW_Per_Call_Act_Code ua="na">*71</CW_Per_Call_Act_Code>
```

Step 5 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the CW_Per_Call_Deact_Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *70.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<CW Per Call Deact Code ua="na">*70</CW Per Call Deact Code>
```

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Your user can dial *56 or *57 and press the **Call** softkey to activate or deactivate Call Waiting for all incoming calls. This operation is identical to the setting on the **CW Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User**. These activation codes don't take effect for the lines where synchronization of Call Waiting via the XSI service is enabled.

Your user can dial *71 or *70 and press the **Call** softkey to temporarily activate or deactivate Call Waiting for the next incoming call on an active call. These activation codes still take effect for the lines where synchronization of Call Waiting via the XSI service is enabled. If Call Waiting is disabled in the XSI service, the server blocks all incoming calls, therefore these activation codes don't take effect.

Executives and Assistants

You can set up executives and their assistants to share control of calls.

You configure users as executives and assistants in BroadWorks. The BroadWorks configuration also sets up the relationships between the executives and assistants. For more information, see the BroadWorks documentation.

After the BroadWorks configuration, you configure the following phone settings.

- Enable the synchronization of executive-assistant settings between the phone and the server.
- Update the dial plan to enable users to dial service activation codes.
- Configure a line key for the **Executive** / **Assistant** menu access if necessary.
- Change the service activation codes if necessary.
- Change the programmable softkeys if necessary.
- Set up preference of the executive-assistant role for the phone.



Important

- Executives and assistants cannot share phones. Do not configure extensions on the same phone for an executive and an assistant.
- The executive-assistant feature is recommended for private lines.
- The number of calls that an assistant can initiate in parallel is limited to the **Call Appearances Per Line** setting under **Miscellaneous Line Key Settings** on the phone web page > **Voice** > **Phone** tab.

Set Up Preference for the Executive-Assistant Role

Perform this task if you want to set the preference for the executive-assistant role that an extension selects. The preference setting can't directly determine the executive-assistant role of the phone. The preference setting on the phone and the role relationship setting on the BroadWorks can finally determine the actual role for the phone. For more information about the logic of the role selections, see Selection Logic of the Executive-Assistant Role, on page 255.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Make sure that the Feature Key Synchronization (FKS) is enabled. See Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Executive Assistant section, set the Executive Assistant Role field to Default, Executive, or Assistant.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is phone-specific. Enter a string in this format:

<Executive Assistant Role ua="na">Default</Executive Assistant Role>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Selection Logic of the Executive-Assistant Role

This section describes the selection logic of the executive-assistant role for an extension and a phone respectively.

Selection Logic of the Executive-Assistant Role for an Extension

The executive-assistant role for an extension is determined by the following criteria:

- The preferred role ("Default", "Executive", or "Assistant") that is set up on the phone web page or by the phone configuration file (cfg.xml)
- The relationship setting between executives and assistants from the BroadWorks server

The following information shows the selection logic of the different preferred executive-assistant role:

- **First priority**: If an assistant doesn't have an executive list, this means that the assistant has no relationship with any executive. In this case, none of the phone's extension acts as the assistant role.
- If Executive Assistant Role is set to Default:
 - An extension that has only the assistant role acts as the assistant role.
 If the assistant role of the extension doesn't have an executive list, then the extension doesn't act as any role.
 - An extension that has only the executive role acts as the executive role.
 - An extension that has both the assistant and the executive roles acts as the assistant role.



Note

An extension's assistant role has higher priority than its executive role. If the assistant role of the extension doesn't have an executive list, according to the **First priority**, the extension will act as the executive role.

• If Executive Assistant Role is set to Executive:

An extension acts as the executive role after it retrieves the role from the BroadWorks server. Before that, it doesn't act as any role.

When the BroadWorks server assigns both roles to an extension, the extension acts as the executive role according to the setting on the phone.

• If Executive Assistant Role is set to Assistant:

An extension acts as the assistant role after it retrieves the role from the BroadWorks server. Before that, it doesn't act as any role.

When the BroadWorks server assigns both roles to an extension, the extension acts as the assistant role according to the setting on the phone.

If the assistant role doesn't have an executive list, the extension will not act as any role.

Selection Logic of the Executive-Assistant Role for a Phone

The executive-assistant role for a phone is determined by the first available executive or assistant extension:

- **1.** The phone searches all its extensions from the first one (extension 1).
- **2.** The phone selects the first extension that acts as the executive or assistant role as the *executive-assistant extension* of the phone.
- **3.** The phone acts as the same role of the selected extension.

The following table shows the examples of which role a phone will act as in different scenarios:

Examples of Role Selection for a Phone

Executive-Assistant Role	t Extension 1		Extension 2		Role of the Phone	Executive-Assistant Extension		
	Get Executive Role	Get Assistant Role	Assistant Has Executive List	Get Executive Role	Get Assistant Role	Assistant Has Executive List		
Default	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	None	N/A
Default	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Assistant	Ext 2
Default	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Executive	Ext 1
Assistant	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	None	N/A
Assistant	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Assistant	Ext 2
Executive	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	None	N/A
Executive	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Executive	Ext 1

Executive-Assistant Setting Synchronization

Executive and assistant functions require settings to be synchronized between the phones and the server via Feature Key Synchronization (FKS). Once you enable FKS, executives can access the **Settings** > **Executive** menu on the phone. Similarly, assistants can access the **Settings** > **Assistant** menu.

To enable FKS, see Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246.

Dial Plan for Executives and Assistants

The dial plan for executives and assistants must include the following digit sequences:

• #xx or a variant that includes the expression, to enable users to dial # codes.

- *xx or a variant that includes the expression, to enable users to dial * codes.
- #xx+xxxxxxxxx**xxxxxxxx to enable users to dial # codes followed by numbers.

See Dial Plan Overview, on page 505 for information on the dial plan.

See Edit the Dial Plan on the IP Phone, on page 512 for details on how to add entries to the dial plan.

Enable Alphanumeric Dialing for Executives

The executives can directly make calls to their assistants when they check the assistant list.

The target phone number might include alphanumeric characters. To achieve this function, you must set **Enable URI Dialing** to **Yes** in the phone web page. For more information, see Configure Alphanumeric Dialing, on page 189.

Configure Executive and Assistant Menu Access on a Line Key

You can configure a line key for access to the **Settings** > **Executive** menu on an executive's phone, and the **Settings** > **Assistant** menu on an assistant's phone.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select an available Line Key on which to access the executive or assistant menu.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to configure the executive and assistant menu access on the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension_2_ ua="na">Disabled</Extension_2_>
```

Step 4 Set the **Share Call Appearance** parameter to **Private**.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Share_Call_Appearance_2_ ua="na">private</Share_Call_Appearance_2_>
```

Step 5 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

fnc=bw-exec-assist

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a sting in this format:

```
<Extended Function 2 ua="na">fnc=bw-exec-assist</Extended Function 2 >
```

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Service Activation Codes for Executives and Assistants

Executives and assistants can access most functions through a service activation code or a programmable softkey.

- For executives:
 - Activating call filtering
 - Deactivating call filtering
 - Joining ongoing calls
 - Transferring ongoing calls to themselves
- For assistants:
 - Joining ongoing calls
 - Transferring ongoing calls to themselves

The following functions can be accessed only through service activation codes.



Important

You will need to inform the users of the service activation codes for these functions in order to enable them to perform these actions.

All service activation codes for the feature are set up by default.

You can change the service activation codes for specific functions according to your organization's requirement. See Vertical Service Activation Codes, on page 525 for details.



Important

If you change a service activation code through the phone website, make sure to update the corresponding setting in the BroadWorks server, and vice versa.

Executive-Assistant Service Activation Codes in the XML Configuration File



Important

If you change a service activation code in the XML Configuration file, make sure to update the corresponding setting in the BroadWorks server.

The following sample XML Configuration file section shows the parameters (XML tags) and values for the executive-assistant feature service activation codes.

```
<!-- Vertical Service Activation Codes --> 
<Exec Assistant Call Initiate Code ua="na">#64</Exec Assistant Call Initiate Code>
```

```
<Exec_Call_Filter_Act_Code ua="na">#61</Exec_Call_Filter_Act_Code>
<Exec_Call_Filter_Deact_Code ua="na">#62</Exec_Call_Filter_Deact_Code>
<Exec_Assistant_Call_Push_Code ua="na">#63</Exec_Assistant_Call_Push_Code>
<Exec_Call_Retrieve_Code ua="na">*11</Exec_Call_Retrieve_Code>
<Exec_Call_Bridge_Code ua="na">*15</Exec_Call_Bridge_Code></Exec_Call_Bridge_Code>
```

The following table describes these parameters and values.

Parameter	Value	Description
Exec_Assistant_Call_Initiate_Code	The # or * code that you want to be used for the function	For assistants to initiate calls on behalf of executives
Exec_Call_Filter_Act_Code	The # or * code that you want to be used for the function	For executives to activate call filtering
Exec_Call_Filter_Deact_Code	The # or * code that you want to be used for the function	For executives to deactivate call filtering
Exec_Assistant_Call_Push_Code	The # or * code that you want to be used for the function	For assistants to transfer an ongoing call to an executive
Exec_Call_Bridge_Code	The # or * code that you want to be used for the function	For executives or assistants to join an ongoing call
Exec_Call_Retrieve_Code	The # or * code that you want to be used for the function	For executives or assistants to transfer an ongoing call to themselves

Programmable Softkeys for Executives and Assistants

All programmable softkeys for executives and assistants are set up by default.

See Programmable Softkeys, on page 356 for details on programmable softkeys.

Executive-Assistant Programmable Softkeys in the XML Configuration File

The following sample XML Configuration file section shows the parameters (XML tags) and values for the programmable softkeys for executives and assistants.

```
<!-- Programmable Softkeys -->
<Programmable_Softkey_Enable ua="na">No</Programmable_Softkey_Enable>
<Idle_Key_List ua="na">em_login;acd_login;acd_logout;astate;avail;unavail;redial;
recents;cfwd;dnd;lcr;pickup;gpickup;unpark;em_logout;guestin;guestout;callretrieve;
bridgein;</Idle_Key_List>
<Hold_Key_List ua="na">resume|1;endcall|2;newcall|3;redial;dir;cfwd;dnd;
callpush;</Hold_Key_List>
<Shared_Active_Key_List ua="na">newcall|1;barge|2;bargesilent|3;cfwd|4;dnd|5;
callretrieve;bridgein</Shared_Active_Key_List>
<Shared_Held_Key_List ua="na">resume|1;barge|2;cfwd|3;dnd|4;</Shared_Held_Key_List>
<Exec_Assistant_Key_List ua="na">proxycall|2;divert|3;</Exec_Assistant_Key_List>
```

The following table describes these parameters and values.

Parameters	Value	Description
Idle_Key_List, Shared_Active_Key_List	bridgein	Enables executives to join an ongoing call
Idle_Key_List, Shared_Active_Key_List	callretrieve	Enables executives to transfer an ongoing call to themselves
Hold_Key_List	callpush	Enables assistants to transfer an ongoing call to an executive, after putting the call on hold
Exec_Assistant_Key_List	proxycall	Enables assistants to initiate calls on behalf of executives, from the Settings > Assistant menu
Exec_Assistant_Key_List	divert	Enables assistants to activate or deactivate call diversion, from the Settings > Assistant menu

Configure Priorities for Voice and Video Data

You can prioritize voice or video data in limited bandwidth conditions.

You will need to configure the priorities individually on each line of a phone.

You can configure different priorities for different areas of traffic. For example, you can configure different priorities for internal and external traffic by setting up different configurations on internal and external lines. For effective traffic management, specify the same settings on all the phone lines in a group.

The Type of Service (ToS) field of a data packet determines the packet's priority in data traffic. You can configure the desired priorities by specifying appropriate values for the ToS fields of voice and video packets, for each phone line.

For voice data, the phone applies the ToS value that it receives by LLDP. When there is no ToS value available by LLDP, the phone applies the value that you specify for voice packets.

For video data, the phone always applies the ToS value that you specify for video packets.

The default values prioritize voice over video.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Configure Priorities for Voice and Video Data, on page 261 table.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.

- Step 2 In the Network Settings section, set the parameter values as described in Parameters for Configure Priorities for Voice and Video Data, on page 261.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Configure Priorities for Voice and Video Data

The following table defines the function and usage of Configure Priorities for Voice and Video Data parameters in the Network Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 35: Parameters for Moving Active Call to Locations

Parameter	Description
SIP TOS/DiffServ Value	Time of service (ToS)/differentiated services (DiffServ) field value in UDP IP packets carrying a SIP message.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre> <sip_tos_diffserv_value_1_ ua="na">0x68</sip_tos_diffserv_value_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the field value in UDP IP packets carrying a SIP message.</pre>
	Default: 0x68
RTP ToS/DiffServ Value	Value for the ToS field of voice data packets.
	Sets the priority for voice packets in data traffic.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><rtp_tos_diffserv_value_1_ ua="na">0xb8</rtp_tos_diffserv_value_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the value for the ToS field.</pre>
	Default: 0xb8

Parameter	Description
Video RTP ToS/DiffServ Value	Value for the ToS field of video data packets.
	Sets the priority for video packets in data traffic.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><video_rtp_tos_diffserv_value_1_ ua="na">0x80</video_rtp_tos_diffserv_value_1_></pre>
	 In the phone web page, enter a valid value for the ToS field of video data packets.
	Default:

Enable End-of-Call Statistics Reports in SIP Messages

You can enable the phone to send end-of-call statistics in Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) messages (BYE and re-INVITE messages). The phone sends call statistics to the other party of the call when the call terminates or when the call is on hold. The statistics include:

- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) packets sent or received
- Total bytes sent or received
- Total number of lost packets
- Delay jitter
- Round-trip delay
- Call duration

The call statistics are sent as headers in SIP BYE messages and SIP BYE response messages (200 OK and re-INVITE during hold). For audio sessions, the headers are RTP-RXStat and RTP-TXStat. For video sessions, the headers are RTP-VideoRXStat and RTP-VideoTXStat.

Example of call statistics in a SIP BYE message:

```
Rtp-Rxstat: Dur=13,Pkt=408,Oct=97680,LatePkt=8,LostPkt=0,AvgJit=0,VQMetrics="CCR=0.0017;
ICR=0.0000;ICRmx=0.0077;CS=2;SCS=0;VORxCOdec=PCMU;CID=4;VoPktSizeMs=30;VoPktLost=0;
VoPktDis=1;VoOneWayDelayMs=281;maxJitter=12;MOScq=4.21;MOSlq=3.52;network=ethernet;
hwType=CP-8865;rtpBitrate=60110;rtcpBitrate=0"

Rtp-Txstat: Dur=13,Pkt=417,Oct=100080,tvqMetrics="TxCodec=PCMU;rtpbitrate=61587;rtcpbitrate=0

Rtp-Videorxstat: Dur=12;pkt=5172;oct=3476480;lostpkt=5;avgjit=17;rtt=0;
ciscorxvm="RxCodec=H264 BP0;RxBw=2339;RxReso=1280x720;RxFrameRate=31;
RxFramesLost=5;rtpBitRate=2317653;rtcpBitrate=0"

Rtp-Videotxstat: Dur=12;pkt=5303;oct=3567031;ciscotxvm="TxCodec=H264 BP0;TxBw=2331;
TxReso=1280x720;TxFrameRate=31;rtpBitrate=2378020;rtcpBitrate=0"
```

For description of the attributes in call statistics, see Attributes for Call Statistics in SIP Messages, on page 263.

You can also use the <code>call_Statistics</code> parameter in the phone configuration file to enable this feature.

<Call Statistics ua="na">Yes</Call Statistics>

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page, see Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- Step 2 In the RTP Parameters section, set the Call Statistics field to Yes to enable the phone to send call statistics in SIP BYE and re-INVITE messages.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call Statistics ua="na">Yes</Call Statistics>

The allowed values are Yes|No. The defaut value is No.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Attributes for Call Statistics in SIP Messages

Table 36: Audio: RTP-RxStat Payload

Attribute	Description	Mandatory
Dur	Duration of media session/call	Yes
Pkt	Number of RTP packets received	Yes
Oct	Number of RTP packets octets received	No
LatePkt	Number of RTP packets received and discarded as late due to outside of buffer window	Yes
LostPkt	Number of RTP packets lost	Yes
AvgJit	Average Jitter over session duration	Yes
VoRxCodec	Stream/session codec negotiated	Yes
VoPktSizeMs	Packet size in milliseconds	Yes
maxJitter	Max Jitter detected	Yes
VoOneWayDelayMs	Latency/one way delay	Yes

Attribute	Description	Mandatory
MOScq	Mean opinion score conversational quality for the session, per RFC https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3611	Yes
maxBurstPktLost	Maximum number of sequential packets lost	No
avgBurstPktLost	Average number of sequential packets lost in a burst. The number can be used in conjunction with overall loss to compare the impact of loss on the call quality.	No
networkType	Type of network the device is on (if possible).	Yes
hwType	Hardware client that the session/media is running on. More relevant for soft clients but still useful for hard phones. For example, Model number CP-8865.	Yes

Table 37: Audio: RTP-TxStat Payload

Attribute	Description	Mandatory
Dur	Duration of session	Yes
Pkt	Number of RTP packets transmitted	Yes
Oct	Number of RTP packets octets transmitted	Yes
TxCodec	Transmit codec	Yes
rtpBitRate	Total RTP transmit bit rate (bits/sec)	Yes
rctpBitRate	Total RCTP transmit bit rate (bits/sec)	Yes

Table 38: Video: RTP-VideoRxStat Payload

Attribute	Description	Mandatory
Dur	Duration of session in seconds	Yes
Pkt	Number of packets received	Yes
Oct	Number of octets received	Yes
LostPkt	Number of packets lost	Yes
AvgJit	Average Jitter over session duration	Yes
RTT	End-to-end round trip time	Yes
CiscoRxVm.RxCodec	Video codec used for received video stream	Yes
CiscoRxVm.RxBw	Negotiated bandwidth for the received video stream	No
CiscoRxVm.RxReso	Resolution of the received video stream	Yes

Attribute	Description	Mandatory
CscoRxVmRxFiameRate	Frame rate for the received video stream	Yes
CiscoRxVm.RxFrameLost	Frames lost for the received video stream	Yes
CiscoRxVm.rtpBitRate	RTP bit rate in seconds (including any FEC, retransmits etc.). Used to estimate bandwidth usage (bits/sec).	Yes
CiscoRxVm.rtcpBitRate	RTCP bit rate in seconds (including any FEC, retransmits etc.). Used to estimate bandwidth usage (bits/sec).	Yes

Table 39: Video: RTP-VideoTxStat Payload

Attribute	Description	Mandatory
Dur	Duration of session in seconds	Yes
Pkt	Number of packets transmitted	Yes
Oct	Number of octets transmitted	Yes
CiscoTxVm.TxCodec	Video codec used for the transmitted video stream	Yes
CiscoTxVm.TxBw	Negotiated bandwidth for the transmitted video stream	No
CiscoTxVm.TxReso	Resolution of the transmitted video stream	Yes
CiscoTxVmTxFrameRate	Frame rate for the transmitted video stream	Yes
CiscoRxVm.rtpBitRate	RTP bit rate in seconds (including any FEC, retransmits etc.). Used to estimate bandwidth usage (bits/sec).	Yes
CiscoTxVm.rtcpBitRate	RTCP bit rate in seconds (including any FEC, retransmits etc.). Used to estimate bandwidth usage (bits/sec).	Yes

SIP Session ID

The Multiplatform phones now support "Session Identifier". This feature helps to overcome the limitations with the existing call-identifiers and allows end-to-end tracking of a SIP session in IP-based multimedia communication systems in compliance with RFC 7989. To support session identifier, "Session-ID" header is added in the SIP request and response messages.

"Session Identifier" refers to the value of the identifier, whereas "Session-ID" refers to the header field used to convey the identifier.

- When a user initiates the call, the phone while sending SIP INVITE message, generates the local-UUID.
- When the UAS receives the SIP-INVITE, the phone picks up the local UUIDs with the incoming messages and appends it to the received Session-ID header and sends the header in reponses.
- The same UUIDs are maintained in all the SIP messages of a particular session.
- The phone maintains the same local-UUID during other features, such as conference or transfer.

• This header is implemented in REGISTER method, the local-UUID remains same for all the REGISTER messages till the phone fails to REGISTER.

The Session-ID comprises of Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) for each user agent participating in a call. Each call consists of two UUID known as local UUID and remote UUID. Local UUID is the UUID generated from the originating user agent and remote UUID is generated from the terminating user agent. The UUID values are presented as strings of lower-case hexadecimal characters, with the most significant octet of the UUID appearing first. Session Identifier comprises of 32 characters and remains same for the entire session.

Session ID format

Components will implement Session-ID which is global session ID ready.

A sample current session ID passed in http header by phones (dashes are just included for clarity) is 00000000-0000-0000-0000-5ca48a65079a.

UUUUUUUU - A randomly generated unique ID[0-9a-f] for the session. Examples of new session IDs generated are:

- Phone going off hook
- Entry of the activation code through to first SIP first registration (the onboarding flow)

SSSS - The source that generates the session. For example, if the source type is "Cisco MPP" the source value (SSSS) can be "0100".

Y - Any of the values of 8, 9, A, or B and should be compliant with UUID v5 RFC.

DDDDDDDDDDD - MAC address of the phone.

SessionID Example in SIP Messages

This header is supported in the in-call dialog messages like

INVITE/ACK/CANCEL/BYE/UPDATE/INFO/REFER and their responses as well as out-of-call messages essentially the REGISTER.

Enable SIP Session ID

You can enable SIP session ID to overcome the limitations with the existing call-identifiers and to allow end-to-end tracking of a SIP session.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Ext(n).Step 2 Go to the SIP Settings section.
- **Step 3** Set the **SIP SessionID Support** field as described in the Session ID Parameters, on page 267 table.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Session ID Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **SIP Settings** section in the **Voice** > **Ext(n)** tab of the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
SIP SessioID Support	Controls the SIP session ID support.
	Perform one of the following
	• In the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) enter a string in this format.
	<pre><sip_sessionid_support_1_ ua="na">Yes</sip_sessionid_support_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page select Yes to enable the feature.
	Allowed values: Yes/No
	Default: Yes.

Select the Line Key LED Behavior

You can choose the Line Key LED Behavior in your multiplatform phone.

In the phone web page, you can choose one of the following options:

- Default
- Preset 1

Custom

Before you begin

- Access the administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Ensure that the line keys are not in the Inert mode.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2 In the Line Key LED Pattern section, choose an option from the Custom LED Type drop down list.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Custom LED Type ua="na">Default/Custom LED Type>
```

The allowed values are Default|Preset 1|Custom. The default value is Default.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

When you submit your selection in the **Custom LED Type** drop down list, changes also occur in the **Att Console** tab. This only happens when you configure simultaneous LED behavior for phone line keys and key expansion module line keys.

To view the key expansion module LED behavior:

- a. Select Voice > Att Console.
- **b.** View the **Att Console Key LED Pattern** section.
- c. Change the LED pattern and color from the fields MWI None LED, MWI New LED, and MWI Urgent LED.

Line Key LED Behaviour Customization

The line key LED behaviour in your multiplatform phones has three optional settings. In the phone web page, you can choose one of the following options:

- Default
- Preset 1
- Custom

The following table compares the basic **Default** and **Preset 1** line key LED behaviour settings.

Table 40: Basic LED Behaviour on Line Keys

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Idle—Line is idle.	Solid green	Off

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Registration Failed—Line failed to register with the server.	Solid amber	Off
Registering—Line is trying to register with the server.	Slow blinking amber	Off
Disabled—Line is disabled or not in use.	Off	Off

Table 41: Basic LED Behaviour on the Voicemail PLK

State	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
New Message	Solid red	Solid red
Registration Failed—Line failed to register with the server.	Solid amber	Off
No new messages	Solid green	Off
Urgent messages	Solid red	Solid red

For the **Custom** option, use the following color-pattern key:

- COLOR (c)
 - g = GREEN
 - r = RED
 - a = AMBER
 - o = OFF

When you set COLOR to OFF, PATTERN is ignored even if you set it.

- PATTERN (p)
 - b = Blink with a Color

This is equivalent to the system default of Slow Blink.

• n = No Blink, Solid Color



Note

If you misconfigure any field, the system applies the system Default settings to that field.

The table below contains three sample custom LED behaviour settings.

Table 42: Sample LED Configurations

LED	User Input
Solid Red	c=r;p=n
	c=r
Blinking Amber	c=a;p=b
OFF	c=o

Each of the following features has LED behaviour settings. The tables that follow describe the LED behaviour for each feature.

- Basic Line and Bluetooth Hands-Free Line
- Shared Line

The following table describes the LED behaviour for both the Basic Line and Bluetooth Hands-Free features. The table compares the Default and Preset 1 settings.

Table 43: Basic Line Key and Bluetooth Hands-Free

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Local Progressing LED—Line is sending outgoing call and the remote end is ringing.	Solid red	Solid green
Local Held LED—Local user put the line on hold.	Slow blinking red	Blinking green
Local Active LED—Line is in a connected call.	Solid red	Solid green
Local Seized LED—Line is going off-hook.	Solid red	Solid green
Local Ringing LED—Line is ringing on incoming call.	Fast blinking red	Blinking amber

The following table describes the LED behaviour for the Shared Line feature. The table compares the Default and Preset 1 settings.

Table 44: Shared Line

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Remote Active LED—Shared line on the local device is receiving status that another device is in a connected call.	Pulsing (double blinking) red	Solid red
Remote Held LED—Shared line on the local device is receiving status that another device has put a call on hold.	Slow blinking red	Blinking red
Remote Progressing LED—Shared line on the local device is receiving status that another device is sending outgoing call.		Solid red

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Remote Ringing LED—Shared line on the local device is receiving status that another device is ringing on incoming call.		Blinking amber
Remote Seized LED—Shared line on the local device is receiving status that another device is going off-hook.	Pulsing (double blinking) red	Solid red
Remote Undefined LED—Shared line on the local device is not in operational state.	Solid red	Off

You can configure the LED behaviour that applies to both phone line keys and key expansion module buttons.

For the key expansion modules, the custom LED settings apply only to the phone line keys. If you configure custom LED behaviour on the phone line keys, the expansion module buttons take the expansion module default behaviour, instead.

- Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module
- Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module

The following table describes the LED behaviour settings for the Speed Dial, XML Applications, and the PLK part of the Executive-Assistant feature. The table compares the Default and Preset 1 settings.

Table 45: Speed Dial and XML Application Feature Settings

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Application LED—Extended service application is operational.	Solid green	Off

The following table describes the LED behaviour for the Call Park feature. The table compares the Default and Preset 1 settings.

Table 46: Call Park Feature Settings

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
Parking Lot Idle LED—The monitored line has no parked call.	Solid green	Off
Parking Lot Busy LED—The monitored line has a parked call.	Slower blinking red	Blinking red

The following table describes the LED behaviour for the Busy Lamp Field (BLF) feature. The table compares the Default and Preset 1 settings.

Table 47: BLF Feature Settings

Field and Description	Default Pattern and Color	Preset 1 Pattern and Color
BLF Idle LED—The monitored line is idle.	Solid green	Off
BLF Ringing LED—The monitored line is ringing.	Fast blinking red For the key expansion module, it is Slow blinking red because the key expansion module is limited to: • ON • OFF • Slow Blink	Blinking amber
BLF Busy LED—The monitored line is busy in a call.	Solid red	Solid red
BLF Held LED—The monitored line has put a call on hold. Applies to phone line keys, only: BLF Busy LED applies to key expansion module buttons.	Slow blinking red	Solid red

After you configure a phone with custom LED behaviour, and you downgrade it to an older Firmware version, the custom LED settings remain. If you wish to remove the custom LED settings, then set the LED behaviour to the system **default** before you perform the downgrade.

Set Up a Phone for Remote SDK

You can configure remote SDK for a multiplatform phone. The remote SDK provides a WebSocket based protocol through which the phone can be controlled.

Before you begin

- Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120
- A WebSocket server must be running with an address and port reachable from the phone.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 Go to the WebSocket API section.
- Set the Control Server URL and the Allowed APIs fields as described in the WebSocket API Parameters, on page 273 table.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

WebSocket API Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **WebSocket API** section in the **Voice** > **Phone** tab of the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Control Server URL	The URL of a WebSocket server to which the phone attempts to stay connected.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) enter a string in this format.
	<control_server_url ua="na"></control_server_url>
	• In the phone web page enter the URL of a WebSocket server.
	For example:
	<pre><control_server_url>wss://my-server.com /ws-server-path</control_server_url></pre> /Control_Server_URL>
	The URL should be in one of the following formats:
	• For a nonsecure HTTP connection:
	ws://your-server-name/path
	• For a secure HTTPS connection:
	wss://your-server-name/some-path
	We recommend a secure connection.
	Default: Empty.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Allowed APIs	A regular expression that can be used to limit the API calls that are allowed from the controlling server.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) enter a string in this format.
	<pre><allowed_apis ua="na">.*</allowed_apis></pre>
	• In the phone web page enter an appropriate regular expression.
	The regular expression provided is matched with the Request-URI path provided in the API request from the controlling server. If the entire path is not matched by the given regular expression, the API call is rejected.
	Allowed values are:
	• .*: All APIs are allowed
	• /api/Call/v1/.*: All v1 Call interface calls are allowed.
	• /api/Call/v1/(Dial Hangup): Only the v1 Call interface calls Dial and Hangup are allowed.
	Default: .*

Voice Feedback Feature

Voice Feedback helps people who have trouble seeing use their Cisco IP phone. When enabled, a voice prompt helps you navigate your phone buttons, and to use and configure phone features. The voice feedback also reads incoming caller IDs, displayed screens and settings, and button functions.

• Voice Feedback is enabled and disabled with the **Select** button that is located in the center of the Navigation cluster. When the phone is idle, quickly tap Select three times to turn this feature on or off. A voice prompt alerts you to the feature status.

Push a softkey once, and Voice Feedback reads the feature that is associated with the key. Quickly push the softkey twice to execute the feature.

Hardkeys such as the Contacts, Applications, and Messages buttons are treated differently. Push a hardkey
once, and a voice reads the screen name followed by the application or setting that is displayed on the
phone.

You may not hear Voice Feedback if you select the Headset button, but don't have a connected headset. Select Speakerphone and you hear Voice Feedback again. When on a call, only you hear Voice Feedback so your privacy is assured.

Voice Feedback is only available for English language users. If this feature is not available to you, then it is disabled on your phone.

Enable Voice Feedback

Follow this procedure to enable the Voice Feedback feature on the phone web page.

Before you begin

Access the phone web page.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **User**.
- Step 2 In the Voice Feedback (English only) section, set the fields as described in the Parameters for Voice Feedback, on page 275 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Voice Feedback

The following table defines the function and usage of the Voice Feedback parameters in the Voice Feedback (English only) section under the Voice > User tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 48: Parameters for Voice Feedback

Parameter	Description
Voice Feedback Enable	Enables the Voice Feedback feature for the user.
	Select Yes to enable the feature and select No to disable it.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_feedback_enable ua="rw">Yes</voice_feedback_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the Voice Feedback feature.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description	
Voice Feedback Speed	Selects a desired voice speed for the feature:	
	• Slowest	
	• Slower	
	• Normal	
	• Faster	
	• Fastest	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<voice_feedback_speed< td=""></voice_feedback_speed<>	
	ua="rw">Normal • In the phone web page, select a desired voice speed in the field.	
	Valid values: Slowest, Slower, Normal, Faster, and Fastest.	
	Default: Normal	
Key Again Reset Time	Sets the reset time required for performing a key double or triple press again.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><key_again_reset_time ua="rw">1200</key_again_reset_time> • In the phone web page, enter an integer in the field.</pre>	
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 100 and 2000	
	Default: 1200	
Key Double Press Time	Sets the maximum delay time (in milliseconds) for a key double press to perform a named function on the phone.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><key_double_press_time ua="rw">600</key_double_press_time> • In the phone web page, enter an integer in the field.</pre>	
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 100 and 2000	
	Default: 600	

Parameter	Description
Key Triple Press Time	Sets the maximum delay time (in milliseconds) for a key triple press to enable or disable the Voice Feedback feature on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<key_triple_press_time< td=""></key_triple_press_time<>
	ua="rw">1000
	• In the phone web page, enter an integer in the field.
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 100 and 2000
	Default: 1000
Voice Feedback Volume	Selects a desired volume of the Voice Feedback:
	• Lowest
	• Low
	• Normal
	• High
	• Highest
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_feedback_volume ua="rw">Normal</voice_feedback_volume></pre>
	• In the phone web page, select a desired Voice Feedback volume in the field.
	Valid values: Lowest, Low, Normal, High, and Highest.
	Default: Normal

Hide a Menu Item from Being Displayed on the Phone Screen

By default, all the menu items on the phone screen **Information and settings** are visible to users. You can configure the phone to hide or show specific menu items. When hidden, the items don't display on the phone screen.

You can hide any of the following menu items as needed:

- · Accessibility
- · Speed dials

- · Executive assistant
- · Assistant call filter
- User preferences
- Bluetooth
- Network configuration
- · Device administration
- Video
- Status
- Report problem

You can also configure the visibility of the menu items in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with strings in this format:

<Device_Administration ua="na">No</Device_Administration>

See the parameter syntax and valid values in Parameters for Menu Visibility, on page 278.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the **Menu Visibility** section, set the menu items that you want to hide to **No**.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Menu Visibility

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Menu Visibility** section of the **Voice** > **Phone** tab.

Table 49: Parameters for Menu Visibility

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Accessibility	This field is only available on the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones.
	Controls whether to show the Accessibility menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<accessability ua="na">Yes</accessability>
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Speed Dials	Controls whether to show the Speed dials menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<speed_dials ua="na">Yes</speed_dials>
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Executive Assistant	This field is only available on the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones.
	Controls whether to show the Executive menu on the executive's phone and the Assistant menu on the assistant's phone. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<pre><executive_assistant ua="na">Yes</executive_assistant></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Assistant Call Filter	This field is only available on the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones.	
	Controls whether to show the Call filter menu on the phone screen for the assistant role. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><assistant_call_filter ua="na">Yes</assistant_call_filter></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	
User Preferences	Controls whether to show the User preferences menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><user_preferences ua="na">Yes</user_preferences></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	
Bluetooth	This field is only available on the Cisco IP Phone 8851, 8861, 8845, and 8865 Multiplatform Phones.	
	Controls whether to show the Bluetooth menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<bluetooth ua="na">Yes</bluetooth>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Network Configuration	Controls whether to show the Network configuration menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><network_configuration ua="na">Yes</network_configuration></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	
Device Administration	Controls whether to show the Device administration menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><device_administration ua="na">Yes</device_administration></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	
Video	This field is only available on the Cisco IP Phone 8845 and 8865 Multiplatform Phones.	
	Controls whether to show the Video menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<video_menu ua="na">Yes</video_menu>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Status	Controls whether to show the Status menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<status ua="na">Yes</status>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	
Report Problem	Controls whether to show the Report problem menu under the Status menu on the phone screen. Set this field to Yes to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to No .	
	When the Status menu is invisible, the Report problem menu is invisible as well.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><report_problem_menu ua="na">Yes</report_problem_menu></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No to show or hide the menu.	
	Valid values: Yes and No	
	Default: Yes	

Display Caller Number Instead of Unresolved Caller Name

By default, the phone displays both the caller name and the caller number in an incoming call alert. When the phone can't resolve the characters in caller name, the user sees boxes instead of the caller name. You can configure the phone to display only the number when any unresolved characters are detected in the caller name.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Regional**.
- Step 2 In the Language section, set the Replace Unresolved Caller Name with Number field to Yes.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

```
<Replace_Unresolved_Caller_Name_with_Number
ua="na">Yes</Replace Unresolved Caller Name with Number>
```

The valid values are Yes and No. The default setting is No.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Add a Menu Shortcut to a Line Key

You can configure a line key as a phone menu shortcut

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to add a menu shortcut to the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension_n_ ua="na">Disabled</Extension_n_>
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User Preferences

where:

- fnc= shortcut means function=phone menu shortcut.
- url= userpref is the menu to open with this line key. It's the **User preferences** menu in this example. For more shortcut mappings, see Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284.
- nme= XXXX is the menu shortcut name displayed on the phone. If you don't specify a display name, the line key displays the target menu item. In the example, the line key displays **User preferences**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} $<\tt Extended\_Function\_n\_ ua="na">fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=UserPreferences</Extended\_Function\_n\_> \end{tabular}
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK

Table 50: Menu Shortcuts Mapping

Function	URL String	Target Menu
(fnc=)	(url=)	
shortcut	settings	Settings
shortcut	accessibility	Settings > Accessibility
shortcut	recents	Settings > Recents
shortcut	allcalls	Settings > Recents > All calls
shortcut	missedcalls	Settings > Recents > Missed calls
shortcut	receivedcalls	Settings > Recents > Received calls
shortcut	placedcalls	Settings > Recents > Placed calls
shortcut	speeddials	Settings > Speed dials
shortcut	executive	Settings > Executive
shortcut	assistant	Settings > Assistant
shortcut	userpref	Settings > User preferences
shortcut	callpref	Settings > User preferences > Call preferences
shortcut	cfwsetting	Settings > User preferences > Call preferences > Call forwarding
shortcut	anywhere	Settings > User preferences > Call preferences > Anywhere
shortcut	audiopref	Settings > User preferences > Audio preferences
shortcut	screenpref	Settings > User preferences > Screen preferences
shortcut	screensaver	Settings > User preferences > Screen preferences > Screen saver
shortcut	attconsole	Settings > User preferences > Attendant console preferences
shortcut	ringtone	Settings > User preferences > Ringtone
shortcut	bluetooth	Settings > Bluetooth
shortcut	networkconf	Settings > Network configuration
shortcut	ethernetconf	Settings > Network configuration > Ethernet configuration
shortcut	wificonf	Settings > Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration

Function	URL String	Target Menu
(fnc=)	(url=)	
shortcut	wifiprofile	Settings > Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi profile
shortcut	wifistatus	Settings > Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi status
shortcut	ipv4setting	Settings > Network configuration > IPv4 address settings
shortcut	ipv6setting	Settings > Network configuration > IPv6 address settings
shortcut	adminsetting	Settings > Device administration
shortcut	setpassword	Settings > Device administration > Set password
shortcut	usersignin	Settings > Device administration > Sign in
shortcut	usersignout	Settings > Device administration > Sign out
shortcut	datetime	Settings > Device administration > Date/Time
shortcut	language	Settings > Device administration > Language
shortcut	restart	Settings > Device administration > Restart
shortcut	factoryreset	Settings > Device administration > Factory reset
shortcut	profilerule	Settings > Device administration > Profile rule
shortcut	profileaccount	Settings > Device administration > Profile account setup
shortcut	videosetting	Settings > Video
shortcut	status	Settings > Status
shortcut	productinfo	Settings > Status > Product information
shortcut	networkstatus	Settings > Status > Network status
shortcut	ipv4status	Settings > Status > Network status > IPv4 status
shortcut	ipv6status	Settings > Status > Network status > IPv6 status
shortcut	phonestatus	Settings > Status > Phone status
shortcut	phonestat	Settings > Status > Phone status > Phone status
shortcut	linestatus	Settings > Status > Phone status > Line status
shortcut	provstatus	Settings > Status > Phone status > Provisioning
shortcut	callstat	Settings > Status > Phone status > Call statistics
shortcut	reportproblem	Settings > Status > Report problem

Function	URL String	Target Menu
(fnc=)	(url=)	
shortcut	reboothistory	Settings > Status > Reboot history
shortcut	accessories	Settings > Status > Accessories
shortcut	statusmessage	Settings > Status > Status messages
shortcut	wifimessage	Settings > Status > Wi-Fi messages
shortcut	directories	Directories
shortcut	personaldir	Directories > Personal address book
shortcut	alldir	Directories > All
shortcut	ldapdir	Directories > Corporate directory (LDAP)
		The LDAP directory name is customizable.
shortcut	broadsoftdir	Directories > BroadSoft directory
		The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.
shortcut	bsdirpers	Directories > BroadSoft directory > Personal
		The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.
shortcut	bsdirgrp	Directories > BroadSoft directory > Group
		The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.
shortcut	bsdirent	Directories > BroadSoft directory > Enterprise
		The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.
shortcut	bsdirgrpcom	Directories > BroadSoft directory > Group common
		The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.
shortcut	bsdirentcom	Directories > BroadSoft directory > Enterprise common
		The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.
shortcut	bluetoothdir	Directories > Bluetooth directory
		The Bluetooth directory name is customizable.
shortcut	xmppdir	Directories > IM&P contacts
		The XMPP directory name is customizable.
shortcut	xmlapp	Settings > Cisco XML services
		The XML application name is customizable.
shortcut	xmldir	Directories > Corporate directory (XML)
		The XML directory name is customizable.

Function	URL String	Target Menu
(fnc=)	(url=)	
shortcut	webexdir	Directories > Webex directory
		The Webex directory name is customizable. By default, the softkey displays the directory name as Webex Dir .
shortcut	proxyset	Settings > Network configuration > HTTP proxy settings
shortcut	vpnstatus	Settings > Status > VPN status
shortcut	vpnsetting	Settings > Network configuration > VPN settings

Add an Extended Feature to a Line Key

You can add a feature to a line key. Then, the user can press the configured line key to access the feature. For the supported features, see Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to add an extended function to the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
\verb| <Extension_n_ ua="na"> Disabled < /Extension_n_> \\
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

fnc=cfwd

where fnc= cfwd means function=Call forward.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extended_Function_n_ ua="na">fnc=cfwd</Extended_Function_n_>
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Configurable Features on Line Keys

The following table lists the supported features on the line keys.

Table 51: Configurable Features on Line Keys

Feature	Configuration Code	Description and String Syntax
	(fnc=)	
Agent Sign-in and Sign-out	acd	Signs the user into or out of Automatic Call Distribution (ACD).
		The ACD status can be Available automatically when the user signs into ACD.
		For more information, see the description for Auto Available After Sign-In in Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 329.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=acd[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Bridge in	bridgein	Joins the user (executive) to an ongoing call with an assistant.
		Only available to executives who have assistants.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=bridgein[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Busy lamp field	blf	Monitors a coworker's line status.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=blf[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Call pickup	blf;cp	Answers incoming calls for the monitored line.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=blf;cp[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
BLF, Call pickup, and	blf;cp;sd	Calls the monitored line or answers incoming calls for the monitored line.
Speed dial		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=blf;cp;sd[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Call information	callinfo	Shows the information of the ongoing call.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=callinfo[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>

Feature	Configuration Code	Description and String Syntax
	(fnc=)	
Call list	calllist	Provides access to the call list while on a connected video call.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=calllist[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Call push	callpush	Only available to assistant lines.
		Transfers an ongoing call from the user (assistant) to the executive.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=callpush[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Call retrieve	callretrieve	Only available to executive lines.
		Transfers an ongoing call from the assistant to the user (executive).
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=callretrieve[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Call forward	cfwd	Turns off call forward or opens the Call forward settings screen.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=cfwd[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Call return	ler	Redials the last missed call or the last received call (if there's no missed calls). If there's no missed or received calls in the history, it opens the dialing screen.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=lcr[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Divert	divert	Only available to executive assistants.
		Activates call diversion for the user (assistant).
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=divert[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Do not disturb	dnd	Turn do not disturb (DND) on or off.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=dnd[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>
Executive-assistant	bw-exec-assist	For executives, show the call filtering status, and open the Executive phone screen.
		For assistants, show if the call diversion is activated, and open the Assistant phone screen.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=bw-exec-assist[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></pre>

Feature	Configuration Code (fnc=)	Description and String Syntax
	(1116=)	
Menu shortcut	shortcut	Opens the specified menu item.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=shortcut;url=<menu_shortcut_code>[;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></menu_shortcut_code></pre>
		where,
		fnc=shortcut means function=phone menu shortcut.
		• url is the menu to open with this line key. For more shortcut mappings, see Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284.
		• nme is the menu shortcut name displayed on the phone. If you don't specify a display name, the line key displays the target menu item.
Message	mwi	Monitors the voicemail of a user or group.
Waiting Indicator		String syntax:
		fnc=mwi;sub= <group_vm>@<domain>[;vid=<n>][;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></n></domain></group_vm>
		fnc=mwi means function=Message Waiting Indicator
		• sub=group_vm@domain is the SIP URI of a voicemail account that MWI monitors.
		• vid is the extension ID with which the MWI associates. It's an optional string.
		• nme is the name displayed on the phone for MWI line key. It's an optional string.
		For more information, see String Syntax for Voicemail PLK, on page 383.

Feature	Configuration Code (fnc=)	Description and String Syntax
Message Waiting Indicator + Speed dial	(fnc=) mwi+sd	Monitors and enables speed dial for voicemail of a user or group. String syntax: fnc=mwi+sd;ext= <number> , <id>#, <pin>#@<domain>; sub=<group_vm>@<domain>[;vid=<n>][;nme=<softkey_display_name>] • fnc=mwi+sd means function=Message Waiting Indicator and speed dial • ext is made up of: • ext is the speed dial number. If the SIP proxy requires a domain, add a domain for the speed dial number. For example, 8000@doman. • , id# ,pin# consists of DTMF characters, where id and pin are the voicemail account ID and PIN respectively. You need a space between the speed dial number and the voicemail ID. This part of string is optional. We don't recommend that you add the PIN in the string. For more information about the speed dial string, see DTMF Wait and Pause Parameters, on page 181. • sub=group_vm@domain is the SIP URI of a voicemail account that MWI monitors. • vid is the extension ID with which the PLK associates. It's an optional string. • nme is the name displayed on the phone for MWI+speed dial line key. It's an optional string. For more information, see String Syntax for Voicemail PLK, on page 383.</softkey_display_name></n></domain></group_vm></domain></pin></id></number>

Feature	Configuration Code	Description and String Syntax
	(fnc=)	
Proxy call	proxycall	Only available to assistant lines.
		Initiates a call on behalf of the selected executive.
		String Syntax:
		<pre>fnc=proxycall;ext=<number>[;vid=<n>][;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></n></number></pre>
		where,
		• fnc=proxycall means function = proxy call.
		• ext is the executive's phone number or extension number for which the line serves as the proxy.
		vid is the line index associated with the executive's extension number. It's an optional string.
		• nme is the display name of the proxy line. It's an optional string.
Speed dial	sd	Dials the specified speed dial number.
		String syntax:
		<pre>fnc=sd;ext=<number>@\$PROXY[;vid=<n>][;nme=<softkey_display_name>]</softkey_display_name></n></number></pre>
		where,
		fnc=sd means function=speed dial
		• ext is the phone that the line key calls.
		• vid is the line index of the phone. It's an optional string.
		• nme is the name displayed on the phone for the speed-dial line key. It's an optional string.
Inert	inert	Shuts down the line key to completely disable it. The line key is unavailable when it is in the Inert mode.
		String syntax:
		fnc=inert;

Add a Menu Shortcut to a Programmable Softkey

You can configure a softkey as a phone menu shortcut.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable field to Yes.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Programmable Softkey Enable ua="rw">Yes</Programmable Softkey Enable>

Step 3 Configure a PSK field from PSK 1 through PSK 16 with a string in this format:

fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences

where

- fnc= shortcut means function=phone menu shortcut.
- url= userpref is the menu to open with this line key. It's the **User preferences** menu in this example. For more shortcut mapping, see Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284.
- nme= XXXX is the menu shortcut name displayed on the phone. In the example, the softkey displays **User preferences**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

```
<PSK n ua="rw">fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences</psk n>
```

where n is the PSK number.

Step 4 Add the configured PSK to the desired key list.

Example: Add the configured PSK 2 to Idle Key List. Do any of these actions:

• Add psk2 to the **Idle Key List** field.

```
psk2;em login;acd login;acd logout;astate;redial;cfwd;dnd;lcr;
```

• In the configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Idle_Key_List
ua="rw">psk2;em login;acd login;acd logout;astate;redial;cfwd;dnd;lcr;</Idle Key List>
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable LDAP Unified Search

You can enable the unified search in the LDAP directory. The search allows you to enter any value as filters. For example, first name, last name, extension, or phone number. The phone transfers the request as a single search request.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter set to Yes or No.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Default value is **No**.

In the **LDAP** section, set the parameter **Unified Search Enable** to **Yes** to enable the LDAP unified search. If the parameter is set to **Yes**, the phone transfers requests with OR filter.

If you set the value to No, the phone uses simple or advanced search and transfers requests with AND filter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<LDAP Unified Search Enable>Yes</LDAP Unified Search Enable>

Conditions based on **Browse Mode Enable** and **Unified Search Enable** parameter values:

- Browse Mode Enable parameter is No and Unified Search Enable parameter is No when the user chooses the LDAP directory on the phone, the Query LDAP server screen displays Simple search and Advanced search menus.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter is No and Unified Search Enable parameter is Yes when the user chooses the LDAP directory, the phone navigates to the LDAP query form (unified search screen) directly. If there is no value in the search box, the search displays all contacts in the directory.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter is Yes and Unified Search Enable parameter is No when the user navigates to the LDAP directory and clicks the Option softkey, the phone displays the Simple search and the Advanced search menus.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter is Yes and Unified Search Enable parameter is Yes when the user navigates to the LDAP directory and clicks the Option softkey, the phone displays only one Search menu. After clicking the Search menu, the unified search screen LDAP query form appears.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Shut Down a Line Key

You can shut down a line key by setting the Inert mode for it from the phone web page. When the line key is in the Inert mode, it is disabled thoroughly. For example, the line key LED is disabled, no icon or text displays next to the line key, and the line key button is not responsive. In a word, it is completely unavailable.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- **Step 1** Disable the line key that will use the Inert mode. Do any of the following actions on the phone web page:
 - Set **Extension** to **Disabled** for the specific line key on the **Voice** > **Phone** tab.

You can also disable the line key in the configuration file (cfg.xml):

```
<Extension_n_ ua="na">Disabled</Extension_n_>
```

where n is the extension number.

• Set Line Enable to No for the specific line key on the Voice > Ext(n) tab.

You can also disable the line key in the configuration file (cfg.xml):

```
<Line Enable n ua="na">No</Line Enable n >
```

where n is the extension number.

- **Step 2** (Optional) If you don't want to manually disable the line key as described in Step 1, you can enable the Direct PLK Configuration feature. For more information, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.
- **Step 3** Set the Inert mode for the specific line key.
 - a) Select Voice > Phone.
 - b) Select the target line key.
 - c) In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

```
fnc=inert;
```

where fnc=inert means function=inert.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extended_Function_n_ ua="na">fnc=inert;</Extended_Function_n_>
```

where n is the extension number.

d) Click Submit All Changes.

Shut Down a Line Key



Phone Information and Display Configuration

- Phone Information and Display Settings, on page 297
- Configure the Phone Name, on page 297
- Customize the Startup Screen, on page 298
- Customize Wallpaper for the Phone Display, on page 299
- Configure the Screen Saver with the Phone Web Interface, on page 300
- Adjust Backlight Timer from the Phone Web Interface, on page 303
- Customize the Product Configuration Version, on page 304
- Keep Focus on the Active Call, on page 305
- Report Headset Inventory, on page 305

Phone Information and Display Settings

The phone web user interface allows you to customize settings such as the phone name, background picture, logo, and screen saver.

Configure the Phone Name

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2 Under the General section, enter the phone name in the Station Display Name or Station Name field.

Note When you configure both names on the phone, the phone only displays the **Station Display Name**.

If you enable XMPP and set **Display XMPP User ID With Top Priority** to **Yes**, the XMPP user ID overrides the configured name.

The priority sequence of displaying on the phone screen is as follows:

XMPP user ID > Station Display Name > Station Name.

This name displays on the phone screen. You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Station_Display_Name ua="na">Recetion Desk</Station_Display_Name
<Station_Name ua="na">Recetion Desk</Station_Name>
```

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Customize the Startup Screen

You can create a text or an image logo to display when the Cisco IP Phone boots up. A logo displays during the boot sequence for a short period after the Cisco logo displays.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Click Voice > User.

Step 2 In the Screen section, select any option from the Boot Display field.

- **Default**: Displays a blank screen or existing screen as the startup screen.
- **Download Picture**: Displays a picture as the startup screen. Enter the path in the **Picture Download URL** field.
- Logo: Displays a logo as the startup screen. Enter the path in the Logo URL field.
- Text: Displays a text as the startup screen. Enter text in the Text Display field.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Boot_Display ua="na">Logo</Boot_Display>
```

The allowed values are Default Download Picture Logo Text. The default option is Default.

Step 3 To display a picture or a logo, enter the path in the Picture Download URL or Logo URL field.

For example:

```
http://10.64.84.147/pictures/image04.png
```

When you enter an incorrect URL to download the image, the phone fails to upgrade to the new image and displays the existing image. If the phone does not have any image downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.

The logo must be a .jpg or a .png file. The phone has a fixed display area. So, if the original logo size doesn't fit into the display area, you need to scale it to fit the screen. For the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series, the logo display area is at the mid-center of the phone screen. The display area size of the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series is 128x128.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Picture_Download_URL
ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/bootimage1.jpg</Picture_Download_URL>
<Logo_URL ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/logo_image.jpg</Logo_URL>
```

- **Step 4** To display text at bootup, enter the text to display in the **Text Display** field following the requirements:
 - Enter up to two lines of text with less than 32 characters for each line.
 - Insert a new line character (\n) and escape code (%0a) between the two lines.

For example,

Super\n%0aTelecom

displays:

Super Telecom

Use the + character to add spaces for formatting. You can add multiple + characters before and after the
text to center it.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Text_Display ua="na">Super\n%OaTelecom</Text_Display>
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots, retrieves the image file, and displays the picture, logo, or text when it boots next time.

Customize Wallpaper for the Phone Display

You can set the phone to display a custom logo or picture as the background on the phone screen.

Procedure

Step 1 On the phone web interface, select **Voice** > **User**.

User can also change the wallpaper in the phone web interface.

- Step 2 In the Screen section, choose one of the options for the Phone Background field:
 - **Default**—Keeps the system default background.
 - **Download Picture**—Displays a picture downloaded from a TFTP, FTP, or HTTPS server. When select this option, enter the URL for the picture in the **Picture Download URL** field.
 - Logo—Displays a logo downloaded from a TFTP, FTP, or HTTPS server. When select this option, enter the URL for the logo image in the Logo URL field.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Phone Background ua="na">Logo</Phone Background>
```

Step 3 Upload the custom wallpaper to a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server.

