



Release Notes for Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches, Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches are the next generation purpose-built 40 GigabitEthernet, 50 GigabitEthernet, 100 GigabitEthernet, and 400 GigabitEthernet modular core and aggregation platform providing resiliency at scale with the industry's most comprehensive security while allowing your business to grow at the lowest total operational cost. They have been purpose-built to address emerging trends of Security, IoT, Mobility, and Cloud.

They deliver hardware and software convergence in terms of ASIC architecture with Unified Access Data Plane (UADP) 3.0 and Cisco Silicon One Q200. The platform runs an Open Cisco IOS XE that supports model driven programmability, Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) Solid State Drive (SSD) local storage, and a higher memory footprint). The series forms the foundational building block for SD-Access, which is Cisco's lead enterprise architecture.

It also supports features that provide high availability, advanced routing and infrastructure services, security capabilities, and application visibility and control.

- [Supported Hardware, on page 1](#)

Supported Hardware

Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches—Model Numbers

The following table lists the supported switch models. For information about the available license levels, see section *License Levels*.

| Switch Model (append with "=" for spares) | Description |
|--|--|
| C9606R | Cisco Catalyst 9606R Switch <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Redundant supervisor module capability• Four linecard slots• Hot-swappable fan tray, front and rear serviceable, fan tray assembly with 9 fans.• Four power supply module slots |

Supported Hardware on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches

| Product ID (append with "=" for spares) | Description |
|--|--|
| Supervisor Modules | |
| C9600-SUP-1 | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 1 Module This supervisor module is supported on the C9606R chassis. |
| C9600X-SUP-2 | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor Engine 2 This supervisor module is supported on the C9606R chassis. |
| SATA¹ SSD² Modules (for the Supervisor) | |
| C9K-F2-SSD-240GB | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 240GB SSD Storage |
| C9K-F2-SSD-480GB | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 480GB SSD Storage |
| C9K-F2-SSD-960GB | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 960GB SSD Storage |
| Line Cards | |
| C9600X-LC-32CD | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 30-Port QSFP28, 2-Port QSFP-DD line card. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C9600X-SUP-2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 30 QSFP28 ports of 100G/40G • 2 QSFP-DD ports of 400G/200G/100G/40G • C9600-SUP-1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not supported |
| C9600-LC-40YL4CD | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 40-Port SFP56, 2-Port QSFP56, 2-Port QSFP-DD line card. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C9600X-SUP-2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 40 SFP56 ports of 50G/25G/10G • 2 QSFP56 ports of 200G/100G/40G • 2 QSFP-DD ports of 400G/200G/100G/40G • C9600X-SUP-1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 40 SFP28 ports of 25G/10G/1G • 2 QSFP28 ports of 100G/40G |

| Product ID (append with "=" for spares) | Description |
|---|--|
| C9600-LC-48YL | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 48-Port SFP56 line card. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C9600X-SUP-2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48 SFP56 ports of 50G/25G/10G • C9600X-SUP-1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48 SFP28 ports of 25G/10G/1G |
| C9600-LC-24C | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 24-Port 40G/12-Port 100G line card. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C9600X-SUP-2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 24 QSFP28 ports of 100G/40G • C9600-SUP-1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 ports of 100G or 24 ports of 40G |
| C9600-LC-48TX | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 48-Port MultiGigabit RJ45 line card. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C9600X-SUP-2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48 ports of 10G/5G/2.5G • C9600X-SUP-1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48 ports of 10G/5G/2.5G/1G and 100M/10M |
| C9600-LC-48S | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 48-Port SFP line card. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C9600X-SUP-2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not supported • C9600-SUP-1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48 SFP ports of 1G |
| AC Power Supply Modules | |
| C9600-PWR-2KWAC | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 2000W AC Power Supply Module ³ |
| C9600-PWR-3KWAC | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 3000W AC Power Supply Module |
| DC Power Supply Modules | |
| C9600-PWR-2KWDC | Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 2000W DC Power Supply Module |

¹ Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA)

² Solid State Drive (SSD) Module

³ Power supply output capacity is 1050W at 110 VAC.

Optics Modules

Cisco Catalyst Series Switches support a wide range of optics and the list of supported optics is updated on a regular basis. Use the [Transceiver Module Group \(TMG\) Compatibility Matrix](#) tool, or consult the tables at this URL for the latest transceiver module compatibility information: https://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/modules/ps5455/products_device_support_tables_list.html



CHAPTER 2

Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x

- [Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 5](#)
- [Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 6](#)
- [Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 6](#)
- [Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1, on page 6](#)
- [Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1, on page 8](#)
- [Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1, on page 11](#)

Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

There are no new hardware features in this release.

Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

| Feature Name | Description |
|---|---|
| Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6 | Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6 enables the delivery of IPv4 and IPv6 multicast host traffic in BGP EVPN overlay multi-tenant fabric in an efficient and resilient manner. The new software capability enables IPv4 and IPv6 multicast in overlay with underlay network infrastructure natively running single-stack IPv6. The Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6 is supported over IPv6 Default MDT group. For more information, see Configuring Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6 . |

New on the WebUI

There are no new WebUI features in this release.

Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

There are no behavior changes in this release.

Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

| Feature Name | Description |
|--|--|
| Cisco 25GBASE SFP28 Modules on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Supervisor Module 1 and Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module 2 (C9600X-SUP-2) | <p>Supported transceiver module product numbers on line cards C9600-LC-48YL and C9600-LC-40YL4CD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFP-10/25G-BXD-I • SFP-10/25G-BXU-I <p>For information about the modules, see Cisco 25GBASE SFP28 Modules. For information about device compatibility, see the Transceiver Module Group (TMG) Compatibility Matrix.</p> |
| Cisco SFP+ Modules for Cisco QSFP to SFP or SFP+ Adapter (QSA) Module CVR-QSFP-SFP10G on Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module 2 (C9600X-SUP-2) | <p>Supported transceiver module product numbers on line cards C9600-LC-40YL4CD and C9600X-LC-32CD using Cisco QSFP to SFP+ 10G Adapter Module (CVR-QSFP-SFP10G) are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFP-10G-SR • SFP-10G-SR-S • SFP-10G-LR • SFP-10G-LR-S • SFP-10G-ER • SFP-10G-ER-S • SFP-10G-ZR • SFP-10G-ZR-S • DWDM-SFP10G-xxx <p>Note These modules are supported on QSFP56 and QSFP-DD ports of C9600-LC-40YL4CD linecard and on QSFP28 and QSFP-DD ports of C9600X-LC-32CD linecard.</p> <p>For information about the modules, see Cisco 10GBASE SFP+ Modules Data Sheet. For information about device compatibility, see the Transceiver Module Group (TMG) Compatibility Matrix.</p> |

| Feature Name | Description |
|---|---|
| Direct Attach Cables for Cisco QSFP to SFP or SFP+ Adapter (QSA) Module CVR-QSFP-SFP10G on Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module 2 (C9600X-SUP-2) | Supported cables on line cards C9600-LC-40YL4CD and C9600X-LC-32CD using Cisco QSFP to SFP+ 10G Adapter Module (CVR-QSFP-SFP10G) are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFP-H10GB-CU1M, SFP-H10GB-CU1-5M, SFP-H10GB-CU2M, SFP-H10GB-CU2-5M, SFP-H10GB-CU3M, SFP-H10GB-CU4M, SFP-H10GB-CU5M • SFP-H10GB-ACU7M, SFP-H10GB-ACU10M • SFP-10G-AOC1M, SFP-10G-AOC2M, SFP-10G-AOC3M, SFP-10G-AOC5M, SFP-10G-AOC7M, SFP-10G-AOC10M <p>Note These cables are supported on QSFP56 and QSFP-DD ports of C9600-LC-40YL4CD linecard and on QSFP28 and QSFP-DD ports of C9600X-LC-32CD linecard.</p> <p>For information about a cable, see Cisco 10GBASE SFP+ Modules Data Sheet. For information about device compatibility, see the Transceiver Module Group (TMG) Compatibility Matrix.</p> |
| Cisco 50G Direct Attach Cables on Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module 2 (C9600X-SUP-2) | Supported cables on line card C9600-LC-40YL4CD are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SFP-50G-CU1M, SFP-50G-CU1.5M, SFP-50G-CU2M, SFP-50G-CU2.5M, SFP-50G-CU3M, SFP-50G-CU4M, SFP-50G-CU5M <p>For information about a cable, see Cisco 50GBASE SFP+ Modules Data Sheet. For information about device compatibility, see the Transceiver Module Group (TMG) Compatibility Matrix.</p> |

Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

| Feature Name | Description |
|--|--|
| BGP EVPN VXLAN <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco StackWise Virtual Support in BGP EVPN VXLAN • Dynamic BGP Peering for EVPN • EVPN Microsegmentation • EVPN Route Map Support • Layer 3 TRM with Data MDT • Multi-Homing in a BGP EVPN VXLAN Fabric | The following BGP EVPN VXLAN features are introduced in this release: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco StackWise Virtual Support in BGP EVPN VXLAN: Introduces support for Cisco StackWise Virtual with BGP EVPN VXLAN on the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2). • Dynamic BGP Peering for EVPN: Introduces support for BGP dynamic neighbor sessions to the L2VPN EVPN address family. • EVPN Microsegmentation: BGP EVPN VXLAN integrates Cisco TrustSec to provide microsegmentation and end-to-end access control with the propagation of the security group tag (SGT). Using security group-based access control lists (SGACLs), you can control the operations that a user can perform, based on the security group assignments and destination resources in a VXLAN campus fabric. • EVPN Route Map Support: The Leaf, Spine, and Border nodes of a BGP EVPN fabric now support route map for the L2VPN address-family. With route map support, the BGP attributes and their values can be modified to customize the routing policy based on the requirement. The routing policy can be applied for both inbound and outbound EVPN routes. • Layer 3 Tenant Routed Multicast (TRM) with Data Multicast Distribution Tree (MDT): Introduces support for Layer 3 TRM with Data MDT on the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2). • Multi-Homing in a BGP EVPN VXLAN Fabric: BGP EVPN is enhanced to restrict the ethernet segment operations to the EVPN-controlled VLANs on the trunk port. This allows traditional Layer 2 domains to co-exist with Layer 2 VNI-enabled VLANs at access layer. It also allows selective VLAN migration to overlay VXLAN segmentation. |
| Custom EtherTypes | Introduces support for configuring 0x9100 and 0x88a8 custom ethertypes. Use switchport dot1q ether type command in the interface configuration mode to configure this feature. This feature is supported only on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2). |
| Default Limits for redistributed routes and LSA in OSPF | Default values have been assigned to the number of redistributed routes and LSAs in OSPF to prevent the device being flooded with routes. The default values for redistributed routes is 10240 routes. The default value for LSAs is 50,000 LSAs. You can customize the default values. |
| Deprecation of Weak Ciphers | The minimum RSA key pair size must be 2048 bits. The compliance shield on the device must be disabled using the crypto engine compliance shield disable command to use the weak RSA key. |

| Feature Name | Description |
|---|---|
| IPv6 support for SGACL | Introduces support for IPv6 addressing of SGT and SGACL on the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2). This allows dynamic learning of mappings between IP addresses and SGTs for IPv6 addresses. |
| LAN MACsec over MPLS | Introduces support for MACsec with MPLS. This feature allows MPLS packets to be encrypted with a MACsec tag. This feature is not supported on Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module (C9600X-SUP-2). |
| MPLS VPN Inter-AS Option A | Introduces support for MPLS VPN Inter-AS Option A on the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2). Inter-AS Option A is the simplest to configure, and it provides back to back virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) connectivity. |
| NETCONF support for PTPv2 | Introduces support for configuring PTPv2 with NETCONF. NETCONF provides a mechanism to install, manipulate, and delete the configuration of network devices. |
| Policy- Based Routing (PBR) | Introduces support for policy-based routing on Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module (C9600X-SUP-2). You can use PBR to configure a defined policy for traffic flows. |
| Programmability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • gNMI Dial-Out Telemetry • Multicast Routing Support on the AppGigabitEthernet Port • PROTO Encoding • Secure Zero-Touch Provisioning • YANG Data Models | The following programmability features are introduced in this release: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • gNMI Dial-Out Telemetry: This feature introduces a tunnel service for gNMI dial-out connections. Using this feature, you can use the device (that acts as a tunnel client) to dial out to a collector (that acts as a tunnel server). The tunnel server forwards requests from gNMI or gNOI clients. • Multicast Routing Support on the AppGigabitEthernet Port: Multicast traffic forwarding is supported on the AppGigabitEthernet interface. Applications can select the networks that allow multicast traffic. • PROTO Encoding: gNMI protocol supports PROTO encoding. The gnmi.proto file represents the blueprint for generating a complete set of client and server-side procedures that instantiate the framework for the gNMI protocol. • Secure Zero-Touch Provisioning: Secure ZTP is a technique to securely provision a device, while it is booting in a factory-default state. The provisioning updates the boot image, commits an initial configuration, and executes customer-specific scripts. The provisioned device can establish secure connections with other systems. This feature is supported only on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches. • YANG Data Models: For the list of Cisco IOS XE YANG models available with this release, navigate to: https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/vendor/cisco/xe/17111. |

| Feature Name | Description |
|--|---|
| Pseudowire Redundancy | Introduces support for L2VPN pseudowire redundancy Cisco Catalyst 9600X Supervisor Module (C9600X-SUP-2). This feature allows you to configure your network to detect a failure in the network and reroute the Layer 2 service to another endpoint that can continue to provide service. |
| show aaa dead-criteria radius enhancement command | The show aaa dead-criteria radius enhancement command allows you to use the configured radius server name as the input to identify the unique server in the server group and print the server dead criteria configuration. |
| show access-session command | The info keyword was introduced for the show access-session command. |
| Silent Host Handling | The silent-host-detection keyword was introduced for the following commands: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • database-mapping • show lisp instance-id ipv4 database • show lisp instance-id ipv6 database • show lisp instance-id ipv4 server • show lisp instance-id ipv6 server |
| Support for RFC8781 - PREF64 in IPv6 RA | Introduces the ipv6 nd ra nat64-prefix command to configure NAT64 prefix information in an IPv6 router advertisement (RA) on an interface. This feature can be enabled only if NAT64 is already configured on the device. |
| TCN Flood | The no ip igmp snooping tcn flood command was introduced to disable the flooding of multicast traffic during a spanning-tree Topology Change Notification (TCN) event. |

New on the WebUI

There are no new WebUI features in this release.

Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

| Behavior Change | Description |
|---|--|
| Deprecation of snmp-server enable traps license global configuration command | <p>The command was deprecated. The associated MIB, CISCO-LICENSE-MGMT-MIB, is also no longer supported. In place of the deprecated command and unsupported MIB, use CISCO-SMART-LIC-MIB.</p> <p>On devices where In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) is supported, before you perform an ISSU upgrade, you must manually remove the snmp-server enable traps license global configuration command if it is present in startup configuration. If the command is present in the configuration during an ISSU upgrade, it causes an ISSU configuration synchronization failure. Enter the no form of the command to remove it from the configuration and save changes by entering the copy running-config startup-config command in privileged EXEC mode.</p> |
| New flag for the IPv6 SGACL monitor mode | <p>A new flag has been introduced for the IPv6 SGACL monitor mode. This was introduced to address hardware limitation of a single counter shared for IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. The HW_Monitor counter gets incremented irrespective of the type of traffic, which in turn updates the monitor mode flag. With a separate flag for IPv6 and IPv4 SGACL monitor mode, only the corresponding protocol flag is updated depending on the type of traffic.</p> |
| show power and show power detail command output | <p>The show power and show power detail command outputs are modified to display the correct power information of the standby switch.</p> |



CHAPTER 3

Important Notes

- [Important Notes, on page 13](#)

Important Notes

- [Unsupported Features: All Models](#)
- [Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module](#)
- [Complete List of Supported Features](#)
- [Accessing Hidden Commands](#)
- [Default Behaviour](#)

Unsupported Features: All Models

- **Network Management**
 - Cisco Application Visibility and Control (AVC)
- **Security**
 - IPsec VPN
 - MACsec switch-to-host connections in an overlay network.
- **System Management**
 - Network-Based Application Recognition (NBAR) and Next Generation NBAR (NBAR2)
- Network Load Balancing (NLB)

Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module

- **BGP EVPN VXLAN**
 - Layer 2 Broadcast, Unknown Unicast, and Multicast (BUM) Traffic Forwarding using Ingress Replication
 - BUM Traffic Rate Limiting

- Dynamic ARP inspection (DAI) and DHCP Rogue Server Protection
 - EVPN VXLAN Centralized Default Gateway
 - VXLAN-Aware Flexible Netflow
 - MPLS Layer 3 VPN Border Leaf Handoff
 - MPLS Layer 3 VPN Border Spine Handoff
 - VPLS over MPLS Border Leaf Handoff
 - VPLS over MPLS Border Spine Handoff
 - Interworking of Layer 3 TRM with MVPN Networks for IPv4 Traffic
 - Private VLANs (PVLANS)
 - BGP EVPN VXLAN with IPv6 in the Underlay (VXLANv6)
 - EVPN Microsegmentation
 - VRF aware NAT64 EVPN Fabric
- **Cisco Trustsec**
 - Cisco TrustSec Meta Data Inline Tagging
 - Interface Scalable Group Tag (SGT) Tagging
 - Device SGT Tagging
 - Cisco TrustSec Manual Configuration
 - Cisco TrustSec Security Association Protocol (SAP)
 - Cisco TrustSec Metadata Header Encapsulation
 - SGT Mapping - Local Device SGT and VLAN-based SGT
 - IPv6 Support for SGT and SGACL
 - Cisco TrustSec SGT Caching
 - SGT Inline Tagging
- **High Availability**
 - Quad-Supervisor with Route Processor Redundancy
 - Secure StackWise Virtual
- **Interface and Hardware**
 - Per-port MTU
 - Link Debounce Timer
- **IP Addressing Services**
 - Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP)

- Network Address Translation (NAT)
- Gateway Load Balancing Protocol (GLBP)
- Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP)
- Switchport Block Unknown Unicast and Switchport Block Unknown Multicast
- IPv6 over IPv4 GRE Tunnels
- Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP)
- Message Session Relay Protocol (MSRP)
- TCP MSS Adjustment
- WCCP IPv4
- GRE IPv6 Tunnels
- **IP Multicast Routing**
 - SDR Listener Support
 - Multicast Routing over GRE Tunnel
 - Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) for IGMP Snooping
 - IPv6 Multicast over Point-to-Point GRE
 - IGMP Proxy
 - Bidirectional PIM
 - MLD Snooping
 - Multicast VPN
 - MVPNv6
 - mVPN Extranet Support
 - MLDP-Based VPN
 - PIM Snooping
 - PIM Dense Mode
- **IP Routing**
 - OSPFv2 Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
 - EIGRP Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
 - Policy-Based Routing (PBR)
 - Policy-Based Routing (PBR) for IPv6
 - VRF-Aware PBR
 - Local PBR

- PBR for Object-Group Access Control List (OGACL) Based Matching
- Multipoint GRE
- Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP)
- Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (uRPF)
- Unicast and Multicast over Point-to-Multipoint GRE