The image is a .jpg or .png file. Preferred dimension is 800x480 pixels. If the image is not the preferred size, user still can upload it but it will resize to fit the screen.

Step 4 In the **Picture Download URL** field, enter the path where the wallpaper image has been uploaded.

The URL must include the TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server name (or IP address), directory, and file name. Don't exceed 255 characters for the URL.

Example:

http://10.64.84.147/pictures/image04.jpg

When you enter an incorrect URL to download a new wallpaper, the phone fails to upgrade to the new wallpaper and displays the existing downloaded wallpaper. If the phone does not have any wallpaper downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Picture Download URL ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/image04.jpg</Picture Download URL>

Step 5 Upload the logo image to a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server.

The logo must be a .jpg or a .png file. The phone has a fixed display area. So, if the original logo size doesn't fit into the display area, you need to scale it to fit the screen. For the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series, the logo display area is at the mid-center of the phone screen. The display area size of the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series is 128x128.

Step 6 In the **Logo URL** field, enter the path where the logo image has been uploaded.

The URL must include the TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server name (or IP address), directory, and file name. Don't exceed 255 characters for the URL.

Example:

http://10.64.84.147/pictures/logo image.jpg

When you enter an incorrect URL to download a new logo, the phone fails to upgrade to the newer logo and displays the existing downloaded logo. If the phone does not have any logo downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Logo_URL ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/logo_image.jpg</Logo_URL>

Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots after you change the background image URL.

Configure the Screen Saver with the Phone Web Interface

You can configure a screen saver for the phone. When the phone is idle for a specified time, it enters screen saver mode.

Any button press returns the phone to normal mode.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Screen Saver, on page 301.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** On the phone web page, select **Voice** > **User**.
 - The user can select **User Login** > **Voice** > **User** to add screen saver to the phone.
- **Step 2** In the **Screen** section, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Screen Saver, on page 301.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Screen Saver

The following table defines the function and usage of the screen saver parameters in the **Screen** section under the **Voice**> **User** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the stringthat is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 52: Parameters for Screen Saver

Parameter	Description
Screen Saver Enable	Select Yes to enable a screen saver on the phone. When the phone is idle for a specified time, it enters screen saver mode.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><screen_saver_enable ua="rw">Yes</screen_saver_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable screen saver.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Screen Saver Type	Types of screen saver. Options you can choose:
	 Clock—Displays a digital clock on a plain background.
	• Download Picture —Displays a picture pushed from the phone webpage. Enter the image path in the Picture Download URL field.
	• Logo: Displays a logo on the phone screen. Add a logo image in the Logo URL field.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><screen_saver_type ua="rw">Clock</screen_saver_type></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, select a screen saver.
	Allowed values: Clock Download Picture Logo
	Default: Clock
Screen Saver Wait	Amount of idle time before screen saver displays.
	Enter the number of seconds of idle time to elapse before the screen saver starts.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><screen_saver_wait ua="rw">300</screen_saver_wait></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set the time in seconds.
	Allowed values: An integer from 30 through 65000 Default: 300

Parameter	Description
Picture Download URL	URL locating the (.png) file to display on the phone screen background. The image can display as the screen background, the screensaver, or at bootup depending on the settings of the Phone Background , Screen Saver Type , or Boot Display field.
	When you enter an incorrect URL to download a new image, the phone fails to update to the new image and displays the existing downloaded image. If the phone does not have any image downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><picture_download_url u="m">http://10.74.3.52/images/screenser1.png</picture_download_url></pre> /Picture_Download_UR>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the URL where the picture is located.
	Allowed values: A valid URL not exceeding 255 characters
	Default: Empty
Logo URL	Enter a URL or path for the location where the logo image is saved. The logo image can display as the screen background, the screensaver, or at bootup depending on the settings of the Screen Saver Type , Boot Display , or Phone Background field.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<logo_url ua="rw">http://10.74.3.52/images/Logo1.png</logo_url
	• In the phone web interface, specify the URL where the logo image is located.
	Allowed values: A valid URL not exceeding 255 characters
	Default: Empty

Adjust Backlight Timer from the Phone Web Interface

You can save energy by disabling the backlight on each phone at a preset time.

Step 1 Select Voice > User.

Step 2 In the **Screen** section, select a duration for the **Back Light Timer** parameter.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Back Light Timer ua="rw">30s</Back Light Timer>

The allowed values are 1m|5m|30m|Always On. The default value is 5m (5 minutes).

Step 3 In the **Display Brightness** field, enter an integer ranging from 4 to 15 for the desired brightness.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Display Brightness ua="rw">15</Display Brightness>

The allowed value is an integer ranging from 4 through 15. The bigger the value, the brighter the screen display. The default value is 15.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Customize the Product Configuration Version

You can customize the configuration version of the product in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). After the change takes effect, the user can view the configuration version of the product information on the phone.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Edit the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) in a text or XML editor.
- Step 2 Add a value for the element < Device Config Version > in the cfg.xml file.

For example:

<Device Config Version ua="na">2021-01-05-v1/Device Config Version>

Default: Empty

Value range: 0 to 64 characters

If the tag doesn't exist in the cfg.xml file or the parameter value is empty, then the **Configuration version** menu item doesn't display on the phone screen **Product information**.

Note If the length of the assigned characters exceeds the width of the phone screen, the exceeded characters are truncated and represented as an ellipsis (...) on the phone screen.

Step 3 Save the changes to the cfg.xml file.

Keep Focus on the Active Call

You can configure the phone to ensure that the active call is still in focus when the user has an incoming call.

By default, the focus on the phone screen automatically moves from the active call to the incoming call. However, you can configure the phone to ensure that the active call always remains in focus, even when the user has an incoming call.

The focus still moves to an incoming call in the following situations:

- The user places an active call on hold and then receives one or more incoming calls, the focus automatically moves to the first incoming call.
- The user is on an active call and receives one or more incoming calls, if the user places the active call on hold, then the focus automatically moves to the first incoming call.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **User**.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, set the parameter Keep Focus On Active Call to Yes.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file:

```
<Keep_Focus_On_Active_Call ua="na">Yes</Keep_Focus_On_Active_Call>
```

Allowed values: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Report Headset Inventory

You can configure a phone to report the connected or disconnected peripheral information to the server. The peripherals that the Cisco IP Phone Multiplatform Phones support are Key Expansion Module (KEM) and Cisco headset.

The supported Cisco headsets are Cisco Headset 500 Series and Cisco Headset 700 Series.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **SIP**.

Step 2 In the **Peripheral** section, set the **Peripheral Inventory Enable** parameter to **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Peripheral Inventory Enable ua="na">No</Peripheral Inventory Enable>

When the parameter is set to **Yes**, the peripheral inventory headers are included in the SIP Register message. When set to **No**, the headers are not included in the SIP message. Default value of the parameter is **No**.

When one peripheral is connected or disconnected to the phone, next scheduled Register provides the peripheral information in the Peripheral-Data header. All subsequent Registers do not carry peripheral information. The Peripheral-Data header is included for each peripheral, for example, if there are two headsets present, the header appears twice.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.



Call Features Configuration

The phone web user interface and the xml configuration files allows you to customize calling features of your phone such as call transfer, call park, conferencing, and speed-dial.

- Enable Call Transfer, on page 307
- Call Forward, on page 309
- Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls, on page 315
- Webex One Button to Join on Phone, on page 317
- Enable Conferencing, on page 318
- Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP REC, on page 318
- Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP INFO, on page 320
- Configure Missed Call Indication, on page 321
- Enable Do Not Disturb, on page 322
- Enable Synchronization of Settings Between the Phone and the Server, on page 323
- Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone, on page 324
- Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 325
- Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts, on page 326
- Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone, on page 326
- Configure Star Codes for DND, on page 327
- Set Up a Call Center Agent Phone, on page 328
- Set Up a Phone for Presence, on page 333
- Configure the Number of Call Appearances Per Line, on page 338
- Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 338
- Emergency Calls, on page 340
- PLK Configuration, on page 344
- Programmable Softkeys Configuration, on page 347

Enable Call Transfer

You can enable attended call transfer and blind call transfer services for your user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Enable Call Transfer, on page 308 table.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Under **Supplementary Services**, configure the parameters as defined in the Parameters for Enable Call Transfer, on page 308 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Enable Call Transfer

The following table defines the function and usage of Enable Call Transfer parameters in the Supplementary Services section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 53: Parameters for Enable Call Transfer

Parameter	Description
Attn Transfer Serv	Attended call transfer service. The user answers the call before transferring it.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<attn_transfer_serv< td=""></attn_transfer_serv<>
	ua="na">Yes
	• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the transfer service. Select No to disable it.
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Blind Transfer Serv	Blind call transfer service. The user transfers the call without speaking to the caller.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><blind_transfer_serv ua="na">Yes</blind_transfer_serv> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the transfer service. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Call Forward

To enable call forward, you can enable the feature in two places: on the Voice tab and the User tab of the phone web page.

Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab

Perform this task if you want to enable call forward for a user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab, on page 310 table.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 Under Supplementary Services, configure the parameters as described in the Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab, on page 310 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Related Topics

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247

Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246

Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 248

Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab

The following table defines the function and usage of Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab parameters in the Supplementary Services section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 54: Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab

Parameter	Description
Cfwd All Serv	Forwards all calls.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cfwd_all_serv ua="na">Yes</cfwd_all_serv> • In the phone web page, select Yes to forward all calls. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Cfwd Busy Serv	Forwards calls only if the line is busy.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<cfwd_busy_serv< td=""></cfwd_busy_serv<>
	 ua="na">Yes In the phone web page, select Yes to forward calls when the line is busy. Select No to disable it.
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Cfwd No Ans Serv	Forwards calls only if the line is not answered.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	disable it.
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Enable Call Forward on User Tab

Perform the following task to change the call forward settings from the phone web page.

The settings of call forward are synchronized between the phone and the server when one of the following ways is enabled:

- Feature key synchronization (FKS)
- BroadSoft's Extended Services Interface (XSI) Synchronization

To ensure the settings of call forward on the local phone take effect, you need to disable FKS and XSI first. See Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246 and Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 248.

The priority of taking effect for call forward setting in the supported modes is: FKS > XSI > Local.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Ensure that the call forward setting is enabled on the Voice tab. See Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab, on page 309.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **User**.
- Step 2 In the Call Forward section, configure the parameters as described in the Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 312 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab

The following table defines the function and usage of Voice > User > Call Forward in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Except for the parameter "Forward Softkey", other parameters in the following table take effect only when FKS and XSI disabled.

Table 55: Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab

Parameter	Description
Cfwd All	Forwards all calls. The setting of this parameter takes precedence over Cfwd Busy and Cfwd No Answer.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cfwd_all ua="rw">No</cfwd_all> • In the phone web page, select Yes to forward all calls. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No
Cfwd All Dest	Specifies the destination to which all calls are forwarded. The destination can be an alphanumeric input, a phone number, or a SIP URI.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cfwd_all_dest ua="rw">DestinationNumber</cfwd_all_dest> • In the phone web page, enter the destination number in the field.</pre>
	When you select Yes for Cfwd All, make sure to configure the parameter.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
Cfwd Busy	Forwards calls only if the line is busy.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cfwd_busy ua="rw">No</cfwd_busy> • In the phone web page, select Yes to forward calls when the line is busy. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No
Cfwd Busy Dest	Specifies the destination to which calls are forwarded if the line is busy. The destination can be an alphanumeric input, a phone number, or a SIP URI.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cfwd_busy_dest ua="rw">DestinationNumber</cfwd_busy_dest> • In the phone web page, enter the destination number in the field.</pre>
	When you select Yes for Cfwd Busy, make sure to configure the parameter.
	Default: Empty
Cfwd No Answer	Forwards the incoming call only if the call isn't answered.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<cfwd_no_answer< td=""></cfwd_no_answer<>
	 ua="rw">No In the phone web page, select Yes to forward the incoming call if the call isn't answered. Select No to disable it.
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Cfwd No Ans Dest	Specifies the phone number of destination to which the incoming call is forwarded if the call isn't answered. The destination can be an alphanumeric input, a phone number, or a SIP URI.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><cfwd_no_answer_dest ua="rw">DestinationNumber</cfwd_no_answer_dest> • In the phone web page, enter the destination number in the field.</pre>
	When you select Yes for Cfwd No Answer, make sure to configure the parameter.
	Default: Empty
Cfwd No Ans Delay	Assigns a response delay time (in seconds) for the no answer scenario.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<cfwd_no_answer_delay< td=""></cfwd_no_answer_delay<>
	ua="rw">20In the phone web page, enter the delay time in the field.
	Default: 20

Parameter	Description
Forward Softkey	Controls the scope of the call forward services that the user can set up by a dedicated softkey. Options are:
	• All Cfwds: Allows the user to set up all call forward services, including Call Forward All, Call Forward Busy, and Call Forward No Answer by pressing the Forward softkey.
	In this setting, the softkey name is Forward for activation and Clr fwd for deactivation.
	• Only the Cfwd All: Allows the user to directly set up the Call Forward All service by pressing the softkey Forward all.
	The user can still set up all call forward services from the Settings > User preferences > Call preferences > Call forwarding > Call forward settings screen.
	In this setting, the softkey name is Forward all for activation and Clr fwd all for deactivation.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><forward_softkey ua="na">All Cfwds</forward_softkey> • In the phone web page, select the value that determines the scope of the call forward services for the users.</pre>
	Note The parameter takes effect even though FKS, XSI, or FAC is enabled.
	Default: All Cfwds

Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls

You can synchronize forwarding all calls feature to the server with a Feature Activation Code (FAC). When you enable this feature, the FAC sends out the star code and the destination number with INVITE to the server.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Step 1 Select Voice \geq Ext (n).

Step 2 In the **Feature Activation Code Sync** field, select **Yes** to enable the feature.

After you enable this feature, your user can press the **Forward** or **Forward all** softkey on the phone and enter the destination contact number. When the user presses the **Call** softkey, a voice message plays to confirm the call forward setting status. After successful configuration, a call forward icon displays at the top of the phone screen.

The softkey name is different based on the value of the parameter Forward Softkey, see Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 312.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Feature Activation Code Sync n ua="na">Yes</Feature Activation Code Sync n >
```

where, n is the extension number.

Default value: No

Allowed values: Yes or No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Set Feature Activation Code for the Call Forward All Service

You can set activation code (star code) that can be used to activate or deactivate the call forward all service.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Regional.
- Step 2 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the Cfwd All Act Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *72.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Cfwd All Act Code ua="na">*72</Cfwd All Act Code>
```

Step 3 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the Cfwd All Deact Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *73.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Cfwd All Deact Code ua="na">*73</Cfwd All Deact Code>
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Your user can dial *72 in combination with the destination number and press the **Call** softkey to activate the call forward all service.

Your user can dial *73 and press the Call softkey to deactivate the call forward all service.

Webex One Button to Join on Phone

Webex One button to Join (OBTJ) facilitates user to join Webex meeting from the phone. To enable this feature the phone should onboarded to Webex cloud. You can enable this feature from the phone coniguration file. You should also enable the phone with meeting service. You can add the **Meetings** softkey on the home screen of the phone from the phone web interface. To get more information on how to add the **Meetings** softkey, see Add Meetings Softkey on Phone, on page 317.

OBTJ enables the phone with the following functionalities.

- Phone displays a meeting notification window as a reminder five minutes before a scheduled meeting.
 The phone displays mutiple softkeys, Meetings, Join, Snooze, Ignore on this notification window to
 help user decide to join a meeting or to ignore it. If there are multiple meetings at the same time, new
 notification window pops up and the previous notification window disappears.
- User presses the **Meetings** softkey to check the list of meetings on the phone scheduled for next 24 hours. If the meeting is in-progress, phone displays duration of the meeting since the start time. For upcoming meetings, the phone displays the meeting start time and end time.
- User can press the Join button to join a Webex meeting. If the user presess Snooze softkey, the notification window of this meeting disappears temporarily, and again pops up after 5 minutes. User can also press Ignore softkey to ignore the meeting notification. When user presses Ignore softkey, it only ignores the current meeting and doesn't ignore all the meetings in the list.

If meeting the has no SIP URI, **Join** softkey is not available on the notification window and in the meeting list.

For video meetings, user can press Self-view on or Self-view off softkey on the phone to show or hide
the self-view.



Note

In Firmware release 11.3(7), user can join meeting only with SIP URL. OBTJ with user account is supported but workspace account is not supported.

Add Meetings Softkey on Phone

You can add Meetings softkey on the home screen of the phone and check details of scheduled meetings.

Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable to Yes.
- Step 3 In the Idle Key List field, enter meetings in the key list.

Edit the field as described in the following example:

meetings|;redial|1;newcall|2;dnd;psk1

Meetings softkey gets added to the phone screen. When **Idle Key List** field doesn't have **meetings** keyword in the field, the softkey doesn't appear.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Conferencing

You can enable your user to talk to several people in a single call. When you enable this feature, your user dials several people and add them to the call.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 Under Supplementary Services, choose Yes for the Conference Serv parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Conference_Serv ua="na">Yes</Conference_Serv>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP REC

You can enable call recording on a phone so that your user can record an active call. The recording mode configured on the server controls the display of the recording softkeys for each phone.

Table 56: Recording Mode and Recording Softkeys

Recording Mode in Server	Recording Softkeys Available on the Phone
Always	No softkeys available.
	Your user can't control recording from the phone. Recording starts automatically when a call is connected.
Never	PauseRec
	ResumeRec
	When a call is connected, recording starts automatically and your user can control the recording.
On Demand	Record
	PauseRec
	ResumeRec
	When a call is connected, recording starts automatically but the recording is not saved until the user presses the Record softkey. Your user sees a message when recording state changes.
On Demand with User	Record
Initiated Start	PauseRec
	StopRec
	ResumeRec
	The recording only starts when your user presses the Record softkey. Your user sees a message when recording state changes.

During a recording, your user sees different icons which depend on the recording state. The icons are displayed on the Calls screen and also on the line key on which the user is recording a call.

Table 57: Recording Icons

Icon	Meaning
•	Recording in progress
•	Recording in progress (8811)
	Recording paused
	Recording paused (8811)

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, click Yes or click No to enable or to disable the Call Recording Serv parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call Recording Serv ua="na">Yes</Call Recording Serv>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 (Optional) In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, to enable softkeys, add a string in this format in the Connected Key List and Conferencing Key List fields.

crdstart; crdstop; crdpause; crdresume

- **Step 4** Click the **Ext(n)** tab that requires call recording.
- **Step 5** In the **SIP Settings** section, in the **Call Recording Protocol**, select **SIPREC** as the call recording protocol.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call Recording Protocol 3 ua="na">SIPREC</Call Recording Protocol 3 >

Options: SIPREC and SIPINFO

Default: SIPREC

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP INFO

You can enable call recording on a phone so that your user can record an active call.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

During a recording, your user sees different icons which depend on the recording state. The icons are displayed on the Calls screen and also on the line key on which the user is recording a call.

Your user presses the following softkeys to control the phone recording:

- Record
- StopRec

The recording only starts when your user presses the **Record** softkey. Your user sees a message when recording state changes and the recording icon displays on the call screen.

Once a phone recording starts, the **StopRec** softkey can work. The recording stops when your user presses the **StopRec** softkey. Your user sees a message when the recording state changes.

Table 58: Recording Icons

Icon	Meaning
	Recording in progress
•	Recording in progress (8811)

Before you begin

- You need to set up call recording on the call control system.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, click Yes or click No to enable or to disable call recording in the Call Recording Serv parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call_Recording_Serv ua="na">Yes</Call_Recording_Serv>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 (Optional) In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, to enable softkeys, add a string in this format in the Connected Key List and Conferencing Key List fields.

crdstart; crdstop; crdpause; crdresume

- **Step 4** Click the **Ext(n)** tab that requires call recording.
- **Step 5** In the **SIP Settings** section, for the **Call Recording Protocol** parameter, select **SIPINFO** as the call recording protocol.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call_Recording_Protocol_1_ ua="na">SIPINFO</Call_Recording_Protocol_1_>

Options: SIPREC and SIPINFO

Default: SIPREC

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure Missed Call Indication

You can configure a missed call alert on the phone handset LED.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **User**.

The user can select **User Login** > **Voice** > **User**.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, for the Handset LED Alert parameter, select Voicemail, Missed Call.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Handset_LED_Alert ua="rw">Voicemail,Missed Call/Handset_LED_Alert>

Options: Voicemail and Voicemail, Missed Call

Default: Voicemail

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Do Not Disturb

You can allow persons to turn the Do not disturb feature on or off. The caller receives a message that the person is unavailable. A person can press the **Ignore** softkey on the phone to divert an incoming call to another destination.

If the feature is enabled for the phone, users can turn the feature on or off with the DND softkey.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **User**.

Step 2 In the **Supplementary Services** area, for the **DND Setting** parameter, select **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<DND_Setting ua="rw">Yes</DND_Setting>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

When you select a line (multiline phone), a Do Not Disturb banner displays at the top of the phone screen.

What to do next

Change another setting to ensure that multiline phones correctly display the Do not disturb (currently, a steady, green color) status for each selected or unselected line. See DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247.

Users can enable or turn off the DND feature for each phone line if you configure star codes for DND. See Configure Star Codes for DND, on page 327.

Related Topics

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 247
Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 246
Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 249

Enable Synchronization of Settings Between the Phone and the Server

Enable the synchronization of settings between the phone and the server.

This setting must be enabled for the following features and types of users:

- · Call forward all
- DND
- Executives and assistants

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

If a line key is configured with feature key sync and is also enabled with DND or call forward feature, the respective DND occupied icon or the call forward icon is displayed next to the line key label. If the line key has a missed call, a voice message, or an urgent voicemail alert, the DND icon or the call forward icon is also displayed with the alert notification.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, set the Feature Key Sync parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<!-- Call Feature Settings -->
<Feature_Key_Sync_1_ ua="na">Yes</Feature_Key_Sync_1_>
```

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone

When you onboard a phone to Webex cloud successfully, you can enable the phone to support Webex contacts. When you enable this feature on the phone, your user can see the Webex directory under the phone directory list.

When you configure **Max Display Records** parameter value more than 100, the query result displays only hundred contacts for a search in Webex directory and All directory. When search result has count more than the allowed display record value, user see a message: Too many matches found. Refine your search. For more information on **Max Display Records** parameter, see Parameters for Directory Services, on page 387.

Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully. For more information on phone onboarding to Webex Cloud, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2 In the Webex section, set the Directory Enable to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Webex Directory Enable ua="na">Yes</Webex Directory Enable>
```

Default value: No

Step 3 In the **Directory Name** field, enter a name for the Webex directory.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Webex_Directory_Name ua="na">wcdir</Webex_Directory_Name>
```

Default value: Empty

The name you enter (for example, wcdir), displays as the Webex directory name on the phone under the directory list. You can modify this name from the phone administration web page or from the configuration XML file string. When required, your user can also modify this name from the phone. When the **Directory Name** field is empty, by default, the Webex directory name on the phone appears as **Webex directory**.

When the phone is not onboarded to Cisco Webex cloud successfully, the **Webex directory** doesn't appear under the directory list.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key

You can configure Webex contacts on a line key. This line key becomes a shortcut to the Webex directory.

Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Directory Enable on the phone administration web page is set to Yes.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note

If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to configure Webex contacts on the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension n ua="na">Disabled</extension n >
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

```
fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk
```

where fnc=shortcut means function=shortcut, url is the menu to open this line key, and nme is the name for the Webex directory.

In the string, when nme is empty or you don't include nme in the string, by default, the line key displays the directory name as **Webex directory**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

```
\verb|\ef{Extended_Function_n_ua="na"}| finc=shortcut; url=webexdir; nme=cloudplk</Extended_Function_n_> | finc=shortcut; url=webxdir; nme=cloudplk</Extended_Function_n_> | finc=shortcut; ur
```

where n is the extension number.

The line key is configured with the feature. For example, if you assign the feature in line key number nine, the user sees **cloudplk** appears in the line number nine as a shortcut to the Webex directory. By pressing

this configured line key, user can access the **Search Webex directory** screen and can search the Webex contacts

If **Directory Enable** on the phone administration web page is set to **No**, the line key doesn't work.

If the phone is not onboarded to the Webex cloud successfully, the line key doesn't work.

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts

You can configure Webex contacts to a softkey. This softkey becomes a shortcut to the Webex directory.

Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Directory Enable on the phone administration web page is set to Yes.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable to Yes.
- **Step 3** Configure a PSK field from PSK 1 through PSK 16 with a string in this format:

fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

<PSK n ua=na>fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk</psk n>

A softkey is configured with the feature and appears on the phone. For example, **cloudplk** appears as a softkey and acts as a shortcut to the Webex directory. By pressing this softkey, user can access the **Search Webex directory** screen and can search the Webex contacts.

In the string, when nme is empty or you don't include nme in the string, by default, the softkey displays the directory name as **Webex Dir**.

If **Directory Enable** on the phone administration web page is set to **No**, the softkey doesn't work.

If the phone is not onboarded to Cisco Webex cloud successfully, the softkey doesn't work.

Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone

You can now enable a phone to support Webex call logs. When you enable this feature, the **Display recents from** menu under the **Recents** screen includes the **Webex** option in the calls list. The user then can set the option **Webex** to see the list of recent Webex calls.

Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Webex cloud successfully. For more information on phone onboarding to Webex cloud, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Under the **Call Log** section, enable the **CallLog Enable** parameter and select a phone line from **CallLog Associated Line** for which you want to display the Webex recent call logs.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Call Log section, set the CallLog Enable parameter to Yes and Display Recents From parameter to Webex.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<CallLog_Enable ua="na">Yes</CallLog_Enable>
<Display_Recents_From ua="na">Webex</Display_Recents_From>
```

Default value of **Display Recents From**: Phone

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure Star Codes for DND

You can configure star codes that a user dials to turn on or off the do not disturb (DND) feature on a phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Regional.
- Step 2 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, enter *78 for the DND Act Code parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<DND_Act_Code ua="na">*78</DND_Act_Code>
```

Step 3 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, enter *79 for the DND Deact Code parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<DND Deact Code ua="na">*79</DND Deact Code>

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Set Up a Call Center Agent Phone

You can enable a phone with Automatic Call Distribution (ACD) features. This phone acts as a call center agent's phone and can be used to trace a customer call, to escalate any customer call to a supervisor in emergency, to categorize contact numbers using disposition codes, and to view customer call details.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 329 table.

Before you begin

- Set up the phone as a call center phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice \geq Ext(n).
- Step 2 In the ACD Settings section, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 329 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup

The following table defines the function and usage of Call Center Agent Setup parameters in the ACD Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 59: Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup

Parameter	Description
Broadsoft ACD	Enables the phone for Automatic Call Distribution (ACD).
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><broadsoft_acd_1_ ua="na">Yes</broadsoft_acd_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No
Call Information Enable	Enables the phone to display details of a call center call.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<call_information_enable_1_< td=""></call_information_enable_1_<>
	 ua="na">Yes In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Disposition Code Enable	Enables the user to add a disposition code.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Trace Enable	Enables the user to trace the last incoming call.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><trace_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</trace_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Emergency Escalation Enable	Enables the user to escalate a call to a supervisor in case of emergency.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><emergency_escalation_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</emergency_escalation_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Queue Status Notification Enable	Displays the call center status and the agent status.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><queue_status_notification_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.</queue_status_notification_enable_1_></pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Auto Available After Sign-In	Sets the agent status to Available automatically when the user signs into the phone as a call center agent.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No

Restore the ACD Status

You can enable the phone to automatically set the ACD status to the last local value in one of the following situations:

- Phone is powered on.
- Phone status is changed to "Registered" from "Unregistered" or "Registration failed" status.
- Registration destination server IP address is changed when failover happens, a fallback happens, or a DNS response is changed.

Before you begin

- Set up the phone as a call center phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- Step 1 Select Voice $\geq Ext(n)$.
- Step 2 In the ACD Settings section, set BraodSoft ACD to Yes.
- **Step 3** From **ACD Status** field, select one of the options:
 - Sync From Local: Select this option to restore the last local status as ACD status when the phone boots up, status is changed to "Registered" from "Unregistered" or "Registration failed", or registration destination ip address is changed due to failover, fallback or DNS response is changed.

When the intial ACD status is configured to sync from local, and the last local status is unavailable with a reason code, after the phone boots up, the reason code will not be restored.

• Sync From Server: Select this option to get ACD intial status from the server. This is the default value.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<ACD_Status_n_ ua="na">Sync From Local</ACD_Status_n_> where n=1 to 16
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Display or Hide Unavailable Menu Text Box of Agent Status on the Phone

You can control if your user wants to hide the **Unavailable** menu text box of the **Set agent status** screen on the phone.

Before you begin

- Set up the phone as a call center phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n).
- Step 2 In the ACD Settings section, set the Unavailable Reason Code Enable parameter to No to hide the Unavailable text box on the phone.

To display the text box, select **Yes**. This is the default value.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Unavailable_Reason_Code_Enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</Unavailable_Reason_Code_Enable_1_>
```

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Set Up a Phone for Presence

You can enable the BroadSoft XMPP directory for the phone user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 333 table.

Before you begin

- Set up the BroadSoft server for XMPP.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Broadsoft XMPP section, set the fields as described in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 333.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Set Up Presence

The following table defines the function and usage of Set Up Presence parameters in the Broadsoft XMPP section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 60: Parameters for Set Up Presence

Parameter	Description
XMPP Enable	Enables the BroadSoft XMPP directory for the phone user.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xmpp_enable ua="na">Yes</xmpp_enable> • In the phone web page, select Yes to forward all calls. Select No to disable it.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No Default: No

Parameter	Description
Server	Name of the XMPP server; for example, xsi.iop1.broadworks.net.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xmpp_server ua="na">xsi.iop1.broadworks.net</xmpp_server></pre>
	• In the phone web page, enter a name for the server.
	Default: Empty
Port	Server port for the XMPP server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xmpp_port ua="na">5222</xmpp_port> • In the phone web page, enter the server port.</pre>
	Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535
	If the value is set to 0, the phone first sends a DNS SRV query for the domain (specified in Server or User ID) to obtain the XMPP server IP address. If there is no A record in the DNS SRV response, then the phone sends as fallback an A record lookup for the same domain to obtain the IP address. In this scenario, the actual port number is 5222.
	When both Server and User ID contain the domain names, the domain name in Server is preferred.
	If the value isn't set to 0, the phone directly sends an A record lookup for the domain (specified in Server or User ID) to obtain the XMPP server IP address.
	Default: 5222

Parameter	Description
User ID	BroadSoft User ID of the phone user; for example, username1@xdp.broadsoft.com or username1.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xmpp_user_id ua="na">username1</xmpp_user_id> • In the phone web page, enter the user ID.</pre>
	If the value doesn't contain the domain name, the phone first generates a new user ID by combining the values of this parameter and Server . For example, the server is xsi.iop1.broadworks.net and user ID is username1, the generated user ID is username1@xsi.iop1.broadworks.net.
	Then, the phone sends A record lookup or DNS SRV query for the domain xsi.iop1.broadworks.net to obtain the XMPP server IP address.
	Default: Empty
Password	Alphanumeric password associated with the User ID.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xmpp_password ua="na"></xmpp_password> • In the phone web page, enter a supported password.</pre>
	Default: Empty
Login Invisible	When enabled, the user's presence information is not published when the user signs in.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><login_invisible ua="na">Yes</login_invisible> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Retry Intvl	Interval, in seconds, to allow a reconnect without a log in after the client disconnects from the server. After this interval, the client needs to reauthenticate.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><login_invisible ua="na">Yes</login_invisible> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No
Display XMPP User ID With Top Priority	Displays the XMPP user ID with the highest priority at the top left of the phone screen. If enabled, the XMPP user ID overrides other display names, for example, Station Name.
	This parameter takes effect only when the XMPP Enable is set to Yes .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><display_xmpp_user_id_with_top_priority ua="na">Yes</display_xmpp_user_id_with_top_priority> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.</pre>
	Options: Yes and No
	Default: No

Use DNS SRV for XMPP

You can configure the phone to use DNS SRV to obtain the IP address of the BroadSoft XMPP server.

Before you begin

- Set up the BroadSoft server for XMPP.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Broadsoft XMPP section, set XMPP Enable to Yes.
- **Step 3** Set the field **Port** to **0**.
- Step 4 Set the fields Server, User ID, and Password as described in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 333 table.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Display XMPP User ID on the Phone Screen

You can configure the phone to display the XMPP user ID with top priority on the phone screen. If enabled, the XMPP user ID overrides other display names, for example, Station Name.

Before the release 11.3(4), the XMPP user ID always displays on the phone screen with top priority. However, in this release, the phone doesn't prioritize the displaying of the XMPP user ID by default. Therefore, if you don't change the setting, the XMPP user ID might not display on the phone screen.

Before you begin

- Set up the BroadWorks server for the XMPP service.
- Configure the IM&P service on the XSI BroadWorks server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- Step 2 In the Broadsoft XMPP section, set XMPP Enable to Yes.
- Set the fields **Server**, **User ID**, and **Password** as described in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 333 table.
- Step 4 Set Display XMPP User ID With Top Priority to Yes.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

The XMPP icon (a dot) and XMPP user ID display at the top left of the phone screen. If call forward is active, the call forwarding number displays beneath the XMPP user ID.

If you set **Display XMPP User ID With Top Priority** to **No** and configure either **Station Name** or **Station Display Name**, the XMPP icon and the configured name display at the top left of the phone screen. When you configure both names, the phone only displays the **Station Display Name**.

If you set **Display XMPP User ID With Top Priority** to **No** and both names are empty, the phone still displays the XMPP icon and the XMPP user ID.

If you set **XMPP Enable** to **No** or the XMPP configuration is incorrect, the XMPP user ID doesn't display on the phone screen.

Configure the Number of Call Appearances Per Line

Phones that support multiple call appearances on a line can be configured to specify the number of calls to allow on the line.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Miscellaneous Line Key Settings section, for the Call Appearances Per Line parameter, specify the number of calls per line to allow.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Call_Appearances_Per_Line ua="na">2</Call_Appearances_Per_Line>
```

The allowed values range from 2 to 10. The default value is 2.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Reverse Name Lookup

Reverse name lookup searches for the name of a number in an incoming, outgoing, conference, or transferred call. The reverse name lookup acts when the phone cannot find a name using the service provider directory, Call History, or your contacts. Reverse name lookup needs a valid BroadSoft (XSI) Directory, LDAP Directory, or XML Directory configuration.

The reverse name lookup searches the phone's external directories. When a search succeeds, the name is placed in the call session and in the call history. For simultaneous, multiple phone calls, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the first call number. When the second call connects or is placed on hold, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the second call. The reverse lookup searches the external directories for 8 secs, if in 8secs there are no results found, there will be no display of the name. If results are found in 8secs, the name is diplayed on the phone. The external directory search priority order is: **BroadSoft (XSI)** > **LDAP** > **XML**.

While searching if the lower priority name is received before the higher priority name, the search shows the lower priority name first and then replaced it with the higher priority name if the higher priority name is found within 8 secs.

The precedence of the phone list lookup in BroadSoft (XSI) Directory is:

1. Personal phone list

- 2. Group common phone list
- 3. Enterprise common phone list

Reverse name lookup is enabled by default.

Reverse name lookup searches the directories in the following order:

- 1. Personal Address Book
- 2. SIP Header
- 3. Call History
- 4. BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
- 5. LDAP Directory
- 6. XML Directory



Note

The phone searches the XML directory using this format: directory_url?n=incoming_call_nur

Example: For a multiplatform phone using a third-party service, the phone number (1234) search quer this format, http://your-service.com/dir.xml?n=1234.

Before you begin

- Configure one of these directories before you can enable or disable the reverse name lookup:
 - BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
 - LDAP Corporate Directory
 - · XML Directory
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services area, set the Reverse Phone Lookup Serv parameter to Yes to enable this feature.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Reverse_Phone_Lookup_Serv ua="na">Yes</Reverse_Phone_Lookup_Serv>

The allowed values are Yes|No. The default value is Yes.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Emergency Calls

Emergency Call Support Background

Emergency call service providers can register a phone's location for each IP-based phone in a company. The location information server (LIS) transfers the emergency response location (ERL) to the phone. The phone stores its location during registration, after the phone restarts, and when a person signs in to the phone. The location entry can specify the street address, building number, floor, room, and other office location information.

When you place an emergency call, the phone transfers the location to the call server. The call server forwards the call and the location to the emergency call service provider. The emergency call service provider forwards the call and a unique call-back number (ELIN) to the emergency services. The emergency service or public safety answering point (PSAP) receives the phone location. The PSAP also receives a number to call you back, if the call disconnects.

See Emergency Call Support Terminology, on page 341 for the terms used to describe emergency calls from the phone.

You insert the following parameters to obtain the phone's location for any phone extension number:

- Company Identifier—A Unique number (UUID) assigned to your company by the NG9-1-1 service provider.
- Primary Request URL—The HTTPS address of the primary server used to obtain the phone location.
- Secondary Request URL—The HTTPS address of a secondary server (backup) used to obtain the phone location.
- Emergency Number—A sequence of digits that identify an emergency call. You can specify multiple emergency numbers, by separating each emergency number with a comma.

Common emergency service numbers include:

- North America-911
- European countries–112
- · Hong Kong-999

The phone requests new location information for the following activities:

- You register the phone with the call server.
- A person restarts the phone and the phone was previously registered with the call server.
- A guest signs in to the phone.
- You change the network interface used in the SIP registration. For example, change Wi-Fi to Ethernet.
- You change the IP address of the phone.

If all of the location servers do not send a location response, the phone re-sends the location request every two minutes.

Emergency Call Support Terminology

The following terms describe emergency call support for the Cisco Multiplatform Phones.

- Emergency Location ID Number (ELIN)—A number used to represent one or more phone extensions that locate the person who dialed emergency services.
- Emergency Response Location (ERL)—A logical location that groups a set of phone extensions.
- HTTP Enabled Location Delivery (HELD)—An encrypted protocol that obtains the PIDF-LO location for a phone from a location information server (LIS).
- Location Information Server (LIS)—A server that responds to a SIP-based phone HELD request and provides the phone location using a HELD XML response.
- Emergency Call Service Provider—The company that responds to a phone HELD request with the phone's location. When you make an emergency call (which carries the phone's location), a call server routes the call to this company The emergency call service provider adds an ELIN and routes the call to the emergency services (PSAP). If the call is disconnected, the PSAP uses the ELIN to reconnect with the phone used to make the emergency call.
- Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)—Any emergency service (for example, fire, police, or ambulance) joined to the Emergency Services IP Network.
- Universally Unique Identifier (UUID)—A 128-bit number used to uniquely identify a company using emergency call support.

Configure a Phone to Make Emergency Calls

Before you begin

- Obtain the E911 Geolocation Configuration URLs and the company identifier for the phone from your emergency call services provider. You can use the same Geolocation URLs and company identifier for multiple phone extensions in the same office area.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext** n, where n is the phone extension number (1-10) of the phone web dialog.
- Step 2 In the Dial Plan section, set the Emergency Number parameter
- Step 3 In the E911 Geolocation Configuration section, set the Company UUID, Primary Request URL, and Secondary Request URL parameters as described in the Parameters to Make an Emergency Call, on page 342.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters to Make an Emergency Call

The following table defines the function and usage of Making of Emergency Calls parameters in the Dial Plan and E911 Geolocation Configuration sections under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 61: Parameters to Make an Emergency Call

Parameter	Description	
Section: Dial Plan		
Emergency Number	Enter a comma-separated list of emergency numbers.	
	To specify multiple emergency numbers, separate each emergency number with a comma.	
	When one of these numbers is dialed, the unit disables processing of CONF, HOLD, and other similar softkeys or buttons to avoid accidentally putting the current call on hold. The phone also disables hook flash event handling.	
	Only the far end can terminate an emergency call. The phone is restored to normalcy after the call is terminated and the receiver is back on-hook.	
	Perform one of the following: to the digits that correspond to the customer emergency service numbers.	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><emergency_number_1_ ua="na"></emergency_number_1_> • In the phone web page, set Emergency Number parameter to the digits that correspond to the customer emergency service numbers.</pre>	
	Valid Values: Maximum number length is 63 characters	
	Default: Blank (no emergency number)	
Section: E911 Geolocation Configura	ation	

Parameter	Description
Company UUID	The Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) assigned to the customer by the emergency call services provider.
	For example:
	07072db6-2dd5-4aa1-b2ff-6d588822dd46
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><company_uuid_1_ ua="na"></company_uuid_1_> • In the phone web page, enter a valid identifier assigned by the call services provider.</pre>
	Valid Values: Maximum identifier length is 128 characters.
	Default: Blank
Primary Request URL	Encrypted HTTPS phone location request. The request uses the phone IP addresses, MAC address, Network Access Identifier (NAI), and chassis ID and port ID assigned by the network switch manufacturer. The request also includes the location server name and the customer identifier.
	The server used by the emergency call services provider responds with an Emergency Response Location (ERL) that has a location Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) tied to the user phone IP address.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><primary_request_url_1_ ua="na"></primary_request_url_1_> • In the phone web page, enter encrypted HTTPS phone location request.</pre>
	For example:
	https://probblueenth.com/e9111.ocate/held/held_request.action
	Default: Blank

Parameter	Description	
Secondary Request URL	Encrypted HTTPS request sent to the emergency caservices provider's backup server to obtain the user phone location.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><secondary_request_url_1_ ua="na"></secondary_request_url_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the encrypted for the backup server that can return location information.</pre>	
	For example:	
	https://proll.bluearth.com/e9111.orate/held/held_request.action	
	Default: Blank	

PLK Configuration

Programmable Line Keys

The Programmable Line Key (PLK) feature allows you to program feature buttons or services URL buttons on the line key buttons. You can configure the line keys with:

- Line buttons—see Enable the Extension of a Line Key, on page 344
- Speed dials—see Configure Speed Dial on a Line Key, on page 179
- Call Park—see Add Call Park to a Line Key, on page 192
- Busy Lamp Field (BLF)—see Phone Configuration for Monitoring Other Phones, on page 182
- Executive and Assistant—
- see Configure Executive and Assistant Menu Access on a Line Key, on page 257
- XML Services—see Add an XML Service to a Line Key, on page 346
- Voicemail—see Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Line Key, on page 382
- Webex Contacts—see Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 325

Enable the Extension of a Line Key

You can use the buttons on both sides of the phone screen as line keys when you enable the extensions of the line keys.

You can also configure the parameter in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. The parameter for the extension is line-specific.

```
<Extension n ua="rw">1</Extension n >
```

where *n* is the extension number.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Choose a line key and assign an extension number in the **Extension** parameter to enable it.

When Extension is set to Disabled, the user can't use the line key as a telephony extension.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Direct PLK Configuration

You can directly perform the Programmable Line Key (PLK) configuration on a line key, which means you don't need to disable the extension function of a line key. Before the firmware release 11.3(7), you must disable the line extension to achieve the PLK configuration.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Miscellaneous Line Key Settings section, set the Enable Direct PLK Configuration parameter to Yes.

You can also configure the parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with the following XML string:

<Enable Direct PLK Configuration ua="na">Yes</Enable Direct PLK Configuration>

Allowed values: Yes and No

Default value: Yes

Note If you set the parameter to **No**, the extension of a line key must be disabled for the PLK configuration.

- **Step 3** Select **Voice** > **Ext** [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- **Step 4** In the **Proxy and Registration** section, ensure that the **Proxy** parameter is empty.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

where n is the extension number.

Step 5 In the **Subscriber Information** section, ensure that the **User ID** parameter is empty.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

where n is the extension number.

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Phone Configuration for Monitoring Other Phones

You can configure the phone to monitor the status of lines on other phones. This feature is useful if users routinely handle calls for colleagues and need to see if they are available to answer calls. The phone monitors each line on a separate line key. The monitoring line keys function as Busy Lamp Field (BLF) keys. A BLF is an LED that changes color to indicate the status of the monitored line:

Table 62: BLF Key LED Status

LED Color	Meaning
Green	The monitored line is available.
Red	The monitored line is busy.
Blinking red	The monitored line is ringing.
Amber	Error in BLF key configuration.

If the phone is registered to a BroadSoft server, you can set up the phone to monitor multiple users, with a single set of configurations.

Add an XML Service to a Line Key

You can add an XML service to a line key to enable the user to access the XML application or directory.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a line key.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to add an XML service to the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension n ua="na">Disabled</extension n >
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

```
fnc=xml;url=http://xml.service.url;nme=name
```

where:

- fnc= prk means function=call park.
- url= http://xml.service.url is the URL for the xml application or directory.
- nme= XXXX is the name displayed on the phone for the xml service. Replace XXXX with a name.

You can also configure the line-specific parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in the following format:

```
<Extended_Function_2_
ua="na">fnc=xml;url=http://xml.service.url;nme=name</Extended Function 2 >
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Programmable Softkeys Configuration

Customize Display of the Softkeys

You can customize display of the softkeys on the phone screen during a specific state.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Programmable Softkeys, on page 348.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, edit the softkeys depending on the call state that you want the softkey to display. For more information, see Parameters for Programmable Softkeys, on page 348 and .
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Programmable Softkeys

The following table defines the function and usage of the programmable softkeys parameters in the **Programmable Softkeys** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with the XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 63: Parameters for Programmable Softkeys

Parameter	Description and default value	
Programmable Softkey Enable	Enables or disables the programmable softkeys. Set this field to Yes to enable the programmable softkeys.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><programmable_softkey_enable ua="na">Yes</programmable_softkey_enable></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the programmable softkeys.	
	Allowed values: Yes No	
	Default: No	

Parameter	Description and default value	
PSK 1 through PSK 16	Programmable softkey fields. Enter a string in these fields to configure softkeys that display on the phone screen. You can create softkeys for speed dials to numbers or extensions, vertical service activation codes (* codes), or XML scripts.	
	Configure the PSKs in this format:	
	Speed Dial:	
	fnc=sd;ext=extension_number@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=display_name	
	Vertical Service Activation Code:	
	<pre>fnc=sd;ext=star_code@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=display_name</pre>	
	See Vertical Service Activation Codes, on page 525.	
	• XML Service:	
	<pre>fnc=xml;url=http://server_IP/services.xml;vid=n;nme=display_name</pre>	
	Menu shortcut:	
	fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences	
	For more information, see Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284.	
	When you add a programmable softkey to a softkey list, such as Idle Key List, Missed Call Key List, and so on, the programmable softkey displays on the phone screen.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><psk_1 ua="na">fnc=xml;url=http://server_IP/services.xml;vid=n; nme=display_name</psk_1></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, set the PSKs in the valid format.	
	Default: Empty	

Customize a Programmable Softkey

The phone provides sixteen programmable softkeys (fields PSK1 through PSK16). You can define the fields by a speed-dial script.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, set the **Programmable Softkey Enable** to **Yes**.
- **Step 3** Select a programmable softkey number field on which to configure a phone feature.

- **Step 4** Enter the string for the programmable soft key. See the different types of programmable softkeys described in Configure Speed Dial on a Programmable Softkey, on page 350.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure Speed Dial on a Programmable Softkey

You can configure programmable softkeys as speed dials. The speed dials can be extensions or phone numbers. You can also configure programmable softkeys with speed dials that perform an action that a vertical service activation code (or a star [*] code) defines. For example, if you configure a programmable softkey with a speed dial for *67, the call is placed on hold.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable to Yes.
- **Step 3** To configure a speed dial PSK, enter the following in the PSK **number** field:

fnc=sd;ext=extensionname/starcode@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=name

Where:

- fnc= function of the key (speed dial)
- extensionname=extension being dialed or the star code action to perform
- vid= n is the extension that the speed dial will dial out
- name is the name of the speed dial being configured

Note The name field displays on the softkey on the IP phone screen. We recommend a maximum of 10 characters for a phone. If more characters are used, the label might be truncated on the phone screen.

Step 4 Edit the following:

• **Idle Key List:** Edit the field as described in the following example:

```
redial|1;newcall|2;dnd;psk1
```

If the user incorrectly configures the programmable softkey list features on the phone, the key list on the phone LCD does not update. For example:

- If a user enters **rdeial**; **newcall**; **cfwd** (redial has been misspelt), the key list is not updated and the user does not see any change on the LCD.
- If a user enters redial; newcall; cfwd; delchar, the user will not see a change on the LCD, as the delchar softkey is not allowed in the Idle Key List. Hence, this is an incorrect configuration of the programmable softkey list.

• PSK1:

fnc=sd;ext=5014@\$PROXY;nme=sktest1

Note In this example, we are configuring a softkey on a phone as a speed dial number for extension 5014 (sktest1).

You can also configure an XML service on the programmable softkey. Enter the string in this format:

```
<PSK 1 ua="na">fnc=xml;url=http://xml.service.url;nme=name</PSK 1>
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure a PSK with DTMF Support

You can configure programmable softkeys (PSK) with dual tone multifrequency (DTMF). This configuration enables the phone to send digital pulses inband (or out-of-band via SIP INFO) to the server during an active call. When you enable a function on a PSK, the user sees the softkey name, and presses it to perform the named function. The applied actions to the DTMF digit string are similar to those applied to Speed Dial, such as the following:

- Pause represented by,
- Wait represented by X

For example, $ext=<DTMF_DIGITS>[[,|X][<DTMF_DIGITS>]]$, where the valid DTMF digits are 0-9,*, #, a, b, c, d, and where the parts in [] brackets are optional.

This feature applies only to programmable softkeys. It doesn't apply to the programmable line keys (PLK) on the desk phones. If you configure any PLK for this feature, the display will present the Circled X icon \otimes , and nothing will happen if you press the key.

This feature supports only Connected Key List and Connected Video Key List.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone** > **Programmable Softkeys**.
- Step 2 Set the Programmable Softkey Enable field to yes.
- **Step 3** From the PSK list (PSK#1 PSK#16), select a PSK to configure.
- **Step 4** In the **PSK(n)** field, where **n** is a programmable softkey number, enter a string in this format:

```
fnc=dtmf;ext=<dtmf_digits_to_be_outpulsed>;nme=<softkey_display_name>;
vid=<extension n to be associated>
```

When a phone has more than one registered line, you must include the **vid**= that is associated with the particular line/extension in order for the softkey to appear. Otherwise, the softkey will not display.

Step 5 (Optional) To configure the PSK softkey to toggle within a pair (outpulse-display) each time you press it, enter a string in this format:

fnc=dtmf;ext=<dtmf_digits_to_be_outpulsed>;nme=<softkey_display_name>;
ext2=<second_set_of_dtmf_digits_to_be_outpulsed>;nme2=<second_softkey_display_name_after_first_press>;
vid=<extension n to be associated>

The PSK softkey toggle always starts with the **ext/nme** for each new call.

Step 6 In the Connected Key List field or Connected Video Key List field, enter the configured PSK keywords according to where on the phone screen you wish the softkey name to appear.

For example, in the following entry, the **hold** softkey name appears in the first position. The softkey name that is listed in the **psk1** field appears in the second position, and so on.

hold;psk1;endcall;xfer;conf;xferLx;confLx;bxfer;phold;redial;dir;park

- **Step 7** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where **n** is the extension number you wish to configure.
- Step 8 In the Audio Configuration section, set the DTMF Tx Method to one of the following methods from the drop-down list.
 - InBand
 - AVT
 - INFO
 - Auto
 - InBand+INFO
 - AVT+INFO

Step 9 Click Submit All Changes.

Use these examples to help you understand how to configure PSK with DTMF Support options:

Example: PSK toggles when pressed.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys > Programmable Softkey Enable: Yes
- Connected Key List: psk1|1 ;endcal1|2;conf|3;xfer|4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1;nme=PressStart;ext2=*2;nme2=PressStop;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Example: Phone sends DTMF digits inband via a PSK softkey.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys
- Programmable Softkey Enable: yes.
- Connected Key List: psk1|1;endcal1|2;conf|3;xfer|4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1;nme=PressMe;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Example: The PSK softkey pauses between digits.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys > Programmable Softkey Enable: Yes
- Connected Key List: psk1|1;endcal1|2;conf|3;xfer|4;

- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1,1006;nme=PressMe;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Example: The PSK softkey waits for the user's input between digits.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys > Programmable Softkey Enable: Yes
- Connected Key List: psk1 | 1; endcall | 2; conf | 3; xfer | 4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1X1006;nme=PressMe;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Enable Softkeys to Calls History List Menu

You can configure the **Option**, **Call**, **Edit call**, and **Filter** softkeys on the screen for All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. When you press the **Recents** softkey on the phone, you can directly access the **All calls** screen and see the list of all types of recents calls.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 Configure the XSI account information by providing values in the XSI Host Server, XSI Authentication Type, Login User ID, Login Password, and CallLog Associated Line parameters.

For more information about configuring XSI account, see Configure BroadSoft Settings, on page 402.

- **Step 3** Set the **CallLog Enable** parameter to **Yes**.
- **Step 4** Set **Display Recents From** to **Server**.
- **Step 5** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section,
 - a. Set the **Programmable Softkey Enable** parameter to **Yes.**
 - b. In the Broadsoft Call History Key List field, the default string is: option | 1; call | 2; editcall | 3;.
 - c. In the Broadsoft Call History Key List field, the default string is: option|1;call|2;editcall|3;back|4;

Supported strings are option, call, editcall, filter, and back. This parameter doesn't support psk string.

Availability of all these softkeys under the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list or the **Option** menu in these calls list depends on the following conditions:

• Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; editcall | 3; back | 4; - Option, Call, Edit call, softkeys appear on the

All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. **Back** softkey doesn't appear. **Filter** appears in the **Option** menu of calls list.

- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; back | 4; Option, Call, Back softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. Edit call and Filter appears in the Option menu of calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; editcall | 3; filter | 4; Option, Call, Edit call, Filter softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes, PSK 1 = fnc=shortcut; url=missedcalls, and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; psk1 | 3; filter222 | 4; only Option and Call softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list because strings psk and filter222 are invalid values. Edit call and Filter appears in the Option menu of calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes, and Broadsoft Call History Key List = blank The softkeys appears as default setting option | 1; call | 2; editcall | 3. Option, Call, Edit call softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. Filter appears in the Option menu of calls list.

Note In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Broadsoft_Call_History_Key_List
ua="na">option|1;call|2;editcall|3</Broadsoft Call History Key List>
```

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Spam Indication for Incoming Calls

New technology standard Secure Telephony Identity Revisited (STIR) and Signature-based Handling of Asserted information using toKENs (SHAKEN). These standards define procedures to authenticate and verify caller identification for calls carried over the IP network. The STIR-SHAKEN framework is developed to provide the end user with a great degree of identification and control over the type of calls they receive. These sets of standards are intended to provide a basis for verifying calls, classifying calls, and facilitating the ability to trust caller identity end to end. Illegitimate callers can easily be identified.