- **Layer 2**
 - Multi-VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP)
 - Loop Detection Guard

- **Multiprotocol Label Switching**
 - LAN MACsec over Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
 - BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN
 - MPLS over GRE
 - MPLS Layer 2 VPN over GRE
 - MPLS Layer 3 VPN over GRE
 - Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)
 - VPLS Autodiscovery, BGP-based
 - VPLS Layer 2 Snooping: Internet Group Management Protocol or Multicast Listener Discovery
 - Hierarchical VPLS with MPLS Access
 - VPLS Routed Pseudowire IRB(v4) Unicast
 - MPLS VPN Inter-AS IPv4 BGP Label Distribution
 - Seamless Multiprotocol Label Switching

- **Network Management**
 - ERSPAN
 - Flow-Based Switch Port Analyser
 - FRSPAN
 - Ingress Forwarding
 - IP Aware MPLS Netflow
 - NetFlow Version 5
 - VPN ID

- **Security**
 - Lawful Intercept

- MACsec:
 - Cisco TrustSec MACsec
 - MACsec EAP-TLS
 - MACsec Downlink
 - The following are not supported on the C9600-LC-40YL4CD line card if used with the C9600X-SUP-2 supervisor:
 - Switch-to-host MACsec
 - Certificate-based MACsec
 - Cisco TrustSec SAP MACsec
 - MACsec is not supported on the C9600-LC-24C and C9600-LC-48YL line cards if used with the C9600X-SUP-2 supervisor
 - WAN MACsec is not supported on the C9600-LC-40YL4CD line card if used with the C9600-SUP-1 supervisor
- MAC ACLs
- Port ACLs
- VLAN ACLs
- IP Source Guard
- Web-based Authentication
- Port Security
- Weighted Random Early Detection mechanism (WRED) Based on DSCP, PREC, or COS
- IEEE 802.1x Port-Based Authentication
- Dynamic ARP Inspection
- Dynamic ARP Inspection Snooping
- **System Management**
 - Unicast MAC Address Filtering
- **VLAN**
 - Wired Dynamic PVLAN
 - Private VLANs

Complete List of Supported Features

For the complete list of features supported on a platform, see the [Cisco Feature Navigator](#).

Accessing Hidden Commands

This section provides information about hidden commands in Cisco IOS XE and the security measures that are in place, when they are accessed. These commands are only meant to assist Cisco TAC in advanced troubleshooting and are not documented.

Hidden commands are available under:

- Category 1—Hidden commands in privileged or User EXEC mode. Begin by entering the **service internal** command to access these commands.
- Category 2—Hidden commands in one of the configuration modes (global, interface and so on). These commands do not require the **service internal** command.

Further, the following applies to hidden commands under Category 1 and 2:

- The commands have CLI help. Enter a question mark (?) at the system prompt to display the list of available commands.

Note: For Category 1, enter the **service internal** command before you enter the question mark; you do not have to do this for Category 2.

- The system generates a %PARSER-5-HIDDEN syslog message when a hidden command is used. For example:

```
*Feb 14 10:44:37.917: %PARSER-5-HIDDEN: Warning!!! 'show processes memory old-header '
  is a hidden command.
Use of this command is not recommended/supported and will be removed in future.
```

Apart from category 1 and 2, there remain internal commands displayed on the CLI, for which the system does NOT generate the %PARSER-5-HIDDEN syslog message.



Important We recommend that you use any hidden command only under TAC supervision.

If you find that you are using a hidden command, open a TAC case for help with finding another way of collecting the same information as the hidden command (for a hidden EXEC mode command), or to configure the same functionality (for a hidden configuration mode command) using non-hidden commands.

Default Behaviour

Beginning from Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.5 and later, do not fragment bit (DF bit) in the IP packet is always set to 0 for all outgoing RADIUS packets (packets that originate from the device towards the RADIUS server).



CHAPTER 4

Compatibility Matrix and Web UI System Requirements

- [Compatibility Matrix](#), on page 19
- [Web UI System Requirements](#), on page 25

Compatibility Matrix

The following table provides software compatibility information between Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches, Cisco Identity Services Engine, Cisco Access Control Server, and Cisco Prime Infrastructure.