When STIR/SHAKEN support is implemented on the server, the phone displays an extra icon next to the caller ID based on the caller's STIR/SHAKEN verification result. Based on the verification result, the phone displays three types of icons. This helps reduce wasted time from answering calls from robocallers, and the security risk from callers with spoofed or tampered Caller ID.



Note

- Validated call When the caller carries verstat=TN-Validation-Passed in the SIP Header PAID or FROM, an extra icon next to the caller id is displayed on the phone with a color screen indicating
- Spam call When the caller carries verstat=TN-Validation-Failed in the SIP Header PAID or FROM, an extra icon next to the caller id is displayed on the phone indicating an illegitimate caller.
- Unverified call When the caller carries verstat=NO-TN-Validation in the SIP Header PAID or FROM, an extra icon next to the caller id is displayed on the phone indicating an unverified call.

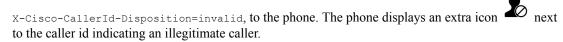
For detailed spam notifications for calls in Webex environment, see Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls, on page 355.

a validated caller. For a phone with grayscale screen, an extra icon

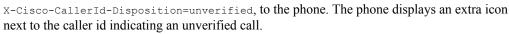
Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls

To support a spam indication for the incoming calls in Webex environment, server sends the x-Cisco-CallerId-Disposition disposition information to the phone. The phone translates this information as authentication icons. Based on the caller's STIR/SHAKEN verification result, the phone displays three types of icons. The icons are displayed next to the caller ID for call session, local call logs, Webex cloud call logs.

- Validated call The server sends the disposition information, x-Cisco-CallerId-Disposition=valid, to the phone. The phone displays an extra icon next to the caller ID with a color screen indicating a validated caller. For a phone with grayscale screen, an extra icon next to the caller ID is displayed.
- Invalidated or Spam call The server sends the disposition information,



• Unverified call - The server sends the disposition information,





When there is no disposition information, the phone displays the same icons as before.

Programmable Softkeys

Keyword	Key Label	Definition	Available Phone Status
acd_login	Agt signin	Logs user in to Automatic Call Distribution (ACD).	Idle
acd_logout	AgtSignOut	Logs user out of ACD.	Idle
answer	Answer	Answers an incoming call.	Ringing
astate	Agt Status	Checks the ACD status.	Idle
avail	Avail	Denotes that a user who is logged in to an ACD server has set his status as available.	Idle
barge	Barge	Allows another user to interrupt a shared call.	Shared-Active, Shared-Held
bargesilent	BargeSilent	Allows another user to interrupt a shared call with the mic disabled.	Shared-Active
bxfer	BlindXfer	Performs a blind call transfer (transfers	Connected
		a call without speaking to the party to whom the call is transferred). Requires that Blind Xfer Serv is enabled.	Connected Video
call (or dial)	Call	Calls the selected item in a list.	Dialing Input
call info	Call Info	Show call information	Progressing
calllist	Call list	Provides access to the call list while on a connected video call.	Connected, Connected Video
cancel	Cancel	Cancels a call (for example, when conferencing a call and the second party is not answering.	Off-Hook
cfwd	Forward / Clr fwd	Forwards all calls to a specified number.	Idle, Off-Hook, Shared-Active, Hold, Shared-Held
crdpause	PauseRec	Pause recording	Connected, Conferencing
crdresume	ResumeRec	Resume recording	Connected, Conferencing
crdstart	Record	Start a recording	Connected, Conferencing
crdstop	StopRec	Stop recording	Connected, Conferencing
conf	Conference	Initiates a conference call. Requires that Conf Server is enabled and there are two or more calls that are active or on hold.	Connected Video

Keyword	Key Label	Definition	Available Phone Status
confLx	Conf line	Conferences active lines on the phone. Requires that Conf Serv is enabled and there are two or more calls that are active or on hold.	Connected Video
delchar	delChar - backspace Icon	Deletes a character when entering text.	Dialing Input
dir	Dir	Provides access to phone directories.	Idle, Miss, Off-Hook (no input), Connected, Start-Xfer, Start-Conf, Conferencing, Hold, Ringing, Shared-Active, Shared-Held
disp_code	DispCode	Enter Disposition Code	Idle, Connected, Conferencing, Hold
dnd	DND / Clr Dnd	Sets Do Not Disturb to prevent calls from ringing the phone.	Idle, Off-Hook, Hold, Shared-Active, Shared-Held, Conferencing, Start-Conf, Start-Xfer, Connected video
emergency	Emergency	Enter emergency number	Connected
em_login (or signin)	Sign in	Logs user in to Extension Mobility.	Idle
em_logout (or signout)	Sign out	Logs user out of Extension Mobility.	Idle
endcall	End call	Ends a call.	Connected, Off-hook, Progressing, Start-Xfer, Start-Conf, Conferencing, Releasing, Hold, and Connected Video
favorites	Favorites	Provides access to "Speed Dials".	Idle, Miss, Off-Hook (no input), Connected, Start-Xfer, Start-Conf, Conferencing, Hold, Ringing, Shared-Active, Shared-Held
			Connected Video
gpickup	GrPickup	Allows user to answer a call ringing on an extension by discovering the number of the ringing extension.	Idle, Off-Hook
hold	Hold	Put a call on Hold.	Connected, Start-Xfer, Start-Conf, Conferencing, Connected Video

Keyword	Key Label	Definition	Available Phone Status
ignore	Decline	Ignores an incoming call.	Ringing
ignoresilent	Ignore	Silences an incoming call	Ringing
join	Join	Connects a conference call. If the conference host is user A and users B & C are participants, when A presses "Join", A will drop off and users B & C will be connected.	Conferencing
ler	Call Rtn/lcr	Returns the last missed call.	Idle, Missed-Call, Off-Hook (no input)
left	Left arrow icon	Moves the cursor to the left.	Dialing Input
messages	Messages	Provides access to voicemail.	Idle, Miss, Off-Hook (no input), Connected, Start-Xfer, Start-Conf, Conferencing, Hold, Ringing, Shared-Active, Shared-Held Connected Video
miss	Miss	Displays the list of missed calls.	Missed-Call
newcall	New Call	Begins a new call.	Idle, Hold, Shared-Active, Shared-Held
option	Option	Opens a menu of input options.	Off-Hook
park	Park	Puts a call on hold at a designated "park" number.	Connected Video
phold	PrivHold	Puts a call on hold on an active shared line.	Connected Connected Video
pickup	PickUp	Allows a user to answer a call ringing on another extension by entering the extension number.	Idle, Off-Hook
pip	PIP icon	Allows user to move PIP to one of the four corners of the screen or turn PIP off.	Connected Video
recents	Recents	Displays the All calls list from call history.	Idle, Off-Hook, Shared-Active, Shared-Held
redial	Redial	Displays the redial list.	Idle, Connected, Start-Conf, Start-Xfer, Off-Hook (no input), Hold
			Connected Video

Keyword	Key Label	Definition	Available Phone Status
resume	Resume	Resumes a call that is on hold.	Hold, Shared-Held
right	Right arrow icon	Moves the cursor to the right.	Dialing (input)
settings	Settings	Provides access to "Information and Settings".	All
showvideo	Show video	Provides access to the video session while on a connected video call and the call list is in view	Connected
starcode	Input Star Code/*code	Displays a list of star codes that can be selected.	Off-Hook, Dialing (input)
swap	Swap	Allows user to swap the remote video stream and selfview during an active video call.	Connected Video
trace	Trace	Trigger trace	Idle, Connected, Conferencing, Hold
unavail	Unavail	Denotes that a user who is logged in to an ACD server has set his status as unavailable.	Idle
unpark	Unpark	Resumes a parked call.	Idle, Off-Hook, Connected, Shared-Active
			Connected Video
xfer	Transfer	Performs a call transfer. Requires that Attn Xfer Serv is enabled and there is at least one connected call and one idle call.	Connected, Start-Xfer, Start-Conf
xferlx	Xfer line	Transfers an active line on the phone to a called number. Requires that Attn Xfer Serv is enabled and there are two or more calls that are active or on hold.	Connected Video

Programmable Softkeys for Executives and Assistants

Keyword	Key Label	Definition	Available Phone Status
bridgein	Bridge in	Only available to executives who have assistants. Joins the user (executive) to an ongoing call with an assistant.	Idle, Shared-Active
callpush	Call push	Only available to executive assistants. Transfers an ongoing call from the user (assistant) to the executive.	Hold, Shared-Active

Keyword	Key Label	Definition	Available Phone Status
callretrieve	Retrieve	Only available to executives who have assistants. Transfers an ongoing call from the assistant to the user (executive).	Idle, Shared-Active
divert	Clr divert	Only available to executive assistants. Deactivates call diversion for the user (assistant).	Available only when call diversion is active and you navigate to the menu Settings > Assistant . It is also available when you press the line key that is configured as Assistant .
divert	Divert	Only available to executive assistants. Activates call diversion for the user (assistant). All incoming calls to the user, for executives that the user handles, are diverted to the specified destination.	Available when you navigate the menu Settings > Assistant . It is also available when you press the line key that is configured as Assistant .
proxycall	Proxy call	Only available to executive assistants. Initiates a call on behalf of the selected executive.	Available when you navigate the menu Settings > Assistant. It is also available when you press the line key that is configured as Assistant.



Audio Configuration

- Configure Different Audio Volume, on page 361
- Configure the Acoustic Settings, on page 363
- Configure the Voice Codecs, on page 365
- Voice Quality Reporting, on page 369

Configure Different Audio Volume

You can configure the volume settings in the phone web interface.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the **Parameters for Audio Volume** table in Parameters for Audio Volume, on page 361.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **User**.
- Step 2 In the Audio Volume section, configure the volume level for audio parameters as described in the Parameters for Audio Volume table in Parameters for Audio Volume, on page 361.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Audio Volume

The following two tables describes the acoustic and audio settings.

The following table defines the function and usage of Audio Volume parameters in the Audio Volume section under the User tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 64: Parameters for Audio Volume

Parameter	Description	
Ringer Volume	Sets the default volume for the ringer.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<ringer_volume ua="rw">8</ringer_volume>	
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the ringer volume.	
	Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15	
	Default: 9	
Speaker Volume	Sets the default volume for the speakerphone.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><speaker_volume ua="rw">11</speaker_volume></pre>	
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the speaker volume.	
	Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15	
	Default: 11	
Handset Volume	Sets the default volume for the handset.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<handset_volume ua="rw">9</handset_volume>	
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the handset volume.	
	Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15	
	Default: 10	
Headset Volume	Sets the default volume for the headset.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><headset_volume ua="rw">9</headset_volume></pre>	
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the headset volume.	
	Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15	
	Default: 10	

Parameter	Description
Bluetooth Volume	Sets the default volume for the Bluetooth device.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<bluetooth_volume ua="rw">9</bluetooth_volume>
	In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the Bluetooth volume.
	Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15
	Default: 9
Electronic Hookswitch Control	Enables or disables the Electronic HookSwitch (EHS) feature. After EHS is enabled, the AUX port does not output phone logs.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ehook_enable ua="na">Yes</ehook_enable>
	• In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the EHS volume.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

Configure the Acoustic Settings

You can configure the audio settings for the phone speaker, the handset, and the connected headsets.

In this audio setting, you can also enable the noise removal feature to filter out background noises, such as keyboard typing or dog barking, in a call or meeting.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **User**.
- Step 2 In the Acoustic Settings area, set the acoustics as described in Parameters for Acoustic Settings, on page 364
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Acoustic Settings

The following table defines the function and usage of Acoustics Settings parameters in the Acousting Setting section under the User tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 65: Parameters for Acoustic Settings

Parameter	Description	
Tune speaker	Sets the audio tune for the phone speaker, the handset, and the headset.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this forma	
	<tune_speaker ua="rw">Default</tune_speaker>	
	In the phone web page, select the audio tune from the list.	
	Options: Warmest Warmer Warm Default Bright Brighter Brightest	
	Default: Default	
	Note You can't tune a speaker of a headset that uses 3.5 mm jack or a USB port.	
Sidetone	Sets the sidetone gain for the phone handset and the headset.	
	Sidetone gain is the audible feedback when a user speaks into the headset or handset during a call.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<sidetone ua="rw">Low</sidetone>	
	In the phone web interface, select a valid value as the sidetone gain.	
	Options: Off Very Low Low High	
	Default: Low	
	Note You can't adjust the sidetone gain of the phone speaker and the headset that uses a USB port.	

Parameter	Description	
Microphone	Sets the microphone gain for the handset and the connected headsets.	
Gain	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<microphone_gain ua="rw">Default</microphone_gain>	
	In the phone web interface, select an appropriate value.	
	Options: Softest Softer Soft Default Loud Louder Loudest	
	Default: Default	
	Note You can't adjust the microphone gain of the phone speaker and the headset that uses the USB port.	
Noise Removal	Enables or disables the noise removal feature on the phone.	
	When you enable this feature, the phone filters out background noises during a call or meeting.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<noise_removal ua="rw">Yes</noise_removal>	
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable this feature.	
	Allowed values: Yes and No	
	Default: No	

Configure the Voice Codecs

A codec resource is considered allocated if it has been included in the SDP codec list of an active call, even though it eventually might not be chosen for the connection. Negotiation of the optimal voice codec sometimes depends on the ability of the Cisco IP Phone to match a codec name with the far-end device or gateway codec name. The phone allows the network administrator to individually name the various codecs that are supported such that the correct codec successfully negotiates with the far-end equipment.

The Cisco IP Phone supports voice codec priority. You can select up to three preferred codecs. The administrator can select the low-bit-rate codec that is used for each line. G.711a and G.711u are always enabled.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Audio Codec Parameters, on page 366.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- **Step 2** In the **Audio Configuration** section, configure the parameters as defined in the Audio Codec Parameters, on page 366 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Audio Codec Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the voice codec parameters in the **Audio Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 66: Audio Codec Parameters

Parameter	Description
Preferred Codec	Preferred codec for all calls. The actual codec used in a call still depends on the outcome of the codec negotiation protocol.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><preferred_codec_1_ ua="rw">G711u</preferred_codec_1_> • In the phone web interface, select your preferred codec from the list.</pre>
	Allowed values: G711u G711a G729a G722 G722.2 iLBC iSAC OPUS
	Default: G711u
Use Pref Codec Only	Select No to use any code. Select Yes to use only the preferred codes. When you select Yes, calls fail if the far end does not support the preferred codecs.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <pre></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description		
Second Preferred	Codec to use if the codec specified in Preferred Codec fails.		
Codec	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<pre></pre>		
	Allowed values: Unspecified G711u G711a G729a G722 G722.2 iLBC iSAC OPUS		
	Default: Unspecified		
Third Preferred Codec	Codec to use if the codecs specified in Preferred Codec and Second Preferred Codec fail.		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<pre><third_preferred_codec_1_ ua="rw">Unspecified</third_preferred_codec_1_> • In the phone web interface, select your preferred codec from the list.</pre>		
	Allowed values: Unspecified G711u G711a G729a G722 G722.2 iLBC iSAC OPUS Default: Unspecified		
G711u Enable	Enables the use of a specific codec.		
G711a Enable	Perform one of the following:		
G729a Enable	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
G722 Enable	<g711u_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g711u_enable_1_>		
G722.2 Enable	<g711a_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g711a_enable_1_>		
iLBC Enable	<g729a_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g729a_enable_1_>		
iSAC Enable	<g722_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g722_enable_1_>		
OPUS Enable	<g722_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g722_enable_1_>		
	<g722.2_enable_1_ ua="rw">No</g722.2_enable_1_>		
	<ilbc_enable_1_ ua="rw">No</ilbc_enable_1_>		
	<pre><isac_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</isac_enable_1_> .</pre>		
	<pre><opus_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</opus_enable_1_></pre>		
	• In the phone web interface, set the corresponding field to Yes to enable the use of a specific codec, or No to disable it.		
	Note The transmit rate for the G.729a codec is at 8 kbps.		

Parameter	Description	
Silence Supp Enable	Enables or disables silence suppression. When set Yes , silent audio frames are not transmitted.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><silence_supp_enable_1_ ua="rw">No</silence_supp_enable_1_> • In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable silence suppression, or No to disable it.</pre>	
	Allowed values: Yes No	
	Default: No	
DTMF Tx Method	The method for transmitting DTMF signals to the far end. The options are:	
	AVT—Audio video transport. Sends DTMF as AVT events.	
	InBand—Sends DTMF by using the audio path.	
	Auto—Uses InBand or AVT based on the outcome of codec negotiation.	
	• INFO—Uses the SIP INFO method.	
	InBand+INFO—Uses both the audio path and the SIP INFO method.	
	AVT+INFO—Uses both the AVT and the SIP INFO method.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><dtmf_tx_method_1_ ua="rw">Auto</dtmf_tx_method_1_> • In the phone web interface, select your preferred transmitting method from the list.</pre>	
	Default: Auto	
Codec Negotiation	When set to Default , the phone responds to an Invite with a 200 OK response advertising the preferred codec only. When set to List All , the phone responds listing all the codecs that the phone supports.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><codec_negotiation_1_ ua="na">Default</codec_negotiation_1_> • In the phone web interface, select the desired option from the list.</pre>	
	Allowed values: Default List All	
	Default: Default	

Parameter	Description	
Encryption Method	Encryption method to be used during secured call. Options are AES 128 and AES 256 GCM	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><encryption_method_1_ ua="na">AES 128</encryption_method_1_> • In the phone web interface, select your preferred encryption method from the list.</pre>	
	Allowed values: AES 128 AES 256 GCM	
	Default: AES 128.	

Voice Quality Reporting

You can capture voice quality metrics for Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) sessions with a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) event package. Voice call quality information derived from RTP and call information from SIP is conveyed from a User Agent (UA) in a session (reporter) to a third party (collector).

The Cisco IP phone uses User Datagram Protocol (UDP) to send a SIP PUBLISH message to a collector server.

Supported Scenarios for Voice Quality Reporting

Currently, only the basic call scenario supports voice quality reporting. A basic call can be a peer to peer incoming or outgoing call. The phone supports periodic SIP publish message.

Mean Opinion Scores and Codecs

The voice quality metrics use Mean Opinion Score (MOS) to rate the quality. A MOS rating of 1 is the lowest quality; a MOS rating of 5 is the highest quality. The following table gives a description of some of the codecs and MOS scores. The phone supports all codecs. For all codecs, the phone sends the SIP Publish message.

Codec	Complexity and Description	MOS	Minimum Call Duration for Valid MOS Value
G.711 (A-law and u-law)	Very low complexity. Supports uncompressed 64 kbps digitized voice transmission at one to ten 5 ms voice frames-per-packet. This codec provides the highest voice quality and uses the most bandwidth of any of the available codecs.	A minimum value of 4.1 indicates good voice quality.	10 seconds
G.729A	Low to medium complexity.	A minimum value of 3.5 indicates good voice quality.	30 seconds

Codec	Complexity and Description	MOS	Minimum Call Duration for Valid MOS Value
G.729AB	Contains the same reduced complexity modifications present in the G.729A.	A minimum value of 3.5 indicates good voice quality.	30 seconds

Configure Voice Quality Reporting

You can generate a voice quality report for each extension on the phone. The parameters for the Voice Quality Metrics (VQM) SIP Publish Message help you to:

- Generate voice quality reports.
- · Name your reports.
- Determine when your phone sends SIP Publish messages.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. See VQM SIP Publish Message Parameters, on page 370

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where (n) is the extension number.
- Step 2 In SIP Settings, enter a value for the Voice Quality Report Address parameter. You can enter either a domain name or an IP address.

You can also add a port number along with the domain name or an IP address for this parameter. If you do not enter a port number, the value of the **SIP UDP Port** (5060) is used by default. If the collector server URL parameter is blank, a SIP PUBLISH message is not sent out.

- **Step 3** Enter your report name for the **Voice Quality Report Group** parameter.
 - Your report name can't begin with a hyphen (-), semicolon (;), or a space.
- Step 4 Enter an interval, in seconds, for the Voice Quality Report Interval parameter. Example: 20 for 20-second interval reporting.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

VQM SIP Publish Message Parameters

The following table defines the Voice Quality Metrics (VQM) SIP Publish Message parameters in the **Sip Settings** section under **Voice** > **Ext(n)** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 67: VQM SIP Publish Message Parameters

Parameter Name	Description
Voice Quality Report Address	Allows you to enter one of the following options:
	Domain Name
	• IP address
	The SIP UDP port number along with the domain name
	In the phone XML configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_quality_report_address_1_ ua="na">fake_vq_collector</voice_quality_report_address_1_></pre>
	Default parameter = empty (no report)
	Default SIP UDP Port = 5060
Voice Quality Report Group	Allows you to enter a voice quality report name.
	Your report name cannot begin with a:
	• hyphen (-)
	• semicolon (;)
	• space
	In the phone XML configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_quality_report_group_1_ ua="na">test-group-1</voice_quality_report_group_1_></pre> /Voice_Quality_Report_Group_1_>
	Default parameter = empty (The report will use the canonical name in the form of identifier@ipAddress.)

Parameter Name	Description
Voice Quality Report Interval	Allows you to determine when the phones send SIP Publish messages.
	If you have properly configured the Voice Quality Report Address , the SIP Publish messages can be sent:
	When the call has ended or is placed on hold.
	 Periodically, when you enter an interval in seconds for this parameter. Example: 20 for 20-second intervals.
	In the phone XML configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<vq_report_interval_1_ ua="na">20</vq_report_interval_1_
	Default parameter = 0 (no periodic SIP Publish Message)



Video Configuration

- Disable Video Services, on page 373
- Control the Video Bandwidth, on page 373
- Adjust the Camera Exposure, on page 374
- Video Transmit Resolution Setup, on page 375
- Configure the Video Codec, on page 376

Disable Video Services

You can disable or hide all video settings on the phone to disable the video capability of the phone. When you disable video services, your user can't see any video settings menu on their phone and the Video and Camera Exposure parameters don't appear on the phone web page. For information on camera exposure, see Adjust the Camera Exposure, on page 374.

Procedure

- Step 1 On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > Phone.
- Step 2 Under Supplementary Services section, from the Video Serv list, select Yes to enable video services or No to disable the service.
- **Step 3** Click **Submit All Changes** to save your settings.

Control the Video Bandwidth

If you have a busy network or have limited network resources, users may complain about video issues; for example, the video may lag or suddenly stop.

By default, the phone automatically selects a bandwidth setting that balances the audio and video network requirements.

You can configure a fixed bandwidth setting to override the automatic selection, if required for your network conditions. If you configure a fixed bandwidth, select a setting and adjust downwards until there is no video lag.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code.

Procedure

- **Step 1** On the phone web page, select **Admin Login** > **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Video Configuration section, choose a bandwidth from the Bandwidth Allowance parameter to restrict the maximum amount of information that the phone can transmit or receive. For more information.

Options: Auto

- Auto
- 2 Mbps
- 1 Mbps
- 750 Kbps
- 500 Kbps
- 250 Kbps

Default: Auto

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Bandwidth Allowance ua="na">Auto/Bandwidth Allowance>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Adjust the Camera Exposure

You can adjust the camera exposure for the ambient light in your office. Adjust the exposure to change the brightness of the transmitted video.

Your users can also adjust the exposure on the phone from **Applications** > **User Preference** > **Video** > **Exposure** menu.

Before you begin

The camera shutter must be open.

Procedure

- Step 1 On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > User.
- **Step 2** In the **Video Configuration** section, enter a value in the **Camera Exposure** field.

The exposure range is 0 to 15, and the default value is 8.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Video Transmit Resolution Setup

Cisco IP Phone 8845 and 8865 supports the following video formats:

- 720p (1280x720)
- WVGA (800x480)
- 360p (640x360)
- 240p (432x240)
- VGA (640x480)
- CIF (352x288)
- SIF (352x240)
- QCIF (176x144)

Cisco IP Phones that support video negotiate the best bandwidth and resolution based on the phone configuration and phone screen limitations.

The next table shows the resolutions, frames per second, and video bit rate range for each of the supported video types.

Video type	Video resolution	Frames per second (fps)	Video bit rate range
720p	1280 x 720	30	1360–2500 kbps
720p	1280 x 720	15	790–1359 kbps
WVGA	800 x 480	30	660–789 kbps
WVGA	800 x 480	15	350–399 kbps
360p	640 x 360	30	400–659 kbps
360p	640 x 360	15	210–349kbps
240p	432 x 240	30	180–209kbps
240p	432 x 240	15	64–179kbps
VGA	640 x 480	30	520–1500kbps
VGA	640 x 480	15	280–519kbps
CIF	352 x 288	30	200–279 kbps
CIF	352 x 288	15	120–199 kbps
SIF	352 x 240	30	200–279 kbps
SIF	352 x 240	15	120–199 kbps
QCIF	176 x 144	30	94–119 kbps

Video type	Video resolution	Frames per second (fps)	Video bit rate range
QCIF	176 x 144	15	64–93 kbps

Configure the Video Codec

Video codecs enable compression or decompression of digital video. You can enable or disable video codecs from the phone web page.

The Cisco IP Phone 8845 and 8865 supports the H.264 High Profile packetization mode 1, Base Profile Mode 0, and Base Profile packetization mode 1 codecs.

For all codecs, the Real Time Protocol (RTP) payload type is dynamic and you can configure it on the phone web page from **Admin Login** > **Advanced** > **Voice** > **SIP** > **SDP Payloads Type**. For more information, see SDP Payload Types, on page 472.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Video Codec Parameters, on page 376.

Procedure

- **Step 1** On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > Ext(n).
- **Step 2** In the **Video Configuration** section, set up the fields as described in Video Codec Parameters, on page 376.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Video Codec Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the video codec parameters in the **Video Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **Ext** (n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 68: Video Codec Parameters

Parameter	Description	
H264 BP0 Enable	Enables the H264 Base Profile 0 codec when you select Yes and disables it when you select No .	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><h264_bp0_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</h264_bp0_enable_1_> • In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the H264 BP0 codec.</pre>	
	Allowed values: Yes No	
	Default: Yes	

Parameter	Description
H264 BP1 Enable	Enables the H264 Base Profile 1 codec when you select Yes and disables it when you select No .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<h264_bp1_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</h264_bp1_enable_1_> • In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the H264 BP1 codec.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
H264 HP Enable	Enables the H264 High Profile codec when you select Yes and disables it when you select No .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<h264_hp_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</h264_hp_enable_1_> • In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the H264 HP codec.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
Encryption Method	Encryption method to be used during secured call.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><viedo_encryption_method_1_ ua="na">AES</viedo_encryption_method_1_></pre>
	 128 In the phone web interface, select your preferred encryption method from the list.
	Allowed values: AES 128 AES 256 GCM
	Default: AES 128

Video Codec Parameters



Voicemail Configuration

• Configure Voicemail, on page 379

Configure Voicemail

You can configure the internal or external phone number or URL for the voicemail system. If you use an external voicemail service, the number must include any digits required to dial out and any required area code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the **General** section, enter the **Voice Mail Number** that is a phone number or URL to check the voicemail.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Voice_Mail_Number ua="na">123</Voice_Mail_Number>

Default: Empty

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots.

Configure Voicemail for An Extension

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice \geq Ext(n), where (n) is the number of an extension.
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, configure the parameters Voice Mail Server, Voice Mail Subscribe Interval (optional), and Voice Mail Enable as described in Parameters for Voicemail Server and Message Waiting, on page 380.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots.

Configure the Message Waiting Indicator

You can configure the Message Waiting Indicator for a specific extension on the phone. The Message Waiting Indicator lights based on the presence of new voicemail messages in the mailbox.

You can enable the indicator at the top of your IP phone to light when one or more voicemails are left. This light can show if a message is waiting.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where **(n)** is the number of an extension.
- Step 2 In the Call Feature Settings section, configure the parameter Message Waiting and relevant parameters as described in Parameters for Voicemail Server and Message Waiting, on page 380.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.
 The phone reboots.

Parameters for Voicemail Server and Message Waiting

The following table describes the **Call Feature Settings** for Voicemail and Message Waiting.

Table 69: Parameters for Voicemail and Message Waiting

Parameter	Description
Voice Mail Server	Identifies the SpecVM server for the phone, generally the IP address, and port number of the VM server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_mail_server_1_ ua="na"></voice_mail_server_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, enter the IP address of the voicemail server.
	Default: Empty
Voice Mail Subscribe Interval	The expiration time, in seconds, of a subscription to a voicemail server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_mail_subscribe_interval_1_ ua="na">86400</voice_mail_subscribe_interval_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.
	Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 86400
	If the value is set to 0, then the phone uses the default value instead.
	Default: 86400
Voice Mail Enable	Enables or disables the subscription to the voicemail server for the specific extension.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><voice_mail_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</voice_mail_enable_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the function.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Message Waiting	Indicates whether the Message Waiting Indicator on the phone is lit. This parameter toggles a message from the SIP proxy to indicate if a message is waiting.
	This parameter is valid when the parameters Voice Mail Server , Voice Mail Subscribe Interval , and Voice Mail Enable are configured.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><message_waiting_1_ ua="na">Yes</message_waiting_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the function.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Line Key

You can configure the voicemail PLK on a line key for the users to monitor a specified voicemail account of a user or a group.

The voicemail PLK can monitor both the voicemail of an extension and the voicemail account of another user or a group. Monitoring the voicemail of another user or a group requires the support from the SIP proxy.

For example, if the users belong to a customer service group, this feature allows the users to monitor both their voicemails and their group's voicemails.

If you add speed dial for the same line key, the users can press the line key to make a speed dial to the assigned extension.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** Select a **Line Key** on which to configure the voicemail PLK.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Set the **Extension** parameter to **Disabled** to disable the extension.

Note If the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled, you must disable the extension to configure the voicemail PLK on the line key. If the feature is enabled, you can skip this step. For details, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extension_n_ ua="na">Disabled</Extension_n_>
```

where n is the extension number.

Step 4 In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

• For MWI only:

fnc=mwi;sub=group vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;

• For MWI + Speed Dial:

fnc=mwi+sd;ext=8000@domain;sub=group vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;

• For MWI + speed dial + DTMF:

fnc=mwi+sd;ext=8000 ,4085283300#,123456#@domain;sub=group_vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;

For more information about the string syntax, see String Syntax for Voicemail PLK, on page 383.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Extended_Function_2_ ua="na">mwi+sd;ext=8000 ,4085283300#,123456#@domain;
sub=group_vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;</Extended_Function_2_>
```

Step 5 In the General section, add mwi or mwi; sd in the parameter Customizable PLK Options.

Parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml):

```
<Customizable PLK Options ua="na">mwi;sd</Customizable PLK Options>
```

After the configuration, users can configure the corresponding features on the line key.

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

String Syntax for Voicemail PLK

The following table describes the string syntax associated with the voicemail Programmable Line Key (PLK) configured in the phone web interface.

Table 70: String Syntax for PLK of Message Waiting Indicator

String	Description
fnc	Specifies the function of the key. You can use the PLK for only MWI or the combination of MWI and speed dial.
	Valid values: mwi mwi+sd
	• mwi: Enables voicemail account monitoring.
	• mwi+sd: Enables voicemail account monitoring and speed dial. If used, you must configure "ext". Otherwise, speed dial doesn't function.
	Example: fnc=mwi+sd;
	Type: Mandatory

String	Description
sub	Specifies the SIP URI of a voicemail account that the PLK monitors.
	The voicemail account can be the voicemail account of the user of an extension on the phone or a voicemail account of a group.
	For example, the user ID of extension 1 is 4085289931. The related voicemail account is 4085289931@example.com. The user belongs to a customer group whose voicemail account is 4085283300@example.com.
	In this example, the value can be 4085289931@example.com. If the SIP proxy allows the group member to monitor the group's voicemail, the value can be 4085283300@example.com.
	Examples:
	• sub=4085283300@example.com;
	• sub=4085283300@\$PROXY;
	Type: Mandatory
vid	The extension ID with which the voicemail PLK associates.
	The voicemail PLK associates with an extension of the phone to generate the SIP messages based on the extension user ID and proxy.
	Specifically, the voicemail PLK generates the From and Contact headers based on the associated extension user ID and proxy. Then it sends a SUBSCRIBE message to the specified SIP URI.
	If the string is missing, the PLK associates with extension 1.
	Example: vid=2;
	Type: Optional

String	Description
ext	Specifies a speed dial number or a SIP URI if the key uses both MWI and speed dial functions (fnc=mwi+sd).
	The speed dial number is used to place a call for the voicemail messages.
	Example: ext=8000;
	To bypass the voicemail login session during a speed dial from the key, you can input the DTMF characters (including voicemail account ID and PIN) in the string.
	Example: ext=8000 ,4085283300#,123456#@\$PROXY;
	Where: "4085283300" is the voicemail account ID, "123456" is the PIN.
	Note We don't recommend that you add the PIN to the speed dial string.
	A space is required between the speed dial number (8000) and the DTMF characters (,4085283300#,123456#).
	A comma (,) in the speed dial characters means a 2-second pause.
	For more information about the speed dial string, see DTMF Wait and Pause Parameters, on page 181.
	Type: Optional
nme	Name displayed on the phone for the key.
	If this string is missing, the value will be the user part of the "sub" field. For example, "4085283300".
	Example: nme=Group
	Type: Optional

Related Topics

Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Line Key, on page 382 Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Key Expansion Module Button, on page 609 Configure the Voicemail PLK on the Phone, on page 385

Configure the Voicemail PLK on the Phone

You can configure the voicemail Programmable Line Key (PLK) on the phone. The maximum number of voicemail PLKs is ten. The voicemail PLK can monitor the voicemail account of a phone or monitor a voicemail account that isn't configured on the phone.

Before you begin

Make sure that one of the following situations are met:

- The Extension parameter under the Line Key (n) section from Voice > Phone is set to Disabled.
- The Direct PLK Configuration feature is enabled. In this case, you don't need to disable the extension of a line key. For more information about how to enable the feature, see Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345.

Procedure

- **Step 1** On the phone, press the line key that you want to configure as an voicemail PLK for 2 seconds.
- Step 2 Click MWI or MWI + Speed dial in the Select feature screen.
- **Step 3** In the **Define MWI** screen, set up the parameters as described in the following table.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Label	The label of the PLK. For example, VM 3300. If this parameter is missing, the key displays the name part of the User ID parameter. This parameter is optional.
User ID	The SIP address of a voicemail account. For example, 4085283300@\$PROXY. This parameter is mandatory.
Number	The speed dial number or the SIP URI. For example, 8000 ,3300#,123456#

Step 4 Click Save.

Related Topics

String Syntax for Voicemail PLK, on page 383 Enable Direct PLK Configuration, on page 345



Corporate and Personal Directory Setup

- Configure Directory Services, on page 387
- LDAP Configuration, on page 391
- Configure BroadSoft Settings, on page 402
- Set up Personal Directory, on page 413
- Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 414

Configure Directory Services

With the Directory Services, you control the display of the directories:

- · Personal address book
- · All enabled directories

Also, you control the directory browse mode and the maximum number of contacts displayed on the phone.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the **Directory Services**, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Directory Services, on page 387.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Directory Services

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the **Directory Services** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 71: Parameters for Directory Services

Parameter	Description
Personal Directory Enable	Enables the personal address book directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	If you disable the directory:
	 users can't search contacts from their personal address book
	• users can't add a contact in their personal address book
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><personal_directory_enable ua="na">Yes</personal_directory_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the personal address book directory.
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description	
Search All Enable	Determines whether the phone user can search for contacts in the All directories.	
	Select Yes to enable the search operation and select No to disable it.	
	The All directories contain the following directories with the priority from highest to lowest:	
	1. Personal address book	
	2. BroadSoft directory	
	3. LDAP directory	
	4. Bluetooth phone directory	
	The All directories only contain the enabled directories.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><search_all_enable ua="na">Yes</search_all_enable></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the search operation.	
	Valid values: Yes No	
	Default: Yes	
Browse Mode Enable	Determines whether to trigger an auto preload operation to show the contacts when you enter a directory in the phone.	
	Select Yes to enable the browse mode for any directories and select No to disable it.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><browse_mode_enable ua="na">Yes</browse_mode_enable></pre>	
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the browse mode.	
	Valid values: Yes No	
	Default: No	

Parameter	Description
Max Display Records	Sets up the maximum number of contacts that display in a directory.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<max_display_records ua="na">50</max_display_records
	• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.
	The phone only displays distinct contacts. If there're duplicated contacts in the directories, the number of displayed contacts might be less than the configured value.
	Value range: 50 to 999
	Default: 50
	When phone is onboarded to Webex cloud successfully and Webex directory service is enabled on the it, and if you configure Max Display Records parameter value more than 100, the query result displays only hundred contacts for a search in Webex directory and All directory. When search result has count more than the allowed display record value, user see a message: Too many matches found. Refine your search.

Disable Contact Search in All Directories

By default, the user can search for contacts in all the directories on the phone. You can configure the phone to disable this feature. Then, the user can only search for a contact in a single directory each time.

When you complete this procedure, the **All directories** option doesn't display under the **Directories** menu on the phone screen.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Search_All_Enable ua="na">No</Search_All_Enable>

The valid values are Yes and No. The default setting is Yes.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

- Step 2 In the Directory Services section, set the Search All Enable field to No.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Disable Personal Directory

By default, the personal directory is enabled on the phone. You can disable the personal directory from the phone web interface. When you disable the personal directory:

- the **Personal Directory** tab doesn't display in the phone web interface.
- the **Personal address book** option doesn't display on the **Directories** phone screen.
- the user can't add contacts to the personal directory from the call history or other directories.
- the phone skips the personal directory when the user searches for a contact in all the directories.
- as the user dials a number with the keypad or there is an incoming call, the phone skips the personal directory when it searches for a matching number in directories.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

```
<Personal_Directory_Enable ua="na">No</Personal_Directory_Enable>
```

The valid values are Yes and No. The default setting is Yes.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Directory Services section, set the Personal Directory Enable field to No.

By default, this field is set to Yes.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

LDAP Configuration

The Cisco IP Phone supports Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) v3. LDAP Corporate Directory Search allows a user to search a specified LDAP directory for a name, phone number, or both. LDAP-based directories, such as Microsoft Active Directory 2003 and OpenLDAP-based databases, are supported.

Users access LDAP from the **Directory** menu on their IP phone. An LDAP search returns up to 20 records.

The instructions in this section assume that you have installed an LDAP server, such as OpenLDAP or Microsoft Active Directory Server 2003.

Prepare the LDAP Corporate Directory Search

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **System**.
- **Step 2** In the **IPv4 Settings** section, enter the IP address of the DNS server in the **Primary DNS** field.

This step is required only if you are using Active Directory with authentication set to MD5.

You can configure this parameter in the configuration file by entering a string in this format:

<Primary_DNS ua="na">10.74.2.7</primary_DNS>

Step 3 In the Optional Network Configuration section, in the Domain field, enter the LDAP domain.

This step is required only if you are using Active Directory with authentication set to MD5.

Some sites might not deploy DNS internally and instead use Active Directory 2003. In this case, it is not necessary to enter a Primary DNS address and an LDAP Domain. However, with Active Directory 2003, the authentication method is restricted to Simple.

You can configure this parameter in the configuration file by entering a string in this format:

<Domain ua="na">LDAPdomainname.com

- Step 4 Click the Phone tab.
- **Step 5** Configure the LDAP fields as described in Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 392.
- Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for LDAP Directory

The following table defines the function and usage of the LDAP directory parameters in the **LDAP** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 72: Parameters for LDAP Directory

Parameter	Description
LDAP Dir Enable	Enables or disables the LDAP directory.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ldap_dir_enable ua="na">Yes</ldap_dir_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable LDAP directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Corp Dir Name	Enter a free-form text name, such as "Corporate Directory".
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_corp_dir_name ua="na">Coprorate Directory</ldap_corp_dir_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the name of the corporate directory.
	Valid values: Text string with no more than 63 characters
	Default: Empty
Server	Enter a fully qualified domain name or IP address of an LDAP server.
	Enter the host name of the LDAP server if the MD5 authentication method is used.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_server ua="na">ldapserver.com</ldap_server></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter IP address or host name of the LDAP server.
	Default: Empty
Search Base	Specify a starting point in the directory tree from which to search. Separate domain components [dc] with a comma. For example:
	dc=cv2bu,dc=com
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ldap_search_base ua="na">dc=cv2bu,dc=com</ldap_search_base>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the search base.
	Default: Empty

Description
Enter the distinguished name (DN) domain components [dc]; for example:
dc=cv2bu,dc=com
If you're using the default Active Directory schema (Name(cn)->Users->Domain), an example of the client DN follows:
cn="David Lee",dc=users,dc=cv2bu,dc=com
cn="David Lee",dc=cv2bu,dc=com
username@domain is the client DN format for a Windows server
For example, DavidLee@cv2bu.com
This parameter is available when Auth Method is set to Simple .
Perform one of the following:
• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
<ldap_client_dn ua="na">dc=cv2bu,dc=com</ldap_client_dn>
• In the phone web interface, enter the client domain name.
Default: Empty
Enter the user name for a credentialed user on the LDAP server.
This parameter is available when Auth Method is set to DIGEST-MD5 .
Perform one of the following:
• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
<pre><ldap_user_name ua="na">dc=cv2bu,dc=com</ldap_user_name></pre>
• In the phone web interface, enter the user name.
Default: Empty
If you allow the user to access the LDAP directory without entering the credentials, enter the password for the user in this field. If you allow access of specific users, leave this field empty. The phone prompts for credentials to access the LDAP directory.
User entry of credentials on the phone updates this field and the configuration file.
The password entered in this field shows as the following in the configuration file (cfg.xml).
<LDAP_Password ua="na" ********/LDAP_Password >>
Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
Auth Method	Select the authentication method that the LDAP server requires. Choices are:
	None—No authentication is used between the client and the server.
	 Simple—The client sends its fully-qualified domain name and password to the LDAP server. Might present security issues.
	If selected, the phone prompts the Client DN and Password credentials to access the LDAP directory.
	If either or both of the credentials are empty, the operation used to authenticate the clients is the anonymous simple bind. The success of the operation depends on whether the LDAP server supports it.
	Users can access the LDAP directory without the need to enter the user credentials when the one of the following situations is satisfied:
	The user credentials are cached on the phone.
	 The LDAP server allows the anonymous simple bind operation, and the operation succeeds. And the parameter LDAP Prompt For Empty Credentials is set to No.
	• Digest-MD5—The LDAP server sends authentication options and a token to the client. The client returns an encrypted response that is decrypted and verified by the server.
	If selected, the phone prompts the Username and Password credentials to access the LDAP directory.
	Users can access the LDAP directory without the need to enter the user credentials when the credentials are cached on the phone.
	For more information, see Overview of LDAP Directory Access, on page 401.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_auth_method ua="na">Simple</ldap_auth_method></pre>
	In the phone web interface, choose a authentication method.
	Default: None

Parameter	Description
LDAP Prompt For Empty Credentials	Enable or disable the LDAP sign-in prompt when there's no user credential on the phone. This function is used only for the simple authentication method that involves the anonymous simple bind operation.
	• If the value is Yes , the phone always prompts for LDAP credentials. If the LDAP server supports the anonymous simple bind, users can either enter the credentials or leave them empty to access the LDAP directory.
	• If the value is No , users can directly access the LDAP directory when the anonymous simple bind operation succeeds.
	If the LDAP server doesn't support the anonymous simple bind (empty credentials), then the users must enter the client DN and password to access the LDAP directory.
	This parameter doesn't display on the phone administration web page. To configure the parameter, perform the following:
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_prompt_for_empty_credentials ua="na">Yes</ldap_prompt_for_empty_credentials></pre>
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
StartTLS Enable	Enable or disable the Start Transport Layer Security (StartTLS) operation. It provides the ability to establish TLS in an LDAP session.
	When StartTLS Enable is set to Yes , the phone behaviour vary depending on the LDAP server setting:
	• If the LDAP server is defined as "ldap://server:port", then the phone sends the StartTLS request to the LDAP server.
	• If the LDAP server is defined as "ldaps://server:port", then the phone directly performs the LDAP over TLS (LDAPS) operation.
	When StartTLS Enable is set to No , the phone behaviour vary depending on the LDAP server setting:
	• If the LDAP server is defined as "ldap://server:port", then the phone performs the LDAP operation.
	• If the LDAP server is defined as "ldaps://server:port", then the phone performs the LDAPS operation.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ldap_starttls_enable ua="na">Yes</ldap_starttls_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No to enable or disable the StartTLS operation.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Last Name Filter	Use this field to specify how the phone must perform searches based on the last name or surname (sn), when users search for contacts.
	Examples:
	sn: (sn=\$VALUE*) instructs the phone to find all last names that begin with the entered search string.
	sn: (sn=*\$VALUE*) instructs the phone to find all last names in which the entered search string appears anywhere in the last name. This method is more inclusive and retrieves more search results. This method is consistent with the search method in other directories such as the BroadSoft directories and the user's personal address book on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_last_name_filter ua="na">sn:(sn=L*)</ldap_last_name_filter></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the filter.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
First Name Filter	Use this field to specify how the phone must perform searches based on the first name or common name (cn), when users search for contacts.
	Examples:
	cn: (cn=\$VALUE*) instructs the phone to find all first names that begin with the entered search string.
	cn: (cn=*\$VALUE*) instructs the phone to find all first names in which the entered search string appears anywhere in the first name. This method is more inclusive and retrieves more search results. This method is consistent with the search method in other directories such as the BroadSoft directories and the user's personal address book on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_first_name_filter ua="na">cn:(cn=John*)</ldap_first_name_filter></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the filter.
	Default: Empty
Search Item 3	Additional customized search item. Can be blank if not needed.
	This parameter is used only for the reserve name lookup feature for the LDAP directory. For more information about the feature, see Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 338.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_search_item_3 ua="na">search_item</ldap_search_item_3></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter a name for the additional item to search.
	Default: Empty
Search Item 3 Filter	Customized filter for the searched item. Can be blank if not needed.
	This parameter is used only for the reserve name lookup feature for the LDAP directory. For more information about the feature, see Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 338.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_item_3_filter ua="na">cn:(cn=John*)</ldap_item_3_filter></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the filter.
	Default: Empty

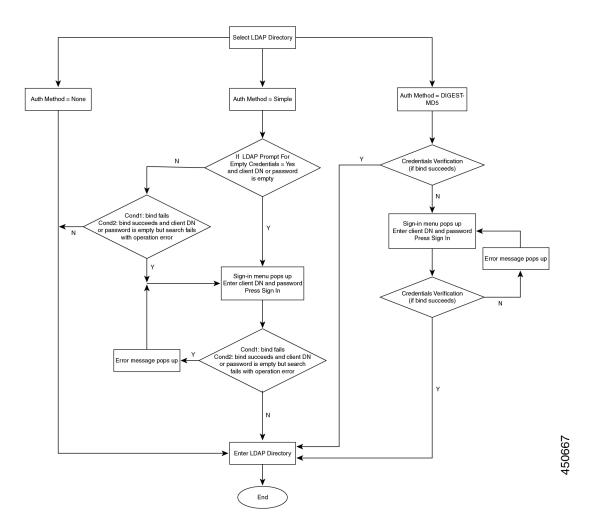
Parameter	Description
Search Item 4	Additional customized search item. Can be blank if not needed.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_search_item_4 ua="na">search_item</ldap_search_item_4></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter a name for the additional item to search.
	Default: Empty
Search Item 4 Filter	Customized filter for the searched item. Can be blank if not needed.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_item_4_filter ua="na">cn:(cn=John*)</ldap_item_4_filter></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the filter.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
Display Attrs	Format of LDAP results displayed on phone, where:
	• a—Attribute name
	For example, a=telephoneNumber means that the attribute name is used for a phone number.
	Other typical values: facsimileTelephoneNumber, mobile, mobiletelephonenumber, ipphone, homephone, otherphone, and pagertelephonenumber
	• cn—Common name
	• sn—Surname (last name)
	• n—Display name
	For example, n=Phone causes "Phone" to be displayed in front of the phone number of an LDAP query result when the details softkey is pressed.
	• t—type
	When t=p, that is, t is a phone number, the retrieved number can be dialed. Only one number can be made dialable. If two numbers are defined as dialable, only the first number is used. For example, a=ipPhone, t=p; a=mobile, t=p;
	This example results in only the IP Phone number being dialable and the mobile number is ignored.
	• p—phone number
	When p is assigned to a type attribute, example t=p, the retrieved number is dialable by the phone.
	For example, a=givenName,n=firstname;a=sn,n=lastname;a=cn,n=cn;a=telephoneNumber,n=tele,t=p
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ldap_display_attrs compa<="" companies="" td="" undergology.com=""></ldap_display_attrs></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the attributes to display.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
Number Mapping	With the LDAP number mapping, you can manipulate the number that was retrieved from the LDAP server. For example, you can append 9 to the number if your dial plan requires a user to enter 9 before dialing. Add the 9 prefix by adding (<:9xx.>) to the LDAP Number Mapping field. For example, 555 1212 would become 9555 1212.
	If you don't manipulate the number in this fashion, a user can use the Edit Dial feature to edit the number before dialing out.
	Leave this field blank if not needed.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ldap_number_mapping ua="na"><:9xx.></ldap_number_mapping>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the mapping number.
	Default: Empty

Overview of LDAP Directory Access

The following diagram shows the logic of the LDAP directory access in different authentication methods:



Configure BroadSoft Settings

The BroadSoft directory service enables users to search and view their personal, group, or enterprise contacts. This application feature uses BroadSoft's Extended Services Interface (XSI).

To improve security, the phone firmware places access restrictions on the host server and directory name entry fields.

The phone uses two types of XSI authentication methods:

- User login credentials: The phone uses the XSI user id and password.
- SIP credentials: The register name and password of the SIP account registered on the phone. For this
 method, the phone can use the XSI user ID along with the SIP authentication credentials for the
 authentication.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the XSI Service section, choose Yes from the Directory Enable drop down list box.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Directory_Enable ua="na">Yes</Directory_Enable>

- **Step 3** Set up the fields as described in Parameters for XSI Phone Service, on page 403.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for XSI Phone Service

The following table defines the function and usage of the XSI directory parameters in the **XSI Phone Service** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 73: Parameters for XSI Phone Service

Parameter	Description
XSI Host Server	Enter the name of the server; for example,
	xsi.iop1.broadworks.net
	Note XSI Host Server uses http protocol by default. To enable XSI over HTTPS, you can specify https://in the server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<xsi_host_server ua="ha">https://xsi.iapl.broadworks.net</xsi_host_server
	• In the phone web interface, enter the XSI server to use.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
XSI Authentication Type	Determines the XSI authentication type.
	Select Login Credentials to authenticate access with XSI id and password. Select SIP Credentials to authenticate access with the register user ID and password of the SIP account registered on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsi_authentication_type ua="na">SIP Credentials</xsi_authentication_type></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the authentication type for XSI service.
	Valid values: Login credentials SIP Credentials
	Default: Login Credentials
Login User ID	BroadSoft User ID of the phone user; for example, johndoe@xdp.broadsoft.com.
	Enter SIP Auth ID when you select Login Credentials or SIP Credentials for XSI authentication type.
	When you choose SIP Auth ID as SIP Credentials , you must enter Login User ID. Without Login User ID, the BroadSoft directory will not appear under the phone Directory list.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<login_user_id ua="na">username</login_user_id
	• In the phone web interface, enter the username used to authenticate the access to the XSI server.
	Default: Empty
Login Password	Alphanumeric password associated with the User ID.
	Enter login password, when you select Login Credentials for XSI authentication type.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
SIP Auth ID	The registered user ID of the SIP account registered on the phone.
	Enter SIP Auth ID when you select SIP Credentials for XSI authentication type.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<sip_auth_id ua="na">username</sip_auth_id
	• In the phone web interface, enter the username used to authenticate the access to the XSI server.
	Default: Empty
SIP Password	The password of the SIP account registered on the phone.
	Enter SIP password when you select SIP Credentials for XSI authentication type.
	Default: Empty
Directory Enable	Enables BroadSoft directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<directory_enable ua="na">Yes</directory_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the BroadSoft directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Directory Individual Mode Enable	Enables the individual mode for the BroadSoft directories. The parameter is valid only when Directory Enable is set to Yes .
	When this mode is enabled, the individual BroadSoft directories (such as, Enterprise, Group, Personal, and so on) display in the phone.
	When this mode is disabled, only the BroadSoft directory displays in the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_individual_mode_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_individual_mode_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the individual mode for the BroadSoft directories.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Directory Type	Select the type of BroadSoft directory:
	• Enterprise: Allows users to search on last name, first name, user or group ID, phone number, extension, department, or email address.
	• Group: Allows users to search on last name, first name, user ID, phone number, extension, department, or email address.
	• Personal: Allows users to search on last name, first name, or telephone number.
	Enterprise Common: Allows users to search on name or number.
	Group Common: Allows users to search on name or number.
	This parameter is valid only when "Directory Enable" is set to Yes and "Directory Individual Mode Enable" is set to No .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><directory_type ua="na">Enterprise</directory_type></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the type of BroadSoft directory.
	Valid values: Enterprise, Group, Personal, Enterprise Common, and Group Common
	Default: Enterprise
Directory Name	Name of the directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><directory_name ua="na">DirName</directory_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the name of the BroadSoft directory to display on the phone.
	Default: Empty
	If the value is empty, the phone displays "BoradSoft directory".