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|----------------|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Dublin 17.12.1 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 3 3.0 + Patch 6 2.7 + Patch 7 | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads . |
| Dublin 17.11.1 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 3 3.0 + Patch 6 2.7 + Patch 7 | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads . |
| Dublin 17.10.1 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads . |

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| Cupertino 17.9.5 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Cupertino 17.9.4 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Cupertino 17.9.3 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Cupertino 17.9.2 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Cupertino 17.9.1 | 3.2 3.1 + Patch 1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Cupertino 17.8.1 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Cupertino 17.7.1 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.7 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.6a | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.6 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.5 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Bengaluru 17.6.4 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.3 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.2 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.6.1 | 3.1 3.0 latest patch 2.7 latest patch 2.6 latest patch 2.4 latest patch | - | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.5.1 | 3.0 Patch 1 2.7 Patch 2 2.6 Patch 7 2.4 Patch 13 | - | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Bengaluru 17.4.1 | 3.0 2.7 Patch 2 | - | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.8a | 2.7 | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Amsterdam 17.3.8 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.7 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.6 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.5 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.4 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.3 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.2a | 2.7 | - | PI 3.8 + PI 3.8 latest maintenance release + PI 3.8 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.8 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.3.1 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.8 + PI 3.8 latest maintenance release + PI 3.8 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.8 → Downloads. |
| Amsterdam 17.2.1 | 2.7 | - | PI 3.7 + PI 3.7 latest maintenance release + PI 3.7 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.7 → Downloads. |

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Amsterdam 17.1.1 | 2.7 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.8 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.7 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.6 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.5b | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.5 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.4 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.3a | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.3 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.2 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.12.1 | 2.6 | - | - |
| Gibraltar 16.11.1 | 2.6 2.4 Patch 5 | 5.4 5.5 | - |
| Gibraltar 16.10.1 | 2.3 Patch 1 2.4 Patch 1 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release + PI 3.4 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.4 → Downloads. |
| Fuji 16.9.8 | 2.5 2.1 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Fuji 16.9.7 | 2.5 2.1 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads. |
| Fuji 16.9.6 | 2.3 Patch 1 2.4 Patch 1 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release + PI 3.4 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.4 → Downloads. |

| Catalyst 9600 | Cisco Identity Services Engine | Cisco Access Control Server | Cisco Prime Infrastructure |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Fuji 16.9.5 | 2.3 Patch 1 2.4 Patch 1 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release + PI 3.4 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.4 → Downloads. |
| Fuji 16.9.4 | 2.3 Patch 1 2.4 Patch 1 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release + PI 3.4 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.4 → Downloads. |
| Fuji 16.8.1a | 2.3 Patch 1 2.4 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.3 + PI 3.3 latest maintenance release + PI 3.3 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.3 → Downloads. |
| Everest 16.6.4a | 2.2 2.3 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13 See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.1 → Downloads. |
| Everest 16.6.4 | 2.2 2.3 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13 See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.1 → Downloads. |
| Everest 16.6.3 | 2.2 2.3 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13 See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.1 → Downloads |
| Everest 16.6.2 | 2.2 2.3 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13 See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.1 → Downloads |
| Everest 16.6.1 | 2.2 | 5.4 5.5 | PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13 See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.1 → Downloads |
| Everest 16.5.1a | 2.1 Patch 3 | 5.4 5.5 | - |

Web UI System Requirements

The following subsections list the hardware and software required to access the Web UI:

Minimum Hardware Requirements

| Processor Speed | DRAM | Number of Colors | Resolution | Font Size |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 233 MHz minimum ⁴ | 512 MB ⁵ | 256 | 1280 x 800 or higher | Small |

⁴ We recommend 1 GHz

⁵ We recommend 1 GB DRAM

Software Requirements**Operating Systems**

- Windows 10 or later
- Mac OS X 10.9.5 or later

Browsers

- Google Chrome—Version 59 or later (On Windows and Mac)
- Microsoft Edge
- Mozilla Firefox—Version 54 or later (On Windows and Mac)
- Safari—Version 10 or later (On Mac)



CHAPTER 5

Licensing and Scaling Guidelines

- [Licensing, on page 27](#)
- [Scaling Guidelines, on page 28](#)

Licensing

This section provides information about the licensing packages for features available on Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches.

License Levels

The software features available on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches fall under these base or add-on license levels.

Base Licenses

- Network Advantage

Add-On Licenses

Add-On Licenses require a Network Essentials or Network Advantage as a pre-requisite. The features available with add-on license levels provide Cisco innovations on the switch, as well as on the Cisco Digital Network Architecture Center (Cisco DNA Center).

- DNA Advantage

To find information about platform support and to know which license levels a feature is available with, use Cisco Feature Navigator. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <https://cfng.cisco.com>. An account on cisco.com is not required.

Available Licensing Models and Configuration Information

- Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1: Smart Licensing is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.

In the [software configuration guide](#) of the required release, see **System Management** → **Configuring Smart Licensing**.

- Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a and later: Smart Licensing Using Policy, which is an enhanced version of Smart Licensing, is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.

In the [software configuration guide](#) of the required release (17.3.x onwards), see **System Management** → **Smart Licensing Using Policy**.

For a more detailed overview on Cisco Licensing, go to cisco.com/go/licensingguide.

License Levels - Usage Guidelines

- The duration or term for which a purchased license is valid:

| Smart Licensing Using Policy | Smart Licensing |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perpetual: There is no expiration date for such a license. • Subscription: The license is valid only until a certain date (for a three, five, or seven year period). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permanent: for a license level, and without an expiration date. • Term: for a license level, and for a three, five, or seven year period. • Evaluation: a license that is not registered. |

- Base licenses (Network-Advantage) are ordered and fulfilled only with a perpetual or permanent license type.
- Add-on licenses (DNA Advantage) are ordered and fulfilled only with a subscription or term license type.
- An add-on license level is included when you choose a network license level. If you use DNA features, renew the license before term expiry, to continue using it, or deactivate the add-on license and then reload the switch to continue operating with the base license capabilities.
- Evaluation licenses cannot be ordered. They are not tracked via Cisco Smart Software Manager and expire after a 90-day period. Evaluation licenses can be used only once on the switch and cannot be regenerated. Warning system messages about an evaluation license expiry are generated only 275 days after expiration and every week thereafter. An expired evaluation license cannot be reactivated after reload. This applies only to *Smart Licensing*. The notion of evaluation licenses does not apply to *Smart Licensing Using Policy*.

Scaling Guidelines

For information about feature scaling guidelines, see the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches datasheets at:
<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-series-data-sheet-cte-en.html>
<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-series-line-data-sheet-cte-en.html>
<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-ser-sup-eng-data-sheet-cte-en.html>



CHAPTER 6

Limitations and Restrictions

- [Limitations and Restrictions, on page 29](#)

Limitations and Restrictions

- ISSU between any Cisco IOS XE software version and Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW software version is not supported.
Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW software version is limited to Catalyst 9000 Series Switches only.
Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW software version does not support No Payload Encryption (NPE) software.
- Auto negotiation: The SFP+ interface (TenGigabitEthernet0/1) on the Ethernet management port with a 1G transceiver does not support auto negotiation.
- Control Plane Policing (CoPP)—The **show run** command does not display information about classes configured under `system-cpp policy`, when they are left at default values. Use the **show policy-map system-cpp-policy** or the **show policy-map control-plane** commands in privileged EXEC mode instead.
- Convergence: During SSO, a higher convergence time is observed while removing the active supervisor module installed in slot 3 of a C9606R chassis.
- On the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2), when Cisco StackWise Virtual is configured, Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) is not supported.
- Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2) on a C9606R chassis does not support Quad-Supervisor with RPR.
- Hardware Limitations—Optics:
 - Installation restriction for C9600-LC-24C linecard with CVR-QSFP-SFP10G adapter —This adapter must not be installed on an even numbered port where the corresponding odd numbered port is configured as 40GE port. For example, if port 1 is configured as 40GE, CVR-QSFP-SFP10G must not be installed in port 2.
Installation restriction for C9600-LC-24C linecard with CVR-QSFP-SFP10G adapter — If you insert a 40-Gigabit Ethernet Transceiver Module to odd numbered port, the corresponding even numbered port does not work with CVR-QSFP-SFP10G adapter.
 - GLC-T and GLC-TE operating at 10/100Mbps speed are not supported with Cisco QSA Module (CVR-QSFP-SFP10G).

- SFP-10G-T-X supports 100Mbps/1G/10G speeds based on auto negotiation with the peer device. You cannot force speed settings from the transceiver.
- Hardware Limitations—Power Supply Modules:
 - Input voltage for AC power supply modules—All AC-input power supply modules in the chassis must have the same AC-input voltage level.
 - Using power supply modules of different types—When mixing AC-input and DC-input power supplies, the AC-input voltage level must be 220 VAC.
- In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU)
 - Within a major release train (16.x or 17.x or 18.x), ISSU is supported between any two EMs that are released not more than 3 years apart.
 - Within a major release train, ISSU is supported from:
 - Any EM (EM1, EM2, EM3) to another EM (EM1, EM2, EM3)
Example: 16.9.x to 16.12.x, 17.3.x to 17.6.x, 17.6.x to 17.9.x
 - Any release within the same EM
Example: 16.9.2 to 16.9.3 or 16.9.4 or 16.9.x, 16.12.1 to 16.12.2 or 16.12.3 or 16.12.x, 17.3.1 to 17.3.2 or 17.3.3 or 17.3.x
 - Between major release trains, ISSU is not supported from:
 - An EM of a major release train to an EM of another major release train
Example: 16.x.x to 17.x.x or 17.x.x to 18.x.x is not supported
 - An SM to EM or EM to SM
Example: 16.10.x or 16.11.x to 16.12.x is not supported
 - ISSU is not supported on engineering special releases and .s (or similar) images.
 - ISSU is not supported between Licensed Data Payload Encryption (LDPE) and No Payload Encryption (NPE) Cisco IOS XE software images.
 - ISSU downgrades are not supported.
 - While ISSU allows you to perform upgrades with zero downtime, we recommend you to do so during a maintenance window only.
 - If a new feature introduced in a software release requires a change in configuration, the feature should not be enabled during ISSU.
 - If a feature is not available in the downgraded version of a software image, the feature should be disabled before initiating ISSU.
- QoS restrictions
 - When configuring QoS queuing policy, the sum of the queuing buffer should not exceed 100%.
 - Policing and marking policy on sub interfaces is supported.