Parameter	Description
Directory Personal Enable	Enables the BroadSoft personal directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	The parameter is valid only when both Directory Enable and Directory Individual Mode Enable are set to Yes .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_personal_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_personal_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Directory Personal Name	Name of the BroadSoft personal directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_personal_name ua="na">DirPersonal_Name</xsidir_personal_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.
	Default: Empty
	If the value is empty, the phone displays "Personal".

Parameter	Description
Directory Group Enable	Enables the BroadSoft group directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	The parameter is valid only when both Directory Enable and Directory Individual Mode Enable are set to Yes .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_group_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_group_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Directory Group Name	Name of the BroadSoft group directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_group_name ua="na">DirGroupName</xsidir_group_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.
	Default: Empty
	If the value is empty, the phone displays "Group".

Parameter	Description
Directory Enterprise Enable	Enables the BroadSoft enterprise directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	The parameter is valid only when both Directory Enable and Directory Individual Mode Enable are set to Yes .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<xsidir_enterprise_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_enterprise_enable
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Directory Enterprise Name	Name of the BroadSoft enterprise directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_enterprise_name ua="na">DirEnterprise_Name</xsidir_enterprise_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.
	Default: Empty
	If the value is empty, the phone displays "Enterprise".

Parameter	Description
Directory GroupCommon Enable	Enables the BroadSoft GroupCommon directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	The parameter is valid only when both Directory Enable and Directory Individual Mode Enable are set to Yes .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_groupcommon_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_groupcommon_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Directory GroupCommon Name	Name of the BroadSoft GroupCommon directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_groupcommon_name ua="na">DirGroupCommon</xsidir_groupcommon_name></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.
	Default: Empty
	If the value is empty, the phone displays "Group Common".

Parameter	Description
Directory EnterpriseCommon Enable	Enables the BroadSoft EnterpriseCommon directory for the phone user.
	Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.
	The parameter is valid only when both Directory Enable and Directory Individual Mode Enable are set to Yes .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_enterprisecommon_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_enterprisecommon_enable></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the directory.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Directory EnterpriseCommon Name	Name of the BroadSoft EnterpriseCommon directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><xsidir_enterprisecommon_name ua="na">DirEnterpriseCommon</xsidir_enterprisecommon_name></pre> /XsiDir_EnterpriseCommon_Name>
	In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.
	Default: Empty
	If the value is empty, the phone displays "Enterprise Common".

Parameter	Description
Add Contacts to Directory Personal	Enables the user to add contacts to the BroadSoft personal directory instead of the local personal address book.
	The parameter is valid only when Directory Personal Enable is set to Yes .
	• If Directory Personal Enable is set to No and Personal Directory Enable is set to Yes , the contacts will be added to the local personal address book.
	Personal Directory Enable is under the Directory Services section from Voice > Phone.
	• If both parameters are set to No , the user can't add the contacts on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><add_contacts_to_directory_personal ua="na">Yes</add_contacts_to_directory_personal></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable the feature.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Set up Personal Directory

Phone users can set up personal directory from either the web interface or the **Contacts** > **Personal address book** menu on the phone. The setup of personal directory is not available in the configuration file (cfg.xml)

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select the **Personal Directory** tab.
- **Step 2** You can do the following on this tab:
 - Click **Add to Personal Directory** to add a contact to the personal address book.
 - Up to 3 phone numbers can be added to a contact entry.
 - Click **Edit** on an existing contact entry to edit the contact information.

- Click **Assign** to assign a speed dial index to a phone number of the contact entry.
- Select an existing contact entry and click **Delete Contact** to delete it.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Reverse Name Lookup

Reverse name lookup searches for the name of a number in an incoming, outgoing, conference, or transferred call. The reverse name lookup acts when the phone cannot find a name using the service provider directory, Call History, or your contacts. Reverse name lookup needs a valid BroadSoft (XSI) Directory, LDAP Directory, or XML Directory configuration.

The reverse name lookup searches the phone's external directories. When a search succeeds, the name is placed in the call session and in the call history. For simultaneous, multiple phone calls, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the first call number. When the second call connects or is placed on hold, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the second call. The reverse lookup searches the external directories for 8 secs, if in 8secs there are no results found, there will be no display of the name. If results are found in 8secs, the name is diplayed on the phone. The external directory search priority order is: **BroadSoft (XSI)** > **LDAP** > **XML**.

While searching if the lower priority name is received before the higher priority name, the search shows the lower priority name first and then replaced it with the higher priority name if the higher priority name is found within 8 secs.

The precedence of the phone list lookup in BroadSoft (XSI) Directory is:

- 1. Personal phone list
- **2.** Group common phone list
- **3.** Enterprise common phone list

Reverse name lookup is enabled by default.

Reverse name lookup searches the directories in the following order:

- 1. Personal Address Book
- 2. SIP Header
- **3.** Call History
- 4. BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
- **5.** LDAP Directory
- 6. XML Directory



Note

The phone searches the XML directory using this format: directory_url?n=incoming_call_number

Example: For a multiplatform phone using a third-party service, the phone number (1234) search query has this format, http://your-service.com/dir.xml?n=1234.

Before you begin

- Configure one of these directories before you can enable or disable the reverse name lookup:
 - BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
 - LDAP Corporate Directory
 - XML Directory
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services area, set the Reverse Phone Lookup Serv parameter to Yes to enable this feature.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Reverse Phone Lookup Serv ua="na">Yes</Reverse Phone Lookup Serv>

The allowed values are Yes|No. The default value is Yes.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable Reverse Name Lookup



PART | | |

Cisco IP Phone Installation

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Cisco IP Phone Installation

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Verify the Network Setup

For the phone to operate successfully as an endpoint in your network, your network must meet specific requirements.

- **Step 1** Configure a VoIP Network to meet the following requirements:
 - VoIP is configured on your routers and gateways.
- **Step 2** Set up the network to support one of the following:
 - DHCP support

· Manual assignment of IP address, gateway, and subnet mask

Install the Cisco IP Phone

After the phone connects to the network, the phone startup process begins, and the phone registers with Third-Party Call Control system. To finish installing the phone, configure the network settings on the phone depending on whether you enable or disable DHCP service.

If you used autoregistration, you need to update the specific configuration information for the phone such as associating the phone with a user, changing the button table, or directory number.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Choose the power source for the phone:
 - Power over Ethernet (PoE)
 - External power supply
- **Step 2** Connect the handset to the handset port.

The wideband-capable handset is designed especially for use with a Cisco IP Phone. The handset includes a light strip that indicates incoming calls and waiting voice messages.

- **Step 3** Connect a headset to the headset port. You can add a headset later if you do not connect one now.
- **Step 4** Connect a wireless headset. You can add a wireless headset later if you do not want to connect one now. For more information, see your wireless headset documentation.
- Step 5 Connect a straight-through Ethernet cable from the switch to the network port labeled 10/100/1000 SW on the Cisco IP Phone. Each Cisco IP Phone ships with one Ethernet cable in the box.

Use Category 3, 5, 5e, or 6 cabling for 10 Mbps connections; Category 5, 5e, or 6 for 100Mbps connections; and Category 5e or 6 for 1000 Mbps connections. For more information, see Network and Computer Port Pinouts, on page 421.

Step 6 Connect a straight-through Ethernet cable from another network device, such as a desktop computer, to the computer port on the Cisco IP Phone. You can connect another network device later if you do not connect one now.

Use Category 3, 5, 5e, or 6 cabling for 10 Mbps connections; Category 5, 5e, or 6 for 100Mbps connections; and Category 5e or 6 for 1000 Mbps connections. For more information, see Network and Computer Port Pinouts, on page 421 for guidelines.

- Step 7 If the phone is on a desk, adjust the footstand. For more information, see Connect the Footstand, on page 581. With a wall-mounted phone, you might need to adjust the handset rest to ensure that the receiver cannot slip out of the cradle.
- **Step 8** Monitor the phone startup process. This step verifies that the phone is configured properly.
- **Step 9** If you are configuring the network settings on the phone, you can set up an IP address for the phone by either using DHCP or manually entering an IP address.

See Configure the Network from the Phone, on page 421.

Step 10 Upgrade the phone to the current firmware image.

Firmware upgrades over the WLAN interface may take longer than upgrading over the wired interface, depending on the quality and bandwidth of the wireless connection. Some upgrades may take more than one hour.

- **Step 11** Make calls with the Cisco IP Phone to verify that the phone and features work correctly.
- Provide information to end users about how to use their phones and how to configure their phone options. This step ensures that users have adequate information to successfully use their Cisco IPPhones.

Network and Computer Port Pinouts

Although both the network and computer (access) ports are used for network connectivity, they serve different purposes and have different port pinouts.

- The network port is the 10/100/1000 SW port on the Cisco IP Phone.
- The computer (access) port is the 10/100/1000 PC port on the Cisco IP Phone.

Configure the Network from the Phone

The phone includes many configurable network settings that you may need to modify before it is functional for your users. You can access these setting through the phone menus.

The Network configuration menu provides you with options to view and configure a variety of network settings.

You can configure settings that are display-only on the phone in your Third-Party Call Control system.

- Step 1 Press Applications
- Step 2 Select Network configuration.
- **Step 3** Use the navigation arrows to select the desired menu and edit.
- **Step 4** To display a submenu, repeat step 3.
- Step 5 To exit a menu, press 5.

Network Configuration Fields

Table 74: Network Configurations Menu Options

Field	Field Type or Choices	Default	Description
Ethernet configuration			See the following Ethernet configuration submenu table.
IP mode	Dual mode	Dual mode	Select the Internet Protocol mode for which the phone operates.
	IPv4 only		In dual mode, the phone can have both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.
	IPv6 only		
Wi-Fi configuration			See Set Up a Wi-Fi Profile from the Phone, on page 440
			For Cisco IP Phone 8861 Multiplatform Phones only.
IPv4 address settings	DHCP	DHCP	See the IPv4 address submenu table in the following tables.
	Static IP		
	Release DHCP IP		
IPv6 address settings	DHCP	DHCP	See the IPv6 address submenu table in the following tables.
	Static IP		
DHCPv6 option to use		17, 160, 159	Indicates the order in which the phone uses the IPv6 addresses provided by DHCP server.
HTTP proxy settings			See the following HTTP proxy settings submenu table.
VPN settings			See the following VPN settings submenu table.
Web server	On	On	Indicates whether the phone has web server enabled or disabled.
	Off		

Table 75: Ethernet Configuration Submenu

Field	Field Type	Default	Description
	or Choices		
802.1x authentication	Device authentication	Off	Enables or disables the 802.1x authentication. Valid options are: • On • Off
	Transaction status	Disabled	 Transaction status—Indicates different authentication status when you turn on 802.1x in the Device authentication field. Connecting: Indicates that the authentication process is in progress. Authenticated: Indicates that the phone is authenticated. Disabled: Indicates that 802.1x authentication is disabled on the phone. Protocol—Displays the protocol of the server.
Switch port config	Auto 10MB half 10MB full 100MB half 100MB full 1000 full	Auto	Select speed and duplex of the network port. If the phone is connected to a switch, configure the port on the switch to the same speed/duplex as the phone, or configure both to autonegotiate. If you change the setting of this option, you must change the PC Port config option to the same setting.
PC port config	Auto 10MB half 10MB full 100 MB half 100MB full 100 half 1000 full	Auto	Select Speed and duplex of the Computer (access) port. If the phone is connected to a switch, configure the port on the switch to the same speed/duplex as the phone, or configure both to autonegotiate. If you change the setting of this option, you must change the Switch Port config option to the same setting.
CDP	On Off	On	Enable or disable Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP). CDP is a device-discovery protocol that runs on all Cisco manufactured equipment. Using CDP, a device can advertise its existence to other devices and receive information about other devices in the network.

Field	Field Type	Default	Description
	or Choices		
LLDP-MED	On	On	Enable or disable LLDP-MED.
	Off		LLDP-MED enables the phone to advertise itself to devices that use the discovery protocol.
Startup delay		3 seconds	Set a value that causes a delay for the switch to get to the forwarding state before the phone sends out the first LLDP-MED packet. For configuration of some switches, you might need to increase this value to a higher value for LLDP-MED to work. Configuring a delay can be important for networks that use the Spanning Tree Protocol. Default delay is 3 seconds.
VLAN	On	Off	Enable or disable VLAN.
	Off		Permits you to enter a VLAN ID when you use VLAN without CDP or LLDP. When you use a VLAN with CDP or LLDP, that associated VLAN takes precedent over the VLAN ID you manually entered.
VLAN ID		1	Enter a VLAN ID for the IP phone when you use a VLAN without CDP (VLAN enabled and CDP disabled). Note that only voice packets are tagged with the VLAN ID. Do not use the 1 value for the VLAN ID. If VLAN ID is 1, you cannot tag voice packets with the VLAN ID.
PC port VLAN ID		1	Enter a value of the VLAN ID that is used to tag communications from the PC port on the phone.
			The phone tags all the untagged frames coming from the PC (it does not tag any frames with an existing tag).
			Valid values: 0 through 4095
			Default: 0
PC port mirror	On Off	Off	Adds the ability to port mirror on the PC port. When enabled, you can see the packets on the phone. Select On to enable PC port mirroring and select Off to disable it.

Field	Field Type	Default	Description
	or Choices		
DHCP VLAN option			Enter a predefined DHCP VLAN option to learn the voice VLAN ID.
			When you use a VLAN ID with CDP, LLDP, or manually select a VLAN ID, that VLAN ID takes precedent over the selected DHCP VLAN option.
			Valid values are:
			• Null
			• 128 to 149
			• 151 to 158
			• 161 to 254
			Default value is null.
			Cisco recommends that you use DHCP Option 132.

Table 76: IPv4 Address Settings Submenu

Field	Field Type	Default	Description
	or Choices		
Connection type	DHCP		Indicates whether the phone has DHCP enabled.
			• DNS1—Identifies the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses.
			• DNS2—Identifies the secondary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses.
			• DHCP address released—Releases the IP address that DHCP assigned. You can edit this field if DHCP is enabled. To remove the phone from the VLAN and release the IP address for reassignment, set this field to Yes and press Set .
	Static IP		When DHCP is disabled, you must set the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the phone.
			• Static IP address—Identifies the IP that you assign to the phone. The phone uses this IP address instead of acquiring an IP from the DHCP server on the network.
			Subnet Mask—Identifies the subnet mask used by the phone. When DHCP is disabled, you must set the subnet mask.
			Gateway address—Identifies the default router used by the phone.
			• DNS1—Identifies the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.
			• DNS2—Identifies the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.
			When you assign an IP address using this field, you must also assign a subnet mask and a gateway address. See the Subnet Mask and Default Router fields in this table.

Table 77: IPv6 Address Settings Submenu

Field	Field Type	Default	Description
	or Choices		
Connection type	DHCP		Indicates whether the phone has Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) enabled.
			DNS1—Identifies the primary DNS server that the phone uses.
			DNS2—Identifies the secondary DNS server that the phone uses.
			• Broadcast Echo—Identifies if the phone responses to multicast ICMPv6 message with destination address of ff02::1.
			 Auto config— Identifies if the phone uses automatic configuration for the address.
	Static IP		When DHCP is disabled, you must set the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the phone and must set the values of the fields:
			• Static IP—Identifies the IP that you assign to the phone. The phone uses this IP address instead of acquiring an IP from the DHCP server on the network.
			• Prefix length—Identifies how many bits of a Global Unicast IPv6 Address are there in the network part.
			Gateway—Identifies the default router used by the phone.
			 Primary DNS—Identifies the primary DNS server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.
			• Secondary DNS—Identifies the primary DNS server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.
			• Broadcast Echo—Identifies if the phone responses to multicast ICMPv6 message with destination address of ff02::1.

Table 78: VPN Settings Submenu

Field	Field Type or Choices	Description
VPN server		Enter an IP address or FQDN of the VPN server that the phone uses for the VPN connection.
Username		Enter a VPN username to access the VPN server.

Field	Field Type or Choices	Description
Password		Enter a valid password of the username to access the VPN server.
Tunnel group		Enter a VPN tunnel group for the VPN connection.
Connect to VPN on bootup	On Off	Determines whether the phone connects to the VPN server automatically after the phone reboots. Default value is Off
Enable VPN connection	On Off	Enables or disables the VPN connection. When you enable or disable the VPN connection, the phone reboots automatically. Default value is Off

Table 79: HTTP Proxy Settings Submenu

Field	Field Type or Choices	Description
Proxy mode	Auto	Auto discovery (WPAD)—Enables or disables the Web Proxy Auto-Discovery protocol to retrieve a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file. Valid options are:
		• On
		• Off
		If the value is set to Off, you need to further set the following field:
		PAC URL—Specifies the URL address for the PAC file that you want to retrieve. For example:
		http://proxy.department.branch.example.com
		The default value of Auto discovery (WPAD) is On.
	Manual	• Proxy host—Specifies an IP address or hostname of the proxy server for the phone. The scheme (http://orhttps://) is not required.
		Proxy port—Specifies a port number of the proxy server.
		• Proxy authentication—Selects an option according to the actual situation of the proxy server. If the server requires authentication credentials to grant access to the phone, then select On. Otherwise, select Off. Options are:
		• Off
		• On
		If the value is set to On, you need to further set the following fields:
		Username—Specifies the username of a credential user on the proxy server.
		 Password—Provides the specified user's password to pass the authentication of the proxy server.
		The default value of Proxy authentication is Off.
	Off	Disables the HTTP proxy feature on the phone.

Text and Menu Entry From the Phone

When you edit the value of an option setting, follow these guidelines:

- Use the arrows on the navigation pad to highlight the field that you wish to edit. Press **Select** in the navigation pad to activate the field. After the field is activated, you can enter values.
- Use the keys on the keypad to enter numbers and letters.

- To enter letters by using the keypad, use a corresponding number key. Press the key one or more times to display a particular letter. For example, press the 2 key once for "a," twice quickly for "b," and three times quickly for "c." After you pause, the cursor automatically advances to allow you to enter the next letter
- Press the softkey at if you make a mistake. This softkey deletes the character to the left of the cursor.
- Press Back before pressing Set to discard any changes that you made.
- To enter a period (for example, in an IP address), press * on the keypad.



Note

The Cisco IP Phone provides several methods to reset or restore option settings, if necessary.

Set Up Wireless LAN from the Phone

Only the Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865 support wireless LAN connections.

Ensure that the phone is not connected to Ethernet. It requires a separate power supply.

A fast-secure roaming method is recommended for Wi-Fi users.

For complete configuration information, see the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Wireless LAN Deployment Guide at this location:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-implementation-design-guides-list.html

The Cisco IP Phone 8800 Wireless LAN Deployment Guide includes the following configuration information:

- · Wireless network configuration
- Wireless network configuration on the Cisco IP Phone

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration.
- **Step 3** Select **Wi-Fi Type** and press the **Select** button to choose from **WLAN** and **WPS**.
- **Step 4** In the **Wi-Fi Profile** screen, click **Scan** to get a list of available wireless networks (SSIDs).

You can also click Cancel to stop the scan process.

If your phone is associated with an SSID, the associated SSID appears at the top of scanned list with a check mark in front of it.

Step 5 Select an SSID when the scan is complete, and set up the fields for your phone to connect to that network as described in the Scan List Menus, on page 431 table.

Step 6 (Optional) Press **Other** to add a new network name to which you want to connect your phone. Set up the fields as described in the Wi-Fi Other Menu, on page 431 table.

Scan List Menus

Field	Field Type or Choices	Default	Description
Security mode	Auto None WEP PSK	None	Allows you to select the type of authentication that the phone uses to access the WLAN.
User ID			Allows you to enter a user ID for the network profile.
Password WEP Key Passphrase			Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create. The type of password depends on the security mode that you have selected. • Password: Security mode is Auto. • Passphrase: Security mode is PSK. • WEP Key: Security mode is WEP.
802.11 mode	• Auto • 2.4 GHz • 5 GHz	Auto	Allows you to select the wireless signal standard that is used in the WLAN.

Wi-Fi Other Menu

Field	Field Type or Choices	Default	Description
Security mode	EAP-FAST PEAP-GTC PEAP (MSCHAPV2) PSK WEP None	None	Allows you to select the type of authentication that the phone uses to access the WLAN.
Network name			Allows you to enter a unique name for the Wi-Fi profile. This name displays on the phone.

Field	Field Type or Choices	Default	Description
User ID			Allows you to enter a user ID for the network profile.
Password			Allows you to enter a password for the network profile.
802.11 mode	• Auto • 2.4 GHz • 5 GHz	Auto	Allows you to select the wireless signal standard that is used in the WLAN.

Turn the Wi-Fi On or Off from Your phone

You can enable or disable the wireless LAN of your phone from the **Wi-Fi configuration** menu. By default, the wireless LAN on your phone is enabled.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- Step 2 Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi.
- **Step 3** Press the **Select** button, to turn the Wi-Fi on or off. You can also press the Navigation cluster, left or right, to turn the Wi-Fi on or off.
- **Step 4** Press **Set** to save the changes.

Turn the Wi-Fi On or Off from the Phone Web Page

You can enable or disable the wireless LAN of your phone from the phone web page. You turn on the Wi-Fi so that the phone connects to a wireless network automatically or manually. By default, the wireless LAN on your phone is enabled.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- **Step 2** Set the Wi-Fi Settings fields as described in the Parameters for Wi-Fi Settings, on page 433 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Wi-Fi Settings

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Wi-Fi Settings** section under the **System** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 80: Wi-Fi Settings Parameters Table

Parameter	Description
Phone-wifi-on	Turns Wi-Fi on or off on your phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><phone-wifi-on ua="rw">No</phone-wifi-on> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes to turn on the Wi-Fi or set to No to turn it off.</pre>
	Default: Yes

Connect the Phone to a Wi-Fi Manually

When you set up a Wi-Fi profile, it provides you the options to connect the phone manually to a wireless network. You can establish the connection from the **Wi-Fi profile** screen or from the **Setup Wi-Fi** screen.

The top most Wi-Fi profile in the **Wi-Fi profile** screen gets connected automatically when the phone provisions.

Before you begin

Turn on the Wi-Fi of your phone.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- Step 2 Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi profile.
- **Step 3** In the **Wi-Fi profile** screen, do any of the actions to connect to Wi-Fi.
 - Select any of the configured Wi-Fi profile and click **Connect**.
 - Press **Scan** and select one wireless in the **Connect to Wi-Fi** screen. In the **Setup Wi-Fi** screen, enter values in the fields and press **Connect**.

See the **Profile Parameter** table in the Set Up a Wi-Fi Profile from the Phone, on page 440 for the field values.

View the Wi-Fi Status

You can also view the status from the phone web page by selecting **User Login** > **Advanced** > **Info** > **Status** > **System Information**.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi status.

You see the information:

- Wi-Fi status: Displays if the Wi-Fi is connected or disconnected.
- Network name: Indicates the name of the SSID.
- Signal strength: Indicates strength of the network signal.
- MAC address: Indicates MAC address of the phone.
- AP MAC address: Indicates MAC address of the access point (SSID).
- Channel: Indicated the channel on which the Wi-Fi network transmits and receives data.
- Frequency: Indicates the wireless signal frequency band that is used in the Wireless LAN.
- **Security mode**: Indicates the security mode that is set for the wireless LAN.

View Wi-Fi Status Messages on the Phone

You can view messages about the Wi-Fi connection status of your phone. The messages can help you diagnose Wi-Fi connection problems. The messages contain:

- connection time and MAC address of the AP
- disconnection time and diagnostic code
- · connection failure time
- time that weak signal of the AP continues over 12 seconds

- Step 1 Press Applications
- Step 2 Select Status > Wi-Fi messages.
- **Step 3** Use the outer ring of the navigation cluster to scroll through the messages.
- **Step 4** Press **Details** to view more details of the selected message.

Step 5 (Optional) Press Clear to delete all the messages.

Verify Phone Startup

After the Cisco IP Phone has power connected to it, the phone automatically cycles through a startup diagnostic process.

Procedure

- **Step 1** If you are using Power over Ethernet, plug the LAN cable into the Network port.
- **Step 2** If you are using the power cube, connect the cube to the phone and plug the cube into an electrical outlet.

The buttons flash amber and then green in sequence during the various stages of bootup as the phone checks the hardware.

If the phone completes these stages successfully, it has started up properly.

Disable or Enable DF Bit

You can disable or enable Don't Fragment (DF) bit in the TCP, UDP, or ICMP messages to determine whether a packet is allowed to be fragmented.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **System**.
- Step 2 In the Network Settings section, configure the parameter Disable DF.
 - If you set the **Disable DF** to **Yes**, the Don't Fragment (DF) bit is disabled. In this case, the network can fragment an IP packet. This is the default behaviour.
 - If you set the **Disable DF** to **No**, the Don't Fragment (DF) bit is enabled. In this case, the network can't fragment an IP packet. This setting doesn't allow fragmentation in cases where the receiving host doesn't have sufficient resources to reassemble internet fragments.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

You can also configure the parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with the following XML string:

<Disable_DF ua="na">Yes</Disable_DF>

Allowed values: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Configure Internet Connection Type

You can choose how your phone receives an IP address. Set the connection type to one of the following:

- Static IP—A static IP address for the phone.
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)—Enables the phone to receive an IP address from the network DHCP server.

The Cisco IP phone typically operates in a network where a DHCP server assigns IP addresses to devices. Because IP addresses are a limited resource, the DHCP server periodically renews the phone lease on the IP address. If a phone loses the IP address, or if the IP address is assigned to another device on the network, the following occurs:

• Communication between the SIP proxy and the phone is severed or degraded.

The DHCP Timeout on Renewal parameter causes the phone to request renewal of its IP address if the following occurs:

 The phone doesn't receive an expected SIP response within programmable length of time after it sends a SIP command.

If the DHCP server returns the IP address that it originally assigned to the phone, the DHCP assignment is presumed to be operating correctly. Otherwise, the phone resets to try to fix the issue.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- **Step 2** In the **IPv4 Settings** section, use the **Connection Type** drop-down list to choose the connection type:
 - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
 - · Static IP
- **Step 3** In the **IPv6 Settings** section, use the **Connection Type** drop-down list to choose the connection type:
 - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
 - · Static IP
- **Step 4** If you choose Static IP, configure these settings in the **Static IP Settings** section:
 - **Static IP**—Static IP address of the phone
 - **NetMask**—Netmask of the phone (IPv4, only)

• Gateway—Gateway IP address

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Connection_Type ua="rw">DHCP</Connection_Type>
<!-- available options: DHCP|Static IP -->
<Static_IP ua="rw"/>
<NetMask ua="rw"/>
<Gateway ua="rw"/>
```

Configure VLAN Settings

The software tags your phone voice packets with the VLAN ID when you use a virtual LAN (VLAN).

In the VLAN Settings section of the **Voice** > **System** window, you can configure the different settings:

- LLDP-MED
- Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)
- Network Startup Delay
- VLAN ID (manual)
- DHCP VLAN Option

The multiplatform phones support these four methods to obtain VLAN ID information. The phone attempts to obtain the VLAN ID information in this order:

- 1. LLDP-MED
- 2. Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)
- 3. VLAN ID (manual)
- 4. DHCP VLAN Option

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Disable CDP/LLDP and manual VLAN.

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- Step 2 In the VLAN Settings section, configure the parameters as defined in the VLAN Settings Parameters, on page 438 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the VLAN Settings Parameters, on page 438 table.

VLAN Settings Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **VLAN Settings Parameters** section under the **System** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Enable VLAN	Controls the VLAN feature.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><enable_vlan ua="rw">No</enable_vlan> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes to enable VLAN.</pre>
	The default value is Yes .
VLAN ID	If you use a VLAN without CDP (VLAN enabled and CDP disabled), enter a VLAN ID for the IP phone. Note that only voice packets are tagged with the VLAN ID. Do not use 1 for the VLAN ID.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><vlan_id ua="rw">1</vlan_id> • In the phone web interface, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
	Valid values: An integer ranging from 0 through 4095
	Default: 1
PC Port VLAN ID	Allows you to enter a VLAN ID for the PC port.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Valid values: An integer ranging from 0 through 4095 Default: 1

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Enable CDP	Enable CDP only if you are using a switch that has Cisco Discovery Protocol. CDP is negotiation based and determines which VLAN the IP phone resides in.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><enable_cdp ua="na">Yes</enable_cdp> • In the phone web page: set to Yes to enable CDP.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes/No
	Default: Yes
Enable LLDP-MED	Choose Yes to enable LLDP-MED for the phone to advertise itself to devices that use that discovery protocol.
	When the LLDP-MED feature is enabled, after the phone has initialized and Layer 2 connectivity is established, the phone sends out LLDP-MED PDU frames. If the phone receives no acknowledgment, the manually configured VLAN or default VLAN will be used if applicable. If the CDP is used concurrently, the waiting period of 6 seconds is used. The waiting period will increase the overall startup time for the phone.
	 In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <pre><=nable_LLDP-MED ua="na">Yes</pre>/Enable_LLDP-MED> In the phone web interface, set to Yes to enable LLDP-MED.
	Valid values: Yes/No
	Default: Yes

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Network Startup Delay	Setting this value causes a delay for the switch to get to the forwarding state before the phone will send out the first LLDP-MED packet. The default delay is 3 seconds. For configuration of some switches, you might need to increase this value to a higher value for LLDP-MED to work. Configuring a delay can be important for networks that use Spanning Tree Protocol.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <network_startup_delay ua="na">3</network_startup_delay>
	In the phone web interface, enter the delay in seconds. While the second are interested from 1 december 200.
	Valid values: An integer ranging from 1 through 300 Default: 3
	Default: 3
DHCP VLAN Option	A predefined DHCP VLAN option to learn the voice VLAN ID. You can use the feature only when no voice VLAN information is available by CDP/LLDP and manual VLAN methods. CDP/LLDP and manual VLAN are all disabled.
	Set the value to Null to disable DHCP VLAN option.
	Cisco recommends that you use DHCP Option 132.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dhcp_vlan_option ua="na">132</dhcp_vlan_option> • In the phone web page: specify the DHCP VLAN option.</pre>

Set Up a Wi-Fi Profile from the Phone

You can add maximum of four Wi-Fi profiles. You can use this profile to connect your phone to a Wi-Fi network.

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi profile.

- **Step 3** In the **Wi-Fi profile** screen, move to a row in the list on which you want to set up the profile.
- **Step 4** Press the **Select** button.

You can also press **Options** and then select **Edit**.

Step 5 In the **Edit profile** screen, set the parameters as mentioned in the **Profile Parameters** table.

Table 81: Profile Parameters

Parameter	Description
Security mode	Allows you to select the authentication method that is used to secure access to the Wi-Fi network. Depending on the method you choose, a password, passphrase, or key field appears so that you can provide the credentials that are required to join this Wi-Fi network. Options are:
	• Auto
	• EAP-FAST
	• PEAP-GTC
	• PEAP-MSCHAPV2
	• PSK
	• WEP
	• None
	Default: PSK
Network name	Allows you to enter a name for the SSIDs. This name displays on the phone. Multiple profiles can have the same network name with different security mode. This name displays on the phone.
User ID	Allows you to enter a user ID for the network profile.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to Auto, EAP-FAST, PEAP-GTC, PEAP-MSCHAPV2. This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 32 alphanumeric characters.
Password	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to Auto, EAP-FAST, PEAP-GTC, PEAP-MSCHAPV2. This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 64 alphanumeric characters.

Parameter	Description
WEP key	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to WEP. This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 32 alphanumeric characters.
Passphrase	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create. You need to enter this value when the security mode is PSK.
Frequency band	Allows you to select the wireless signal frequency band that is used in the WLAN. Options are: • Auto
	• Auto
	• 5 GHz
	Default: Auto

Step 6 Press Save.

Set Up a Wi-Fi Profile

You can configure a Wi-Fi profile from the phone web page or from remote device profile resync and then associate the profile to the available Wi-Fi networks. You can use this Wi-Fi profile to connect to a Wi-Fi. You can configure maximum of four profiles.

The profile contains the parameters required for phones to connect to the phone server with Wi-Fi. When you create and use a Wi-Fi profile, you or your users do not need to configure the wireless network for individual phones.

A Wi-Fi profile enables you to prevent or limit changes to the Wi-Fi configuration on the phone by the user.

We recommend that you use a secure profile with TFTP encryption enabled to protect keys and passwords when you use a Wi-Fi profile.

When you set up the phones to use EAP-FAST, PEAP-MSCHAPV, or PEAP-GTC authentication or security mode, your users need individual credentials to connect to an access point.

Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System.

- **Step 2** Set the **Wi-Fi Profile** fields as described in the Wi-Fi Profile (n), on page 443 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

If the phone has an active call, you can not save the changes.

Wi-Fi Profile (n)

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Wi-Fi Profile(n)** section under the **System** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 82: Wi-Fi Profile Parameters Table

Parameter	Description
Network Name	Allows you to enter a name for the SSID that will display on the phone. Multiple profiles can have the same network name with different security mode. • In the phone configuration file with
	XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <pre></pre>

Parameter	Description
Security Mode	Allows you to select the authentication method that is used to secure access to the Wi-Fi network. Depending on the method you choose, a password, passphrase, or key field appears so that you can provide the credentials that are required to join this Wi-Fi network.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre> <security_mode_1_ua="rw">Auto<!-- available options: Auto EAP-FAST PEAP-GTC PEAP-MSCHAPV2 PSK WEP None--> </security_mode_1_ua="rw"></pre>
	• In the phone web page:, select one of the methods.
	• Auto
	• EAP-FAST
	• PEAP-GTC
	• PEAP-MSCHAPV2
	• PSK
	• WEP
	• None
	Default: PSK
Wi-Fi User ID	Allows you to enter a user ID for the network profile.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to Auto, EAP-FAST, PEAP-GTC, or PEAP (MSCHAPV2). This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 32 alphanumeric characters.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><wi-fi_user_id_1_ua="rw"> • In the phone web page:, enter a user ID for the network profile.</wi-fi_user_id_1_ua="rw"></pre>

Parameter	Description
Wi-Fi Password	Allows you to enter the password for the specified Wi-Fi User ID.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<wi-fi_password_1_ ua="rw"></wi-fi_password_1_
	• In the phone web page:, enter a password for the user ID that you have added.
WEP Key	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create. You need to enter this value when the security mode is WEP.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<wep_key_1_ ua="rw"></wep_key_1_>
	• In the phone web page:, enter a password for the network profile that you have created.
PSK Passphrase	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create. You need to enter this value when the security mode is PSK.
Frequency Band	Allows you to select the wireless signal frequency band that is the WLAN uses.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><psk_passphrase_1_ ua="rw"></psk_passphrase_1_> • In the phone web page:, select one of the options:</pre>
	• • Auto
	• 2.4 GHz
	• 5 GHz
	Default: Auto

Parameter	Description
Wi-Fi Profile Order	Allows you to select the order in which the profile appears in the Wi-Fi profile list.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	• In the phone web page:, select one of the options:
	• • 1 for Wi-Fi Profile 1
	• 2 for Wi-Fi Profile 2
	• 3 for Wi-Fi Profile 3
	• 4 for Wi-Fi Profile 4
	Default: 1

Delete a Wi-Fi Profile

You can remove a Wi-Fi profile from the list when the profile is no more required.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi profile.
- **Step 3** In the **Wi-Fi profile** screen, select the Wi-Fi profile that you want to remove.
- Step 4 Press Options.
- **Step 5** Select **Delete** and then confirm the deletion.

Change the Order of a Wi-Fi Profile

You can determine the position of a Wi-Fi profile in the list. The Wi-Fi profile at the top of the list has the highest priority. When the Wi-Fi is turned on, the phone uses the Wi-Fi profile on the top of the list to connect automatically to a wirless network while provisioning.

Procedure

Step 1 If you change the Wi-Fi profile order from the phone, follow these steps:

- a) Press **Applications**
- b) Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi profile.
- c) In the **Wi-Fi profile screen**, select a Wi-Fi of which you want to change the order.
- d) Press **Options**.
- e) Select **Move up** or **Move down** to move the Wi-Fi profile one level up or one level down respectively in the list.
- **Step 2** If you change the Wi-Fi profile order from the phone web page, follow these steps:
 - a) Select Voice > System.
 - b) In the Wi-Fi Profile (n) section, set the Wi-Fi Profile Order field to the desired order.
 - c) Click Submit All Changes.

Scan and Save a Wi-Fi Network

You can scan a Wi-Fi profile to get the list of available wireless networks (SSID). The security mode and the network name have the same value of the scanned SSID. You can then edit the fields of any of the wireless networks. When you save the changes, it saves as a Wi-Fi profile in the phone Wi-Fi profile list. You can then use this new Wi-Fi profile to connect the phone to a wireless network.



Note

- When the security mode of a wireless network is None, PSK, and WEP, you can't modify the security mode. On the **Security mode** screen, you only see the security mode that is set for the network. For example, if the security mode of a network is PSK, you see only PSK in the **Security mode** screen.
- When you scan a wireless network (SSID) which is the current connected wireless, you can't edit the **Network name** of this SSID.

- Step 1 Press Applications
- Step 2 Select Network configuration > Wi-Fi configuration > Wi-Fi profile.
- **Step 3** In the **Wi-Fi profile** screen, press **Scan** to get all available wireless networks.
- **Step 4** (Optional) In the **Connect to Wi-Fi** screen, press **Scan** again to rescan the list.
- **Step 5** Select a wireless and press **Select** or the **Select** button.
- **Step 6** In the **Setup Wi-Fi** screen, set the parameters as mentioned in the **Profile Parameters** table.

Table 83: Profile Parameters

Parameter	Description
Security mode	Allows you to select the authentication method that is used to secure access to the Wi-Fi network. Depending on the method you choose, a password, passphrase, or key field appears so that you can provide the credentials that are required to join this Wi-Fi network. Options are:
	• Auto
	• EAP-FAST
	• PEAP-GTC
	• PEAP-MSCHAPV2
	• PSK
	• WEP
	• None
	Default: PSK
Network name	Allows you to enter a name for the SSIDs. This name displays on the phone. Multiple profiles can have the same network name with different security mode. This name displays on the phone.
User ID	Allows you to enter a user ID for the network profile.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to Auto, EAP-FAST, PEAP-GTC, PEAP-MSCHAPV2. This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 32 alphanumeric characters.
Password	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to Auto, EAP-FAST, PEAP-GTC, PEAP-MSCHAPV2. This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 64 alphanumeric characters.
WEP key	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create.
	This field is available when you set the security mode to WEP. This is a mandatory field and it allows maximum length of 32 alphanumeric characters.

Parameter	Description
Passphrase	Allows you to enter password for the network profile that you create. You need to enter this value when the security mode is PSK.
Frequency band	Allows you to select the wireless signal frequency band that is used in the WLAN. Options are:
	• Auto
	• 2.4 GHz
	• 5 GHz
	Default: Auto

Step 7 Press Save.

SIP Configuration

SIP settings for the Cisco IP Phone are configured for the phone in general and for the extensions.

Configure the Basic SIP Parameters

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- **Step 2** In the **SIP Parameters** section, set the parameters as described in the SIP Parameters, on page 450 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

SIP Parameters

Specifies SIP Max Forward value.
Derform and of the following
Perform one of the following.
• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
<pre><max_forward ua="na">70</max_forward> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
Value range: 1 to 255
Default: 70
Specifies number of times an invite can be redirected to avoid an infinite loop.
Perform one of the following.
• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
<max_redirection ua="na">5</max_redirection>
• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.
Default: 5
Specifies the maximum number of times (from 0 to 255) a request can be challenged.
Perform one of the following.
• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
<max_auth ua="na">2</max_auth>
• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.
Allowed value: 0 to 255
Default: 2

Parameter	Description
SIP User Agent Name	Used in outbound requests.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sip_user_agent_name ua="na">\$VERSION</sip_user_agent_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate name.</pre>
	Default: \$VERSION
	If empty, the header is not included. Macro expansion of \$A to \$D corresponding to GPP_A to GPP_D allowed
SIP Server Name	Server header used in responses to inbound responses.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sip_server_name ua="na">\$VERSION</sip_server_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate name.</pre>
	Default: \$VERSION
SIP Reg User Agent Name	User-Agent name to be used in a REGISTER request. If this is not specified, the SIP User Agent Name is also used for the REGISTER request.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<sip_reg_user_agent_name ua="na">agent name</sip_reg_user_agent_name>
	• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate name.
	Default: Blank
SIP Accept Language	Accept-Language header used.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sip_accept_language ua="na">en</sip_accept_language> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate language.</pre>
	There is no default. If empty, the header is not included.

Parameter	Description
DTMF Relay MIME Type	MIME Type used in a SIP INFO message to signal a DTMF event. This field must match that of the Service Provider.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dtmf_relay_mime_type< pre=""></dtmf_relay_mime_type<></pre>
	ua="na">application/dtmf-relayIn the phone web page, enter an appropriate MIME type.
	Default: application/dtmf-relay
Hook Flash MIME Type	MIME Type used in a SIPINFO message to signal a hook flash event.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<hook_flash_mime_type< td=""></hook_flash_mime_type<>
	 ua="na">application/hook-flash In the phone web page, enter an appropriate MIME type for a SIPINFO message.
	Default:
Remove Last Reg	Enables you to remove the last registration before registering a new one if the value is different.
	Set to Yes to remove the last registration.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><remove_last_reg ua="na">No</remove_last_reg> • In the phone web page, Select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Use Compact Header	If set to yes, the phone uses compact SIP headers in outbound SIP messages. If inbound SIP requests contain normal headers, the phone substitutes incoming headers with compact headers. If set to no, the phones use normal SIP headers. If inbound SIP requests contain compact headers, the phones reuse the same compact headers when generating the response, regardless of this setting.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><use_compact_header ua="na">No</use_compact_header> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No
Escape Display Name	Enables you to keep the Display Name private.
	Set to Yes if you want the IP phone to enclose the string (configured in the Display Name) in a pair of double quotes for outbound SIP messages.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><escape_display_name ua="na">No</escape_display_name> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: Yes.
Talk Package	Enables support for the BroadSoft Talk Package that lets users answer or resume a call by clicking a button in an external application.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><talk_package ua="na">No</talk_package> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the Talk Package.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Hold Package	Enables support for the BroadSoft Hold Package, which lets users place a call on hold by clicking a button in an external application.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<hold_package ua="na">No</hold_package>
	• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable support for the Hold Package.
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No
Conference Package	Enables support for the BroadSoft Conference Package that enables users to start a conference call by clicking a button in an external application.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><conference_package ua="na">No</conference_package> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No
RFC 2543 Call Hold	If set to yes, unit includes c=0.0.0.0 syntax in SDP when sending a SIP re-INVITE to the peer to hold the call. If set to no, unit will not include the c=0.0.0.0 syntax in the SDP. The unit will always include a=sendonly syntax in the SDP in either case.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><rfc_2543_call_hold ua="na">Yes</rfc_2543_call_hold> • In the phone web page, Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Random REG CID on Reboot	If set to yes, the phone uses a different random call-ID for registration after the next software reboot. If set to no, the Cisco IP phone tries to use the same call-ID for registration after the next software reboot. The Cisco IP phone always uses a new random Call-ID for registration after a power-cycle, regardless of this setting.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><random_reg_cid_on_reboot ua="na">No</random_reg_cid_on_reboot> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Default: No.
SIP TCP Port Min	Specifies the lowest TCP port number that can be used for SIP sessions.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre> <sip_tcp_port_min ua="na">5060</sip_tcp_port_min> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value. </pre>
	Default: 5060
SIP TCP Port Max	Specifies the highest TCP port number that can be used for SIP sessions.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sip_tcp_port_max ua="na">5080</sip_tcp_port_max> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
	Default: 5080

Parameter	Description
Caller ID Header	Provides the option to take the caller ID from PAID-RPID-FROM, PAID-FROM, RPID-PAID-FROM, RPID-FROM, or FROM header.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><caller_id_header ua="na">PAID-RPID-FROM</caller_id_header> • In the phone web page, select an option.</pre>
	Allowed values: PAID-RPID-FROM, AID-FROM, RPID-PAID-FROM, RPID-FROM, and FROM
	Default: PAID-RPID-FROM
Hold Target Before Refer	Controls whether to hold call leg with transfer target before sending REFER to the transferee when initiating a fully-attended call transfer (where the transfer target has answered).
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><hold_target_before_refer< pre=""></hold_target_before_refer<></pre>
	ua="na">No • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.
	Default: No
Dialog SDP Enable	When enabled and the Notify message body is too big causing fragmentation, the Notify message xml dialog is simplified; Session Description Protocol (SDP) is not included in the dialog xml content.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dialog_sdp_enable ua="na">No</dialog_sdp_enable> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Keep Referee When Refer Failed	If set to yes, it configures the phone to immediately handle NOTIFY sipfrag messages.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><keep_referee_when_refer_failed ua="na">No</keep_referee_when_refer_failed> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No
Display Diversion Info	Display the Diversion info included in SIP message on LCD or not.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<display_diversion_info< td=""></display_diversion_info<>
	ua="na">No • In the phone web page, select Yes or No .
	In the phone web page, select les of No.
	Allowed values: Yes or No
Display Anonymous From Header	Show the caller ID from the SIP INVITE message "From" header when set to Yes, even if the call is an anonymous call. When the parameter is set to no, the phone displays "Anonymous Caller" as the caller ID.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><display_anonymous_from_header ua="na">No</display_anonymous_from_header> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes or No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Sip Accept Encoding	Supports the content-encoding gzip feature.
	If gzip is selected, the SIP message header contains the string "Accept-Encoding: gzip", and the phone is able to process the SIP message body, which is encoded with the gzip format.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sip_accept_encoding ua="na">none</sip_accept_encoding> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate MIME type for a</pre>
	SIPINFO message.
	Allowed values: none and gzip
	Default: none
SIP IP Preference	Sets if the phone uses IPv4 or IPv6.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sip_ip_preference ua="na">IPv4</sip_ip_preference> • In the phone web page, select IPv4 or IPv6.</pre>
	Allowed values: IPv4/IPv6
	Default: IPv4.
Disable Local Name To Header	Controls the display name in "Directory", "Call History", and in the "To" header during an outgoing call.
	Perform one of the following.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><disable_local_name_to_header< pre=""></disable_local_name_to_header<></pre>
	 ua="na">No In the phone web page, select Yes to disable the display name.
	Allowed values: Yes/No
	Default: No

Configure the SIP Timer Values

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- Step 2 In the SIP Timer Values section, set the SIP timer values in seconds as described in SIP Timer Values (sec), on page 459.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

SIP Timer Values (sec)

Parameter	Description
SIP T1	RFC 3261 T1 value (RTT estimate) that can range from 0 to 64 seconds. Default: 0.5 seconds
	Default: 0.5 seconds
SIP T2	RFC 3261 T2 value (maximum retransmit interval for non-INVITE requests and INVITE responses) that can range from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 4 seconds
SIP T4	RFC 3261 T4 value (maximum duration a message remains in the network), which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 5 seconds.
SIP Timer B	INVITE time-out value, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 16 seconds.
SIP Timer F	Non-INVITE time-out value, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 16 seconds.
SIP Timer H	INVITE final response, time-out value, which can from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 16 seconds.
SIP Timer D	ACK hang-around time, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 16 seconds.
SIP Timer J	Non-INVITE response hang-around time, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.
	Default: 16 seconds.

Parameter	Description
INVITE Expires	INVITE request Expires header value. If you enter 0, the Expires header is not included in the request. Ranges from 0 to 20000000.
	Default: 240 seconds
ReINVITE Expires	ReINVITE request Expires header value. If you enter 0, the Expires header is not included in the request. Ranges from 0 to 2000000. Default: 30
Reg Min Expires	Minimum registration expiration time allowed from the proxy in the Expires header or as a Contact header parameter. If the proxy returns a value less than this setting, the minimum value is used.
Reg Max Expires	Maximum registration expiration time allowed from the proxy in the Min-Expires header. If the value is larger than this setting, the maximum value is used.
Reg Retry Intv	Interval to wait before the Cisco IP Phone retries registration after failing during the last registration. The range is from 1 to 2147483647
	Default: 30
	See the note below for additional details.
Reg Retry Long Intvl	When registration fails with a SIP response code that does not match <retry reg="" rsc="">, the Cisco IP Phone waits for the specified length of time before retrying. If this interval is 0, the phone stops trying. This value should be much larger than the Reg Retry Intvl value, which should not be 0.</retry>
	Default: 1200
	See the note below for additional details.
Reg Retry Random Delay	Random delay range (in seconds) to add to <register intvl="" retry=""> when retrying REGISTER after a failure. Minimum and maximum random delay to be added to the short timer. The range is from 0 to 2147483647. Default: 0</register>
Reg Retry Long Random Delay	Random delay range (in seconds) to add to <register intvl="" long="" retry=""> when retrying REGISTER after a failure. Default: 0</register>

Parameter	Description
Reg Retry Intvl Cap	Maximum value of the exponential delay. The maximum value to cap the exponential backoff retry delay (which starts at the Register Retry Intvl and doubles every retry). Defaults to 0, which disables the exponential backoff (that is, the error retry interval is always at the Register Retry Intvl). When this feature is enabled, the Reg Retry Random Delay is added to the exponential backoff delay value. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.
	Default: 0
Sub Min Expires	Sets the lower limit of the REGISTER expires value returned from the Proxy server.
Sub Max Expires	Sets the upper limit of the REGISTER minexpires value returned from the Proxy server in the Min-Expires header. Default: 7200.
Sub Retry Intvl	This value (in seconds) determines the retry interval when the last Subscribe request fails.
	Default: 10.



Note

The phone can use a RETRY-AFTER value when it is received from a SIP proxy server that is too busy to process a request (503 Service Unavailable message). If the response message includes a RETRY-AFTER header, the phone waits for the specified length of time before to REGISTER again. If a RETRY-AFTER header is not present, the phone waits for the value specified in the Reg Retry Interval or the Reg Retry Long Interval.

Configure the Response Status Code Handling

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- Step 2 In the Response Status Code Handling section, set the values as specified in the Response Status Code Handling Paramters, on page 462 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Response Status Code Handling Paramters

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the Response Status Code Handling section under the SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 84: Response Status Code Handling Paramters

Parameter	Description
Try Backup RSC	This parameter may be set to invoke failover upon receiving specified response codes.
	For example, you can enter numeric values 500 or a combination of numeric values plus wild cards if multiple values are possible. For the later, you can use 5?? to represent all SIP Response messages within the 500 range. If you want to use multiple ranges, you can add a comma "," to delimit values of 5?? and 6??
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><try_backup_rsc ua="na"></try_backup_rsc> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
	Default: Blank
Retry Reg RSC	Interval to wait before the phone retries registration after failing during the last registration.
	For example, you can enter numeric values 500 or a combination of numeric values plus wild cards if multiple values are possible. For the later, you can use 5?? to represent all SIP Response messages within the 500 range. If you want to use multiple ranges, you can add a comma "," to delimit values of 5?? and 6??
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><retry_reg_rsc ua="na"></retry_reg_rsc> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
	Default: Blank

Configure NTP Server

You can configure NTP servers with IPv4 and IPv6. You can also configure NTP server with DHCPv4 option 42 or DHCPv6 option 56. Configuring NTP with Primary NTP Server and Secondary NTP server parameters has higher priority over configuring NTP with DHCPv4 option 42 or DHCPv6 option 56.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Systems**.
- Step 2 In the Optional Network Configuration section, set the IPv4 or IPv6 address as described in the NTP Server Parameters, on page 463 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

NTP Server Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of NTP server parameters in the Optional Network Configuration section under the System tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 85: NTP Server Parameters

Parameter	Description
Primary NTP Server	IP address or name of the primary NTP server used to synchronize its time.
	Perform one of the following:
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><primary_ntp_server ua="rw"></primary_ntp_server> • In the phone web page, enter the IP address of the priamry NTP server.</pre>
	Default: Blank

Parameter	Description
Secondary NTP Server	IP address or name of the secondary NTP server used to synchronize its time.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><secondary_ntp_server ua="rw"></secondary_ntp_server> • In the phone web page, enter the IP address of the secondary NTP server.</pre>
	Default: Blank

Configure the RTP Parameters

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- **Step 2** In the **RTP Parameters** section, set the Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) parameter values as described in RTP Parameters, on page 465.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

RTP Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the RTP Parameters section under the SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 86: RTP Parameters

Parameter	Description	
RTP Port Min	Minimum port number for RTP transmission and reception.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><rtp_port_min ua="na">16384</rtp_port_min> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate port number.</pre>	
	Allowed values: 2048 to 49151	
	If the value range (RTP Port Max - RTP Port Min) is less than 16 or you configure the parameter incorrectly, the RTP port range (16382 to 32766) is used instead.	
	Default: 16384	
RTP Port Max	Maximum port number for RTP transmission and reception.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><rtp_port_max ua="na">16482</rtp_port_max> Uather the control of the control</pre>	
	In the phone web page, enter an appropriate port number.	
	Allowed values: 2048 to 49151	
	If the value range (RTP Port Max - RTP Port Min) is less than 16 or you configure the parameter incorrectly, the RTP port range (16382 to 32766) is used instead.	
	Default: 16482	

Parameter	Description
RTP Packet Size	Specifies packet size in seconds.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><rtp_packet_size ua="na">0.02</rtp_packet_size> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value to specify the packet size.</pre>
	Allowed values: Ranges from 0.01 to 0.13. Valid values must be a multiple of 0.01 seconds.
	Default: 0.02
Max RTP ICMP Err	Number of successive ICMP errors allowed when transmitting RTP packets to the peer before the phone terminates the call. If value is set to 0, the phone ignores the limit on ICMP errors.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><max_rtp_icmp_err ua="na">0</max_rtp_icmp_err> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
	Default: 0
RTCP Tx Interval	Interval for sending out RTCP sender reports on an active connection.
	Perform one of the following:
	 In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <rtcp_tx_interval ua="na">5</rtcp_tx_interval> In the phone web page, enter an appropriate
	value.
	Allowed values: 0 to 255 seconds
	Default: 0

Parameter	Description	
Call Statistics	Specifies whether the phone sends end-of-call statistics within SIP messages when a call terminates or is put on hold.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><call_statistics ua="na">No</call_statistics> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.</pre>	
	Allowed values: Yes and No	
	Default: No	
SDP IP Preferences	Select the preferred IP that the phone uses as RTP address.	
	If the phone is in dual-mode and has both ipv4 and ipv6 addresses, it will always include both addresses in SDP by attributes "a=altc	
	If IPv4 address is selected, then ipv4 address has higher priority than ipv6 address in SDP and indicates that phone prefers using ipv4 RTP address.	
	If the phone has only ipv4 address or ipv6 address, SDP does not have ALTC attributes and RTP address is specified in "c=" line.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre></pre>	
	Allowed values: IPv4 and IPv6 Default: IPv4	

Parameter	Description
RTP Before ACK	Allows you to specify whether an RTP session starts before or after an ACK is received from the calling party.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><rtp_before_ack ua="na">No</rtp_before_ack> • In the phone web page select:</pre>
	• Yes: An RTP session doesn't await an ACK, but starts after a 200 OK message is sent.
	• No: An RTP session doesn't start until an ACK is received from the calling party.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No
SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE	Controls whether to reset the Synchronization Source (SSRC) for the new RTP and SRTP sessions.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	• Yes: the phone can avoid the call transfer error, where only one person on the call hears the audio. This occurs on calls of 30 minutes or longer, and often on three-way calls.
	• No: the SSRC still remains during a long duration call. In this case, this error might occur.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Enable SSRC Reset for the New RTP and SRTP Sessions

You can enable the **SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE** to avoid a call transfer error, where only one person on the call hears the audio. This error occurs on calls of 30 minutes or longer, and often on three-way calls.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **SIP**.

Step 2 In the RTP Parameters section, set the parameter SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE to Yes.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file:

<SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE ua="na">Yes

Allowed values: Yes and No.

Default: No

Note If you set the parameter to **No**, the SSRC remains for the new RTP and SRTP sessions (SIP re-INVITEs). The call transfer error might occur during a long duration call.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Control SIP and RTP Behaviour in Dual Mode

You can control SIP and RTP parameters with SIP IP Preference and SDP IP Preference fields when phone is in dual mode.

SIP IP Preference parameter defines which IP address phone tries first when it is in dual mode.

Table 87: SIP IP Preference and IP Mode

IP Mode	SIP IP Preference	Address List from DNS, Priority, Result	Failover Sequence
	Preierence	P1 - First Priority Address	
		P2 - Second Priority Address	
Dual	IPv4	P1- 1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1	1.1.1.1 ->2009:1:1:1:1 ->
Mode		P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2	2.2.2.2 -> 2009:2:2:2:2
		Result : Phone will send the SIP messages to 1.1.1.1 first.	
Dual	IPv6	P1- 1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1	2009:1:1:1:1 ->
Mode		P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2	1.1.1.1 -> 2009:2:2:2:2 ->
		Result : Phone will send the SIP messages to 2009:1:1:1:1 first.	2.2.2.2

IP Mode	SIP IP	Address List from DNS, Priority, Result	Failover Sequence	
Preference		P1 - First Priority Address		
		P2 - Second Priority Address		
Dual	IPv4	P1- 2009:1:1:1::1	2009:1:1:1:1 -> 2.2.2.2 ->	
Mode		P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2	2009:2:2:2:2	
		Result : Phone will send the SIP messages to 2009:1:1:1::1 first.		
Dual	IPv6	P1- 2009:1:1:1::1	2009:1:1:1:1 -> 2009:2:2:2:2	
Mode		P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2	->2.2.2.2	
		Result : Phone will send the SIP messages to 1.1.1.1 first.		
IPv4	IPv4	P1 - 1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1	1.1.1.1 -> 2.2.2.2	
Only or		P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2		
	IPv6	Result : Phone will send the SIP messages to 1.1.1.1 first.		
IPv6 Only	IPv4	P1 - 1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1	2009:1:1:1:1 -> 2009:2:2:2::2	
	or	P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2		
	IPv6	Result : Phone will send the SIP messages to 2009:1:1:1::1 first.		

SDP IP Preference - ALTC helps peers in dual-mode negotiate RTP address family.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- Step 2 In the SIP Parameters section, select IPv4 or IPv6 in the SIP IP Preference field.

For details, see **SDP IP Preference** field in the SIP Parameters, on page 450 table.

Step 3 In the RTP Parameters section, select IPv4 or IPv6 in the SDP IP Preference field.

For details, see **SDP IP Preference** in the RTP Parameters, on page 465 table.

Configure the SDP Payload Types

Your Cisco IP Phone supports RFC4733. You can choose from three audio-video transport (AVT) options to send DTMF pulses to the server.

Configured dynamic payloads are used for outbound calls only when the Cisco IP Phone presents a Session Description Protocol (SDP) offer. For inbound calls with an SDP offer, the phone follows the caller's assigned dynamic payload type.

The Cisco IP Phone uses the configured codec names in outbound SDP. For incoming SDP with standard payload types of 0-95, the phone ignores the codec names. For dynamic payload types, the phone identifies the codec by the configured codec names. The comparison is case-sensitive, so you need to set the name correctly.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). To configure each of the parameters, see the syntax of the string in SDP Payload Types, on page 472.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- **Step 2** In the **SDP Payload Types** section, set the value as specified in SDP Payload Types, on page 472.
 - **AVT Dynamic Payload**—is any nonstandard data. Both sender and receiver must agree on a number. The range is from 96 to 127. The default is 101.
 - AVT 16kHz Dynamic Payload —is any nonstandard data. Both sender and receiver must agree on a number. The range is from 96 to 127. The default is 107.
 - AVT 48kHz Dynamic Payload —is any nonstandard data. Both sender and receiver must agree on a number. The range is from 96 to 127. The default is 108.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

SDP Payload Types

Parameter	Description	
G722.2 Dynamic Payload	G722 Dynamic Payload type.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><try_backup_rsc ua="na"></try_backup_rsc> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>	
	Allowed values:	
	Default: 96	
iLBC Dynamic Payload	iLBC Dynamic Payload type.	
	Default: 97	
iSAC Dynamic Payload	iSAC Dynamic Payload type.	
	Default: 98	
OPUS Dynamic Payload	OPUS Dynamic Payload type.	
	Default: 99	
AVT Dynamic Payload	AVT dynamic payload type. Ranges from 96-127.	
	Default: 101	
INFOREQ Dynamic Payload	INFOREQ Dynamic Payload type.	
H264 BP0 Dynamic Payload	H264 BPO Dynamic Payload type.	
	Default: 110	
H264 HP Dynamic Payload	H264 HP Dynamic Payload type.	
	Default: 110	
G711u Codec Name	G711u codec name used in SDP.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<g711u_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g711u_codec_name 	
	• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.	
	Allowed values:	
	Default: PCMU	

Parameter	Description
G711a Codec Name	G711a codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><g711a_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g711a_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	Default: PCMA
G729a Codec Name	G729a codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><g729a_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g729a_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	Default: G729a
G729b Codec Name	G729b codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><g729b_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g729b_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	Default: G729b

Parameter	Description
G722 Codec Name	G722 codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<g722_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g722_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate
	codec name.
	Allowed values:
	Default: G722
G722.2 Codec Name	G722.2 codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<g722.2_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g722.2_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.
	Allowed values:
	Default: G722.2
iLBC Codec Name	iLBC codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<il>Codec_Name</il>
	ua="na">iLBCIn the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.
	Allowed values:
	Default: iLBC

Parameter	Description
iSAC Codec Name	iSAC codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><isac_codec_name ua="na">isAc</isac_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	Default: iSAC
OPUS Codec Name	OPUS codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><opus_codec_name ua="na">OPUS</opus_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	Default: OPUS
AVT Codec Name	AVT codec name used in SDP.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<a href="mailto:<a href=" mailt<="" mailto:<a="" td="">
	Allowed values:
	Default: telephone-event

Parameter	Description
AVT 16 kHz Dynamic Payload	AVT dynamic payload type for the 16 kHz clock rate.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><avt_16khz_dynamic_payload ua="na">107</avt_16khz_dynamic_payload> • In the phone web page, enter the payload.</pre>
	Range: 96-127
	Default: 107
AVT 48 kHz Dynamic Payload	AVT dynamic payload type for the 48 kHz clock rate.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><avt_48khz_dynamic_payload ua="na">108</avt_48khz_dynamic_payload> • In the phone web page, enter the payload.</pre>
	in the phone web page, enter the payload.
	Range: 96-127
	Default: 108

Configure the SIP Settings for Extensions

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- **Step 2** In the **SIP Settings** section, set the parameter values as described in the Parameters for SIP Settings on Extensions, on page 477 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for SIP Settings on Extensions

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the SIP Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 88: SIP Settings in Extensions

Parameter	Description
SIP Transport	Specifies the transport protocol for SIP messages.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	• UDP
	• TCP
	• TLS
	• AUTO
	AUTO allows the phone to select the appropriate protocol automatically, based on the NAPTR records on the DNS server. See Configure the SIP Transport, on page 230 for more details.
	Default: UDP

Parameter	Description
SIP Port	The phone's port number for SIP message listening and transmission.
	Note Specify the port number here only when you are using UDP as the SIP transport protocol.
	If you are using TCP, the system uses a random port within the range specified in SIP TCP Port Min and SIP TCP Port Max on the Voice > SIP tab.
	If you need to specify a port of SIP proxy server, you can specify it using the Proxy field or the XSI Host Server field.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Default: 5060
SIP 100REL Enable	Individually enables the SIP 100REL feature.
	When enabled, the phone supports the 100REL SIP extension for reliable transmission of provisional responses (18x) and uses the PRACK requests.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Precondition Support	Determines whether the phone includes the precondition tag (defined in RFC 3312) in the Supported header field.
	• Disabled : The phone doesn't include the precondition tag in the Supported header filed. And the phone doesn't return the 183 response when it receives the INVITE request that contains the QoS precondition in the SDP description.
	• Enabled: The phone includes the precondition tag in the Supported header field.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Allowed values: Disabled and Enabled
	Default: Disabled
EXT SIP Port	The external SIP port number.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ext_sip_port_1_ ua="na">5060</ext_sip_port_1_
	• In the phone web page, enter a port number.
	Allowed values:
	Default: 5060

Parameter	Description
Auth Resync-Reboot	The Cisco IP Phone authenticates the sender when it receives a NOTIFY message with the following requests:
	• resync
	• reboot
	• report
	• restart
	• XML-service
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><auth_resync-reboot_1_ ua="na">No</auth_resync-reboot_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
SIP Proxy-Require	The SIP proxy can support a specific extension or behavior when it receives the Proxy-Require header from the user agent. If this field is configured and the proxy does not support it, it responds with the message, unsupported.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Default: Blank
SIP Remote-Party-ID	The Remote-Party-ID header to use instead of the From header. Select Yes to enable.
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Referor Bye Delay	Controls when the phone sends BYE to terminate stale call legs upon completion of call transfers. Multiple delay settings (Referor, Refer Target, Referee, and Refer-To Target) are configured on this screen.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><referor_bye_delay_1_ ua="na">4</referor_bye_delay_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the appropriate period of time in seconds.</pre>
	Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535 Default: 4
Refer-To Target Contact	Indicates the refer-to target.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><refer-to_target_contact_1_ ua="na">No</refer-to_target_contact_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to send the SIP Refer to the contact.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Referee Bye Delay	Specifies the Referee Bye Delay time in seconds.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><referee_bye_delay_1_ ua="na">0</referee_bye_delay_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the appropriate period of time in seconds.</pre>
	Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535 Default: 0

Parameter	Description
Refer Target Bye Delay	Specifies the Refer Target Bye Delay time in seconds.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><refer_target_bye_delay_1_ ua="na">0</refer_target_bye_delay_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the appropriate period of time in seconds.</pre>
	Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535
	Default: 0
Sticky 183	Controls the first 183 SIP response for an outbound INVITE. To enable this feature,
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><sticky_183_1_ ua="na">No</sticky_183_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.</pre>
	When enabled, the IP telephony ignores further 180 SIP responses after receiving the first 183 SIP response for an outbound INVITE.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Auth INVITE	Controls if authorization is required for initial incoming INVITE requests from the SIP proxy. To enable this feature.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	When enabled, authorization is required for initial incoming INVITE requests from the SIP proxy.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Ntfy Refer On 1xx-To-Inv	If set to Yes , as a transferee, the phone will send a NOTIFY with Event:Refer to the transferor for any 1xx response returned by the transfer target, on the transfer call leg.
	If set to No , the phone will only send a NOTIFY for final responses (200 and higher).
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ntfy_refer_on_1xx-to-inv_1_ ua="na">Yes</ntfy_refer_on_1xx-to-inv_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Set G729 annexb	Configure G.729 Annex B settings.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><set_g729_annexb_1_ ua="na">Yes</set_g729_annexb_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	• None
	• No
	• Yes
	• Follow silence supp setting
	Default: Yes
User Equal Phone	When a tel URL is converted to a SIP URL and the phone number is represented by the user portion of the URL, the SIP URL includes the optional: user=phone parameter (RFC3261). For example:
	To: sip:+12325551234@example.com; user=phone
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><user_equal_phone_1_ ua="na">Yes</user_equal_phone_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Call Recording Protocol	Determines the type of recording protocol that the phone uses. Options are:
	• SIPINFO
	• SIPREC
	Perform one of the following:
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><call_recording_protocol_1_< pre=""></call_recording_protocol_1_<></pre>
	ua="na">SIPREC • In the phone web page, select a protocol from
	the list.
	Allowed values: SIPREC SIPINFO
	Default: SIPREC

Parameter	Description
Privacy Header	Sets user privacy in the SIP message in the trusted network.
	The privacy header options are:
	Disabled (default)
	• none—The user requests that a privacy service applies no privacy functions to this SIP message.
	 header—The user needs a privacy service to obscure headers which cannot be purged of identifying information.
	• session—The user requests that a privacy service provide anonymity for the sessions.
	• user—The user requests a privacy level only by intermediaries.
	• id—The user requests that the system substitute an id that doesn't reveal the IP address or host name.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><privacy_header_1_ ua="na">Disabled</privacy_header_1_> • In the phone web page, select an option from the list.</pre>
	Allowed values: Disabled none header session user id
	Default: Disabled
P-Early-Media Support	Controls whether the P-Early-Media header is included in the SIP message for an outgoing call.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><p-early-media_support_1_ ua="na">No</p-early-media_support_1_> • In the phone web interface, to include the P-Early-Media header, select Yes.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Configure the SIP Proxy Server

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- **Step 2** In the **Proxy and Registration** section, set the parameter values as described in the SIP Proxy and Registration for Extension Parameters, on page 487 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

SIP Proxy and Registration for Extension Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the Proxy and Registration section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 89: SIP Proxy and Registration for Extension

Parameter	Description
Proxy	SIP proxy server and port number set by the service provider for all outbound requests. For example: 192.168.2.100:6060.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	<pre><rtp_port_max ua="na">16482</rtp_port_max></pre>
	• In the phone web page, enter SIP proxy server and port number.
	When you need to refer to this proxy in another setting, for example, the speed dial line key configuration, use the \$PROXY macro variable.
	Default: The port number is optional. If you don't specify a port, the default port 5060 is used for UDP, and the default port 5061 is used for TLS.

Parameter	Description
Outbound Proxy	Specifies an IP address or domain name. All outbound requests are sent as the first hop.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<outbound_proxy_1_< td=""></outbound_proxy_1_<>
	ua="na">10.79.78.45
	• In the phone web page, enter an IP address and a domain name.
	Default: Empty
Proxy	These parameters can be configured with an extension that includes a
Outbound Proxy	statically-configured DNS SRV record or DNS A record. This allows for failover and fallback functionality with a secondary proxy server.
For Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST) support	The format for the parameter value is as follows:
	FQDN format: hostname[:port][:SRV=host-list OR :A=ip-list]
	Where:
	• host-list: srv[srv[srv]]
	• STV: hostname[:port][:p=priority][:weight][:A=ip-list]
	• ip-list: ip-addr[,ip-addr[,ip-addr]]
	Default:
	• Priority is 0.
	• Weight is 1.
	Port is 5060 and 5061 for UDP and TLS respectively.

Parameter	Description
Alternate Proxy Alternate Outbound Proxy	This feature provides fast fall back when there is network partition at the Internet or when the primary proxy (or primary outbound proxy) is not responsive or available. The feature works well in a Verizon deployment environment as the alternate proxy is the Integrated Service Router (ISR) with analog outbound phone connection.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	Alternate_Outbound_Proxy_1_" ua="na">10.74.23.44 • In the phone web page, enter the proxy server addresses and port numbers in these fields.
	After the phone is registered to the primary proxy and the alternate proxy (or primary outbound proxy and alternate outbound proxy), the phone always sends out INVITE and Non-INVITE SIP messages (except registration) via the primary proxy. The phone always registers to both the primary and alternate proxies. If there is no response from the primary proxy after timeout (per the SIP RFC spec) for a new INVITE, the phone attempts to connect with the alternate proxy. The phone always tries the primary proxy first, and immediately tries the alternate proxy if the primary is unreachable.
	Active transactions (calls) never fall back between the primary and alternate proxies. If there is fall back for a new INVITE, the subscribe/notify transaction will fall back accordingly so that the phone's state can be maintained properly. You must also set Dual Registration in the Proxy and Registration section to Yes.
	Default: Empty
Use OB Proxy In Dialog	Determines whether to force SIP requests to be sent to the outbound proxy within a dialog.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><use_ob_proxy_in_dialog_1_< pre=""></use_ob_proxy_in_dialog_1_<></pre>
	ua="na">Yes
	 In the phone web page, select Yes or No. The request is ignored if the Use Outbound Proxy field is set to No or if the Outbound Proxy field is empty.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Parameter	Description
Register	Enables periodic registration with the proxy. This parameter is ignored if a proxy is not specified.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><register_1_ ua="na">Yes</register_1_> • In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select Yes.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
Make Call Without Reg	Enables making outbound calls without successful (dynamic) registration by the phone.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><make_call_without_reg_1_ ua="na">No</make_call_without_reg_1_> • In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select Yes. If set to No, the dial tone plays only when registration is successful.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Register Expires	Defines how often the phone renews registration with the proxy. If the proxy responds to a REGISTER with a lower expires value, the phone renews registration based on that lower value instead of the configured value.
	If registration fails with an "Expires too brief" error response, the phone retries with the value specified in the Min-Expires header of the error.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><register_expires_1_ ua="na">3600</register_expires_1_> • In the phone web page, enter a value in seconds to define how often the phone renews registration with the proxy.</pre>
	Valid values: Numeric. The range is from 32 seconds to 2000000 seconds.
	Default: 3600 seconds

Parameter	Description
Ans Call Without Reg	If enabled, the user does not have to be registered with the proxy to answer calls.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><ans_call_without_reg_1_ ua="na">No</ans_call_without_reg_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select Yes .
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
Use DNS SRV	Enables DNS SRV lookup for the proxy and outbound proxy.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><use_dns_srv_1_ ua="na">Yes</use_dns_srv_1_> • In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select Yes.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
DNS SRV Auto Prefix	Enables the phone to automatically append a prefix to the proxy or outbound proxy name when performing a DNS SRV lookup on that name. The prefix to be appended varies with SIP transport protocols.
	• _sipudp. for UDP protocol
	• _siptcp. for TCP protocol
	• _sipstcp. for TLS protocol
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dns_srv_auto_prefix_1_ ua="na">Yes</dns_srv_auto_prefix_1_> • In the phone web page, to enable this feature, select Yes.</pre>
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No
	Default. NO

Parameter	Description
Proxy Fallback Intvl	Sets the delay after which the phone retries from the highest priority proxy (or outbound proxy) after it has failed over to a lower priority server.
	The phone should have the primary and backup proxy server list from a DNS SRV record lookup on the server name. It needs to know the proxy priority; otherwise, it does not retry.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_fallback_intvl_1_ ua="na">3600</proxy_fallback_intvl_1_> • In the phone web page, enter a value in seconds to set the duration in seconds after which the phone retries.</pre>
	Valid values: Numeric. The range is from 0 seconds to 65535 seconds.
	Default: 3600 seconds
Proxy Redundancy Method	The phone creates an internal list of proxies returned in the DNS SRV records.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><proxy_redundancy_method_1_ ua="na">Normal</proxy_redundancy_method_1_></pre>
	• In the phone web page, select Normal and Based on SRV Port.
	If you set to Normal , the list contains proxies ranked by weight and priority.
	If you set to Based on SRV Port , the phone uses normal, then inspects the port number based on the first-listed proxy port.
	Valid values: Normal Based on SRV Port
	Default: Normal
Dual Registration	Controls both the dual registration and the fast fall back feature.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<dual_registration_1_ ua="na">No</dual_registration_1_> • In the phone web page, set to Yes to enable the Dual registration/Fast Fall back feature. To enable the feature you must also configure the alternate proxy/alternate outbound proxy fields in the Proxy and Registration section.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Auto Register When Failover	Controls the fallback duration.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<a href="Auto_Register_1</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>If set to Yes, the fallback happens only when current registration expires, which means only a REGISTER message can trigger fallback.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>For example, when the value for Register Expires is 3600 seconds and Proxy Fallback Intvl is 600 seconds, the fallback is triggered 3600 seconds later and not 600 seconds later. When the value for Register Expires is 600 seconds and Proxy Fallback Intvl is 1000 seconds, the fallback is triggered at 1200 seconds. After successfully registering back to primary server, all the SIP messages go to primary server.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Valid values: Yes and No</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Default: Yes</td></tr><tr><td>TLS Name Validate</td><td>This field works only when SIP Transport is set to TLS for the phone line.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specifies whether hostname verification is required when the phone line uses SIP over TLS. The options are:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><pre><TLS_Name_Validate_1_ ua=" na"="">Yes • In the phone web page, select Yes when hostname verification is required.
	Select No to bypass the hostname verification.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes

Configure the Subscriber Information Parameters

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- Step 2 In the Subscriber Information section, set the parameter values as described in the Subscriber Information Parameters, on page 494 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Subscriber Information Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the RTP Parameters section under the SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 90: Subscriber Information

Parameter	Description
Display Name	Name displayed as the caller ID.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<display_name_1_ ua="na"></display_name_1_>
	• In the phone web page, enter a name that represents the caller ID.
User ID	Extension number for this line.
	When you need to refer to this user ID in another setting, for example, the short name for a line key, use the SUSER macro variable.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><user_id_1_ ua="na">7001</user_id_1_> • In the phone web page, enter an extension number</pre>

Parameter	Description
Password	Password for this line.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre></pre>
	Default: Blank (no password required)
Auth ID	Authentication ID for SIP authentication.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	 • In the phone web page, enter a value for an authentication ID.
	Default: Blank
Reversed Auth Realm	The IP address for an authentication realm other than the proxy IP address.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><reversed_auth_realm_1_ ua="na"> </reversed_auth_realm_1_></pre>
	The parameter for extension 1 appears as defined in the phone configuration file.
	• In the phone web page, enter proxy IP address.
	Default: Blank. The proxy IP address is used as the authentication realm.

Parameter	Description
SIP URI	The parameter by which the user agent will identify itself for this line. If this field is blank, the actual URI used in the SIP signaling should be automatically formed as:
	sip:UserName@Domain
	where UserName is the username given for this line in the User ID, and Domain is the domain given for this profile in the User Agent Domain. If the User Agent Domain is an empty string, then the IP address of the phone should be used for the domain.
	If the URI field is not empty, but if a SIP or SIPS URI contains no @ character, the actual URI used in the SIP signaling should be automatically formed by appending this parameter with an @ character followed by the IP address of the device.

Set Up Your Phone to Use OPUS Codec Narrowband

To improve bandwidth in your network, you can set up your phones to use the narrowband OPUS codec. The narrowband codec won't conflict with the wideband codec.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext** <**n**> where (**n**) is the number of the extension to configure.
- Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, set Use low-bandwidth OPUS to Yes.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

NAT Transversal with Phones

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows multiple devices to share a single, public, routable, IP address to establish connections over the Internet. NAT is present in many broadband access devices to translate public and private IP addresses. For VoIP to coexist with NAT, NAT traversal is required.

Not all service providers provide NAT traversal. If your service provider does not provide NAT traversal, you have several options:

• NAT Mapping with Session Border Controller: We recommend that you choose an service provider that supports NAT mapping through a Session Border Controller. With NAT mapping provided by the service provider, you have more choices in selecting a router.

- NAT Mapping with SIP-ALG Router: NAT mapping can be achieved by using a router that has a SIP Application Layer Gateway (ALG). By using a SIP-ALG router, you have more choices in selecting an service provider.
- NAT Mapping with a Static IP Address: NAT mapping with an external (public) static IP address can
 be acheived to ensure interoperability with the service provider. The NAT mechanism used in the router
 must be symmetric. For more information, see Determine Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT, on page 504.
- Use NAT mapping only if the service provider network does not provide a Session Border Controller functionality. For more information on how to configure NAT mapping with a static IP, see Configure NAT Mapping with the Static IP Address, on page 499.
- NAT Mapping with STUN: If the service provider network does not provide a Session Border Controller functionality and if the other requirements are met, it is possible to use Session Traversal Utilities for NAT (STUN) to discover the NAT mapping. For information on how to configure NAT mapping with STUN, see Configure NAT mapping with STUN, on page 503.

Enable NAT Mapping

You must enable NAT mapping to set NAT parameters.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Ext(n).
- **Step 2** Set up the fields as described in NAT Mapping Parameters, on page 498.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

NAT Mapping Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT Mapping parameters in the NAT Settings section under the Voice>Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 91: NAT Mapping Parameters

Parameter	Description
NAT Mapping Enable	To use externally mapped IP addresses and SIP/RTP ports in SIP messages, select yes. Otherwise, select no.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><nat_mapping_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</nat_mapping_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, set the parameter to Yes.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No
NAT Keep Alive Enable	To send the configured NAT keep alive message periodically, select yes. Otherwise, select no.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><nat_keep_alive_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</nat_keep_alive_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, set the parameter to Yes.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
NAT Keep Alive Msg	Enter the keep alive message that should be sent periodically to maintain the current NAT mapping.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><nat_keep_alive_msg_1_ ua="na">\$NOTIFY</nat_keep_alive_msg_1_> • In the phone web page, set the parameter to \$NOTIFY or to \$REGISTER.</pre>
	If the value is \$NOTIFY, a NOTIFY message is sent. If the value is \$REGISTER, a REGISTER message without contact is sent.
	Allowed values: \$NOTIFY and \$REGISTER.
	Default: \$NOTIFY
NAT Keep Alive Dest	Destination that should receive NAT keep alive messages.
	Perform one of the following:
	 In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <nat_keep_alive_dest_1_ ua="na">\$PROXY</nat_keep_alive_dest_1_> In the phone web page, set the parameter to \$PROXY or specify a proxy server.
	If the value is \$PROXY, the messages are sent to the current or outbound proxy. Allowed values: \$PROXY or a proxy server IP address Default: \$PROXY

Configure NAT Mapping with the Static IP Address

You can configure NAT mapping on the phone to ensure interoperability with the service provider.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- You must have an external (public) IP address that is static.
- The NAT mechanism used in the router must be symmetric.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- Step 2 In the NAT Support Parameters section, set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters, on page 500 table.
- Step 3 Click the Ext(n) tab.
- **Step 4** In the **NAT Settings** section, set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping from Ext Tab with Static IP Parameters table.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

What to do next

Configure the firewall settings on your router to allow SIP traffic.

NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT mapping with Static IP parameters in the NAT Support Parameters section under the Voice>SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 92: NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters

Parameter	Description
Handle VIA	Enables the phone to process the received parameter in the VIA header.
received	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><handle_via_received ua="na">Yes</handle_via_received> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>
	Default: No
Handle VIA rport	Enables the phone to process the rport parameter in the VIA header.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><handle_via_rport ua="na">Yes</handle_via_rport> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
Insert VIA received	Enables to insert the received parameter into the VIA header of SIP responses if the received-from IP and VIA sent-by IP values differ.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><insert_via_received ua="na">Yes</insert_via_received> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>
	Default: No
Insert VIA rport	Enables to insert the rport parameter into the VIA header of SIP responses if the received-from IP and VIA sent-by IP values differ.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><insert_via_rport ua="na">Yes</insert_via_rport> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>
	Default: No
Substitute VIA Addr	Enables the user to use NAT-mapped IP:port values in the VIA header.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><substitute_via_addr ua="na">Yes</substitute_via_addr> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>
	Default: No
Send Resp To Src	Enables to send responses to the request source port instead of the VIA sent-by port.
Port	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><send_resp_to_src_port ua="na">Yes</send_resp_to_src_port> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>
	Default: No

Parameter	Description
NAT Keep Alive	Interval between NAT-mapping keep alive messages.
Intvl	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><nat_keep_alive_intvl ua="na">15</nat_keep_alive_intvl> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</pre>
	Allowed values: Numeric ranges from 0 through 65535
	Default: 15
EXT IP	External IP address to substitute for the actual IP address of phone in all outgoing SIP messages. If 0.0.0.0 is specified, no IP address substitution is performed.
	If this parameter is specified, phone assumes this IP address when generating SIP messages and SDP (if NAT Mapping is enabled for that line).
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<ext_ip ua="na">10.23.31.43</ext_ip>
	In the phone web page, enter an external static IP address.
	Default: Blank

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT mapping with Static IP parameters in the NAT Support Parameters section under the Voice>Ext tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 93: NAT Mapping from Ext Tab

Parameter	Description	
NAT Mapping Enable	Controls the use of externally mapped IP addresses and SIP/ RTP ports in SIP messages.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><nat_mapping_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</nat_mapping_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, set to Yes to use externally mapped IP addresses.</pre>	
	Allowed values: Yes and No.	
	Default: No	

Parameter	Description	
NAT Keep Alive Enable (Optional)	Configured NAT keep alive message periodically. Perform one of the following: • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <nat_keep_alive_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</nat_keep_alive_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, set to Yes to configure periodic NAT keep alive messages.	
	Note The service provider might require the phone to send NAT keep alive messages to keep the NAT ports open. Check with your service provider to determine the requirements. Allowed values: Yes and No. Default: No	

Configure NAT mapping with STUN

If the service provider network does not provide a Session Border Controller functionality and if the other requirements are met, it is possible to use Session Traversal Utilities for NAT (STUN) to discover the NAT mapping. The STUN protocol allows applications operating behind a network address translator (NAT) to discover the presence of the network address translator and to obtain the mapped (public) IP address (NAT addresses) and the port number that the NAT has allocated for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections to remote hosts. The protocol requires assistance from a third-party network server (STUN server) located on the opposing (public) side of the NAT, usually the public Internet. This option is considered a last resort and should be used only if the other methods are not available. To use STUN:

- The router must use asymmetric NAT. See Determine Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT, on page 504.
- A computer running STUN server software is available on the network. You can also use a public STUN server or set up your own STUN server.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > SIP.
- Step 2 In the NAT Support Parameters section, set the Handle VIA received, Insert VIA received, Substitute VIA Addr, Handle VIA rport, Insert VIA rport, and Send Resp To Src Port parameters as described in the NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters, on page 500 table.
- **Step 3** Set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping with STUN Parameters table.
- Step 4 Click the Ext(n) tab.
- **Step 5** In the **NAT Settings** section, set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping from Ext Tab with Static IP Parameters table.

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

What to do next

Configure the firewall settings on your router to allow SIP traffic.

NAT Mapping with STUN Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT mapping with STUN parameters in the NAT Support Parameters section under the Voice>SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 94: NAT Mapping with STUN Parameters

Parameter	Description
STUN Enable	Enables the use of STUN to discover NAT mapping.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><stun_enable ua="na">Yes</stun_enable> • In the phone web page, set to Yes to enable the feature.</pre>
	Allowed values: Yes and No.
	Default: No
STUN Server	IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the STUN server to contact for NAT mapping discovery. You can use a public STUN server or set up your own STUN server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><stun_server ua="na"></stun_server> • In the phone web page, enter an IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the STUN server.</pre>
	Allowed values:
	Default: Blank

Determine Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT

STUN does not work on routers with symmetric NAT. With symmetric NAT, IP addresses are mapped from one internal IP address and port to one external, routable destination IP address and port. If another packet is sent from the same source IP address and port to a different destination, a different IP address and port number

combination is used. This method is restrictive because an external host can send a packet to a particular port on the internal host only if the internal host first sent a packet from that port to the external host.

This procedure assumes that a syslog server is configured and is ready to receive syslog messages.

To Determine Whether the Router Uses Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT:

Before you begin

- Verify that the firewall is not running on your PC. (It can block the syslog port.) By default, the syslog port is 514.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **System** and navigate to **Optional Network Configuration** section.
- **Step 2** Enter the IP address for the **Syslog Server**, if the port number is anything other than the default, 514. It is not necessary to include the port number if it is the default.

The address and port number must be reachable from the Cisco IP phone. The port number appears on the output log file name. The default output file is syslog.514.log (if port number was not specified).

- Step 3 Set the Debug Level to Error, Notice, or Debug.
- Step 4 To capture SIP signaling messages, click the Ext tab and navigate to SIP Settings. Set the SIP Debug Option to Full.
- **Step 5** To collect information about what type of NAT your router uses click the **SIP** tab and navigate to **NAT Support Parameters**.
- Step 6 Click Voice > SIP and navigate to NAT Support Parameters.
- Step 7 Set STUN Test Enable to Yes.
- **Step 8** Determine the type of NAT by viewing the debug messages in the log file. If the messages indicate that the device is using symmetric NAT, you cannot use STUN.
- Step 9 Click Submit All Changes.

Dial Plan

Dial Plan Overview

Dial plans determine how digits are interpreted and transmitted. They also determine whether the dialed number is accepted or rejected. You can use a dial plan to facilitate dialing or to block certain types of calls such as long distance or international.

Use the phone web user interface to configure dial plans on the IP phone.

This section includes information that you must understand about dial plans, and procedures to configure your own dial plans.

The Cisco IP Phone has various levels of dial plans and processes the digits sequence.

When a user presses the speaker button on the phone, the following sequence of events begins:

- 1. The phone begins to collect the dialed digits. The interdigit timer starts to track the time that elapses between digits.
- 2. If the interdigit timer value is reached, or if another terminating event occurs, the phone compares the dialed digits with the IP phone dial plan. This dial plan is configured in the phone web user interface in Voice > Ext(n) under the Dial Plan section.

Digit Sequences

A dial plan contains a series of digit sequences, separated by the | character. The entire collection of sequences is enclosed within parentheses. Each digit sequence within the dial plan consists of a series of elements that are individually matched to the keys that the user presses.

White space is ignored, but can be used for readability.

Digit Sequence	Function
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 * #	Characters that represent a key that the user must press on the phone keypad.
X	Any character on the phone keypad.
[sequence]	Characters within square brackets create a list of accepted key presses. The user can press any one of the keys in the list.
	A numeric range, for example, [2-9] allows a user to press any one digit from 2 through 9.
	A numeric range can include other characters. For example, [35-8*] allows a user to press 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, or *.
. (period)	A period indicates element repetition. The dial plan accepts 0 or more entries of the digit. For example, 01. allows users to enter 0, 01, 011, 0111, and so forth.
<dialed:substituted></dialed:substituted>	This format indicates that certain <i>dialed</i> digits are replaced by the <i>substituted</i> characters when the sequence is transmitted. The <i>dialed</i> digits can be zero to 9. For example:
	<8:1650>xxxxxxx
	When the user presses 8 followed by a seven-digit number, the system automatically replaces the dialed 8 with the sequence 1650. If the user dials 85550112 , the system transmits 16505550112 .
	If the <i>dialed</i> parameter is empty and there is a value in the <i>substituted</i> field, no digits are replaced and the <i>substituted</i> value is always prepended to the transmitted string. For example:
	<:1>xxxxxxxxx
	When the user dials 9725550112 , the number 1 is added at the beginning of the sequence; the system transmits 19725550112 .

Digit Sequence	Function
, (comma)	An intersequence tone played (and placed) between digits plays an outside line dial tone. For example:
	9, 1xxxxxxxxx
	An outside line dial tone plays after the user presses 9. The tone continues until the user presses 1.
! (exclamation point)	Prohibits a dial sequence pattern. For example:
	1900xxxxxxx! Rejects any 11-digit sequence that begins with 1900.
*xx	Allows a user to enter a 2-digit star code.
S0 or L0	For Interdigit Timer Master Override, enter so to reduce the short interdigit timer to 0 seconds, or enter LO to reduce the long interdigit timer to 0 seconds.
P	To pause, enter P, the number of seconds to pause, and a space. This feature is typically used for implementation of a hotline and warm line, with a 0 delay for the hot line, and a nonzero delay for a warm line. For example:
	P5
	A pause of 5 seconds is introduced.

Digit Sequence Examples

The following examples show digit sequences that you can enter in a dial plan.

In a complete dial plan entry, sequences are separated by a pipe character (|), and the entire set of sequences is enclosed within parentheses:

• Extensions on your system:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

[1-8]xx Allows a user to dial any three-digit number that starts with the digits 1 to 8. If your system uses four-digit extensions, enter the following string: [1-8]xxx

• Local dialing with seven-digit number:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]111)
```

9, xxxxxxx After a user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any seven-digit number, as in a local call.

• Local dialing with 3-digit area code and a 7-digit local number:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

- 9, $<:1>[2-9] \times \times \times \times \times \times \times$ This example is useful where a local area code is required. After a user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user must enter a 10-digit number that begins with a digit 2 through
- 9. The system automatically inserts the 1 prefix before it transmits the number to the carrier.
- Local dialing with an automatically inserted 3-digit area code:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

8, <:1212>xxxxxxx This example is useful where a local area code is required by the carrier but most calls go to one area code. After the user presses 8, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any seven-digit number. The system automatically inserts the 1 prefix and the 212 area code before it transmits the number to the carrier.

• U.S. long-distance dialing:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxx After the user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any 11-digit number that starts with 1 and is followed by a digit 2 through 9.

· Blocked number:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

9, 1 900 xxxxxxx! This digit sequence is useful if you want to prevent users from dialing numbers that are associated with high tolls or inappropriate content, such as 1-900 numbers in the U.S. After the user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. If the user enters an 11-digit number that starts with the digits 1900, the call is rejected.

• U.S. international dialing:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

9, 011xxxxx After the user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any number that starts with 011, as in an international call from the U.S.

• Informational numbers:

```
( [1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

0 | [49]11 This example includes two-digit sequences, separated by the pipe character. The first sequence allows a user to dial 0 for an operator. The second sequence allows the user to enter 411 for local information or 911 for emergency services.

Service activation codes:

[*#] xx [*#] Allows the user to dial # codes and * codes to access functions.

• Service activation codes with additional parameters :

#xx+xxxxxxxxx**xxxxxxxxx Allows the user to dial a # code, followed by two 10-digit numbers.

An executive assistant can use this pattern to initiate a call on behalf of an executive. The assistant dials the service activation code for call initiation, followed by the executive's number, then the number that he or she wants to call.

Acceptance and Transmission of the Dialed Digits

When a user dials a series of digits, each sequence in the dial plan is tested as a possible match. The matching sequences form a set of candidate digit sequences. As the user enters more digits, the set of candidates diminishes until only one or none is valid. When a terminating event occurs, the IP PBX either accepts the user-dialed sequence and initiates a call, or else rejects the sequence as invalid. The user hears the reorder (fast busy) tone if the dialed sequence is invalid.

The following table explains how terminating events are processed.

Terminating Event	Processing
Dialed digits have not matched any sequence in the dial plan.	The number is rejected.
Dialed digits exactly match one sequence in the dial plan.	If the dial plan allows the sequence, the number is accepted and is transmitted according to the dial plan.
	If the dial plan blocks the sequence, the number is rejected.
A timeout occurs.	The number is rejected if the dialed digits are not matched to a digit sequence in the dial plan within the time that the applicable interdigit timer specifies.
	The Interdigit Long Timer applies when the dialed digits do not match any digit sequence in the dial plan.
	Default: 10 seconds.
	The Interdigit Short Timer applies when the dialed digits match one or more candidate sequences in the dial plan. Default: 3 seconds.
A user presses the # key or the dial softkey on the IP phone screen.	If the sequence is complete and is allowed by the dial plan, the number is accepted and is transmitted according to the dial plan.
	If the sequence is incomplete or is blocked by the dial plan, the number is rejected.

Dial Plan Timer (Off-Hook Timer)

You can think of the Dial Plan Timer as the off-hook timer. This timer starts when the phone goes off hook. If no digits are dialed within the specified number of seconds, the timer expires and the null entry is evaluated. Unless you have a special dial plan string to allow a null entry, the call is rejected.



Note

The timer before a number is dialed is whichever shorter of the dial plan default timer and the dial tone timer set in the **Dial Tone** field on the **Regional** tab.

Syntax for the Dial Plan Timer

SYNTAX: (Ps<:n> | dial plan)

- s: The number of seconds; The timer before a number is dialed is whichever shorter of the dial plan default timer and the dial tone timer set in the **Dial Tone** field. With the timer set to 0 seconds, the call transmits automatically to the specified extension when the phone goes off hook.
- n: (optional): The number to transmit automatically when the timer expires; you can enter an extension number or a DID number. No wildcard characters are allowed because the number is transmitted as shown. If you omit the number substitution, <:n>, the user hears a reorder (fast busy) tone after the specified number of seconds.

Examples for the Dial Plan Timer



Note

The actual timer before a number is dialed is whichever shorter of the dial plan default timer and the dial tone timer set in the **Dial Tone** field. In the following examples, the dial tone timer is assumed to be longer than the dial plan timer.

Allow more time for users to start dialing after taking a phone off hook:

```
(P9 | (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)
```

P9 means that after taking a phone off hook, a user has 9 seconds to begin dialing. If no digits are pressed within 9 seconds, the user hears a reorder (fast busy) tone. By setting a longer timer, you allow more time for users to enter digits.

To create a hotline for all sequences on the System Dial Plan:

```
(P9<:23> | (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)
```

P9<:23> means that after taking the phone off hook, a user has 9 seconds to begin dialing. If no digits are pressed within 9 seconds, the call is transmitted automatically to extension 23.

To create a hotline on a line button for an extension:

```
(P0 <:1000>)
```

With the timer set to 0 seconds, the call is transmitted automatically to the specified extension when the phone goes off hook. Enter this sequence in the Phone Dial Plan for Ext 2 or higher on a client phone.

Interdigit Long Timer (Incomplete Entry Timer)

You can think of this timer as the incomplete entry timer. This timer measures the interval between dialed digits. It applies as long as the dialed digits do not match any digit sequences in the dial plan. Unless the user enters another digit within the specified number of seconds, the entry is evaluated as incomplete, and the call is rejected. The default value is 10 seconds.

This section explains how to edit a timer as part of a dial plan. Alternatively, you can modify the Control Timer that controls the default interdigit timers for all calls.

Syntax for the Interdigit Long Timer

SYNTAX: L:s, (dial plan)

- s: The number of seconds; if no number is entered after L:, the default timer is 5 seconds. With the timer set to 0 seconds, the call is transmitted automatically to the specified extension when the phone goes off hook.
- Note that the timer sequence appears to the left of the initial parenthesis for the dial plan.

Example for the Interdigit Long Timer

```
L:15, (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)
```

L:15 means that this dial plan allows the user to pause for up to 15 seconds between digits before the Interdigit Long Timer expires. This setting is especially helpful to users such as sales people, who are reading the numbers from business cards and other printed materials while dialing.

Interdigit Short Timer (Complete Entry Timer)

You can think of this timer as the complete entry timer. This timer measures the interval between dialed digits. The timer applies when the dialed digits match at least one digit sequence in the dial plan. Unless the user enters another digit within the specified number of seconds, the entry is evaluated. If the entry is valid, the call proceeds. If the entry is invalid, the call is rejected.

Default: 3 seconds.

Syntax for the Interdigit Short Timer

SYNTAX 1: S:s, (dial plan)

Use this syntax to apply the new setting to the entire dial plan within the parentheses.

SYNTAX 2: sequence Ss

Use this syntax to apply the new setting to a particular dialing sequence.

s: The number of seconds; if no number is entered after S, the default timer of 5 seconds applies.

Examples for the Interdigit Short Timer

To set the timer for the entire dial plan:

```
S:6, (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)
```

S:6 means that while the user enters a number with the phone off hook, the user can pause for up to 15 seconds between digits before the Interdigit Short Timer expires. This setting is especially helpful to users such as sales people, who are reading the numbers from business cards and other printed materials while dialing.

Set an instant timer for a particular sequence within the dial plan:

```
(9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxxxx0 | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)
```

9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxXS0 means that with the timer set to 0, the call is transmitted automatically when the user dials the final digit in the sequence.

Edit the Dial Plan on the IP Phone



Note

You can edit the dial plan in the XML configuration file. Locate the <code>Dial_Plan_n_</code> parameter in the XML configuration file, where n denotes the extension number. Edit the value of this parameter. The value must be specified in the same format as in the **Dial Plan** field on the phone administration web page, described below.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** \geq **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- Step 2 Scroll to the Dial Plan section.
- **Step 3** Enter the digit sequences in the **Dial Plan** field.

The default (US-based) systemwide dial plan appears automatically in the field.

Step 4 You can delete digit sequences, add digit sequences, or replace the entire dial plan with a new dial plan.

Separate each digit sequence with a pipe character, and enclose the entire set of digit sequences within parentheses. Example:

```
(9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)
```

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots.

Step 6 Verify that you can successfully complete a call with each digit sequence that you entered in the dial plan.

Note If you hear a reorder (fast busy) tone, review your entries and modify the dial plan appropriately.

Regional Parameters Configuration

Regional Parameters

In the phone web user interface, use the **Regional** tab to configure regional and local settings, such as control timer values, dictionary server script, language selection, and locale to change localization. The Regional tab includes these sections:

- Call Progress Tones—Displays values of all ringtones.
- Distinctive Ring Patterns—Ring cadence defines the ringing pattern that announces a telephone call.
- Control Timer Values—Displays all values in seconds.
- Vertical Service Activation Codes—Includes Call Back Act Code and Call Back Deact Code.
- Outbound Call Codec Selection Codes—Defines the voice quality.
- Time—Includes local date, local time, time zone, and Daylight Saving Time.
- Language—Includes Dictionary Server Script, Language Selection, and Locale.

Set the Control Timer Values

If you need to edit a timer setting only for a particular digit sequence or type of call, you can edit the dial plan.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Regional**.
- Step 2 Set the Reorder Delay, Interdigit Long Timer, and Interdigit Short Timer parameters as described in the Control Timer Values (sec) table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Parameters for Control Timer Values (sec)

The following table defines the function and usage of Control Timer Values parameters in the Control Timer Values(s) Parameters section under the Voice>Regional tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the

syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 95: Parameters for Control Timer Values (sec)

Parameter	Description
Reorder Delay	Delay after far end hangs up before reorder (busy) tone is played.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><reorder_delay ua="na">255</reorder_delay> • In the phone web page, set a value in seconds ranges from 0-255 secs.</pre>
	0 = plays immediately, inf = never plays. Set to 255 to return the phone immediately to on-hook status and to not play the tone.
	Allowed values: 0–255 seconds
	Default: 255
Interdigit Long Timer	Long timeout between entering digits when dialing. The interdigit timer values are used as defaults when dialing. The Interdigit_Long_Timer is used after any one digit, if all valid matching sequences in the dial plan are incomplete as dialed.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><interdigit_long_timer ua="na">10</interdigit_long_timer> • In the phone web page, set a value in seconds ranges from 0-64 seconds.</pre>
	Allowed values: 0–64 seconds
	Default: 10

Parameter	Description
Interdigit Short Timer	Short timeout between entering digits when dialing. The Interdigit_Short_Timer is used after any one digit, if at least one matching sequence is complete as dialed, but more dialed digits would match other as yet incomplete sequences.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><interdigit_short_timer ua="na">3</interdigit_short_timer> • In the phone web page, set a value in seconds ranges from 0-64 seconds.</pre>
	Allowed values: 0–64 seconds
	Default: 3

Localize Your Cisco IP Phone

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Regional**.
- **Step 2** Configure the values in the fields in the **Time** and **Language** sections.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure Time and Date on Phone Web Page

You can manually set the time and date on the phone web page.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120. Review Time and Date Settings, on page 516.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Regional**.
- **Step 2** In the **Time** section, enter the time and date information.
- **Step 3** Select **Voice** > **User**.

Step 4 In the Supplementary Services, choose 12h or 24hr from the Time Format drop down list.

Default: 12hr

- **Step 5** Choose the date format from the **Date Format** drop down list.
- Step 6 Click Submit All Changes

Configure Time and Date on the Phone

You can set the time and date manually on the phone.

Before you begin

Review the Time and Date Settings, on page 516.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Device administration** > **Date/Time**.
- **Step 3** Select **Set current time manually**.
- **Step 4** Set the date and time in the format requested on the screen:

YYYY MM DD HH MM

- **Step 5** Select the **OK** softkey.
- **Step 6** Select the **Save** softkey.

Time and Date Settings

The Cisco IP Phone obtains the time settings in one of two ways:

• NTP Server— NTP 24-hour time format takes priority over the time you set using the menu options on the phone or web page.

When the phone boots up, it tries to contact the first Network Time Protocol (NTP) server to get and update the time. The phone periodically synchronizes its time with the NTP server, and between updates, it tracks time with its internal clock. The synchronization period is fixed at 64 seconds.

If you manually enter a time, this setting takes effect for now, but on the next NTP synchronization, the NTP time is displayed.

- Manual Setup—You can manually configure the local date and time by using one of the following methods:
 - On the phone web interface
 - On the phone itself

The default format is 12-hour which is overwritten with the 24-hour format as soon as the phone synchronizes with the NTP server.

Table 96: Date and Time Parameters

Parameter	Description
Set Local Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Sets the local date (mm represents the month and dd represents the day). The year is optional and uses two or four digits.
	Default: Blank
Set Local Time (HH/mm)	Sets the local time (hh represents hours and mm represents minutes). Seconds are optional.
	Default: Blank
Time Zone	Selects the number of hours to add to GMT to generate the local time for caller ID generation. Choices are GMT-12:00, GMT-11:00,, GMT, GMT+01:00, GMT+02:00,, GMT+13:00.
	The time of the log messages and status messages are in UTC time and are not affected by the time zone setting.
	Default: GMT-08:00
Time Offset (HH/mm)	This specifies the offset in 24-hour format from GMT to use for the local system time.
	The NTP Server time is expressed in GMT time. The local time is obtained by offsetting the GMT according to the time zone of the region.
	Default: 00/00
Ignore DHCP Time Offset	When used with some routers that have DHCP with time offset values configured, the IP phone uses the router settings and ignores the IP phone time zone and offset settings. To ignore the router DHCP time offset value, and use the local time zone and offset settings, choose yes for this option. If you choose no , the IP phone uses the router's DHCP time offset value.
	Default: Yes.

Parameter	Description
Daylight Saving Time Rule	Enter the rule for calculating daylight saving time. This rule is comprised of three fields. Each field is separated by a semicolon (;). Optional values inside brackets [] are assumed to be 0 if they are not specified. Midnight is represented by colons. For example, 0:0:0 of the given date.
	This is the format of the rule: Start = <start-time>; end=<end-time>; save = <save-time>.</save-time></end-time></start-time>
	The <start-time> and <end-time> values specify the start and end dates and times of daylight saving time. Each value is in this format: <month> /<day> / <weekday>[/HH:[mm[:ss]]]</weekday></day></month></end-time></start-time>
	The <save-time> value is the number of hours, minutes, and/or seconds to add to the current time during daylight saving time. The <save-time> value can be preceded by a negative (-) sign if subtraction is desired instead of addition. The <save-time> value is in this format: [/[+ -]HH:[mm[:ss]]]</save-time></save-time></save-time>
	The <month> value equals any value in the range 1-12 (January-December).</month>
	The <day> value equals [+ -] any value in the range 1-31.</day>
	If <day> is -1, it means the <weekday> on or before the end of the month (in other words the last occurrence of < weekday> in that month).</weekday></day>
Daylight Saving Time Rule (continued)	The <weekday> value equals any value in the range 1-7 (Monday-Sunday). It can also equal 0. If the <weekday> value is 0, this means that the date to start or end daylight saving is exactly the date given. In that case, the <day> value must not be negative. If the <weekday> value is not 0 and the <day> value is positive, then daylight saving starts or ends on the <weekday> value on or after the date given. If the <weekday> value is not 0 and the <day> value is negative, then daylight saving starts or ends on the <weekday> value on or before the date given. Where: • HH stands for hours (0-23). • mm stands for minutes (0-59).</weekday></day></weekday></weekday></day></weekday></day></weekday></weekday>
	• ss stands for seconds (0-59).
	Default: 3/-1/7/2;end=10/-1/7/2;save=1.

Parameter	Description
Daylight Saving Time Enable	Enables Daylight Saving Time.
	Default: Yes
Time Format	Choose the time format for the phone (12-hour or 24-hour).
	Default: 12hr
Date Format	Choose the date format for the phone (month/day or day/month).
	Default: month/day
	In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><!-- Time--></pre>
	<pre>> <time_offsethh_mm ua="na"></time_offsethh_mm> <ignore_dhcp_time_offset ua="na">Yes</ignore_dhcp_time_offset> <daylight_saving_time_rule ua="na">start=3/-1/7/2;end=10/-1/7/2; save=1</daylight_saving_time_rule> <daylight_saving_time_enable ua="na">Yes</daylight_saving_time_enable> <time_format_ua="na">12hr <!-- available options: 12hr 24hr--> <date_format_ua="na">month/day <!-- available options: month/day day/month--></date_format_ua="na"></time_format_ua="na"></pre>

Configure Daylight Saving Time

The phone supports automatic adjustment for daylight saving time.



Note

The time of the log messages and status messages are in UTC time. The time zone setting does not affect them.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Regional.
- Step 2 Set the Daylight Saving Time Enable drop-down list box to Yes.
- **Step 3** In the **Daylight Saving Time Rule** field, enter the DST rule. This value affects the time stamp on the CallerID.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Daylight Saving Time Examples

The following example configures daylight saving time for the U.S, adding one hour starting at midnight on the second Sunday in March and ending at midnight on the first Sunday in November; add 1 hour (USA, North America):

```
start=3/8/7/02:0:0;end=11/1/7/02:0:0;save=1
```

The following example configures daylight saving time for Finland, starting at midnight on the last Sunday in March and ending at midnight on the last Sunday in October:

```
start=3/-1/7/03:0:0;end=10/-1/7/03:0:0;save=1 (Finland)
```

The following example configures daylight saving time for New Zealand (in version 7.5.1 and higher), starting at midnight on the last Sunday in September and ending at midnight on the first Sunday of April.

```
start=9/-1/7/02:0:0;end=4/1/7/02:0:0;save=1 (New Zealand)
```

The following example configures the daylight saving time starting on the last Monday (on or before April 8) and ending on the first Wednesday (on or after May 8).

start=4/-8/1; end=5/8/3; save=1

Phone Display Language

The Cisco IP Phone supports multiple languages for the phone display.

By default, the phone is set up for English. To enable the use of another language, you must set up the dictionary for the language. For some languages, you must also set up the font for the language.

After the setup is complete, you or your users can specify the desired language for the phone display.

Supported Languages for the Phone Display

On the phone administration web page, go to **Admin Login** > **Advanced** > **Voice** > **Regional**. In the **Language** section, click the **Locale** drop-down list box to see the supported languages for the phone display.

- ar-SA (Arabic)
- bg-BG (Bulgarian)
- ca-ES (Catalan)
- cs-CZ (Czech)
- da-DK (Danish)
- de-DE (German)
- el-GR (Greek)
- en-GB (English-Great Britain)
- en-US (English-United States)
- es-CO (Spanish-Colombia)
- es-ES (Spanish-Spain)
- fi-FI (Finnish)
- fr-CA (French-Canada)
- fr-FR (French)
- he-IL (Hebrew)
- hr-HR (Croatian)
- hu-HU (Hungarian)

- it-IT (Italian)
- ja-JP (Japanese)
- ko-KR (Korean)
- nl-NL (Dutch)
- nn-NO (Norwegian)
- pl-PL (Polish)
- pt-PT (Portuguese)
- ru-RU (Russian)
- sk-SK (Slovak)
- sl-SI (Slovenian)
- sv-SE (Swedish)
- tr-TR (Turkish)
- zh-CN (Chinese)
- zh-HK (Chinese-Hong Kong SAR)

Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts

Languages other than English require dictionaries. Some languages also require a font.



Note

To enable Latin and Cyrillic languages, you must not add a font file.

Procedure

Step 1 Download the locale zip file for your firmware version, from cisco.com. Place the file on your server, and unzip the file.

Dictionaries and fonts for all the supported languages are included in the zip file. Dictionaries are XML scripts. Fonts are standard TTF files.

- Step 2 On the phone administration web page, go to Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > Regional. In the Language section, specify the necessary parameters and values in the Dictionary Server Script field as described below. Use a semicolon (;) to separate multiple parameter and value pairs.
 - Specify the location of the dictionary and font files with the serv parameter.

For example: serv=http://server.example.com/Locales/

Make sure to include the IP address of the server, the path, and folder name.

Example: serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/

• For each language that you want to set up, specify a set of parameters as described below.

Note In these parameter specifications, *n* denotes a serial number. This number determines the sequential order in which the language options are displayed in the **Settings** menu of the phone.

0 is reserved for US-English, which has a default dictionary. You can use it optionally, to specify your own dictionary.

Use numbers starting with 1 for other languages.

• Specify the language name with the dn parameter.

Example for language name for Asian language: d1=Chinese-Simplified

Example for language name for German (Latin and Cyrillic): d2=German

Example for language name for French (Latin and Cyrillic): d1=French

Example for language name for French (Canada) (Latin and Cyrillic) language: d1=French-Canada

Example for language name for Hebrew (RTL language): d1=Hebrew

Example for language name for Arabic (RTL language): d1=Arabic

This name is displayed as a language option in the **Settings** menu of the phone.

• Specify the name of the dictionary file with the xn parameter.

Example for Asian language:

```
x1=zh-CN 88xx-11.2.1.1004.xml;
```

Example for French (Latin and Cyrillic) languages:

```
x1=fr-FR_88xx-11.2.1.1004.xml;
```

Example for Arabic (RTL language) language:

```
x1=ar-SA_88xx-11.2.1.1004.xml;
```

Example for French (Canada) language:

```
x1=fr-CA 88xx-11.3.6.0006.xml;
```

Ensure to specify the correct file for the language and phone model that you use.

• If a font is required for the language, specify the name of the font file with the fn parameter.

For example:

```
f1=zh-CN_88xx-11.2.1.1004.ttf;
```

Make sure to specify the correct file for the language and phone model that you use.

See Setup for Latin and Cyrillic Languages, on page 523 for specific details on setting up Latin languages.

See Setup for an Asian Language, on page 524 for specific details on setting up an Asian language.

See Setup for RTL Languages, on page 524 for specific details on setting up RTL languages.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Setup for Latin and Cyrillic Languages

If you use Latin and Cyrillic languages such as French or German, you can configure up to four language options for the phone. List of Latin and Cyrillic languages:

• Bulgarian	• Hungarian
• Catalan	• Italian
• Croatian	• Portuguese
• Czech	(Portugal)
• Danish	 Norwegian
• Dutch	• Polish
• English	• Russian
(UK)	• Slovak
• Finnish	• Slovenian
• French (France)	• Spanish (Columbia)
• French	• Spanish (Spain
(Canada)	• Swedish
• German	• Turkish
• Greek	• Ukraine

To enable the options, set up a dictionary for each language that you want to include. To enable the language, specify a pair of dn and xn parameters and values in the **Dictionary Server Script** field, for each language that you want to include.

Example for including French and German:

```
serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/;d1=French;x1=fr-FR_88xx-11.2.1.1004.xml;
d2=German;x2=de-DE_88xx-11.2.1.1004.xml
```

Example for including French (Canada):

```
serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/;d1=French-Canada;x1=fr-CA_78xx_68xx-11.3.6.0006xml;
serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/;d1=French-Canada;x1=fr-CA_88xx-11.3.6.0006xml;
```



Note

In the above examples http://10.74.128.101/Locales/ is a web folder. The dictionary files are extracted in this web folder and are used in the examples.

To configure this option in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<!-- Language -->
```

Dictionary Server Script u="re">serv=tttp://10.74.10.215/lcdpi/resync files/;dl=French-Caracte;xl=fr-CA 88xx-11.3.6.0006.xnl;

<Language_Selection ua="na">French-Canada</Language_Selection>
<Locale ua="na">fr-CA</Locale>

Add values for:

• Language Selection Parameter as appropriate

For French: French

For French (Canada): French-Canada

For German: German

• Locale parameter list as appropriate

For French: fr-FR

For French (Canada): fr-CA

For German: de-DE

After the successful configuration, the user can see the configured language option on the phone under the **Language** menu. User can access the **Language** menu from **Applications** > **Device administration**.

Setup for an Asian Language

If you use an Asian language such as Chinese, Japanese, or Korean, you can only set up one language option for the phone.

You must set up the dictionary and the font for the language. To do this, specify the d1, x1 and f1 parameters and values in the **Dictionary Server Script** field.

Example for setting up Chinese-Simplified:

Setup for RTL Languages

If you use a Right-to-Left (RTL) language such as Arabic and Hebrew, you can only set up one language option for the phone.

You must set up the dictionary and the font for the language. To do this, specify the d1, x1, and f1 parameters and values in the **Dictionary Server Script** field.

Example for Arabic:

serv=http://server.example.com/Locales;d1=Arabic;x1=ar-SA 88xx-11.3.4.xml;f1=ar-SA 88xx-11.3.4.ttf

Example for Hebrew:

serv=http://server.example.com/Locales;dl=Hebrew;x1=he-IL_88xx-11.3.4.xml;f1=he-IL_88xx-11.3.4.ttf

Values for Language Selection parameter must be Arabic or Hebrew as appropriate.

Values for **Locale** parameter must be **ar-SA** for Arabic and **he-IL** for Hebrew.

Specify a Language for the Phone Display



Note

Your users can select the language on the phone, from **Settings > Device Administration > Language**.

Before you begin

The dictionaries and fonts required for the language are set up. See Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts, on page 521 for details.

Procedure

- Step 1 On the phone administration web page, go to Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > Regional, Language section. In the Language Selection field, specify the value of the appropriate dn parameter value from the Dictionary Server Script field, for the language of your choice.
- Step 2 Click Submit All Changes.

Vertical Service Activation Codes

Parameter	Description
Call Return Code	This code calls the last caller.
	Defaults to *69.
Blind Transfer Code	Begins a blind transfer of the current call to the extension specified after the activation code.
	Defaults to *95.
Cfwd All Act Code	Forwards all calls to the extension specified after the activation code.
	Defaults to *72.
Cfwd All Deact Code	Cancels call forward of all calls.
	Defaults to *73.
Cfwd Busy Act Code	Forwards busy calls to the extension specified after the activation code.
	Defaults to *90.
Cfwd Busy Deact Code	Cancels call forward of busy calls.
	Defaults to *91.

Parameter	Description
Cfwd No Ans Act Code	Forwards no-answer calls to the extension specified after the activation code.
	Defaults to *92.
Cfwd No Ans Deact Code	Cancels call forward of no-answer calls.
	Defaults to *93.
CW Act Code	Enables call waiting on all calls.
	Defaults to *56.
CW Deact Code	Disables call waiting on all calls.
	Defaults to *57.
CW Per Call Act Code	Enables call waiting for the next call.
	Defaults to *71.
CW Per Call Deact Code	Disables call waiting for the next call.
	Defaults to *70.
Block CID Act Code	Blocks caller ID on all outbound calls.
	Defaults to *61.
Block CID Deact Code	Removes caller ID blocking on all outbound calls.
	Defaults to *62.
Block CID Per Call Act Code	Removes caller ID blocking on the next inbound call.
	Defaults to *81.
Block CID Per Call Deact Code	Removes caller ID blocking on the next inbound call.
	Defaults to *82.
Block ANC Act Code	Blocks all anonymous calls.
	Defaults to *77.
Block ANC Deact Code	Removes blocking of all anonymous calls.
	Defaults to *87.
DND Act Code	Enables the do not disturb feature.
	Defaults to *78.
DND Deact Code	Disables the do not disturb feature.
	Defaults to *79.
Secure All Call Act Code	Makes all outbound calls secure.
	Defaults to *16.

Parameter	Description
Secure No Call Act Code	Makes all outbound calls not secure.
	Defaults to *17.
Secure One Call Act Code	Makes a secure call.
	Default: *18.
Secure One Call Deact Code	Disables secure call feature.
	Default: *19.
	The star code used for paging the other clients in the group.
	Defaults to *96.
Call Park Code	The star code used for parking the current call.
	Defaults to *68.
Call Pickup Code	The star code used for picking up a ringing call.
	Defaults to *97.
<u> </u>	The star code used for picking up a call from the call park.
	Defaults to *88.
Group Call Pickup Code	The star code used for picking up a group call.
	Defaults to *98.
	For executive assistants: Initiates a call on behalf of an executive from the user's (assistant's) extension.
	Default: #64
	For executives who have assistants: Activates call filtering. When call filtering is on, assistants receive incoming calls for executives.
	Default: #61
	For executives who have assistants: Deactivates call filtering.
	Default: #62
	For executive assistants: Transfers an ongoing call from the user (assistant) to the executive.
	Default: #63

Parameter	Description
Exec Call Retrieve Code	For executives who have assistants: Transfers an ongoing call from an assistant to the user (executive).
	For executive assistants: Transfers an ongoing call from the executive to the user (assistant).
	Default: *11
Exec Call Bridge Code	For executives who have assistants: Joins the user (executive) to an ongoing call with an assistant.
	For executive assistants: Joins the user (assistant) to an ongoing call with an executive.
	Default: *15
Important If you change any of the service activation of the corresponding settings in BroadWorks.	odes used by executives or assistants, you must update
Referral Services Codes	These codes tell the IP phone what to do when the user places the current call on hold and is listening to the second dial tone.
	One or more *code can be configured into this parameter, such as *98, or *97 *98 *123, and so on. Max total length is 79 chars. This parameter applies when the user places the current call on hold (by Hook Flash) and is listening to second dial tone. Each *code (and the following valid target number according to current dial plan) entered on the second dial-tone triggers the phone to perform a blind transfer to a target number that is prepended by the service *code.
	For example, after the user dials *98, the IP phone plays a special dial tone called the Prompt Tone while waiting for the user the enter a target number (which is checked according to dial plan as in normal dialing). When a complete number is entered, the phone sends a blind REFER to the holding party with the Refer-To target equals to *98 <target_number>. This feature allows the phone to hand off a call to an application server to perform further processing, such as call park. The *codes should not conflict with any of the other</target_number>
	vertical service codes internally processed by the IP phone. You can empty the corresponding *code that you do not want to the phone to process.

Parameter	Description
Feature Dial Services Codes	These codes tell the phone what to do when the user is listening to the first or second dial tone.
	One or more *code can be configured into this parameter, such as *72, or *72 *74 *67 *82, and so forth. The maximum total length is 79 characters. This parameter applies when the user has a dial tone (first or second dial tone). Enter *code (and the following target number according to current dial plan) entered at the dial tone triggers the phone to call the target number prepended by the *code. For example, after user dials *72, the phone plays a prompt tone awaiting the user to enter a valid target number. When a complete number is entered, the phone sends a INVITE to *72 <target_number> as in a normal call. This feature allows the proxy to process features like call forward (*72) or BLock Caller ID (*67).</target_number>
	The *codes should not conflict with any of the other vertical service codes internally processed by the phone. You can empty the corresponding *code that you do not want to the phone to process.
	You can add a parameter to each *code in Features Dial Services Codes to indicate what tone to play after the *code is entered, such as *72'c' *67'p'. Below are a list of allowed tone parameters (note the use of back quotes surrounding the parameter without spaces)
	• c = Cfwd Dial Tone
	• d = Dial Tone
	• m = MWI Dial Tone
	• o = Outside Dial Tone
	• p = Prompt Dial Tone
	• s = Second Dial Tone
	• $x = No$ tones are place, x is any digit not used above
	If no tone parameter is specified, the phone plays Prompt tone by default.
	If the *code is not to be followed by a phone number, such as *73 to cancel call forward, do not include it in this parameter. In that case, simple add that *code in the dial plan and the phone sends INVITE *73@ as usual when user dials *73.

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Documentation

Refer to publications that are specific to your language and phone model, and phone firmware release. Navigate from the following documentation URL:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/ip-phone-8800-series-multiplatform-firmware/tsd-products-support-series-home.html



PART IV

Troubleshooting

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Troubleshooting

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Feature Troubleshooting

Here is troubleshooting information related to some of the phone features.

ACD Call Information Missing

Problem

A call center phone does not see call information during a call.

Solution

- Check the phone configuration to determine if **Call Information Enable** is set to yes.
- Check the Broadsoft server configuration to determine if the user's Device Profile is configured with "Support Call Center MIME Type".

Phone Doesn't Show ACD Softkeys

Problem

The phone doesn't display the Agent Sign In or Agent Sign Out softkeys.

Solution

- Check Broadsoft server configuration to determine if that user has been configured as a call center agent.
- Enable the programmable softkeys (PSK) and add the ACD softkeys to the softkey list. For more information, see Customize Display of the Softkeys, on page 347.
- Check the phone configuration to determine if **BroadSoft ACD** is set to yes.

Phone Doesn't Show ACD Agent Availability

Problem

The phone doesn't display the Avail or Unavail softkeys for an agent.

Solution

- 1. Check Broadsoft server configuration to determine if that user has been configured as a call center agent.
- 2. Check the phone configuration to determine if **BroadSoft ACD** is set to yes.
- **3.** Set up the **Agt Status** programmable softkey (PSK) and add the ACD softkey to the softkey list. For more information, see Customize Display of the Softkeys, on page 347.
- **4.** Instruct users to press the **Agt Status** key to display the **Available**, **Unavailable**, and **Wrap-up** possible states.
- **5.** Select the desired agent state.

Call Doesn't Record

Problem

When a user tries to record a call, the recording doesn't takes place.

Cause

This is often due to configuration issues.

Solution

- 1. Set the phone to always record a call.
- 2. Make a call.

If the recording doesn't start, there are configuration problems. Check the configuration of the BroadWorks and third-party recorder.

If the recording does start:

- 1. Set the phone to record on demand.
- **2.** Set up Wireshark to capture a trace of the network traffic between the phone and Broadworks when the problem occurs. When you have the trace, contact TAC for further assistance.

An Emergency Call Doesn't Connect to Emergency Services

Problem

A user tries to place an emergency call, but the call doesn't connect to the emergency services (fire, police, or emergency services operator).

Solution

Check the emergency call configuration:

- Company Identifier or location request URL setup is incorrect. See Configure a Phone to Make Emergency Calls, on page 341.
- An incorrect or blank emergency number exists in the Dial Plan setup. See Edit the Dial Plan on the IP Phone, on page 512.

The location request servers (emergency call service provider) did not respond with a phone location, after multiple attempts.

Presence Status Doesn't Work

Problem

The phone doesn't show presence information.

Solution

Use UC Communicator as a reference to verify that the account works.

Phone Presence Message: Disconnected from Server

Problem

Instead of presence information, the user sees the message Disconnected from server.

Solution

• Check the Broadsoft server configuration to determine if IM&P service is enabled and assigned to that user.

- Check the phone configuration to determine if the phone can connect to the internet and get the XMPP messages.
- Check the XMPP Incoming and Outgoing messages printed in the syslog to make sure it can login successfully.

Phone Cannot Access BroadSoft Directory for XSI

Problem

The phone displays XSI directory access error.

Solution

- 1. Check Broadsoft server configuration for the user login and SIP credentials.
- 2. Check error messages in syslog.
- **3.** Check information on the error on the phone screen.
- 4. If HTTPS connection fails, check the error message on the phone screen and in the syslog.
- **5.** Install custom CA for HTTPS connection if the BroadSoft certificate is not signed from phone built-in root CA.

Executive or Assistant Menu Does Not Appear

Problem

The **Settings** > **Executive** or **Settings** > **Assistant** menu item doesn't appear on an executive's or assistant's phone respectively.

Solution

- Ensure that synchronization of settings is enabled for the user's extension. See Executive-Assistant Setting Synchronization, on page 256.
- Check if the phone has executives or assistants, or both configured on different extensions.

Phone Doesn't Show Contacts

Problem

The phone doesn't display any contacts in the **All directories** screen when **Search All Enable** and **Browse Mode Enable** are set to **Yes**.

Solution

- 1. Check that the personal address book is enabled in the phone.
- 2. Check that there are contacts in the local personal address book and the Bluetooth-paired phone.

SIP Subscription Failure Message

Problem

Subscription failure message displays on the phone screen.

Solution

• Ensure that the sub parameter is correct. The sub parameter needs a correct SIP URI.

For example, the following string has an incomplete URI because the domain part is missing:

```
fnc=mwi; sub=4085283300; vid=1;
```

• Check if the voicemail PLK monitors a voicemail account that is different from the associated extension's user ID and the SIP proxy. If the associated extension's SIP proxy doesn't support this scenario, the subscription will fail.

For example, for extension1, the user ID is 4081009981. The PLK doesn't monitor 4081009981 but it monitors 4085283300 (a hunt group number or an ACD group number) although the PLK is associated with extension 1. In this case, the monitored voicemail user 4085283300 is different from the PLK's associated user 4081009981. If the SIP proxy of extension 1 doesn't support this scenario, the subscription will fail.

Number of Voicemail Messages Doesn't Display

Problem

The phone doesn't display the number of voicemail messages in the voicemail PLK.

Solution 1

Ensure there are new messages in the monitored voicemail account.

Solution 2

Ensure the SIP proxy sends message-summary events to the phone.

In the phone's Problem Report Tool (PRT) report, check if the SIP proxy sends a message-summary event to the phone.

Find the NOTIFY message containing an message-summary event from the phone logs. If it is not found, the SIP proxy doesn't send any message-summary event.

An example of a message-summary event:

```
6581 NOT May 20 19:54:04.162830 (31949:32029) voice- <===== Recv (UDP) [10.74.53.87]:5060 SIP MSG:: NOTIFY sip:4081009981@10.74.53.82:5065 SIP/2.0

Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 10.74.53.87:5060;branch=z9hG4bK-25824-1-2

From: "80000"<sip:8000@voicemail.sipurash.com>;tag=65737593823-1

To: <sip:4081009981@10.74.53.87>;tag=3855fbedd30b2464

Call-ID: 745bbebd-c35bc038@10.74.53.82
```

```
CSeq: 1001 NOTIFY

Max-Forwards: 20

Event: message-summary

Subscription-state: active; expires=3599

User-Agent: UMSIPVoicemail

Content-Length: 213

Content-Type: application/simple-message-summary

Messages-Waiting: yes

Message-Account: 4085283300@10.74.53.87

Voice-Message: 5/5 (2/3)

Fax-Message: 0/0 (0/0)

Pager-Message: 0/0 (0/0)

Multimedia-Message: 0/0 (0/0)

Text-Message: 0/0 (0/0)
```

Unable to Place a Call with Speed Dial for Voicemail Messages

Problem

None: 0/0 (0/0)

The phone is unable to place a call to the specified speed-dial number.

Solution

• Ensure that the sd parameter is included in the extension function script.

For example, the sd parameter is missing in this script: fnc=mwi;sub=4085283300@\$PROXY;vid=1;ext=3000;

• Ensure that the ext parameter is set .

For example, the ext parameter is not set in this function script: fnc=mwi+sd;sub=4085283300@\$PROXY;vid=1;

Failed to Sign Into a Voicemail Account

Problem

After the user press a voicemail PLK, the user cannot sign into the voicemail account automatically.

Solution

• Access the voicemail server's Interactive Voice Response (IVR) and determine the proper delay for the voicemail ID and PIN input. Insert or delete one or more commas if needed.

For example, the delay between the voicemail user ID and the PIN is too short:

fnc=mwi+sd;sub=4085283300@\$PROXY;vid=1;ext=3000 ,3300#,123456#;

• Ensure that there is a space between the speed dial number and the DTMFs (containing the voicemail user ID and PIN).

For example, there is no space after "3000" in the string:
fnc=mwi+sd; sub=4085283300@\$PROXY; vid=1; ext=3000, 3300#, 123456#;

• Check if the monitored voicemail user ID is the same with the PLK's associated extension's user ID. If not, the voicemail server may take the caller ID (the associated extension's user ID) as the voicemail user ID. The voicemail server doesn't ask for the PIN only, it may ask for a star key (*) to switch the voicemail user.

For example:

Scenario:

Extension 1 User ID is "4081009981".

PLK function script is as follows:

fnc=mwi+sd;sub=4085283300@\$PROXY;vid=1;ext=3000 ,3300#,123456#;

Result:

In this case, insert a star key (*) in the PLK function script, as shown below:

fnc=mwi+sd;sub=4085283300@\$PROXY;vid=1;ext=3000 ,*,3300#,123456#;

Voicemail PLK Options Don't Display on the Phone

Problem

After you press and hold the voicemail PLK for 2 seconds, the **MWI** or **MWI** + **Speed dial**, or both options don't display in the **Select feature** screen.

Solution

Ensure that mwi; or mwi; sd; is added to the **Customizable PLK Options** field under the **General** section from **Voice** > **Att Console**.

Phone Failed to Upload the PRT Logs to the Remote Server

Problem

When you tried to generate the Problem Report Tool (PRT) logs on the phone, the generation of the PRT logs succeeded. However, the phone failed to upload the PRT logs to the remote server. The phone screen showed the Error: 109 or Report Problem together with an unavailable URL of a compressed file (for example, tar.gz).

Solution

Ensure that the web server is enabled on the phone, see Configure the Network from the Phone, on page 421.

The Error: 109 indicates that the PRT upload rule is incorrect.

The Report problem indicates that the PRT upload rule is empty.

To resolve the issue, you must enter a correct PRT upload rule on the phone administration web page.

Saved Passwords Become Invalid after Downgrade

Problem

You update certain passwords on a phone that uses Firmware Release 11.3(6) or later, and then downgrade the phone to Firmware Release 11.3(5) or older. In this scenario, the updated or saved passwords become invalid after the downgrade.

On the phone with Firmware Release 11.3(6) or later, even though you change the password back to the original one, this issue still occurs after the downgrade.

Solution

For the Firmware Release 11.3(6) or later, if you update the passwords, you must reconfigure the passwords to avoid the downgrade issue. If not, this issue doesn't occur after the downgrade.

The following table shows the passwords that are affected by the downgrade issue:

Table 97: Password List

Category	Password Type
System Configuration	User Password
	Admin Password
Wi-Fi Profile (1-4)	Wi-Fi Password
	WEP Key
	PSK Passphrase
XSI Phone Service	Login Password
	SIP Password
Broadsoft XMPP	Password
XML Service	XML Password
LDAP	Password
Call Feature Settings	Auth Page Password
Subscriber Information	Password
XSI Line Service	Login Password

Category	Password Type
TR-069	ACS Password
	Connection Request Password
	BACKUP ACS Password

Failed to Onboard the Phone to Webex

Problem

A phone onboards with the EDOS device activation that uses phone MAC address, and it onboards to the Webex cloud. An administrator deletes the phone user from an organization in Webex Control Hub and then assigns the phone to another user. In this scenario, the phone fails to onboard to the Webex cloud even though it can connect to Webex Calling service. Specifically, the status of the phone in Control Hub is shown as "Offline".

Solution

Manually perform a factory reset on the phone after a user is deleted in Control Hub. For more information about how to perform a factory reset, see one of the following topics for details:

- Factory Reset the Phone with the Keypad, on page 558
- Perform Factory Reset from Phone Menu, on page 559
- Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page, on page 559

Phone Display Problems

Your users may see unusual screen displays. Use the following sections to troubleshoot the problem.

Phone Displays Irregular Fonts

Problem

The phone screen has smaller fonts than expected or there are unusual characters displayed. Examples of unusual characters are letters from a different alphabet from the characters that the locale uses.

Cause

Possible causes are:

- TFTP server does not have the correct set of locale and font files
- XML files or other files are specified as a font file
- The font and locale files did not download successfully.

Solution

- Font files and locale files must be in the same directory.
- Do not add or change files in the locale and font folder structure.
- On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Info > Status and scroll to the Locale
 Download Package section to verify that the locale and font files downloaded successfully. If they did
 not, try the download again.

Phone Screen Displays Boxes Instead of Asian Characters

Problem

The phone is set for an Asian language, but the phone shows square boxes instead of Asian characters.

Cause

Possible causes are:

- TFTP server does not have the correct set of locale and font files.
- The font and locale files did not download successfully.

Solution

- Font files and locale files must be in the same directory.
- On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Info > Status and scroll to the Locale
 Download Package section to verify that the locale and font files downloaded successfully. If they did
 not, try the download again.

Report All Phone Issues from Phone Web Page

If you are working with Cisco TAC to troubleshoot a problem, they typically require the logs from the Problem Reporting Tool to help resolve the issue. You can generate PRT logs using the phone web page and upload them to a remote log server.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Info > Debug Info.
- Step 2 In the Problem Reports section, click Generate PRT.
- **Step 3** Enter the following information in the **Report Problem** screen:
 - a) Enter the date that you experienced the problem in the **Date** field. The current date appears in this field by default.

- b) Enter the time that you experienced the problem in the **Time** field. The current time appears in this field by default.
- In the Select Problem drop-down list box, choose the description of the problem from the available options.
- **Step 4** Click **Submit** in the **Report Problem** screen.

The Submit button is enabled only if you select a value in the **Select Problem** drop-down list box.

You get a notification alert on the Phone Web page that indicates if the PRT upload was successful or not.

Report Phone Issues from Webex Control Hub

You can issue a phone problem report remotely from the Webex Control Hub, after the phone successfully onboards to Webex cloud.

Before you begin

- Access the customer view in https://admin.webex.com/.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Problem Report Tool is configured successfully. URL specified in the **PRT Upload Rule** field is valid. See, Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 214.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Webex Control Hub, generate the problem report of a phone.

For more information, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.

- **Step 2** (Optional) Check the PRT generation status in any of the following ways:
 - Access the phone administration web page, select **Info** > **Status** > **PRT Status**. The **PRT Generation Status** shows that the *Control Hub triggered PRT generation* is successful and the **PRT Upload Status** shows that the uplaod is successful.
 - On the phone, select **Applications** > **Status** > **Last problem report info**. The screen displays the report status is uploaded. The report generation time, the report upload time, and the PRT file name have the same value as shown in the phone administration web page.
 - When you do not generate a PRT or you factory reset the phone, then **Last problem report info** doesn't appear.
 - Access the Webex Control Hub Help Desk and check the values of PRT generation. The values are identical with the values shown on the phone and on the phone administration web page.

Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page

You can factory reset the phone from the phone web page. The reset only happens if the phone is idle. If the phone is not idle, the phone web page shows a message that the phone is busy and that you need to try again.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Info > Debug Info**.
- Step 2 In the Factory Reset section, click Factory Reset.
- Step 3 Click Confirm factory reset.

Reboot the Phone from the Phone Web Page

You can reboot the phone from the phone web page for changes to take effect.

Procedure

Enter the URL in a supported web browser.

You can enter URL in the format:

http://<Phone IP>/admin/reboot

where:

Phone IP = actual or VPN IP address of your phone.

/admin = path to access admin page of your phone.

reboot = command that you need to enter in the phone web page to reboot your phone.

After you enter the URL in the web browser, the phone reboots immediately.

Reboot the Phone from the Webex Control Hub

You can reboot the phone from the Webex Control Hub remotely, after the phone successfully onboards to Webex cloud. You can only reboot a phone that is in idle state. If it's in use, such as in a call, the phone doesn't reboot.

Before you begin

- Access the customer view in https://admin.webex.com/.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 From the Webex Control Hub, reboot a phone.

For more information, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.

- **Step 2** (Optional) You can check the reboot reason from any of the following ways after the phone reboots successfully:
 - Access the phone administration web page, select Info > Status > Reboot History. The reboot reason shows as cloud triggered.
 - On the phone, select **Applications** > **Status** > **Reboot history**. The **Reboot history** screen shows that the reboot is cloud triggered.

Report a Phone Problem Remotely

You can initiate a phone problem report remotely. The phone generates a problem report using the Cisco Problem Report Tool (PRT), with the problem description "Remote PRT Trigger". If you have configured an upload rule for problem reports, the phone uploads the problem report according to the upload rule.

You can see the status of the problem report generation and upload on the phone administration web page. When a problem report is successfully generated, you can download the problem report from the phone administration web page.

Procedure

To initiate a phone problem report remotely, initiate a SIP-NOTIFY message from the server to the phone, with the Event specified as prt-gen.

Capture Packets

For troubleshooting purposes you may need to gather a packet capture from an IP Phone.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Info > Debug Info**.
- Step 2 In the Problem Report Tool section, click the Start Packet Capture button in the Packet Capture field.
- Step 3 Choose All to capture all packets that the phone receives and select **Host IP Address** to capture packets only when source or destination is the IP address of the phone.
- **Step 4** Make phone calls to and from the selected phone.
- **Step 5** When you want to stop the packet capture, click **Stop Packet Capture**.
- Step 6 Click Submit.

You see a file in the Capture File field. This file contains the filtered packets.

Voice Quality Troubleshooting Tips

When you observe significant and persistent changes to metrics, use the following table for general troubleshooting information.

Table 98: Changes to Voice Quality Metrics

Metric Change	Condition
Conceal Ratio and Conceal Seconds increase significantly	Network impairment from packet loss or high jitter.
Conceal Ratio is near or at zero, but the voice quality is poor.	Noise or distortion in the audio channel such as echo or audio levels.
	Tandem calls that undergo multiple encode/decode such as calls to a cellular network or calling card network.
	 Acoustic problems coming from a speakerphone, handsfree cellular phone or wireless headset.
	Check packet transmit (TxCnt) and packet receive (RxCnt) counters to verify that voice packets are flowing.
MOS LQK scores decrease significantly	Network impairment from packet loss or high jitter levels:
	 Average MOS LQK decreases may indicate widespread and uniform impairment. Individual MOS LQK decreases may indicate bursty impairment.
	Cross-check the conceal ratio and conceal seconds for evidence of packet loss and jitter.

Metric Change	Condition
MOS LQK scores increase significantly	 Check to see if the phone is using a different codec than expected (RxType and TxType). Check to see if the MOS LQK version changed after a firmware upgrade.



Note

Voice quality metrics do not account for noise or distortion, only frame loss.

Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion

Anything that degrades network performance can affect Cisco IP Phone audio and video quality, and in some cases, can cause a call to drop. Sources of network degradation can include, but are not limited to, the following activities:

- · Administrative tasks, such as an internal port scan or security scan
- Attacks that occur on your network, such as a Denial of Service attack

To reduce or eliminate any adverse effects to the phones, schedule administrative network tasks during a time when the phones are not being used or exclude the phones from testing.

Where to Find Additional Information

If you have additional questions about troubleshooting your phone, see the *Cisco IP Phone 6800*, 7800, and 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones Troubleshooting FAQ in the the following Cisco website:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/ip-phone-8800-series-multiplatform-firmware/products-tech-notes-list.html

Where to Find Additional Information

Monitoring Phone Systems

- Monitoring Phone Systems Overview, on page 549
- Cisco IP Phone Status, on page 549
- Reboot Reasons, on page 555

Monitoring Phone Systems Overview

You can view a variety of information about the phone using the phone status menu on the phone and the phone web pages. This information includes:

- Device information
- Network setup information
- Network statistics
- Device logs
- Streaming statistics

This chapter describes the information that you can obtain from the phone web page. You can use this information to remotely monitor the operation of a phone and to assist with troubleshooting.

Cisco IP Phone Status

The following sections describes how to view model information, status messages, and network statistics on the Cisco IP Phone.

- Model Information: Displays hardware and software information about the phone.
- Status menu: Provides access to screens that display the status messages, network statistics, and statistics for the current call.

You can use the information that displays on these screens to monitor the operation of a phone and to assist with troubleshooting.

You can also obtain much of this information, and obtain other related information, remotely through the phone web page.

Display the Phone Information Window

Procedure

Step 1 Press Applications

Step 2 Select **Status** > **Product information**.

If the user is connected to a secure or authenticated server, a corresponding icon (lock or certificate) displays in the Phone Information Screen to the right of the server option. If the user is not connected to a secure or authenticated server, no icon appears.

The **Product information** screen might show the following information:

- · Product name
- · Serial number
- · MAC address
- · Software version
- Configuration version

The information displays only when it has been configured in the configuration file (cfg.xml).

- · Hardware version
- VID (version ID)
- Certificate
- Customization

Step 3 To exit the Model Information screen, press 5.

View Phone Information

Procedure

To check the current status of the Cisco IP Phone, click the **Info** tab.

The Info tab shows information about all phone extensions, including phone statistics and the registration status.

View the Phone Status

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Status** > **Phone status** > **Phone status**.

You can view the following information:

- Elapsed time—Total time elapsed since the last reboot of the system
- Tx (Packets)—Transmitted packets from the phone.
- Rx (Packets)—Received packets from the phone.

View the Status Messages on the Phone

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select Status > Status messages.

You can view a log of the various phone statuses since provisioning was last done.

Note Status messages reflect UTC time and are not affected by the timezone settings on the phone.

Step 3 Press Back 5.

View Download Status

You can view the download status from the phone web page when your user has difficulties with phone registration.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Info > Download Status**.
- Step 2 View the firmware upgrade, provisioning, and custom CA status details as described in the Firmware Upgrade Status, Provisioning Status, Custom CA Status, and Screen Status.

Step 3 View the Manufacture Installed Certificate (MIC) renewal status details in the MIC Cert Refresh Status section.

Determine the IP Address of the Phone

A DHCP server assigns the IP address, so the phone must be booted up and connected to the subnetwork.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- Step 1 Select Info > Status.
- **Step 2** Scroll to **IPv4 Information**. Current IP displays the IP address.
- **Step 3** Scroll to **IPv6 Information**. Current IP displays the IP address.

View the Network Status

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Status** > **Network status**.

You can view the following information:

- Network type—Indicates the type of Local Area Network (LAN) connection that the phone uses.
- Network status—Indicates if the phone is connected to a network.
- **IPv4 status**—IP address of the phone. You can see information on IP address, Addressing type, IP status, Subnet mask, Default router, Domain Name Server (DNS) 1, DNS 2 of the phone.
- **IPv6** status —IP address of the phone. You can see information on IP address, Addressing type, IP status, Subnet mask, Default router, Domain Name Server (DNS) 1, DNS 2 of the phone.
- **VLAN ID**—VLAN ID of the phone.
- MAC address—Unique Media Access Control (MAC) address of the phone.
- **Host name**—Displays the current host name assigned to the phone.
- **Domain**—Displays the network domain name of the phone. Default: cisco.com
- Switch port link—Status of the switch port.
- **Switch port config**—Indicates speed and duplex of the network port.

- PC port config—Indicates speed and duplex of the PC port.
- PC port link—Indicates speed and duplex of the PC port.

Voice Quality Monitoring

To measure the voice quality of calls that are sent and received within the network, Cisco IP Phones use these statistical metrics that are based on concealment events. The DSP plays concealment frames to mask frame loss in the voice packet stream.

- Concealment Ratio metrics—Show the ratio of concealment frames over total speech frames. An interval conceal ratio is calculated every 3 seconds.
- Concealed Second metrics—Show the number of seconds in which the DSP plays concealment frames
 due to lost frames. A severely "concealed second" is a second in which the DSP plays more than five
 percent concealment frames.



Note

Concealment ratio and concealment seconds are primary measurements based on frame loss. A Conceal Ratio of zero indicates that the IP network is delivering frames and packets on time with no loss.

You can access voice quality metrics from the Cisco IP Phone using the Call Statistics screen or remotely by using Streaming Statistics.

Display Call Statistics Screen

You can access the **Call statistics** menu on the phone to display detailed information of the recent calls. For example, call type, caller name, caller number.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Status** > **Phone status** > **Call statistics**.
- Step 3 To exit the Status menu, press Back 5.

Call Statistics Fields

The following table describes the items on the Call Statistics screen.

Table 99: Call Statistics Items for the Cisco IP Phone

Item	Description
Call type	An outbound or inbound call.

Item	Description
Peer name	The name of the person who made or answered the call.
Peer phone	The phone number of the person who made or answered the call.
Encode codec	The method used to compress the outgoing audio.
Decode codec	The method used to decompress the incoming audio.
Call time	The time a call was made or answered.
Call ID	An identifier of the caller.

View the Customization State in the Configuration Utility

After the RC download from the EDOS server completes, you can view the customization state of a phone using the web interface.

Here are the descriptions of the remote customization states:

- Open—The phone has booted for the first time and is not configured.
- Aborted—Remote customization is aborted due to other Provisioning like DHCP options.
- Pending—The profile has been downloaded from the EDOS server.
- Custom-Pending—The phone has downloaded a redirect URL from the EDOS server.
- Acquired—In the profile downloaded from the EDOS server, there is a redirect URL for provision configuration. If the redirect URL download from the provisioning server is successful, this state is displayed.
- Unavailable—Remote customization has stopped because the EDOS server responded with an empty provisioning file and the HTTP response was 200 OK.

Procedure

- **Step 1** On the Phone Web page, select **Admin Login** > **Info** > **Status**.
- Step 2 In the **Product Information** section, you can view the customization state of the phone in the **Customization** field.

If any provisioning is failing, you can view the details in the **Provisioning Status** section on the same page.

Reboot Reasons

The phone stores the most recent five reasons that the phone was refreshed or rebooted. When the phone is reset to factory defaults, this information is deleted.

The following table describes the reboot and refresh reasons for the Cisco IP Phone.

Reason	Description
Upgrade	The reboot was a result of an upgrade operation (regardless whether the upgrade completed or failed).
Provisioning	The reboot was the result of changes made to parameter values by using the IP phone screen or phone web user interface, or as a result of synchronization.
SIP Triggered	The reboot was triggered by a SIP request.
RC	The reboot was triggered as a result of remote customization.
User Triggered	The user manually triggered a cold reboot.
IP Changed	The reboot was triggered after the phone IP address changed.

You can view the reboot history as follows:

- From the phone web user interface
- From the IP phone screen
- From the phone Status Dump file (http://phoneIP/status.xml or http://phoneIP/admin/status.xml)

Reboot History on the Phone Web User Interface

On the **Info** > **System Status** page, the **Reboot History** section displays the device reboot history, the five most recent reboot dates and times, and a reason for the reboot. Each field displays the reason for the reboot and a time stamp that indicates when the reboot took place.

For example:

```
Reboot Reason 1: [08/13/14 06:12:38] User Triggered Reboot Reason 2: [08/10/14 10:30:10] Provisioning Reboot Reason 3: [08/10/14 10:28:20] Upgrade
```

The reboot history displays in reverse chronological order; the reason for the most recent reboot displays in **Reboot Reason 1**.

Reboot History on the Cisco IP Phone Screen

Reboot History is located under **Apps** > **Admin Settings** > **Status** menu. In the Reboot History window, the reboot entries displays in reverse chronological order, similar to the sequence that displays on the phone web user interface.

Reboot History in the Status Dump File

The reboot history is stored in the Status Dump file (http://<phone_IP_address>/admin/status.xml).

In this file, tags **Reboot_Reason_1** to **Reboot_Reason_3** store the reboot history, as shown in this example:

```
<Reboot_History>
<Reboot_Reason_1>[08/10/14 14:03:43]Provisioning</Reboot_Reason_1>
<Reboot_Reason_2>[08/10/14 13:58:15]Provisioning</Reboot_Reason_2>
<Reboot_Reason_3>[08/10/14 12:08:58]Provisioning</Reboot_Reason_3>
<Reboot_Reason_4>
<Reboot_Reason_5>
<Reboot_History/>
```



Maintenance

• Basic Reset, on page 557

Basic Reset

Performing a basic reset of a Cisco IP Phone provides a way to recover when the phone experiences an error. The reset provides a way to reset or restore various configuration and security settings.



Note

When you set up emergency calls, the phone requests an updated location whenever a person restarts the phone.

The following table describes the ways to perform a basic reset. You can reset a phone with any of these operations after the phone has started up. Choose the operation that is applicable for your situation.

Table 100: Basic Reset Methods

Operation	Action	Explanation
Restart phone	Press Services, Applications or Directories and then press **#** Press Applications and choose Admin Settings > Reset settings > Cold Reboot.	Resets any user and network setup changes that you have made, but that the phone has not written to its Flash memory, to previously saved settings, then restarts the phone.
Reset settings	To reset settings, press Applications and choose Admin Settings > Reset settings > Factory Reset.	Restores phone configuration or settings to factory default.
	To reset settings, press Applications > Admin Settings > Custom Reset.	Restores phone configuration or settings to noncustomized default.



Note

When you set up emergency calls, the phone requests an updated location whenever the you do the following actions:

- Registers the phone with the call server.
- Restarts the phone (phone is registered).
- Changes the network interface that is used for the SIP registration.
- Changes the IP address of the phone.

Factory Reset the Phone with the Keypad

Use these steps to reset the phone to factory default settings using the phone keypad.

You have two methods to perform the factory reset by using the keypad:

- Method 1 (recommended): Press # > 123456789*0#
- **Method 2**: Press **0** > **369**#

Before you begin

You must know if your phone is an original hardware release or if the hardware has been updated and re-released.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Unplug the phone:
 - If using PoE, unplug the LAN cable.
 - If using the power cube, unplug the power cube.
- Step 2 Wait 5 seconds.
- **Step 3** Do one of the following actions:
 - Method 1: Press and hold # and plug the phone back in.
 - **Method 2**: Press and hold **0** and plug the phone back in.

Only the Cisco IP Phone 8845, 8865, 8841, 8851 and 8861 support the method. And the hardware version of Cisco IP Phone 8841, 8851, and 8861 must be 15 or later.

The phone begins the reboot process. The headset button and the speaker button light up.

- **Step 4** On earlier hardware versions, the Mute button lights up. Wait for the Mute button to turn off.
- **Step 5** Do one of the following actions:
 - Method 1: Press 123456789*0# in sequence.

When you press 1, the lights on the headset button turns off. The light on the Select button flashes when a button is pressed.

After you press these buttons, the phone goes through the factory reset process.

If you press the buttons out of sequence, the phone powers on normally.

Caution Do not power down the phone until it completes the factory reset process, and the main screen appears.

• Method 2: Press 369# in sequence.

For the Cisco IP Phone 8845, 8865, 8841, 8851 and 8861, the phone screen disappears. At the same time, the lights on the Headset, Speaker, and Mute are flashing.

Step 6 If you use the **Method 2**, unplug and plug in the phone again to reboot it.

After the phone reboots, the main screen appears.

Perform Factory Reset from Phone Menu

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select **Device administration** > **Factory reset**.
- **Step 3** To restore phone configuration or settings to factory default, press **OK**.

Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page

You can restore your phone to its original manufacturer settings from the phone web page. After you reset the phone, you can reconfigure it.

Procedure

Reset your phone from the phone web page from one of the methods:

• Enter the URL in a supported web browser and click **Confirm Factory Reset**.

You can enter URL in the format:

http://<Phone IP>/admin/factory-reset

where:

Phone IP = actual IP address of your phone.

/admin = path to access admin page of your phone.

factory-reset = command that you need to enter in the phone web page to factory-reset your phone.

• On the phone web page, select **Admin Login** > **Advanced** > **Info** > **Debug Info**.Click **Factory Reset** in the **Factory Reset** section and confirm the factory reset message in the next screen. Click **Submit All Changes**.

Identify Phone Issues with a URL in the Phone Web Page

When the phone doesn't work or doesn't register, a network error or any misconfiguration might be the cause. To identify the cause, add a specific IP address or a domain name to the phone admin page. Then, try to access so that the phone can ping the destination and display the cause.

Procedure

In a supported web browser, enter a URL that consists of your phone IP address and the destination IP that you want to ping. Enter the URL using the format:

http:/<Phone IP>/admin/ping?<ping destination>, where:

<*Phone IP*> = actual IP address of your phone.

/admin = path to the access admin page of your phone.

<ping destination> = any IP address or domain name that you want to ping.

The ping destination allows only alphanumeric characters, '-', and "_" (underscores). Otherwise the phone shows an error on the web page. If the *<ping destination>* includes spaces, the phone uses only the first part of the address as the pinging destination.

For example, to ping the 192.168.1.1 address:

http://<Phone IP>/admin/ping?192.168.1.1



Technical Details

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Network Protocols

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series support several industry-standard and Cisco network protocols required for voice communication. The following table provides an overview of the network protocols that the phones support.

Table 101: Supported Network Protocols on the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series

Network protocol	Purpose	Usage notes
Bluetooth	Bluetooth is a wireless personal area network (WPAN) protocol that specifies how devices communicate over short distances.	Cisco IP Phones 8845, 8865, and 8851 support Bluetooth 4.1. Cisco IP Phone 8861 support Bluetooth 4.0. Cisco IP Phone 8811 and 8841 do not support Bluetooth.
Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)	BootP enables a network device, such as the Cisco IP Phone, to discover certain startup information, such as the IP address.	_
Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)	CDP is a device-discovery protocol that runs on all Cisco-manufactured equipment. Using CDP, a device can advertise its existence to other devices and receive information about other devices in the network.	The Cisco IP Phones use CDP to communicate information such as auxiliary VLAN ID, per port power management details, and Quality of Service (QoS) configuration information with the Cisco Catalyst switch.

Network protocol	Purpose	Usage notes
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	DHCP dynamically allocates and assigns an IP address to network devices. DHCP enables you to connect an IP phone into the network and the phone to become operational without the need to manually assign an IP address or to configure additional network parameters.	DHCP is enabled by default. If disabled, you must manually configure the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway on each phone locally. Note The DHCP Option To Use parameter has 66,160,159,150,60,43,125 as its default value. This value indicates the order in which the phone uses the IP address provided by the DHCP server.
Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)	HTTP is the standard way of transferring information and moving documents across the Internet and the web.	Cisco IP Phones use the HTTP protocol for XML services, provisioning the phone, upgrading the phone, and for troubleshooting purposes.
Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) is a combination of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol with the SSL/TLS protocol to provide encryption and secure identification of servers.	Some Web applications support both HTTP and HTTPS protocols. Cisco IP Phones that support HTTPS use the HTTPS URL.
IEEE 802.1X	The IEEE 802.1X standard defines a client-server-based access control and authentication protocol that restricts unauthorized clients from connecting to a LAN through publicly accessible ports. Until the client is authenticated, 802.1X access control allows only Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) traffic through the port to which the client is connected. After authentication is successful, normal traffic can pass through the port.	The Cisco IP Phone implements the IEEE 802.1X standard by providing support for the following authentication methods: EAP-FAST, and EAP-TLS. When 802.1X authentication is enabled on the phone, you should disable the PC port and voice VLAN.
IEEE 802.11n/802.11ac	The IEEE 802.11 standard specifies how devices communication over a wireless local area network (WLAN). 802.11n operates at the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz band and 802.11ac operates at the 5 GHz band.	The 802.11 interface is a deployment option for cases when Ethernet cabling is unavailable or undesirable. Only Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865 support WLAN.

Network protocol	Purpose	Usage notes
Internet Protocol (IP)	IP is a messaging protocol that addresses and sends packets across the network.	To communicate using IP, network devices must have an assigned IP address, subnet, and gateway.
		IP addresses, subnets, and gateway identifications are automatically assigned if you are using the Cisco IPPhone with Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP). If you are not using DHCP, you must manually assign these properties to each phone locally.
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	LLDP is a standardized network discovery protocol (similar to CDP) that is supported on some Cisco and third-party devices.	The Cisco IPPhone supports LLDP on the PC port.
Link Layer Discovery Protocol-Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED)	LLDP-MED is an extension of the LLDP standard for voice products.	The Cisco IPPhone supports LLDP-MED on the SW port to communicate information such as:
		 Voice VLAN configuration Device discovery Power management Inventory management
		For more information about LLDP-MED support, see the LLDP-MED and Cisco Discovery Protocol white paper:
		ltp/www.isoncom/e/l_Stelt/651k70telmd.gis_wlie_pqut900mcR0telfoltml
Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP)	RTP is a standard protocol for transporting real-time data, such as interactive voice, over data networks.	Cisco IP Phones use the RTP protocol to send and receive real-time voice traffic from other phones and gateways.
Real-Time Control Protocol (RTCP)	RTCP works in conjunction with RTP to provide QoS data (such as jitter, latency, and round-trip delay) on RTP streams.	RTCP is disabled by default.
Session Description Protocol (SDP)	SDP is the portion of the SIP protocol that determines which parameters are available during a connection between two endpoints. Conferences are established by using only the SDP capabilities that all endpoints in the conference support.	SDP capabilities, such as codec types, DTMF detection, and comfort noise, are normally configured on a global basis by Third-Party Call Control System or Media Gateway in operation. Some SIP endpoints may allow configuration of these parameters on the endpoint itself.

Network protocol	Purpose	Usage notes
Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	SIP is the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard for multimedia conferencing over IP. SIP is an ASCII-based application-layer control protocol (defined in RFC 3261) that can be used to establish, maintain, and terminate calls between two or more endpoints.	Like other VoIP protocols, SIP addresses the functions of signaling and session management within a packet telephony network. Signaling allows transportation of call information across network boundaries. Session management provides the ability to control the attributes of an end-to-end call.
		Cisco IP Phones support the SIP protocol when the phones are operating in IPv6-only, IPv4-only, or in both IPv4 and IPv6.
Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	TCP is a connection-oriented transport protocol.	Cisco IP Phones use TCP to connect to Third-Party Call Control system and to access XML services.
Transport Layer Security (TLS)	TLS is a standard protocol for securing and authenticating communications.	Upon security implementation, Cisco IP Phones use the TLS protocol when securely registering with Third-Party Call Control system.
Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)	TFTP allows you to transfer files over the network. On the Cisco IPPhone, TFTP enables you to obtain a configuration file specific to the phone type.	TFTP requires a TFTP server in your network that the DHCP server can automatically identify.
User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	UDP is a connectionless messaging protocol for delivery of data packets.	UDP is used only for RTP streams. SIP signaling on the phones do not support UDP.

VLAN Interaction

The Cisco IP Phone contains an internal Ethernet switch, enabling forwarding of packets to the phone, and to the computer (access) port and the network port on the back of the phone.

If a computer is connected to the computer (access) port, the computer and the phone share the same physical link to the switch and share the same port on the switch. This shared physical link has the following implications for the VLAN configuration on the network:

- The current VLANs might be configured on an IP subnet basis. However, additional IP addresses might not be available to assign the phone to the same subnet as other devices that connect to the same port.
- Data traffic present on the VLAN supporting phones might reduce the quality of VoIP traffic.
- Network security may indicate a need to isolate the VLAN voice traffic from the VLAN data traffic.

You can resolve these issues by isolating the voice traffic onto a separate VLAN. The switch port to which the phone connects would be configured for separate VLANs for carrying:

- Voice traffic to and from the IP phone (auxiliary VLAN on the Cisco Catalyst 6000 series, for example)
- Data traffic to and from the PC that connects to the switch through the computer (access) port of the IP phone (native VLAN)

Isolating the phones on a separate, auxiliary VLAN increases the quality of the voice traffic and allows a large number of phones to be added to an existing network that does not have enough IP addresses for each phone.

For more information, see the documentation that is included with a Cisco switch. You can also access switch information at this URL:

http://cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/switches/index.html

USB Port Information

The Cisco IP Phones 8851, 8861, and 8865 support a maximum of five devices that connect to each USB port. Each device that connects to the phone is included in the maximum device count. For example, your phone can support five USB devices on the side port and five more standard USB devices on the back port. Many third-party USB products count as multiple USB devices; for example, a device containing a USB hub and headset can count as two USB devices. For more information, see the USB device documentation.



Note

- Unpowered hubs are not supported, and powered hubs with more than four ports are not supported.
- USB headsets that connect to the phone through a USB hub are not supported.

Each key expansion module connects to the phone counts as a USB device. If three key expansion modules are connected to the phone, these count as three USB devices.

Disable the USB Port

If you don't allow the users to use a or all USB ports for certain purposes, you can disable the back or the side, or both USB ports on the phone. The disabled USB port doesn't provide any function. For example, it doesn't recognize the USB headset and Key Expansion Module (KEM). Also, it doesn't charge any connected device.

The Cisco IP Phone 8851 contains only one USB port, the side USB port. The Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865 contain two USB ports, one side USB port and one back USB port.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System.

Step 2 Under the **Power Settings** section, set the parameter **Disable Back USB Port** to **Yes** to turn off the back USB port.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Disable_Back_USB_Port ua="na">No</Disable_Back_USB_Port>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Under the **Power Settings** section, set the parameter **Disable Side USB Port** to **Yes** to turn off the side USB port.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Disable Side USB Port ua="na">No</Disable Side USB Port>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

SIP and NAT Configuration

SIP and the Cisco IP Phone

The Cisco IP Phone uses Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), which allows interoperation with all IT service providers that support SIP. SIP is an IETF-defined signaling protocol that controls voice communication sessions in an IP network.

SIP handles signaling and session management within a packet telephony network. *Signaling* allows call information to be carried across network boundaries. *Session management* controls the attributes of an end-to-end call.

In typical commercial IP telephony deployments, all calls go through a SIP Proxy Server. The receiving phone is called the SIP user agent server (UAS), while the requesting phone is called the user agent client (UAC).

SIP message routing is dynamic. If a SIP proxy receives a request from a UAS for a connection but cannot locate the UAC, the proxy forwards the message to another SIP proxy in the network. When the UAC is located, the response routes back to the UAS, and the two UAs connect using a direct peer-to-peer session. Voice traffic transmits between UAs over dynamically assigned ports using Real-time Protocol (RTP).

RTP transmits real-time data such as audio and video; RTP does not guarantee real-time delivery of data. RTP provides mechanisms for the sending and receiving applications to support streaming data. Typically, RTP runs on top of UDP.

SIP Over TCP

To guarantee state-oriented communications, the Cisco IP Phone can use TCP as the transport protocol for SIP. This protocol provides *guaranteed delivery* that assures that lost packets are retransmitted. TCP also guarantees that the SIP packages are received in the same order that they were sent.

TCP overcomes the problem of UDP port-blocking by corporate firewalls. With TCP, new ports do not need to be open or packets dropped, because TCP is already in use for basic activities, such as internet browsing or e-commerce.

SIP Proxy Redundancy

An average SIP Proxy Server can handle tens of thousands of subscribers. A backup server allows an active server to be temporarily switched out for maintenance. The phone supports the use of backup servers to minimize or eliminate service disruption.

A simple way to support proxy redundancy is to specify a SIP Proxy Server in the phone configuration profile. The phone sends a DNS NAPTR or SRV query to the DNS server. If configured, the DNS server returns SRV records that contain a list of servers for the domain, with their hostnames, priority, listening ports, and so forth. The phone tries to contact the servers in the order of the priority. The server with a lower number has a higher priority. Up to six NAPTR records and twelve SRV records are supported in a query.

When the phone fails to communicate with the primary server, the phone can failover to a lower-priority server. If configured, the phone can restore the connection back to the primary. Failover and failback support switches between servers with different SIP transport protocols. The phone doesn't perform failback to the primary server during an active call until the call ends and the failback conditions are met.

Example of Resource Records from the DNS Server

```
"" _sips._tcp.tlstest
as1bsoft
            3600
                    IN NAPTR 50
                                  50 "s"
                                          "SIPS+D2T"
                    IN NAPTR 90 50 "s" "SIP+D2T"
            3600
                                                             sip. tcp.tcptest
                                                         "" _sip._udp.udptest
                    IN NAPTR 100 50 "s" "SIP+D2U"
            3600
sips. tcp.tlstest SRV 1 10 5061 srv1.sipurash.com.
                   SRV 2 10 5060 srv2.sipurash.com.
                   SRV 1 10 5061 srv3.sipurash.com.
sip. tcp.tcptest
                   SRV 2 10 5060 srv4.sipurash.com.
sip. udp.udptest
                   SRV 1 10 5061 srv5.sipurash.com.
                   SRV 2 10 5060 srv6.sipurash.com.
        3600
                ΙN
                      Α
                          1.1.1.1
                          2.2.2.2
srv2
        3600
                ΤN
                      Α
                    A
                        3.3.3.3
srv3
        3600
                ΙN
srv4
        3600
              IN
                    A 4.4.4.4
                    A
        3600
               TN
                         5.5.5.5
srv5
srv6
        3600
                ΤN
                     Α
                         6.6.6.6
```

The following example shows the priority of the servers from the perspective of the phone.

Priority	IP Address	SIP Protocol	Status
1st	1.1.1.1	TLS	UP
2nd	2.2.2.2	TLS	UP
3rd	3.3.3.3	TCP	UP
4th	4.4.4.4	TCP	UP
5th	5.5.5.5	UDP	UP
6th	6.6.6.6	UDP	UP

The phone always sends SIP messages to the available address with the top priority and with the status UP in the list. In the example, the phone sends all the SIP messages to the address 1.1.1.1 If the address 1.1.1.1 in the list is marked with the status DOWN, the phone communicates with 2.2.2.2 instead. The phone can restore the connection back to 1.1.1.1 when the specified failback conditions are met. For more details about failover and failback, see SIP Proxy Failover, on page 568 and SIP Proxy Fallback, on page 569.

SIP Proxy Failover

The phone performs a failover in any of these cases:

- The phone sends SIP messages and doesn't get responses from the server.
- The server responds with a code that matches the specified code in **Try Backup RSC**.
- The phone gets a TCP disconnection request.

We strongly recommend that you set the **Auto Register When Failover** to **Yes** when **SIP Transport** is set to **Auto**.

You can also configure this extension-specific parameters in the configuration file:

```
<SIP_Transport_n_ ua="na">Auto</SIP_Transport_n_>
<Auto_Register_When_Failover_n_ ua="na">Yes</Auto_Register_When_Failover_n_>
```

where n is the extension number.

Phone Failover Behavior

When the phone fails to communicate with the currently connected server, it refreshes the server list status. The unavailable server is marked with the status DOWN in the server list. The phone tries to connect to the top-priority server with the status UP in the list.

In the following example, the addresses 1.1.1.1 and 2.2.2.2 aren't available. The phone sends SIP messages to 3.3.3.3, which has the top priority among the servers with the status UP.

Priority	IP Address	SIP Protocol	Status
1st	1.1.1.1	TLS	DOWN
2nd	2.2.2.2	TLS	DOWN
3rd	3.3.3.3	TCP	UP
4th	4.4.4.4	TCP	UP
5th	5.5.5.5	UDP	UP
6th	6.6.6.6	UDP	UP

In the following example, there are two SRV records from the DNS NAPTR response. For each SRV record, there are three A records (IP addresses).

Priority	IP Address	SIP Protocol	Server	Status
1st	1.1.1.1	UDP	SRV1	DOWN
2nd	1.1.1.2	UDP	SRV1	UP
3rd	1.1.1.3	UDP	SRV1	UP
4th	2.2.2.1	TLS	SRV2	UP
5th	2.2.2.2	TLS	SRV2	UP
6th	2.2.2.3	TLS	SRV2	UP

Let's assume that the phone failed to connect to 1.1.1.1 and then registered to 1.1.1.2. When 1.1.1.2 goes down, phone behavior depends on the setting of **Proxy Fallback Intvl**.

- When **Proxy Fallback Intvl** is set to **0**, the phone tries with the addresses in this order: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.3, 2.2.2.1, 2.2.2.2, 2.2.2.3.
- When **Proxy Fallback Intvl** is set to a value other than zero, the phone tries with the addresses in this order: 1.1.1.3, 2.2.2.1, 2.2.2.2, 2.2.2.3.

SIP Proxy Fallback

The proxy fallback requires a value other than zero specified in the **Proxy Fallback Intvl** field on the **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. If you set this field to 0, the SIP proxy failback feature is disabled. You can also configure this extension-specific parameter in the configuration file in this format:

```
<Proxy Fallback Intvl n ua="na">60</Proxy Fallback Intvl n >
```

where n is the extension number.

The time when the phone triggers a failback depends on the phone configuration and the SIP transport protocols in use.

To enable the phone to perform failback between different SIP transport protocols, set **SIP Transport** to **Auto** on the **Ext** (n) tab in the phone web interface. You can also configure this extension-specific parameter in the configuration file with the following XML string:

```
<SIP_Transport_n_ ua="na">Auto</SIP_Transport_n_>
```

where *n* is the extension number.

Failback from a UDP Connection

The failback from a UDP connection is triggered by SIP messages. In the following example, the phone first failed to register to 1.1.1.1 (TLS) at the time T1 since there's no response from the server. When SIP Timer F expires, the phone registers to 2.2.2.2 (UDP) at the time T2 (T2=T1+SIP Timer F). The current connection is on 2.2.2.2 via UDP.

Priority	IP Address	SIP Protocol	Status	
1st	1.1.1.1	TLS	DOWN	T1 (Down time)
2nd	2.2.2.2	UDP	UP	
3rd	3.3.3.3	TCP	UP	

The phone has the following configuration:

```
<Proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_ ua="na">60</Proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_>
<Register_Expires_n_ ua="na">3600</Register_Expires_n_>
<SIP_Timer_F ua="na">16</SIP_Timer_F>
```

where *n* is the extension number.

The phone refreshes the registration at time T2 (T2=(3600-16)*78%). The phone checks the address list for the availability of the IP addresses and the down time. If T2-T1 > = 60, the failed server 1.1.1.1 resumes back to UP and the list is updated to the following. The phone sends SIP messages to 1.1.1.1.

Priority	IP Address	SIP Protocol	Status
1st	1.1.1.1	TLS	UP
2nd	2.2.2.2	UDP	UP
3rd	3.3.3.3	TCP	UP

Failback from a TCP or TLS Connection

The failback from a TCP or TLS connection is triggered by the parameter **Proxy Fallback Intvl**. In the following example, the phone failed to register to 1.1.1.1 (UDP) at the time T1 and thus registered to 2.2.2.2 (TCP). The current connection is on 2.2.2.2 via TCP.

Priority	IP Address	SIP Protocol	Status	
1st	1.1.1.1	UDP	DOWN	T1 (Down time)
2nd	2.2.2.2	TCP	UP	
3rd	3.3.3.3	TLS	UP	

The phone has the following configuration:

```
<Proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_ ua="na">60</Proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_>
<Register_Expires_n_ ua="na">3600</Register_Expires_n_>
<SIP Timer F ua="na">16</SIP Timer F>
```

where n is the extension number.

The proxy fallback interval (60 seconds) counts down from T1. The phone triggers proxy failback at the time of T1+60. If you set the proxy fallback interval to 0 in this example, the phone keeps the connection on 2.2.2.2.

Dual Registration

The phone always registers to both primary (or primary outbound) and alternate (or alternate outbound) proxies. After registration, the phone sends out Invite and Non-Invite SIP messages through primary proxy first. If there is no response for the new INVITE from the primary proxy, after timeout, the phone attempts to connect with the alternate proxy. If the phone fails to register to the primary proxy, it sends an INVITE to the alternate proxy without trying the primary proxy.

Dual registration is supported on a per-line basis. Three added parameters can be configured through web user interface and remote provisioning:

- Alternate Proxy—Default is empty.
- Alternate Outbound Proxy—Default is empty.
- Dual Registration—Default is NO (turned off).

After you configure the parameters, reboot the phone for the feature to take effect.



Note

Specify a value for primary proxy (or primary outbound proxy) and alternate proxy (or alternate outbound proxy) for the feature to function properly.

Dual Registration and DNS SRV Limitations

- When Dual Registration is enabled, DNS SRV Proxy Fallback or Recovery must be disabled.
- Do not use Dual Registration along with other Fallback or Recovery mechanisms. For example: Broadsoft mechanism.
- There is no recovery mechanism for feature request. However, the administrator can adjust the reregistration time for a prompt update of the registration state for primary and alternate proxy.

Dual Registration and Alternate Proxy

When the Dual Register parameter is set to No, Alternate Proxy is ignored.

Failover and Recovery Registration

- Failover—The phone performs a failover when transport timeout/failure or TCP connection failures; if Try Backup RSC and Retry Reg RSC values are datafilled.
- Recovery—The phone attempts to reregister with the primary proxy while registered or actively connected to the secondary proxy.

Auto register when failover parameter controls the failover behavior when there is an error. When this parameter is set to yes, the phone re-registers upon failover or recovery.

Fallback Behavior

The fallback occurs when the current registration expires or Proxy Fallback Intvl fires.

If the Proxy Fallback Intvl is exceeded, all the new SIP messages go to primary proxy.

For example, when the value for Register Expires is 3600 seconds and Proxy Fallback Intvl is 600 seconds, the fallback triggers 600 seconds later.

When the value for Register Expires is 800 seconds and Proxy Fallback Intvl is 1000 seconds, the fallback triggers at 800 seconds.

After successful registration back to the primary server, all SIP messages go to the primary server.

RFC3311

The Cisco IP Phone supports RFC-3311, the SIP UPDATE Method.

SIP NOTIFY XML-Service

The Cisco IP Phone supports the SIP NOTIFY XML-Service event. On receipt of a SIP NOTIFY message with an XML-Service event, the phone challenges the NOTIFY with a 401 response if the message does not contain correct credentials. The client must furnish the correct credentials using MD5 digest with the SIP account password for the corresponding line of the IP phone.

The body of the message can contain the XML event Message. For example:

```
<CiscoIPPhoneExecute>
  <ExecuteItem Priority="0" URL="http://xmlserver.com/event.xml"/>
</CiscoIPPhoneExecute>

Authentication:

challenge = MD5( MD5(A1) ":" nonce ":" nc-value ":" cnonce ":" qop-value ":" MD5(A2) )
where A1 = username ":" realm ":" passwd
and A2 = Method ":" digest-uri
```

NAT Mapping with Session Border Controller

We recommend that you choose an service provider that supports NAT mapping through a Session Border Controller. With NAT mapping provided by the service provider, you have more choices in selecting a router.

NAT Mapping with SIP-ALG Router

NAT mapping can be achieved by using a router that has a SIP Application Layer Gateway (ALG). By using a SIP-ALG router, you have more choices in selecting an service provider.

Cisco Discovery Protocol

Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) is negotiation-based and determines which virtual LAN (VLAN) the Cisco IP Phone resides in. If you are using a Cisco switch, Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) is available and is enabled by default. CDP has these attributes:

- Obtains the protocol addresses of neighboring devices and discovers the platform of those devices.
- Shows information about the interfaces your router uses.
- Is media and protocol-independent.

If you are using a VLAN without CDP, you must enter a VLAN ID for the Cisco IP Phone.

LLDP-MED

The Cisco IP Phone supports Link Layer Discovery Protocol for Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED) for deployment with Cisco or other Third-Party network connectivity devices that use a Layer 2 auto discovery mechanism. Implementation of LLDP-MED is done in accordance with IEEE 802.1AB (LLDP) Specification of May 2005, and ANSI TIA-1057 of April 2006.

The Cisco IP Phone operates as a LLDP-MED Media End Point Class III device with direct LLDP-MED links to Network Connectivity Devices, according to the Media Endpoint Discovery Reference Model and Definition (ANSI TIA-1057 Section 6).

The Cisco IP Phone supports only the following limited set of Type-Length-Values (TLV) as an LLDP-MED Media Endpoint device class III:

- · Chassis ID TLV
- Port ID TLV
- · Time to live TLV
- Port Description TLV
- System Name TLV
- System Capabilities TLV
- IEEE 802.3 MAC/PHY Configuration/Status TLV (for wired network only)
- LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV

- LLDP-MED Network Policy TLV (for application type=Voice only)
- LLDP-MED Extended Power-Via-MDI TLV (for wired network only)
- LLDP-MED Firmware Revision TLV
- End of LLDPDU TLV

The outgoing LLDPDU contains all the preceding TLVs if applicable. For the incoming LLDPDU, the LLDPDU is discarded if any of the following TLVs are missing. All other TLVs are not validated and ignored.

- · Chassis ID TLV
- Port ID TLV
- Time to live TLV
- LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV
- LLDP-MED Network Policy TLV (for application type=Voice only)
- End of LLDPDU TLV

The Cisco IP Phone sends out the shutdown LLDPDU if applicable. The LLDPDU frame contains the following TLVs:

- Chassis ID TLV
- Port ID TLV
- Time to live TLV
- End of LLDPDU TLV

There are some restrictions in the implementation of LLDP-MED on the Cisco IP Phones:

- Storage and retrieval of neighbor information are not supported.
- SNMP and corresponding MIBs are not supported.
- Recording and retrieval of statistical counters are not supported.
- Full validation of all TLVs does not take place; TLVs that do not apply to the phones are ignored.
- Protocol state machines as stated in the standards are used only for reference.

Chassis ID TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the TLV supports subtype=5 (Network Address). When the IP address is known, the value of the Chassis ID is an octet of the INAN address family number followed by the octet string for the IPv4 address used for voice communication. If the IP address is unknown, the value for the Chassis ID is 0.0.0.0. The only INAN address family supported is IPv4. Currently, the IPv6 address for the Chassis ID is not supported.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the Chassis ID is treated as an opaque value to form the MSAP identifier. The value is not validated against its subtype.

The Chassis ID TLV is mandatory as the first TLV. Only one Chassis ID TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

Port ID TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the TLV supports subtype=3 (MAC address). The 6 octet MAC address for the Ethernet port is used for the value of Port ID.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the Port ID TLV is treated as an opaque value to form the MSAP identifier. The value is not validated against its subtype.

The Port ID TLV is mandatory as the second TLV. Only one Port ID TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

Time to Live TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the Time to Live TTL value is 180 seconds. This differs from the 120-second value that the standard recommends. For the shutdown LLDPDU, the TTL value is always 0.

The Time to Live TLV is mandatory as the third TLV. Only one Time to Live TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

End of LLDPDU TLV

The value is 2-octet, all zero. This TLV is mandatory and only one is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

Port Description TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, in the Port Description TLV, the value for the port description is the same as "Port ID TLV" for CDP. The incoming LLDPDU, the Port Description TLV, is ignored and not validated. Only one Port Description TLV is allowed for outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

System Name TLV

For the Cisco IP Phone, the value is SEP+MAC address.

Example: SEPAC44F211B1D0

The incoming LLDPDU, the System Name TLV, is ignored and not validated. Only one System Name TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

System Capabilities TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, in the System Capabilities TLV, the bit values for the 2 octet system capabilities fields should be set for Bit 2 (Bridge) and Bit 5 (Phone) for a phone with a PC port. If the phone does not have a PC port, only Bit 5 should be set. The same system capability value should be set for the enabled capability field.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the System Capabilities TLV is ignored. The TLV is not validated semantically against the MED device type.

The System Capabilities TLV is mandatory for outgoing LLDPDUs. Only one System Capabilities TLV is allowed.

Management Address TLV

The TLV identifies an address associated with the local LLDP agent (that may be used to reach higher layer entities) to assist discovery by network management. The TLV allows the inclusion of both the system interface number and an object identifier (OID) that are associated with this management address, if either or both are known.

- TLV information string length—This field contains the length (in octets) of all the fields in the TLV information string.
- Management address string length—This field contains the length (in octets) of the management address subtype + management address fields.

System Description TLV

The TLV allows the network management to advertise the system description.

- TLV information string length—This field indicates the exact length (in octets) of the system description.
- System description—This field contains an alphanumeric string that is the textual description of the network entity. The system description includes the full name and version identification of the system hardware type, software operating system, and networking software. If implementations support IETF RFC 3418, the sysDescr object should be used for this field.

IEEE 802.3 MAC/PHY Configuration/Status TLV

The TLV is not for autonegotiation, but for troubleshooting purposes. For the incoming LLDPDU, the TLV is ignored and not validated. For the outgoing LLDPDU, for the TLV, the octet value autonegotiation support/status should be:

- Bit 0—Set to 1 to indicate that the autonegotiation support feature is supported.
- Bit 1—Set to 1 to indicate that autonegotiation status is enabled.
- Bit 2-7—Set to 0.

The bit values for the 2 octets PMD autonegotiation advertised capability field should be set to:

- Bit 13—10BASE-T half duplex mode
- Bit 14—10BASE-T full duplex mode
- Bit 11—100BASE-TX half duplex mode
- Bit 10—100BASE-TX full duplex mode
- Bit 15—Unknown

Bit 10, 11, 13 and 14 should be set.

The value for 2 octets operational MAU type should be set to reflect the real operational MAU type:

- 16—100BASE-TX full duplex
- 15—100BASE-TX half duplex
- 11—10BASE-T full duplex
- 10—10BASE-T half duplex

For example, usually, the phone is set to 100BASE-TX full duplex. The value 16 should then be set. The TLV is optional for a wired network and not applicable for a wireless network. The phone sends out this TLV only when in wired mode. When the phone is not set for autonegotiation but specific speed/duplexity, for the outgoing LLDPDU TLV, bit 1 for the octet value autonegotiation support/status should be clear (0) to indicate that autonegotiation is disabled. The 2 octets PMD autonegotiation advertised capability field should be set to 0x8000 to indicate unknown.

LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the TLV should have the device type 3 (End Point Class III) with the following bits set for 2-octet Capability field:

Bit Position	Capability
0	LLDP-MED Capabilities
1	Network Policy
4	Extended Power via MDI-PD
5	Inventory

For the incoming TLV, if the LLDP-MED TLV is not present, the LLDPDU is discarded. The LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV is mandatory and only one is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs. Any other LLDP-MED TLVs will be ignored if they present before the LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV.

Network Policy TLV

In the TLV for the outgoing LLDPDU, before the VLAN or DSCP is determined, the Unknown Policy Flag (U) is set to 1. If the VLAN setting or DSCP is known, the value is set to 0. When the policy is unknown, all other values are set to 0. Before the VLAN is determined or used, the Tagged Flag (T) is set to 0. If the tagged VLAN (VLAN ID > 1) is used for the phone, the Tagged Flag (T) is set to 1. Reserved (X) is always set to 0. If the VLAN is used, the corresponding VLAN ID and L2 Priority will be set accordingly. VLAN ID valid value is range from 1-4094. However, VLAN ID=1 will never be used (limitation). If DSCP is used, the value range from 0-63 is set accordingly.

In the TLV for the incoming LLDPDU, Multiple Network Policy TLVs for different application types are allowed.

LLDP-MED Extended Power-Via-MDI TLV

In the TLV for the outgoing LLDPDU, the binary value for Power Type is set to "0 1" to indicate the power type for phone is PD Device. The Power source for the phone is set to "PSE and local" with binary value "1

1". The Power Priority is set to binary "0 0 0 0" to indicate unknown priority while the Power Value is set to maximum power value. The Power Value for the Cisco IP Phone is 12900mW.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the TLV is ignored and not validated. Only one TLV is allowed in the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs. The phone will send out the TLV for the wired network only.

The LLDP-MED standard was originally drafted in the context of Ethernet. Discussion is ongoing for LLDP-MED for Wireless Networks. Refer to ANSI-TIA 1057, Annex C, C.3 Applicable TLV for VoWLAN, table 24. It is recommended that the TLV is not applicable in the context of the wireless network. This TLV is targeted for use in the context of PoE and Ethernet. The TLV, if added, will not provide any value for network management or power policy adjustment at the switch.

LLDP-MED Inventory Management TLV

This TLV is optional for Device Class III. For the outgoing LLDPDU, we support only Firmware Revision TLV. The value for the Firmware Revision is the version of firmware on the phone. For the incoming LLDPDU, the TLVs are ignored and not validated. Only one Firmware Revision TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

Final Network Policy Resolution and QoS

Special VLANs

VLAN=0, VLAN=1, and VLAN=4095 are treated the same way as an untagged VLAN. Because the VLAN is untagged, Class of Service (CoS) is not applicable.

Default QoS for SIP Mode

If there is no network policy from CDP or LLDP-MED, the default network policy is used. CoS is based on configuration for the specific extension. It is applicable only if the manual VLAN is enabled and manual VLAN ID is not equal to 0, 1, or 4095. Type of Service (ToS) is based on configuration for the specific extension.

QoS Resolution for CDP

If there is a valid network policy from CDP:

- If the VLAN=0, 1, or 4095, the VLAN will not be set, or the VLAN is untagged. CoS is not applicable, but DSCP is applicable. ToS is based on the default as previously described.
- If the VLAN > 1 and VLAN < 4095, the VLAN is set accordingly. CoS and ToS are based on the default as previously described. DSCP is applicable.
- The phone reboots and restarts the fast start sequence.

QoS Resolution for LLDP-MED

If CoS is applicable and if CoS = 0, the default is used for the specific extension as previously described. But the value shown on L2 Priority for TLV for outgoing LLDPDU is based on the value used for extension 1. If CoS is applicable and if CoS != 0, CoS is used for all extensions.

If DSCP (mapped to ToS) is applicable and if DSCP = 0, the default is used for the specific extension as previously described. But the value show on DSCP for TLV for outgoing LLDPDU is based on value used for the extension 1. If DSCP is applicable and if DSCP != 0, DSCP is used for all extensions.

If the VLAN > 1 and VLAN < 4095, the VLAN is set accordingly. CoS and ToS are based on the default as previously described. DSCP is applicable.

If there is a valid network policy for the voice application from LLDP-MED PDU and if the tagged flag is set, the VLAN, L2 Priority (CoS), and DSCP (mapped to ToS) are all applicable.

If there is a valid network policy for the voice application from LLDP-MED PDU and if the tagged flag is not set, only the DSCP (mapped to ToS) is applicable.

The Cisco IP Phone reboots and restarts the fast start sequence.

Coexistence with CDP

If both CDP and LLDP-MED are enabled, the network policy for the VLAN determines the last policy set or changed with either one of the discovery modes. If both LLDP-MED and CDP are enabled, during startup the phone sends CDP and LLDP-MED PDUs.

Inconsistent configuration and behavior for network connectivity devices for CDP and LLDP-MED modes could result in an oscillating rebooting behavior for the phone due to switching to different VLANs.

If the VLAN is not set by CDP and LLDP-MED, the VLAN ID that is configured manually is used. If the VLAN ID is not configured manually, no VLAN is supported. DSCP is used and the network policy determines LLDP-MED if applicable.

LLDP-MED and Multiple Network Devices

If the same application type is used for the network policy but different Layer 2 or Layer 3 QoS Network policies are received by the phones from multiple network connectivity devices, the last valid network policy is honored. To ensure deterministic and consistent of Network Policy, multiple network connectivity devices should not send out conflicting network policies for the same application type.

LLDP-MED and IEEE 802.X

The Cisco IP Phone does not support IEEE 802.X and does not work in a 802.1X wired environment. However, IEEE 802.1X or Spanning Tree Protocols on network devices could result in delay of fast start response from switches.



Cisco IP Phone Accessories

- Accessories Overview for Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series with Multiplatform Firmware, on page 579
- Connect the Footstand, on page 581
- Secure the Phone with a Cable Lock, on page 581
- External Speakers and Microphone, on page 582
- Headsets, on page 582
- Cisco IP Phone Key Expansion Module, on page 591
- Wall Mounts, on page 611

Accessories Overview for Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series with Multiplatform Firmware

Table 102: Accessory Support for the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series with Multiplatform Firmware

Accessory	Туре	Cisco IP Phone				
		8811 and 8841	8845	8851	8861	8865
Cisco Accessory	<u>I</u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cisco IP Phone 8800	Add-on	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Key Expansion Module	module			Supports up to 2 expansion modules.	Supports up to 3 expansion modules.	
Wall Mount Kit		Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Footstand		Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Cable Lock		Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Cisco Headset 520 Series	USB	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported

Accessory	Туре	Cisco IP Phone				
		8811 and 8841	8845	8851	8861	8865
Cisco Headset 530	Standard RJ9	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Series	USB Adapter	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Cisco Headset 560 Series with Standard Base Cisco Headset 560 Series with Multibase	Standard RJ9 and AUX	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	USB	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Cisco Headset 730	Bluetooth*	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported
	USB Adapter	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	USB-C Cable	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported

^{*—}For the Bluetooth connection with Cisco IP Phone Multiplatform Phones, the limited call features (for example, answer or end a call) are available. The call features will be fully supported in a future release. Currently, we recommend that you use the Cisco Headset 730 by a USB adapter or a USB-C cable.

Third-Party Accessories

Headsets: See Third	Analog	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
Party Headsets, on page 586. This section includes information	Analog Wideband	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
about each headset type.	Bluetooth*	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	USB	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	Electronic Hookswitch	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	See Note 1.			See Note 2.		
Microphones: See External Speakers and Microphone, on page 582.	External PC	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported
Speakers: See External Speakers and Microphone, on page 582.	External PC	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported



Note

- If you connect your headset to the phone with the Y-cable (RJ-9 connector and AUX connector), make sure that you enable Electronic HookSwitch Control in the Audio Volume area from Voice > User tab on the phone administration web page.
- **2.** When you use the Electronic Hookswitch (EHS):
 - The EHS connects to the Cisco IP Phone 8811, 8841, and 8845 with the auxiliary port.
 - The EHS connects to the Cisco IP Phone 8851, 8861, and 8865 with the auxiliary port, the USB port, or with Bluetooth.

Connect the Footstand

If your phone is placed on a table or desk, connect the footstand to the back of the phone.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Insert the connectors into the slots.
- **Step 2** Press the footstand until the connectors snap into place.
- **Step 3** Adjust the angle of the phone.

Secure the Phone with a Cable Lock

You can secure your phone with a laptop cable lock up to 20 mm wide.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Take the looped end of the cable lock and wrap it around the object to which you want to secure your phone.
- **Step 2** Pass the lock through the looped end of the cable.
- **Step 3** Unlock the cable lock.
- **Step 4** Press and hold the locking button to align the locking teeth.
- **Step 5** Insert the cable lock into the lock slot of your phone and release the locking button.
- **Step 6** Lock the cable lock.

External Speakers and Microphone

External speakers and microphones are plug-and-play accessories. You can connect an external PC-type microphone and powered speakers (with amplifier) on the Cisco IP Phone by using the line in/out jacks. Connecting an external microphone disables the internal microphone and connecting an external speaker disables the internal phone speaker.



Note

Using poor quality external audio devices, playing loudspeakers at very loud volumes, or placing the microphone very close to the loudspeaker may result in undesirable echo for other parties on your speakerphone calls.

Headsets

Important Headset Safety Information



High Sound Pressure—Avoid listening to high volume levels for long periods to prevent possible hearing damage.

When you plug in your headset, lower the volume of the headset speaker before you put the headset on. If you remember to lower the volume before you take the headset off, the volume will start lower when you plug in your headset again.

Be aware of your surroundings. When you use your headset, it may block out important external sounds, particularly in emergencies or in noisy environments. Don't use the headset while driving. Don't leave your headset or headset cables in an area where people or pets can trip over them. Always supervise children who are near your headset or headset cables.

Cisco Headsets 500 Series

You can use the Cisco Headset 500 Series with your Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones. The Cisco Headset 500 Series offers a more enhanced experience with:

- In-call indicators: LEDs on an ear plate
- Simplified call controls
- · Customized audio

The supported headsets are:

- · Cisco Headset 520 Series
- Cisco Headset 531 and 532
- Cisco Headset 560 Series (Standard Base and Multibase)

Cisco Headset 521 and 522

The Cisco Headsets 521 and 522 are two wired headsets that have been developed for use on Cisco IP Phones and devices. The Cisco Headset 521 features a single earpiece for extended wear and comfort. The Cisco Headset 522 features two earpieces for use in a noisy workplace.

Both headsets feature a 3.5-mm connector for use on laptops and mobile devices. An inline controller with a USB connector is also available for use on the Cisco IP Phone 8851, 8861, and 8865 with Multiplaform Firmware. The controller is an easy way to answer your calls, and to access basic phone features such as hold and resume, mute, and volume control.

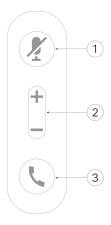
The Cisco Headsets 521 and 522 require Multiplatform Firmware Release 11.2(3) or later version. Upgrade your phones to the latest firmware before using these headsets.

To check your phone model and the firmware version, press **Applications** and select **Status** > **Product information**. The **Product name** field shows your phone model. The **Software version** field shows the installed load where you can get the firmware version.

Cisco Headset 521 and 522 Buttons and LED

Your controller buttons are used for basic call features.

Figure 3: Cisco Headset 521 and 522 Controller



The following table describes the Cisco Headset 521 and 522 controller buttons.

Table 103: Cisco Headset 521 and 522 Controller Buttons

Number	Name	Description
1	Mute button Z	Toggle the microphone on and off.
2	Volume button (+ and -)	Adjust the volume on your headset.

Number	Name	Description
3	Call button \	Use to manage calls:
		Press once to answer an incoming call.
		• Press and hold for 2 seconds to end a call.
		Press twice to reject an incoming call.
		 Press once to put an active call on hold. Press again to retrieve a call from hold.

Cisco Headset 561 and 562

The Cisco Headset 560 Series are two wireless headsets that are developed for Cisco products and services. The Cisco Headset 561 features a single earpiece, and offers lightweight comfort. The Cisco Headset 562 features two earpieces for use in a noisy environment or busy office.

The Cisco Headset 560 Series use a headset base to connect with Cisco IP Phones and charge the headsets. The available options for the base are Standard base and Multibase. The Cisco Headset 560 Series with Standard Base support connection with a single source from a phone or a computer. The Cisco Headset 560 Series with Multibase support multiple sources from phones, computers, and Bluetooth-paired devices and provide an easy and intuitive switch among the connected sources.

You can connect the Cisco Headset 560 Series with any of the following:

- RJ9 and AUX connector (Y-cable)—Supported on Cisco IP Phones 8811, 8841, 8845, 8851, 8861, and 8865 with multiple platforms.
- USB connector—Supported on Cisco IP Phones 8851, 8861, and 8865 with multiple platforms.

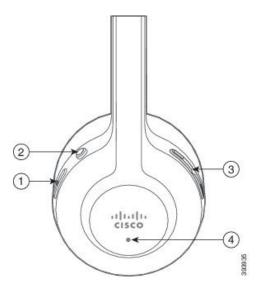
The Cisco Headset 560 Series require Multiplatform Firmware Release 11.2(3) and higher. Upgrade your phones to the latest firmware before using these headsets.

To check your phone model and the firmware version, press **Applications** and select **Status** > **Product information**. The **Product name** field shows your phone model. The **Software version** field shows the installed load where you can get the firmware version.

Cisco Headset 561 and 562 Buttons and LED

Your headset buttons are used for basic call features.

Figure 4: Cisco Headset 561 and 562 Headset Buttons



The following table describes the Cisco Headset 561 and 562 Headset buttons.

Table 104: Cisco Headset 561 and 562 Headset Buttons

Number	Name	Description
1	Power and Call button	Use to power the headset on and off.
		Press and hold for 4 seconds to power on/off the headset.
		Incoming and active call management depends upon if you have one call or multiple calls.
		One call:
		Press once to answer incoming calls.
		Press once to put an active call on hold. Press again to retrieve the call from hold.
		Press twice to reject an incoming call.
		Multiple calls:
		 Press once to put an active call on hold, and to answer a second incoming call.
		Press once to put a current call on hold and press again to resume a call.
		• Press and hold for 2 seconds to end the current call and press again to resume a held call.
		• Press and hold for 2 seconds to end an active call, and to answer another incoming call.
		Press twice to stay on a current call, and to reject a second incoming call.

Number	Name	Description
2	Mute button Z	 Toggle the microphone on and off. When Mute on the headset is enabled: The Mute button on the phone lights up. The Mute button on the headset base lights up. (For Multibase only)
3	Volume button (+ and -)	Adjust the volume on your headset.
4	LED	Shows the headset status: • Blinking red—Incoming call. • Steady red—Active call. • Flashing white every 6 seconds—The headset is paired and idle. • Blinking white—Firmware upgrade is in process or the headset is pairing with the base station.

Charge Cisco Headset 561 and 562

Use the headset base to charge the headset.

Procedure

Place the headset into the socket on the base.

The LEDs on the base station indicate the charging status. When the headset is fully charged, the five LEDs on the base are steady white. If the LEDs don't light up, remove the headset from the base and try again.

Third Party Headsets

Cisco Systems performs internal testing of third-party headsets for use with Cisco IP Phones. But Cisco does not certify or support products from headset or handset vendors.

Headsets connect to your phone using either the USB or the auxiliary port. Depending upon your headset model, you have to adjust your phone's audio settings for the best audio experience, including the headset sidetone setting.

If you have a third-party headset, and you apply a new sidetone setting, then wait one minute and reboot the phone so the setting is stored in flash.

The phone reduces some background noise that a headset microphone detects. You can use a noise canceling headset to further reduce the background noise and improve the overall audio quality.

If you are considering a third-party headset, we recommend the use of good quality external devices; for example, headsets that are screened against unwanted radio frequency (RF) and audio frequency (AF) signals.

Depending on the quality of headsets and their proximity to other devices, such as mobile phones and two-way radios, some audio noise or echo may still occur. Either the remote party or both the remote party and the Cisco IP Phone user may hear an audible hum or buzz. A range of outside sources can cause humming or buzzing sounds; for example, electric lights, electric motors, or large PC monitors.



Note

Sometimes, use of a local power cube or power injector may reduce or eliminate hum.

Environmental and hardware inconsistencies in the locations where Cisco IP Phones are deployed mean that no single headset solution is optimal for all environments.

We recommend that customers test headsets in the intended environment to determine performance before making a purchasing decision to deploy on a large scale.

You can use only one headset at a time. The most-recently connected headset is the active headset.

Headset Configuration on Your Phone

Cisco Headset 500 Series Customization

The user can customize the headset's gain or microphone volume, sidetone or feedback settings, and test the microphone. Make sure that the headset is connected to the phone using one of the following connections:

- Cisco Headset 520 Series with the inline USB controller via the USB connector
- Cisco Headset 531 and 532 with the USB adapter via the USB connector
- Cisco Headset 560 Series Standard Base or Multibase with the Y-cable via the AUX and the RJ-9 connectors, or with the USB cable via the USB connector

For information on headset setup, see Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones User Guide.

Set the Upgrade Rule for the Cisco Headset

You can upgrade the firmware of a Cisco headset by connecting it to a Cisco IP Phone Multiplatform Phone. Before the user performs the upgrade, you must set the upgrade rule on the phone administration web page. When the headset is connected to the phone, the phone automatically detects the new version of the headset firmware, then prompts the user to perform the upgrade.

The supported connections for the upgrade are:

- · Cisco Headset 520 Series: USB cable
- Cisco Headset 560 Series: USB cable and Y-Cable (RJ-9 and AUX connector)
- Cisco Headset 700 Series: USB cable

The headset settings are not erased by a phone reset. The upgrade rule supports HTTP, HTTPS, and TFTP protocols.

The release of the Cisco Headset provides the headset XML file that can be used for the firmware upgrade. If the software version in the file is later than the firmware on the headset, the user is prompted to upgrade the headset on the phone screen. The user can choose to upgrade the headset immediately or postpone it to a later time.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.
- Step 2 Under the Cisco Headset Firmware Upgrade section, find the parameter Cisco Headset Upgrade Rule.
- **Step 3** Specify the TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS protocol, an IP address of the headset upgrade device, and the name of the headset XML file. Enter the values as a single string in the parameter.

Caution Do not change the headset XML file contents.

For example, tftp://10.74.51.81/prov/headset/1-6-0-162/ciscoheadsetfirmware.xml

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml):

```
<Cisco_Headset_Upgrade_Rule ua="na">tftp://10.74.51.81/prov/headset/1-6-0-162/ciscoheadsetfirmware.xml</Cisco Headset Upgrade Rule>
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

If a new version of the headset firmware is detected, the phone displays an upgrade prompt.

Audio Quality

Beyond physical, mechanical, and technical performance, the audio portion of a headset must sound good to the user and to the party on the far end. Sound quality is subjective, and we cannot guarantee the performance of any third-party headset. However, various headsets from leading headset manufacturers are reported to perform well with Cisco IP Phones.

Cisco doesn't recommend or test any third-party headsets with their products. For information about third-party headset support for Cisco products, go to the manufacturer's web site.

Cisco does test the Cisco headsets with the Cisco IP Phones. For information about Cisco Headsets and Cisco IP Phone support, see https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collaboration-endpoints/headsets/index.html.

Analog Headsets

The phone cannot detect when an analog headset is plugged in. For this reason, the analog headset displays by default in the Accessories window on the phone screen.

Displaying the analog headset as the default allows users to enable wideband for the analog headset.

USB Headsets

Wired and wireless USB headsets are supported. You can connect one USB headset (or the base station for a wireless headset) to either the back USB port (if your phone has this port) or to the side USB port.

Select a USB Headset

You can only plug in one USB headset. If you are using an analog headset, you can switch to your USB headset by using the **Accessories** window of the phone.

Procedure

- Step 1 On your phone, press Applications
- Step 2 Select Status.
- Step 3 Select Accessories.
- **Step 4** Press the Navigation cluster, up or down, to select the USB headset.

Stop Using a USB Headset

You can stop using your USB headset and select a different headset in the **Accessories** window of the phone.

Procedure

- Step 1 On your phone, press Applications
- Step 2 Select Status.
- Step 3 Select Accessories.
- **Step 4** Press the Navigation cluster, up or down, to select a different headset.

Wireless Headsets

You can use most wireless headsets with your phone. For a list of supported wireless headsets, see http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/unified-communications/uc_endpoints_accessories.html

Refer to your wireless headset documentation for information about connecting the headset and using the features.

Bluetooth Wireless Headsets

For a list of supported headsets, see http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/unified-communications/uc_endpoints_accessories.html.

Bluetooth enables low-bandwidth wireless connections within a range of 30 feet (10 meters). The best performance is in the 3- to 6-foot (1- to 2-meter) range. Bluetooth wireless technology operates in the 2.4 GHz band, which is the same as the 802.11b/g band.

Cisco IP Phones use a shared key authentication and encryption method to connect up to fifty headsets, one at a time. The last connected headset is used as the default. Pairing is typically performed once for each headset.

After a device is paired, the Bluetooth connection is maintained as long as both devices (phone and headset) are enabled and within range of each other. The connection typically reestablishes itself automatically if either of the devices powers down then powers up. However, some headsets require user action to reestablish the connection.

The Bluetooth icon 🚯 indicates that Bluetooth is on, regardless of whether a device is connected or not.

Potential interference issues can occur. We recommend that you reduce the proximity of other 802.11b/g devices, Bluetooth devices, microwave ovens, and large metal objects. If possible, configure other 802.11 devices to use the 802.11a channels. Use 802.11a, 802.11n or 802.11ac that operates in the 5 GHz band.

For a Bluetooth wireless headset to work, it does not need to be within direct line-of-sight of the phone. However, some barriers, such as walls or doors, and interference from other electronic devices, can affect the connection.

When headsets are more than 30 feet (10 meters) away from the Cisco IP Phone, Bluetooth drops the connection after a 15- to 20-second timeout. If the paired headset comes back into range of the Cisco IP Phone and the phone is not connected to another Bluetooth headset, the in-range Bluetooth headset automatically reconnects. For certain phone types that operate in power-save modes, the user can wake up the headset by tapping on the operational button to initiate the reconnect.

You must enable the headset and then add it as a phone accessory.

The phone supports various Handsfree Profile features that enable you to use hands-free devices (such as Bluetooth wireless headsets) to perform certain tasks without handling the phone. For example, instead of pressing Redial on the phone, users can redial a number from their Bluetooth wireless headset by following instructions from the headset manufacturer.

These hands-free features apply to Bluetooth wireless headsets that are used with the Cisco IP Phone8851 and 8861:

- · Answer a call
- End a call
- Change the headset volume for a call
- · Redial
- Caller ID
- Divert
- · Hold and accept
- Release and accept

Hands-free devices may differ as to feature activation. Device manufacturers may also use different terms when referring to a feature.



Important

Only one headset type works at any given time. If you use both a Bluetooth headset and an analog headset that are attached to the phone, enabling the Bluetooth headset disables the analog headset. To enable the analog headset, disable the Bluetooth headset. Plugging a USB headset into a phone that has Bluetooth headset enabled disables both the Bluetooth and analog headset. If you unplug the USB headset, you can either enable or disable the Bluetooth headset to use the analog headset.

Users can set their Bluetooth headset as the preferred headset, even when a USB headset is connected to the phone. On the phone, the user selects **Applications** > **User preferences** > **Audio preferences** > **Preferred audio device** and chooses **Bluetooth** as the preferred audio device.

For information about how to use your Bluetooth wireless headset, see:

- Cisco IP Phone 8811, 8841, 8851, and 8861 User Guide for Cisco Unified Communications Manager
- User guides provided with your headset

Cisco IP Phone Key Expansion Module

Cisco IP Phone Key Expansion Module Setup Overview

Figure 5: Key Expansion Module with Single LCD Screen



Figure 6: Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module with Dual Screen



Figure 7: Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module with Dual Screen



The Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module adds extra programmable buttons to the phone. The programmable buttons can be set up as phone speed-dial buttons, or phone feature buttons.

There are 3 expansion modules available:

- Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module—Single LCD screen module, 18 line keys, 2 pages, two-column display only.
- Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module—Dual LCD screen module for audio phones, 14 line keys, 2 pages, one-column display only.
- Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module—Dual LCD screen module for video phones, 14 line keys, 2 pages, one-column display only.



Note

The Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module and the Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module require Firmware Release 11.2(3) or later.

You can use more than one expansion module per phone. But each module must be the same type. You cannot mix Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module with a Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module or with a Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module. You cannot mix audio expansion modules with video expansion modules. You also cannot use a video expansion module on an audio phone or an audio expansion module on a video phone.

The following table lists the phones and the number of key expansion modules that each model supports.

Table 105: Cisco IP Phones and Supported Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module

Cisco IP Phone Model	Supported Number of Key Expansion Modules and Buttons	
Cisco IP Phone 8851	2; single LCD screen, 18 line keys, two pages, providing 72 buttons	
Cisco IP Phone 8861	3; single LCD screen, 18 line keys, two pages, providing 108 buttons	
Cisco IP Phone 8865	3; single LCD screen, 18 line keys, two pages, providing 108 buttons,	

Table 106: Cisco IP Phones and Supported Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module and Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module

Cisco IP Phone Model	Supported Numbers of Key Expansion Modules and Buttons	
Cisco IP Phone 8851	2; dual LCD screen, 14 line keys, two pages, providing 56 buttons	
Cisco IP Phone 8861	3; dual LCD screen, 14 line keys, two pages, providing 84 buttons	
Cisco IP Phone 8865	3; dual LCD screen, 14 line keys, two pages, providing 84 buttons	

Key Expansion Module Power Information

If you use a key expansion module with your IP phone, then Power over Ethernet (PoE) is enough to power your expansion modules. But, your phone must have an IP address in order to charge the expansion module.

A power cube is needed for smartphone or tablet charging when your key expansion module is attached.

A key expansion module uses 48V DC, 5W per module. If you are charging a smartphone or a tablet, note the following:

- Side USB: Up to 500mA/2.5W charging
- Back USB: Fast charging, Supports up to 2.1A/10.5W charging

Table 107: Power-Supply Compatibility for Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module

Configuration	802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)	802.3at PoE	Cisco IP Phone Power Cube 4
8851 with 1 key expansion module	Yes	Yes	Yes
8851with 2 key expansion modules	No	No See the third note below	Yes
8861 with 1 key expansion module	No	Yes	Yes
8861 with 2 key expansion modules	No	Yes See the first note below	Yes
8861 with 3 key expansion modules	No	Yes See the first note below	Yes



Note

- The fast-charging feature on the back USB does not work when more than one key expansion module is attached to a Cisco IP Phone 8861 using 802.3at PoE.
- The fast-charging feature on the back USB doesn't work when more than one key expansion module is attached to a Cisco IP Phone 8861, unless Cisco Universal PoE (UPoE) is used.
- Cisco IP Phone 8851 with 2 key expansion modules works on 802.3at PoE only with v08 or later hardware. You can find the phone version information on the lower back of the phone as part of the TAN and PID label. Version information is also located on the individual phone packaging.

Table 108: Power-Supply Compatibility for Cisco IP Phone 8851/8861 Key Expansion Module and Cisco IP Phone 8865 Key Expansion Module

Configuration	802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)	802.3at PoE	Cisco IP Phone Power Cube 4
8851 with 1 key expansion module	Yes	Yes	Yes
8851with 2 key expansion modules	No	Yes See the third note below	Yes
8861 and 8865 with 1 key expansion module	No	Yes	Yes
8861 and 8865 with 2 key expansion modules	No	Yes See the first note below	Yes
8861 and 8865 with 3 key expansion modules	No	Yes See the first note below	Yes



Note

- The fast-charging feature on the back USB does not work when more than one key expansion module is attached to a Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865 using 802.3at PoE.
- The fast-charging feature on the back USB doesn't work when more than one key expansion module is attached to a Cisco IP Phone 8861 and 8865, unless Cisco Universal PoE (UPoE) is used.
- Cisco IP Phone 8851 with 2 key expansion modules works on 802.3at PoE only with v08 or later hardware. You can find the phone version information on the lower back of the phone as part of the TAN and PID label. Version information is also located on the individual phone packaging.

Connect a Key Expansion Module to a Cisco IP Phone

If you want to install more than one key expansion module, you repeat steps 7-9 to connect the other key expansion modules together.

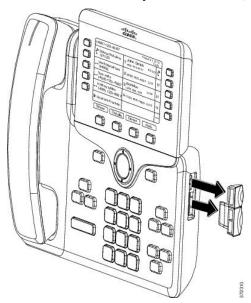
Procedure

- **Step 1** Unplug the Ethernet cable from the phone.
- **Step 2** If installed, remove the footstand from the phone.
- **Step 3** Locate the accessory connector covers on the side of the phone.

This diagram shows the location.



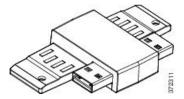
Step 4 Remove the two accessory connector covers, as shown in the diagram.



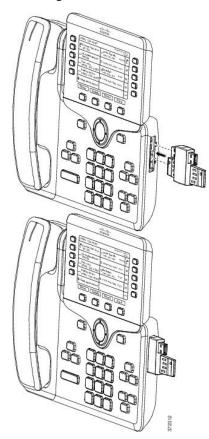
Caution The slots are designed for the spine connector only. Insertion of other objects will cause permanent damage to the phone.

- **Step 5** Position the phone so that the front of the phone faces up.
- **Step 6** Connect one end of the key expansion module spine connector to the accessory connector on the Cisco IP Phone.
 - a) Align the spine connector with the accessory connector ports.
 - **Note** Install the connector in the orientation shown in the following diagrams.
 - b) Firmly press the spine connector into the phone.

This diagram shows the spine connector.

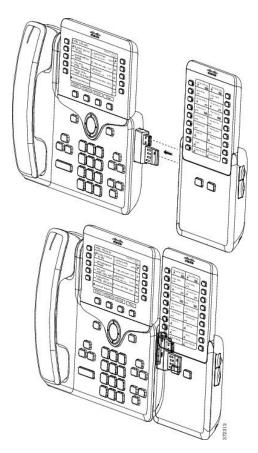


This diagram shows the installation of the spine connector.



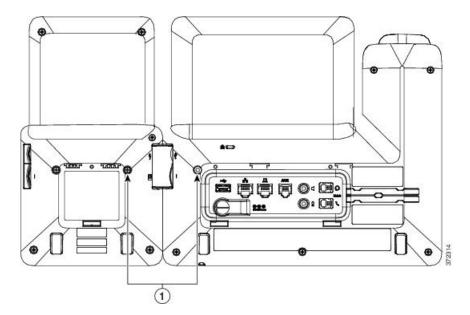
Step 7 Connect the other end of the spine connector to the key expansion module as shown in this diagram.

- a) Align the spine connector with the key expansion module accessory connector ports.
- b) Firmly press the key expansion module into the spine connector.



- **Step 8** (Optional) Use a second key expansion module spine connector to connect the second key expansion module to the first key expansion module.
- **Step 9** (Optional) Use a third key expansion module spine connector to connect the third key expansion module to the second key expansion module.
- **Step 10** Use a screwdriver to fasten the screws into the phone.

This step ensures that the phone and key expansion module remain connected at all times. This diagram shows the location of the screw holes on the phone and one key expansion module.



Note Make sure that the screws are fully inserted into the phone and tightened.

If you lose any screws, the phone uses a standard M3 0.5x5.0mm screw.

- **Step 11** (Optional) Install the footstands on the phone and on the key expansion module, and adjust both footstands to rest evenly on the work surface.
- **Step 12** Plug the Ethernet cable into the phone.

Connect Two or Three Key Expansion Modules to a Cisco IP Phone

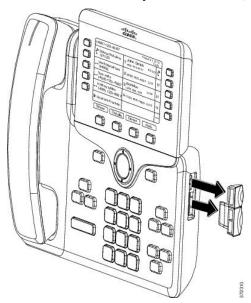
Procedure

- **Step 1** Unplug the Ethernet cable from the phone.
- **Step 2** If installed, remove the footstand from the phone.
- **Step 3** Locate the accessory connector covers on the side of the phone.

This diagram shows the location.



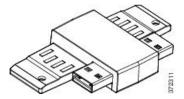
Step 4 Remove the two accessory connector covers, as shown in the diagram.



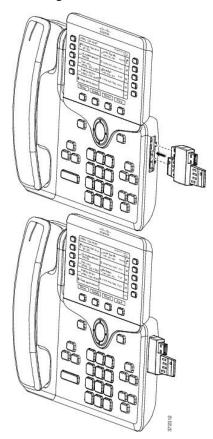
Caution The slots are designed for the spine connector only. Insertion of other objects will cause permanent damage to the phone.

- **Step 5** Position the phone so that the front of the phone faces up.
- **Step 6** Connect one end of the key expansion module spine connector to the accessory connector on the Cisco IP Phone.
 - a) Align the spine connector with the accessory connector ports.
 - **Note** Install the connector in the orientation shown in the following diagrams.
 - b) Firmly press the spine connector into the phone.

This diagram shows the spine connector.



This diagram shows the installation of the spine connector.



- **Step 7** Connect the other end of the spine connector to the key expansion module as shown in this diagram.
 - a) Align the spine connector with the key expansion module accessory connector ports.
 - b) Firmly press the key expansion module into the spine connector.

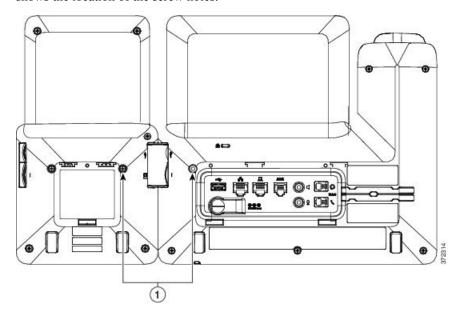
The first key expansion module is now connected to the Cisco IP Phone.

- Step 8 Use a second key expansion module spine connector to connect the second key expansion module to the first key expansion module.
- Use a third key expansion module spine connector to connect the third key expansion module to the second (middle) key expansion module. This figure shows a Cisco IP Phone with three key expansion modules attached.



Step 10 Use a screwdriver to fasten the screws into the phone and into each key expansion module.

This step ensures that the phone and key expansion modules remain connected at all times. This diagram shows the location of the screw holes.



Note Make sure that the screws are fully inserted into the phone and tightened.

- **Step 11** (Optional) Install the footstands on the phone and on the key expansion modules, and adjust all footstands to rest evenly on the work surface.
- **Step 12** Plug the Ethernet cable into the phone.

Auto Detection of Key Expansion Modules

You can configure a new phone to auto-detect the maximum number of key expansion modules that it supports. For these phones, the **Number of Units** field shows the maximum number of key expansion modules that the phone supports as the default value. When a user adds key expansion modules to these phones, the module lights up and is enabled automatically. Default value of this field is 2 for Cisco IP Phone 8851 and 3 for Cisco IP Phone 8861. Navigate to **Admin Login** > **Advanced** > **Voice** > **Att Console** to check the value of the **Number of Units** field.

If your user has an older release phone and it is upgraded to the current release, you can change the cofiguration of the phone so that when the user adds a key expansion module to the phone, it lights up and is enabled automatically.

Configure the Key Expansion Module with the Phone Web Interface

You can add number of supported key expansion modules from the phone web interface.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.

Step 2 From the **Number of Units** list, select the number of supported key expansion modules.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

```
<Number_of_Units ua="na">2</Number_of_Units>
```

Default: 0

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Access Key Expansion Module Setup

After you install one or more key expansion modules on the phone and configure them in the Configuration Utility page, the phone automatically recognizes the key expansion modules.

When multiple key expansion modules are attached, they are numbered according to the order in which they connect to the phone:

- Key expansion module 1 is the expansion module closest to the phone.
- Key expansion module 2 is the expansion module in the middle.
- Key expansion module 3 is the expansion module farthest to the right.

When the phone automatically recognizes the key expansion modules, you can then choose the **Show Details** softkey for additional information about the selected key expansion module.

Procedure

- Step 1 On the phone, press Applications .
- Step 2 Press Status > Accessories.

All properly installed and configured key expansion modules display in the list of accessories.

Allocate a Key Expansion Module Type

You can assign the type of key expansion module that the phone supports:

- BEKEM
- CP-8800-Audio
- CP-8800-Video

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- Step 2 Set the KEM Type from BEKEM, CP-8800-Audio, and CP-8800-Video

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

<KEM Type ua="na">CP-8800-Video</KEM Type>

Options: BEKEM, CP-8800-Audio, and CP-8800-Video

Default: CP-8800-Video

Step 3 Press Submit All Changes.

Allocate a Key Expansion Module Type with the Phone Menu

You can assign the type of key expansion module that the phone supports.

Procedure

- Step 1 Press Applications
- **Step 2** Select User preferences > Attendant console preferences > KEM type.
- **Step 3** Select the key expansion module type.
- Step 4 Press Save.

Reset the Single LCD Screen Key Expansion Module

If you are having technical difficulties with your Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module, you can reset the module to the factory default settings.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Restart the key expansion module by disconnecting the power source, waiting a few seconds, and then reconnecting it.
- As the key expansion module powers up, press and hold **Page 1**. As the LCD screen turns white, continue pressing **Page 1** for at least one second.
- **Step 3** Release **Page 1**. The LEDs turn red.
- **Step 4** Immediately press **Page 2** and continue pressing **Page 2** for at least one second.
- **Step 5** Release **Page 2**. The LEDs turn amber.
- **Step 6** Press Lines **5**, **14**, **1**, **18**, **10**, and **9** in sequence.

The LCD screen turns blue. A spinning icon is displayed in the center of the screen.

The key expansion module resets.

Configure a Speed Dial on a Key Expansion Module

You can configure speed dial on a key expansion module line. The user can then press the line key to call a frequently dialed number.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- **Step 2** Select a key expansion module line key on which to enable the speed dial.
- **Step 3** Enter a string in this format:

fnc=sd;ext=9999@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=xxxx

where:

- fnc= sd means function=speed dial
- ext= 9999 is the phone that the line key calls. Replace 9999 with numbers.
- vid=n is the line index of the phone.
- nme= XXXX is the name displayed on the phone for the speed-dial line key. Replace XXXX with a name.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

<Unit n Key m>fnc=sd;ext=9999@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=xxxx

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Add Call Park on a Key Expansion Module Line Key

You can add call park to a Key Expansion Module line key to enable the user to temporarily store calls to the same phone to which the Key Expansion Module is connected or to store calls to a different phone. The user can also unpark the call from the line key.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- **Step 2** Select a Key Expansion Module line key on which to enable the call park.
- **Step 3** Enter a string in this format:

For a private line, enter

fnc=park;sub=\$USER@\$PROXY;nme=CallPark-Slot1

For a shared line, enter

fnc=prk;sub=\$USER@\$PROXY;nme=Call-Park1;orbit=<DN of primary line>

where:

- fnc= prk means function=call park
- sub= 999999 is the phone to which the call parks. Replace 999999 with a numbers.
- nme= XXXX is the name displayed on the phone for the call park line key. Replace XXXX with a name.

You can also configure the line-specific parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in the following format:

```
<Unit 1 Key 1 ua="na">fnc=prk;sub=$USER@$PROXY;nme=CallPark-Slot1/Unit 1 Key 1 >
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure the LCD Brightness for a Key Expansion Module

You can configure the brightness of the LCD display on the key expansion module from the Attendant Console tab.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Att Console.

Step 2 Set the **Attendant Console LCD Contrast** to a value between 1 and 15.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

<Attendant Console LCD Brightness ua="na">12</Attendant Console LCD Brightness>

The higher the number, the greater the brightness on the key expansion module screen. The default value is 12. If no value is entered, the LCD brightness level is equal to 1, the dimmest value.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure the Busy Lamp Field on a Key Expansion Module

You can configure the busy lamp field on a key expansion module line so that the user can monitor a coworker's availability to receive a call.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Att Console.
- **Step 2** Select a key expansion module line key.
- **Step 3** Enter a string in this format:

fnc=blf;sub=xxxx@\$PROXY;usr=8888@\$PROXY.

Where:

- fnc= blf means function=busy lamp field
- sub= the URI to which the SUBSCRIBE message is sent. This name must be identical to the name defined in the List URI: sip: parameter. xxxx is the name that is defined in List URI: sip: parameter. Replace xxxx with the exact defined name. \$PROXY is the server. Replace \$PROXY with the server address or name.
- usr= the BroadSoft user being monitored by BLF with 8888 as the phone being monitored. Replace 8888 with the exact number of the monitored phone. \$PROXY is the server. Replace \$PROXY with the server address or name.
- **Step 4** (Optional) To enable the busy lamp field to work with both speed dial and call pickup enter a string in the following format:

fnc=blf+sd+cp;sub=xxxx@\$PROXY;usr=yyyy@\$PROXY.

Where:

sd= speed dial

cp= call pickup

You can also enable busy lamp field only with call pickup or speed dial. Enter the string in the following format:

fnc=blf+cp;sub=xxxx@\$PROXY;usr=yyyy@\$PROXY

fnc=blf+sd; sub=xxxx@\$PROXY; usr=yyyy@\$PROXY

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in the following format:

<Unit_1_Key_2_ ua="na">fnc=blf;ext=3252@\$PROXY;nme=BLF_3252</Unit_1_Key_2_>

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Enable the User to Configure Features on Key Expansion Module Line Keys

You can enable the user to configure features on the line keys of the key expansion module. The user can then add any of the configured features to the dedicated line keys. For the supported features, see Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.
- Ensure that the line keys of the key expansion module are not in the Inert mode.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Att Console.
- Step 2 In the General section, configure the Customizable PLK Options parameter with the codes of your desired features defined in Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

Example: You configure this parameter with blf; shortcut; dnd;. The user can call up the feature list with a long-press on a key expansion module line key. The feature list looks like:

- 1 None
- 2 BLF presence
- 4 Menu shortcut
- 3 Do not disturb

The user can then select a feature or a menu shortcut to add to the line key.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Customizable_PLK_Options ua="na">blf;shortcut;dnd;</Customizable_PLK_Options>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Add a Menu Shortcut to a Key Expansion Module Line Key

You can add a menu shortcut to a line key of the attached key expansion module. Then, the user can press the configured line key to access the menu.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- **Step 2** Go to the **Unit** (n) section, where n is unit number of the key expansion module.
- **Step 3** Configure the **Unit** *n* **Key** *m* **field, where** *n* **is unit number of the key expansion module, and** *m* **is the key number.**

fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences

where:

- fnc= shortcut means function=phone menu shortcut.
- url= userpref is the menu to open with this line key. It's the **User preferences** menu in this example. For more shortcut mappings, see Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PLK and PSK, on page 284.
- nme= XXXX is the menu shortcut name displayed on the key expansion module screen. If you don't specify a display name, the line key displays the target menu item. In the example, the line key displays **User preferences**.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

```
<Unit_n_Key_m_ ua="na">fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences</Unit_n_Key_m_>
where n is the unit number of the key expansion module, and m is the key number.
```

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Add an Extended Feature to a Key Expansion Module Line Key

You can add a feature to a line key of the attached key expansion module. Then, the user can press the line key to access the feature. For the supported features, see Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- **Step 2** Go to the **Unit** (n) section, where n is unit number of the key expansion module.
- Step 3 Configure the Unit *n* Key *m* field, where *n* is unit number of the key expansion module, and *m* is the key number.

fnc=dnd

The user can turn on or off Do not disturb mode with the line key. For more feature codes, see Configurable Features on Line Keys, on page 288.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

```
<Unit_n_Key_m_ ua="na">fnc=dnd</Unit_n_Key_m_>
```

where n is the unit number of the key expansion module, and m is the key number.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Configure the Voicemail PLK on a Key Expansion Module Button

You can configure the voicemail Programmable Line Key (PLK) on a Key Expansion Module button for the users to monitor a specified voicemail account of a user or a group.

The voicemail PLK can monitor both the voicemail of an extension and the voicemail account of another user or a group. Monitoring the voicemail of another user or a group requires the support from the SIP proxy.

For example, if the users belong to a customer service group. This feature allows the users to monitor both their voicemails and the group's voicemails.

If you configure speed dial for the same button, the users can press the button to make a speed dial to the assigned extension.

Before you begin

One or more expansion modules have been installed on the phone.

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Att Console.
- **Step 2** Select an expansion module button on which to configure the voicemail PLK.
- **Step 3** Enter a string in this format:
 - For MWI only:

fnc=mwi;sub=group vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;

• For MWI + Speed Dial:

fnc=mwi+sd;ext=8000@domain;sub=group_vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;

• For MWI + speed dial + DTMF:

fnc=mwi+sd;ext=8000 ,4085283300#,123456#@domain;sub=group vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;

For more information about the string syntax, see String Syntax for Voicemail PLK, on page 383.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific. Enter a string in this format:

```
<Unit_1_Key_1_ ua="na">fnc=mwi+sd;ext=8000 ,4085283300#,123456#@domain;
sub=group_vm@domain;vid=1;nme=Group;</Unit_1_Key_1_>
```

Step 4 In the General section, add mwi or mwi; sd in the field Customizable PLK Options.

Parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml):

```
<Customizable PLK Options ua="na">mwi;sd</Customizable PLK Options>
```

After the configuration, users can configure the corresponding features on the expansion module button.

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

Troubleshoot the Key Expansion Module

Procedure

- **Step 1** Open a CLI.
- **Step 2** Enter the following command to enter debug mode:

debugsh

- **Step 3** Enter ? to see all available commands and options.
- **Step 4** Use the applicable commands and options to find the desired information.
- **Step 5** To exit debug mode, press **Ctrl-C**.

Key Expansion Module Does Not Go Through the Normal Start Up Process

Problem

When you connect a key expansion module to a phone that is connected to a network port, the key expansion module doesn't start up.

Cause

- Key expansion module type and the attached key expansion module don't match.
- The phone has more than one type of expansion module connected.
- Power over Ethernet (PoE) doesn't meet the required power-supply.
- Connected number of key expansion modules exceed maximum "Number of Units".

Solution

- Change the phone to use the same type of expansion module.
- Check the PoE the phone connected to.
- Check if the unit number is bigger than the "Number of Units".

Shut Down a Line Key on a Key Expansion Module

You can shut down a line key on a key expansion module by setting the Inert mode for it from the phone web page. When the key expansion module line key is in the Inert mode, it is disabled thoroughly. For example, the key expansion module LED is disabled (including LED behavior), no icon or text displays next to the key expansion module line key, and the key expansion module button is not responsive. In a word, it is completely unavailable.

Before you begin

Access the phone administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 120

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Att Console**.
- **Step 2** Go to the **Unit** (n) section, where n is unit number of the key expansion module.
- **Step 3** Configure the **Unit** *n* **Key** *m* field, where *n* is unit number of the key expansion module, and *m* is the key number.

fnc=inert;

where fnc=inert means function=inert.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

```
<Unit_n_Key_m_ ua="na">fnc=inert;</Unit_n_Key_m_>
```

where n is the unit number of the key expansion module, and m is the key number.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Wall Mounts

Wall Mount Options

The following wall mount options are available:

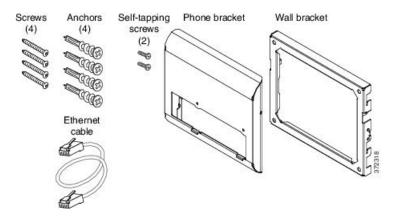
 Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Wall Mount Kit: A nonlockable wall mount kit available for the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series. This wall kit applies to Cisco IP Phone 8811, 8841, 8851, and 8861. The PID is CP-8800-WMK=. Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Wall Mount Kit with Single KEM: The kit is installed on the Cisco IP Phone 8851, and 8861 with one attached Cisco IP Phone 8800 Key Expansion Module. The PID is CP-8800-BEKEM-WMK=

Non-Lockable Wall Mount Components

This section describes how to install the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Wall Mount Kit.

The following figure shows the components of the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Wall Mount Kit.

Figure 8: Components

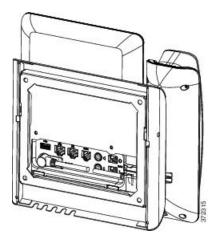


The package contains the following items:

- One phone bracket
- · One wall bracket
- Four #8-18 x 1.25-inch Phillips-head screws with four anchors
- Two K30x8mm self-tapping screws
- One 6-inch Ethernet cable

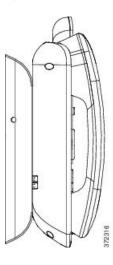
The following figure shows the wall mount kit installed on the phone.

Figure 9: Back view of Wall Mount Kit Installed on Phone



The following figure shows the phone with the wall mount kit from the side.

Figure 10: Side View of Wall Mount Kit Installed on Phone



Install the Non-Lockable Wall Mount Kit for Phone

The wall mount kit can be mounted on most surfaces, including concrete, brick, and similar hard surfaces. To mount the kit on concrete, brick, or similar hard surfaces, you must provide the appropriate screws and anchors for your wall surface.

Before you begin

You need these tools to install the bracket:

- #1 and #2 Phillips-head screwdrivers
- Level
- · Pencil

You must also install an Ethernet jack for the telephone in the desired location if an Ethernet jack does not currently exist. This jack must be wired appropriately for an Ethernet connection. You cannot use a regular telephone jack.

Procedure

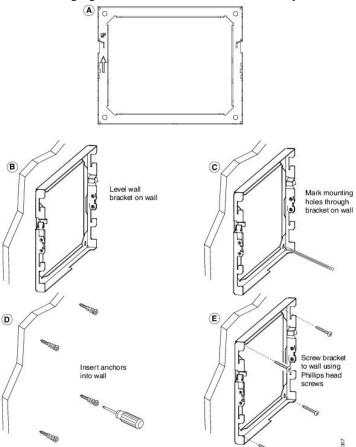
Step 1 Mount the wall bracket in the desired location. You can install the bracket over an Ethernet jack, or you can run the Ethernet network cable to a nearby jack.

Note If the jack is to be placed behind the phone, the Ethernet jack must be flush to the wall or recessed.

- a) Hold the bracket on the wall, placing it so that the arrow on the back of the bracket is pointing up.
- b) Use the level to ensure that the bracket is level and use a pencil to mark the screw holes.
- c) Using a #2 Phillips-head screwdriver, carefully center the anchor over the pencil mark and press the anchor into the wall.
- d) Screw the anchor clockwise into the wall until it is seated flush.
- e) Use the included screws and a #2 Phillips-head screwdriver to attach the bracket to the wall.

Figure 11: Bracket Installation

The following figure shows the bracket installation steps.

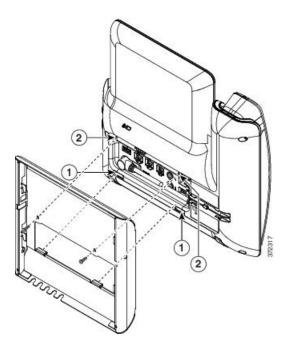


Step 2 Attach the phone bracket to the IP Phone.

- a) Detach power cord, and any other attached cords from the base of the phone, except the handset cord (and headset cord, if there is a headset).
- b) Attach the phone bracket by inserting the tabs into the mounting tabs on the back of the phone. The phone ports should be accessible through the holes in the bracket.
- c) Secure the phone bracket to the IP phone with the self-tapping screws, using the #1 Phillips-head screwdriver.
- d) Reattach the cords and seat them in the clips that are incorporated into the phone body.

Figure 12: Attach Phone Bracket

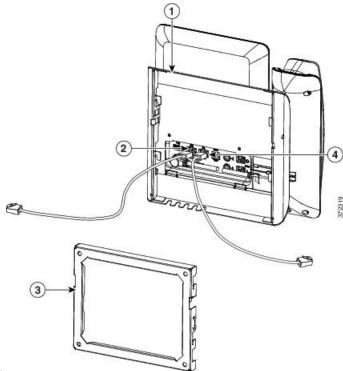
The following figure shows how the bracket attaches to the phone.



Step 3 Attach the cables to the phone:

- a) Attach the Ethernet cable to the 10/100/1000 SW network port and wall jack.
- b) (Optional) If you are connecting a network device (such as a computer) to the phone, attach the cable to the 10/100/1000 Computer (PC access) port.
- c) (Optional) If you are using an external power supply, plug the power cord into the phone and dress the cord by clipping it into the clips that are incorporated into the phone body next to the PC port.
- d) (Optional) If the cables terminate inside the wall bracket, connect the cables to the jacks.

Figure 13: Attach Cables



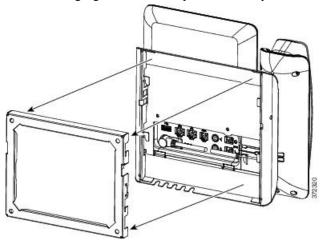
The following figure shows the cables.

Step 4 Attach the phone to the wall bracket by inserting the tabs on the top of the wall bracket into the slots on the phone bracket.

For cables that terminate outside of the brackets, use the cable-access openings in the bottom of the bracket to position the power cord and any other cable that does not terminate in the wall behind the bracket. The phone and wall bracket openings together form circular openings with room for one cable per opening.

Figure 14: Attach Phone to Wall Bracket

The following figure shows how you attach the phone to the wall bracket.

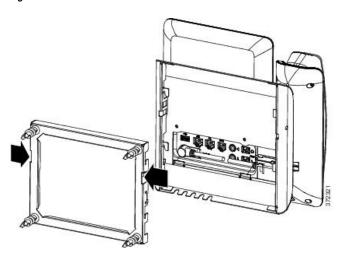


- **Step 5** Press the phone firmly into the wall bracket and slide the phone down. The tabs in the bracket click into position.
- **Step 6** Proceed to Adjust the Handset Rest, on page 624.

Remove the Phone from the Non-Lockable Wall Mount

The wall bracket has two tabs that lock the kit together. Use the following illustration to locate the tabs.

Figure 15: Tab Location



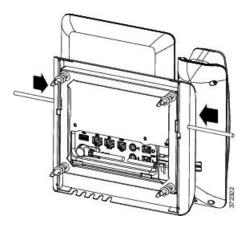
Before you begin

Obtain two Phillips head screwdrivers or other similar devices that have a diameter of 5 millimeters or 3/16ths of an inch.

Procedure

- Step 1 Insert a screw driver or other device into the left and right holes in the phone mounting plate. Insert to a depth of about 3/4 of an inch or 2 centimeters.
- **Step 2** Press firmly inwards to disengage the tabs.

Figure 16: Disengage Tabs

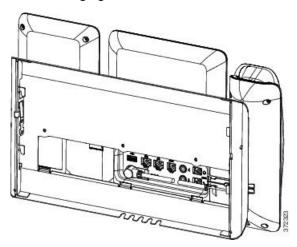


Step 3 Lift the phone to release it from the wall bracket. Pull the phone toward you.

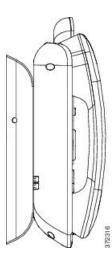
Non-Lockable Wall Mount Components for Phone with Key Expansion Module

This section describes how to install the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Wall Mount Kit with Single KEM on a phone when the phone is connected to a Key Expansion Module.

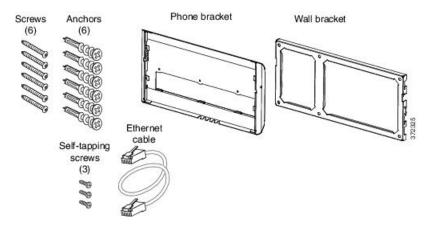
The following figure shows the wall mount kit installed on the phone.



The following figure shows the phone with the wall mount kit from the side.



The following figure shows the components of the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Wall Mount Kit with Single KEM.



The package contains the following items:

- One phone bracket
- One wall bracket
- Six #8-18 x 1.25-inch Phillips-head screws with six anchors
- Three K30x8mm self-tapping screws
- One 6-inch Ethernet cable

Install Non-Lockable Wall Mount Kit for Phone with Key Expansion Module

The wall mount kit can be mounted on most surfaces, including concrete, brick, and similar hard surfaces. To mount the kit on concrete, brick, or similar hard surfaces, you must provide the appropriate screws and anchors for your wall surface.

Before you begin

You need these tools to install the bracket:

- #1 and #2 Phillips-head screwdrivers
- Level
- Pencil

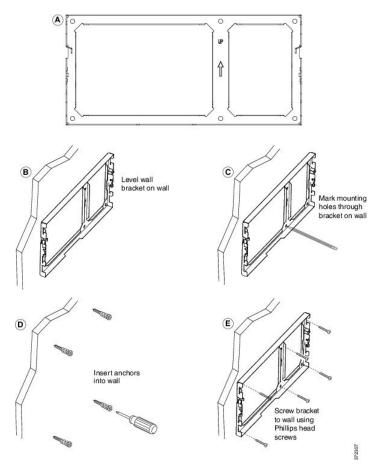
You must also install an Ethernet jack for the telephone in the desired location if an Ethernet jack does not currently exist. This jack must be wired appropriately for an Ethernet connection. You cannot use a regular telephone jack.

Procedure

Step 1 Mount the wall bracket in the desired location. You can install the bracket over an Ethernet jack, or you can run the Ethernet network cable to a nearby jack.

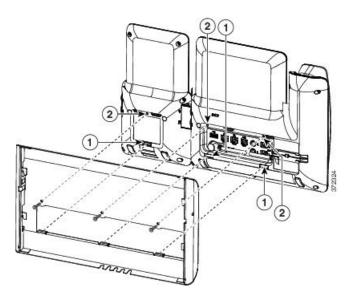
Note If the jack is to be placed behind the phone, the Ethernet jack must be flush to the wall or recessed.

- a) Hold the bracket on the wall. See the following figure for the orientation of the wall bracket.
- b) Use the level to ensure that the bracket is level and use a pencil to mark the screw holes.
- c) Using a #2 Phillips-head screwdriver, carefully center the anchor over the pencil mark and press the anchor into the wall.
- d) Screw the anchor clockwise into the wall until it is seated flush.
- e) Use the included screws and a #2 Phillips-head screwdriver to attach the bracket to the wall.



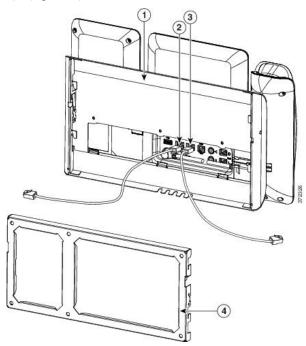
Step 2 Attach the phone bracket to the IP phone and key expansion assembly.

- a) Detach power cord, and any other attached cords from the base of the phone, except the handset cord (and headset cord, if there is a headset).
- b) Attach the phone bracket by inserting the tabs into the mounting tabs on the back of the phone. The phone ports should be accessible through the holes in the bracket.
- c) Secure the phone bracket to the IP phone with the self-tapping screws using a #1 Philips-head screwdriver.
- d) Reattach the cords and seat them in the clips that are incorporated into the phone body.



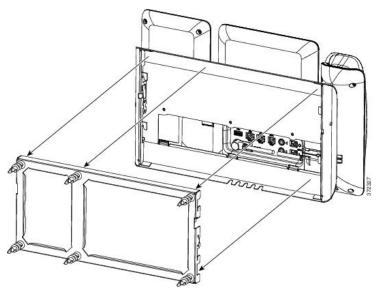
Step 3 Attach the cords.

- a) Attach the Ethernet cable to the 10/100/1000 SW network port and wall jack.
- b) (Optional) If you are connecting a network device (such as a computer) to the phone, attach the cable to the 10/100/1000 Computer (PC access) port.
- c) (Optional) If you are using an external power supply, plug the power cord into the phone and dress the cord by clipping it into the clips that are incorporated into the phone body next to the PC port.
- d) (Optional) If the cables terminate inside the wall bracket, connect the cables to the jacks.



Step 4 Attach the phone to the wall bracket by inserting the tabs on the top of the phone bracket into the slots on the wall bracket.

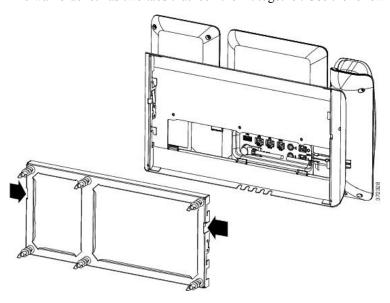
For cables that terminate outside of the bracket, use the cable-access openings in the bottom of the bracket to position the power cord and any other cable that does not terminate in the wall behind the bracket. The phone and wall bracket openings together form circular openings with room for one cable per opening.



Step 5 Proceed to Adjust the Handset Rest, on page 624.

Remove the Phone and Key Expansion Module from the Non-Lockable Wall Mount

The wall bracket has two tabs that lock the kit together. Use the following illustration to locate the tabs.

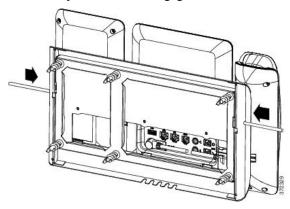


Before you begin

Obtain two Phillips head screwdrivers or other similar devices that have a diameter of 5 millimeters or 3/16ths of an inch.

Procedure

- Step 1 Insert a screw driver or other device into the left and right holes in the phone mounting plate. Insert to a depth of about 3/4 of an inch or 2 centimeters.
- **Step 2** Press firmly inwards to disengage the tabs.

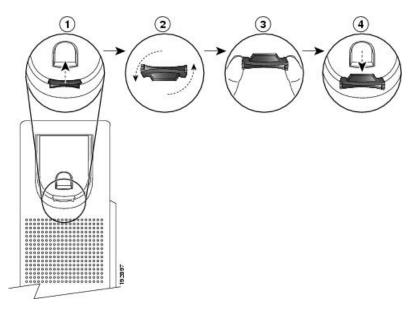


Step 3 Lift the phone to release it from the wall bracket. Pull the phone toward you.

Adjust the Handset Rest

If your phone is wall-mounted or if the handset slips out of the cradle too easily, you may need to adjust the handset rest to ensure that the receiver does not slip out of the cradle.

Figure 17: Adjust the Handset Rest



Procedure

- Step 1 Remove the handset from the cradle and pull the plastic tab from the handset rest.
- Step 2 Rotate the tab 180 degrees.
- Step 3 Hold the tab between two fingers, with the corner notches facing you.
- Step 4 Line up the tab with the slot in the cradle and press the tab evenly into the slot. An extension protrudes from the top of the rotated tab.
- Step 5 Return the handset to the handset rest.

Cisco IP Phone Accessories



TR-069 Parameter Comparison

• XML and TR-069 Parameter Comparison, on page 627

XML and TR-069 Parameter Comparison

This table shows the XML parameters that the phones use, with their TR-069 counterpart.

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ButtonMap	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.BitRate	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.Codec	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.EntryID	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.PacketizationPeriod	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.SilenceSuppression	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.DigitMap	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.DSCPCoupled	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.EthernetTaggingCoupled	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FaxPassThrough	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FaxT38	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FileBasedRingGeneration	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FileBasedToneGeneration	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxLineCount	N/A

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxProfileCount	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxSessionCount	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxSessionsPerLine	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ModemPassThrough	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.NumberingPlan	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.PatternBasedRingGeneration	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.PatternBasedToneGeneration	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.PSTNSoftSwitchOver	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Regions	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RingDescriptionsEditable	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RingFileFormats	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RingGeneration	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RingPatternEditable	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RTCP	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RTPRedundancy	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SignalingProtocols	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.EventSubscription	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.Extensions	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.ResponseMap	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.Role	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSAuthenticationKeySizes	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSAuthenticationProtocols	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSEncryptionKeySizes	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSEncryptionProtocols	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSKeyExchangeProtocols	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.Transports	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.URISchemes	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SRTP	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SRTPEncryptionKeySizes	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SRTPKeyingMethods	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ToneDescriptionsEditable	N/A

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ToneFileFormats	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ToneGeneration	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.VoicePortTests	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.DTMFMethod	DTMF_Tx_Method_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Enable	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.	
$\label{eq:continuous} \hline Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. Anonymous CalEnable \end{center}$	Block_CID_Setting
$\label{thm:convergence} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Calling Features. Anonymous Call Block Enable Profile. The Convergence of the Convergen$	
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Calling Features. Caller IDE nable$	Block_CID_Setting
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Calling Features. Caller IDN amed to the control of the$	Display_Name_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallForwardOnBusyNumber	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber	
Device. Services. VoiceService. {i}. VoiceProfile. {i}. Line. {i}. CallingFeatures. CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount	
$\label{thm:conditional} \hline Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Calling Features. Call Forward Unconditional Enable Profile. \{i\}. The profile of the profil$	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallForwardUnconditionalNumber	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallReturnEnable	N/A
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Calling Features. Call Transfer Enable Profile. Calling Features. Call Transfe$	N/A
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. CallWaitingEnable \end{tabular}$	CW_Setting
$\label{thm:continuous} \hline Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. Conference CallingSessionCountries. Conference CallingSessionCo$	
Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.Line. {i}.CallingFeatures.ConferenceCallingStatus	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.DoNotDisturbEnable	DND_Setting
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.MaxSessions	Call_Appearances_Per_Line
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Message_Waiting_ <i>_</i>
$\label{eq:continuous_problem} Device. Services. VoiceService. \cite{Mainestander}. VoiceProfile. \cite{Mainestander}. Line. \cite{Mainestander}. CallingFeatures. MWIEnable$	N/A
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	N/A
lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	Shared_Line_DND_Cfwd_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallState	N/A

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.BitRate	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.Codec	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.Enable	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.EntryID	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.Line. {i}.Codec.List. {i}.PacketizationPeriod	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.Priority	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.SilenceSuppression	Silence_Supp_Enable_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.ReceiveBitRate	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.ReceiveCodec	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.ReceiveSilenceSuppression	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.TransmitBitRate	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.TransmitCodec	N/A
$\label{eq:decomposition} Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Codec. TransmitPacketizationPeriodelia (ii) and the profile of the profile of$	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.Line. {i}.Codec.TransmitSilenceSuppression	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_PreferredCodec	Preferred_Codec_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_PreferredCodec2	Second_Preferred_Codec_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_PreferredCodec3	Third_Preferred_Codec_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_UsePrefCodecOnly	Use_Pref_Codec_Only_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_CodecNegotiation	Codec_Negotiation_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.DirectoryNumber	User_ID_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Enable	Line_Enable_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.PhyReferenceList	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.RingMuteStatus	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.RingVolumeStatus	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.{i}.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.{i}.FarEndIPAddress	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.{i}.FarEndUDPPort	
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Session. \{i\}. Local UDPP or the profile. \{i\}. Voice Pro$	

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.{i}.SessionDuration	
$\label{eq:Device-Services-VoiceService.} Device-Services. VoiceService. \cite{Allower} Is a Voice-Profile. Allowe$	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.AuthPassword	Password_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.AuthUserName	User_ID_ <i>_</i>
$\label{thm:continuous} Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. SIP. SIP. SIPE ventSubscribe Number Of Elements and the profile of the profile. The profile of the profile of$	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.URI	SIP_URI_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_AuthID	Auth_ID_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_DisplayName	Display_Name_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_UseDNSSRV	Use_DNS_SRV_ <i>_</i>
$\label{lem:condition} Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. SIP. X_CISCO_UserEqualPhone$	User_Equal_Phone_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SetG729annexb	Set_G729_annexb_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_BlindAttnXferEnable	Blind_Attn-Xfer_Enable_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_FeatureKeySync	Feature_Key_Sync_ <i>_</i>
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. SIP.X_CISCO_DNSSRVA utoPrefix \end{tabular}$	DNS_SRV_Auto_Prefix_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Status	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.VoiceProcessing.	N/A
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Voice Processing. Echo Cancellation Enable Profile. \{i\}. Voice Profile. $	N/A
$\label{thm:proposed_proposed_proposed_proposed_proposed} Device. Services. VoiceService. \\ \{i\}. VoiceProcessing. EchoCancellationInUse$	N/A
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.X_CISCO_DialPlan	Dial_Plan_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.X_CISCO_DefaultRing	Default_Ring_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.MaxSessions	Call_Appearances_Per_Line
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Name	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.NumberOfLines	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Region	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Reset	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.DSCPMark	RTP_TOS_DiffServ_Value_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.LocalPortMax	RTP_Port_Max
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.LocalPortMin	RTP_Port_Min
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.RTCP.	

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Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.RTCP.Enable	RTCP_Tx_Interval
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.RTCP.TxRepeatInterval	RTCP_Tx_Interval
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.Enable	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.EncryptionKeySizes	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.KeyingMethods	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.TelephoneEventPayloadType	AVT_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.X_CISCO_RTPPacketSize	RTP_Packet_Size
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.X_CISCO_RTPBeforeACK	RTP_Before_ACK
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.ContactPhoneNumber	N/A
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. Voice Profile. \{i\}. Service Provider Info. Email Address$	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.Name	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.URL	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SignalingProtocol	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.DSCPMark	SIP_TOS_DiffServ_Value_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.InviteExpires	INVITE_Expires
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.Organization	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.OutboundProxy	Outbound_Proxy_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.OutboundProxyPort	Outbound_Proxy_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ProxyServer	Proxy_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ProxyServerPort	Proxy_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ProxyServerTransport	SIP_Transport_<1>_
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.RegisterExpires	Register_Expires_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.RegisterRetryInterval	Reg_Retry_Intvl
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.RegistersMinExpires	Reg_Min_Expires
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ReInviteExpires	ReINVITE_Expires
$\label{thm:period_energy} Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. SIP. SIP. SIP. EventSubscribe Number Of Elements (i) and the period of t$	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.SIPResponseMapNumberOfElements	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerB	SIP_Timer_B
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerD	SIP_Timer_D

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Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerF	SIP_Timer_F
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerH	SIP_Timer_H
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerJ	SIP_Timer_J
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerT1	SIP_T1
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerT2	SIP_T2
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerT4	SIP_T4
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.UserAgentDomain	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.UserAgentPort	SIP_Port_<1>_
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.UserAgentTransport	SIP_Transport_<1>_
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SubMinExpires	Sub_Min_Expires
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SubMaxExpires	Sub_Max_Expires
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SubRetryIntvl	Sub_Retry_Intvl
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.STUNEnable	STUN_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfileNumberOfEntries	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G711uCodecName	G711u_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G711aCodecName	G711a_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G729aCodecName	G729a_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G729bCodecName	G729b_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G722CodecName	G722_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G7222CodecName	G722.2_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iLBCCodecName	iLBC_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iSACCodecName	iSAC_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.OPUSCodecName	OPUS_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVTCodecName	AVT_Codec_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G7222BEDynamicPayload	G722.2_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G7222OADynamicPayload	G722.2_OA_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iLBC20msDynamicPayload	iLBC_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iLBC30msDynamicPayload	iLBC_30ms_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iSACDynamicPayload	iSAC_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.OPUSDynamicPayload	OPUS_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVTDynamicPayload	AVT_Dynamic_Payload

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Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVT16kHzDynamicPayload	AVT_16kHz_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVT48kHzDynamicPayload	AVT_48kHz_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.INFOREQDynamicPayload	INFOREQ_Dynamic_Payload
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.DisplayAnonymousFromHeader	Display_Anonymous_From_Header
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.RedirectKeepAlive	Redirect_Keep_Alive
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.DialTone	Dial_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.OutsideDialTone	Outside_Dial_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.PromptTone	Prompt_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.BusyTone	Busy_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.ReorderTone	Reorder_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.OffHookWarningTone	Off_Hook_Warning_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.RingBackTone	Ring_Back_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.CallWaitingTone	Call_Waiting_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.ConfirmTone	Confirm_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.MWIDialTone	MWI_Dial_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.CfwdDialTone	Cfwd_Dial_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.HoldingTone	Holding_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.ConferenceTone	Conference_Tone
$\label{lem:decomposition} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Regional. Tones. Secure Call Indication Tones. Secur$	Secure_Call_Indication_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.PageTone	Page_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.AlertTone	Alert_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.MuteTone	Mute_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.UnmuteTone	Unmute_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.SystemBeep	System_Beep
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.CallPickupTone	Call Pickup_Tone
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence1	Cadence_1
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence2	Cadence_2
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence3	Cadence_3
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence4	Cadence_4

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Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence5	Cadence_5
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence6	Cadence_6
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence7	Cadence_7
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence8	Cadence_8
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence9	Cadence_9
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.ControlTimer.ReorderDelay	Reorder_Delay
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Regional. Control Timer. Interdigit Long Timer. The control $	Interdigit_Long_Timer
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Regional. Control Timer. Interdigit Short Timer. The control Timer. The control$	Interdigit_Short_Timer
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.NumberOfUnits	Number_of_Units
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.ServerType	
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.SubscribeRetryInterval	Subscribe_Retry_Interval
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.BXferOnSpeedDialEnable	Bxfer_On_Speed_Dial_Enable
$\label{lem:console} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_AttConsole. Attendant Console LCD Contrast and Contra$	Attendant_Console_LCD_Brightness
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.BXferToStarcodeEnable	Bxfer_To_Starcode_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.Key.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.Key.{i}.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.Key.{i}.Config	Unit_ <i>_Key_<i>_</i></i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.NumberOfKey	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.{i}.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.{i}.ExtendedFunction	Extended_Function_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.{i}.Extension	Extension_ <i>_</i>
$\label{thm:continuous} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Line Key. \{i\}. Share Call Apparence to the continuous statement of the continuous st$	Share_Call_Appearance_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.{i}.ShortName	Short_Name_ <i>_</i>
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.NumberOfLineKey	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.StationName	Station_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.GroupPagingScript	Group_Paging_Script

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Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.VoiceMailNumber	Voice_Mail_Number
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.BluetoothMode	Bluetooth_Mode
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Line	Line
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring1	Ring1
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring2	Ring2
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring3	Ring3
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring4	Ring4
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring5	Ring5
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring6	Ring6
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring7	Ring7
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring8	Ring8
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring9	Ring9
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring10	Ring10
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring11	Ring11
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring12	Ring12
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.ConferenceServ	Coference_Serv
$\label{lem:convergence} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Supp Services. Attn Transfer Services$	Attn_Transfer_Serv
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Blind_Transfer_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.DNDServ	DND_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.BlockANCServ	Block_ANC_Serv
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Block_CID_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.SecureCallServ	Secure_Call_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.CfwdAllServ	Cfwd_All_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.CfwdBusyServ	Cfwd_Busy_Serv
$\label{lem:convergence} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Supp Services. Cfwd No Ans Services. A suppose of the convergence of the con$	Cfwd_No_Ans_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.PagingServ	Paging_Serv
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Call_Park_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.CallPickUpServ	Call_Pick_Up_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.ACDLoginServ	ACD_Login_Serv
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Group_Call_Pick_Up_Serv

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$\label{lem:convergence} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Supp Services. Service Annc Service Anno Service Annc Service Annc Service Annc Service Annc Service Anno Servi$	Service_Annc_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.CallRecordingServ	Call_Recording_Serv
thm:continuity:continuity:equation:co	Reverse_Phone_Lookup_Serv
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.	N/A
thm:continuity:continuity:equation:programs:programs:program:equation:programs:programs:program:equation:programs:programs:program:equation:programs:program	Programmable_Softkey_Enable
$\label{prop:control} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Idle Key List Property of the Control of Control o$	Idle_Key_List
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. {i}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Missed Call Key List Technology of Continuous Contin$	Missed_Call_Key_List
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Off Hook Key List Theorem Services. Voice Services$	Off_Hook_Key_List
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.DialingInputKeyList	Dialing_Input_Key_List
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.ProgressingKeyList	Progressing_Key_List
$\label{thm:constraint} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Connected Key List Program Softkeys. Connected Key Li$	Connected_Key_List
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Start X fer Key List Techniques (Services Services) and the services of the servic$	Start-Xfer_Key_List
$\label{thm:conf_equation} Device. Services. Voice Service. \\ \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Start Conf Key List Program Softkeys. \\ The program Softkey Service Servi$	Start-Conf_Key_List
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Conferencing Key List Program Softkeys. Co$	Conferencing_Key_List
thm:continuity:continuit	Releasing_Key_List
$\begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. {\it i} \}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Hold Key List Technologies and the program Softkeys and the progra$	Hold_Key_List
$\label{thm:continuous} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Ringing Key List Program Softkeys. The program Softkey Softkeys and Program Softkeys. The program Softkey Softkeys Softkey$	Ringing_Key_List
$\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Shared Active Key List Program Softkeys. Shared Active Research Program Softkeys. Shared Program So$	Shared_Active_Key_List
$\label{thm:convergence} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_Phone Setting. Program Softkeys. Shared Held Key List Theorem (Services) and the services of the ser$	Shared_Held_Key_List
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK1	PSK_1
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK2	PSK_2
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK3	PSK_3
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK4	PSK_4
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK5	PSK_5
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK6	PSK_6
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK7	PSK_7
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK8	PSK_8
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK9	PSK_9
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK10	PSK_10
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK11	PSK_11
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK12	PSK_12
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK13	PSK_13

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Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK14	PSK_14
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK15	PSK_15
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK16	PSK_16
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.LDAPDirEnable	LDAP_Dir_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.CorpDirName	LDAP_Corp_Dir_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.Server	LDAP_Server
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchBase	LDAP_Search_Base
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.ClientDN	LDAP_Client_DN
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.UserName	LDAP_User_Name
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.Password	LDAP_Password
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.AuthMethod	LDAP_Auth_Method
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.LastNameFilter	LDAP_Last_Name_Filter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.FirstNameFilter	LDAP_First_Name_Filter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem3	LDAP_Search_Item_3
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem3Filter	LDAP_Item_3_Filter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem4	LDAP_Search_Item_4
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem4Filter	LDAP_Item_4_Filter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.DisplayAttrs	LDAP_Display_Attrs
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.NumberMapping	LDAP_Number_Mapping
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.StartTLSEnable	LDAP_StartTLS_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.RingerVolume	Ringer_Volume
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.SpeakerVolume	Speaker_Volume
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.HandsetVolume	Handset_Volume
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.HeadsetVolume	Headset_Volume
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.PhoneBackground	Phone_Background
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.PictureDownloadURL	Picture_Download URL
$\label{lem:control} Device. Services. Voice Service. \\ \{i\}. X_CISCO_User Setting. Electronic Hook Switch Control \\ [In the control of the c$	Ehook_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.ScreenSaverEnable	Screen_Saver_Enable
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.ScreenSaverType	Screen_Saver_Type
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.MissCallShortcut	Miss_Call_Shortcut

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.AlertToneOff	Alert_Tone_Off
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.LogoURL	Logo_URL
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.	N/A
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Activate Block Anonymous Call Properties of the properties of $	Block_ANC_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateBlockCallerId	Block_CID_Act_Code
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Activate Block Caller Id Next Caller I$	Block_CID_Per_Call_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateCallForwardAll	Cfwd_All_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateCallForwardBusy	Cfwd_Busy_Act_Code
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Activate Call Forward No Answer Touch Call Fo$	Cfwd_No_Ans_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateCallWaiting	CW_Act_Code
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Activate Call Waiting Next Call Value and Value Call Value Call$	CW_Per_Call_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateDoNotDisturb	DND_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateSecureCall	Secure_All_Call_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateSecureCallNextCall	Secure_One_Call_Act_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.BlindTransfer	Blind_Transfer_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallPark	Call_Park_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallPickup	Call_Pickup_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallReturn	Call_Return_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallUnpark	Call_Unpark_Code
$\label{lem:condition} \hline Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Deactivate Block Anonymous Call to the condition of the cond$	Block_ANC_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateBlockCallerId	Block_CID_Deact_Code
$\label{thm:condition} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Deactivate Block Caller Id Next Caller Services. Voice Service$	Block_CID_Per_Call_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateCallForwardAll	Cfwd_All_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateCallForwardBusy	Cfwd_Busy_Deact_Code
$\label{lem:condition} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Deactivate Call Forward No Answer Services. Voice Services. Vo$	Cfwd_No_Ans_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateCallWaiting	CW_Deact_Code
$Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Deactivate Call Waiting Next Call The Control of the $	CW_Per_Call_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateDoNotDisturb	DND_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateSecureCal	Secure_No_Call_Act_Code
$\label{thm:continuous} Device. Services. Voice Service. \{i\}. X_CISCO_StarCode. Deactivate Secure Call Next Call Services. Voice Services. Vo$	Secure_One_Call_Deact_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.GroupCallPickup	Group_Call_Pickup_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PagingCode	Paging_Code

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG711a	Prefer_G711a_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG711u	Prefer_G711u_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG722	Prefer_G722_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG7222	Prefer_G722.2_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG729a	Prefer_G729a_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodeciLBC	Prefer_iLBC_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodeciSAC	Prefer_ISAC_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecOPUS	Prefer_OPUS_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG711a	Force_G711a_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG711u	Force_G711u_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG722	Force_G722_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG7222	Force_G722.2_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG729a	Force_G729a_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodeciLBC	Force_iLBC_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodeciSAC	Force_ISAC_Code
Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecOPUS	Force_OPUS_Code
	N/A
	N/A
*(1) We support such TR-069 configuration, but no corresponding parameter on Web/GUI	N/A
*(2) We support such TR-069 configuration, but can only be set to 'Yes"	N/A
*(3) i=0 G.711MuLaw i=1 G.711ALaw i=2 G.729a i=3 G.722 i=4 G.722.2 i=5 iLBC i=6 (88xx iSAC) (78xx OPUS) i=7 OPUS (88xx)	N/A
*(4) Only available on 8851/8861/8865	N/A
*(5) This parameter is for global setting, not per extension	N/A
*(6) This will leads to codec <i> on line <i> enable/disable, for codec <i>, please refer to *(4)</i></i></i>	N/A
*(7) Only with sidecar. On mountlake it is named Attendant Console LCD Contrast	N/A
Device.	N/A
Device.DeviceSummary	N/A
Device.Services.	N/A
Device.Services.VoiceServiceNumberOfEntries	
Device.DeviceInfo.	N/A

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.DeviceInfo.Manufacturer	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.ManufacturerOUI	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.ModelName	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.Description	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.ProductClass	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.SerialNumber	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.HardwareVersion	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.SoftwareVersion	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.EnabledOptions	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.AdditionalHardwareVersion	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.AdditionalSoftwareVersion	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.ProvisioningCode	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.DeviceStatus	N/A
Device.DeviceInfo.UpTime	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.URL	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.Username	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.Password	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.PeriodicInformEnable	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.PeriodicInformInterval	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.PeriodicInformTime	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.ParameterKey	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.ConnectionRequestURL	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.ConnectionRequestUsername	N/A
Device.ManagementServer.ConnectionRequestPassword	N/A
Device.GatewayInfo.	N/A
Device.GatewayInfo.ManufacturerOUI	N/A
Device.GatewayInfo.ProductClass	N/A
Device.GatewayInfo.SerialNumber	N/A
Device.Time.	N/A
Device.Time.NTPServer1	Primary_NTP_Server
Device.Time.NTPServer2	Secondary_NTP_Server

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.Time.CurrentLocalTime	N/A
Device.Time.LocalTimeZone	Time_Zone
Device.Time.X_CISCO_TimeFormat	Time_Format
Device.Time.X_CISCO_DateFormat	Date_Format
Device.LAN.	N/A
Device.LAN.X_CISCO_IPMode	IP_Mode
Device.LAN.AddressingType	Connection_Type
Device.LAN.IPAddress	Static_IP
Device.LAN.SubnetMask	NetMask
Device.LAN.DefaultGateway	Gateway
Device.LAN.DNSServers	Primary_DNS
Device.LAN.MACAddress	N/A
Device.LAN.DHCPOptionNumberOfEntries	N/A
Device.LAN.DHCPOption.	N/A
Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}.	N/A
Device.LAN.DHCPOption. (i).Request	DHCP_Option_To_Use
Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}.Tag	DHCP_Option_To_Use
Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}. Value	DHCP_Option_To_Use
Device.Ethernet.	N/A
Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_CDP	Enable_CDP
Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_LLDP	Enable_LLDP-MED
Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_EnableVLAN	Enable_VLAN
Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_VLANID	VLAN_ID
Device.X_CISCO_Language.	N/A
Device.X_CISCO_Language.DictionaryServerScript	Dictionary_Server_Script
Device.X_CISCO_Language.LanguageSelection	Language_Selection
Device.X_CISCO_Language.Locale	Locale
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.	N/A
Device.X_CISCO_SecuritySettings.TLSCipherList	TLS_Cipher_List
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.Password	XML_Password
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.UserName	XML_User_Name
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLAppServiceName	XML_Application_Service_Name

TR-069 Parameter	XML Parameter
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLAppServiceURL	XML_Application_Service_URL
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLDirServiceName	XML_Directory_Service_Name
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLDirServiceURL	XML_Directory_Service_URL
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.CISCOXMLEXEEnable	CISCO_XML_EXE_Enable
Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.CISCOXMLEXEAuthMode	CISCO_XML_EXE_AUTH_MODE
Device.X_CISCO_RestrictedAccessDomains	Restricted_Access_Domains
Device.X_CISCO_EnableWebServer	Enable_Web_Server
Device.X_CISCO_WebProtocol	Enable_Protocol
Device.X_CISCO_EnableDirectActionUrl	Enable_Direct_Action_Url
Device.X_CISCO_SessionMaxTimeout	Session_Max_Timeout
Device.X_CISCO_SessionIdleTimeout	Session_Idle_Timeout
Device.X_CISCO_WebServerPort	Web_Server_Port
Device.X_CISCO_EnableWebAdminAccess	Enable_Web_Admin_Access
Device.X_CISCO_HostName	Host_Name
Device.X_CISCO_Domain	Domain
Device.X_CISCO_UpgradeErrorRetryDelay	Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay
Device.X_CISCO_UpgradeRule	Upgrade_Rule
Device.X_CISCO_ProfileRule	Profile_Rule
Device.X_CISCO_UserConfigurableResync	User_Configurable_Resync
Device.X_CISCO_HTTPReportMethod	HTTP_Report_Method
Device.X_CISCO_CWMPV1dot2Support	CWMP_V1.2_Support

TR-069 Parameter Comparison