- Marking policy on switched virtual interfaces (SVI) is supported.
- QoS policies are not supported for port-channel interfaces, tunnel interfaces, and other logical interfaces.
- Secure Shell (SSH)
 - Use SSH Version 2. SSH Version 1 is not supported.
 - When the device is running SCP and SSH cryptographic operations, expect high CPU until the SCP read process is completed. SCP supports file transfers between hosts on a network and uses SSH for the transfer.

Since SCP and SSH operations are currently not supported on the hardware crypto engine, running encryption and decryption process in software causes high CPU. The SCP and SSH processes can show as much as 40 or 50 percent CPU usage, but they do not cause the device to shutdown.

- Smart Licensing Using Policy: Starting with Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a, with the introduction of Smart Licensing Using Policy, even if you configure a hostname for a product instance or device, only the Unique Device Identifier (UDI) is displayed. This change in the display can be observed in all licensing utilities and user interfaces where the hostname was displayed in earlier releases. It does not affect any licensing functionality. There is no workaround for this limitation.

The licensing utilities and user interfaces that are affected by this limitation include only the following: Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM), Cisco Smart License Utility (CSLU), and Smart Software Manager On-Prem (SSM On-Prem).

This limitation is removed from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1. If you configure a hostname and disable hostname privacy (**no license smart privacy hostname** global configuration command), hostname information is sent from the product instance and displayed on the applicable user interfaces (CSSM, CSLU, SSM On-Prem). For more information, see the command reference for this release.

- TACACS legacy command: Do not configure the legacy **tacacs-server host** command; this command is deprecated. If the software version running on your device is Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.2 or a later release, using the legacy command can cause authentication failures. Use the **tacacs server** command in global configuration mode.
- USB Authentication—When you connect a Cisco USB drive to the switch, the switch tries to authenticate the drive against an existing encrypted preshared key. Since the USB drive does not send a key for authentication, the following message is displayed on the console when you enter **password encryption aes** command:

```
Device(config)# password encryption aes
Master key change notification called without new or old key
```

- MACsec is not supported on Software-Defined Access deployments.
- VLAN Restriction—It is advisable to have well-defined segregation while defining data and voice domain during switch configuration and to maintain a data VLAN different from voice VLAN across the switch stack. If the same VLAN is configured for data and voice domains on an interface, the resulting high CPU utilization might affect the device.
- YANG data modeling limitation—A maximum of 20 simultaneous NETCONF sessions are supported.
- Embedded Event Manager—Identity event detector is not supported on Embedded Event Manager.

- On the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module, TCAM space will not be reserved for different features. The available TCAM space will be shared across the features.
- The File System Check (fsck) utility is not supported in install mode.



CHAPTER 7

ROMMON Versions

- [ROMMON Versions](#), on page 33

ROMMON Versions

ROMMON, also known as the boot loader, is firmware that runs when the device is powered up or reset. It initializes the processor hardware and boots the operating system software (Cisco IOS XE software image). The ROMMON is stored on the following Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) flash devices on your switch:

- **Primary:** The ROMMON stored here is the one the system boots every time the device is powered-on or reset.
- **Golden:** The ROMMON stored here is a backup copy. If the one in the primary is corrupted, the system automatically boots the ROMMON in the golden SPI flash device.

ROMMON upgrades may be required to resolve firmware defects, or to support new features, but there may not be new versions with every release.

The following table provides ROMMON version information for the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor Modules. For ROMMON version information of Cisco IOS XE 16.x.x releases, refer to the corresponding Cisco IOS XE 16.x.x release notes of the respective platform.

| Release | ROMMON Version (C9600-SUP-1) | ROMMON Version (C9600X-SUP-2) |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Dublin 17.11.1 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.10.1r |
| Dublin 17.10.1 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.10.1r |
| Cupertino 17.9.4 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.7.1r[FC3] |
| Cupertino 17.9.3 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.7.1r[FC3] |
| Cupertino 17.9.2 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.7.1r[FC3] |
| Cupertino 17.9.1 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.7.1r[FC3] |
| Cupertino 17.8.1 | 17.8.1r[FC1] | 17.7.1r[FC3] |
| Cupertino 17.7.1 | 17.6.1r | 17.7.1r[FC3] |
| Bengaluru 17.6.7 | 17.6.1r | - |

| Release | ROMMON Version (C9600-SUP-1) | ROMMON Version (C9600X-SUP-2) |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Bengaluru 17.6.6a | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.6.6 | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.6.5 | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.6.4 | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.6.3 | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.6.2 | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.6.1 | 17.6.1r | - |
| Bengaluru 17.5.1 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Bengaluru 17.4.1 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.8a | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.8 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.7 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.6 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.5 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.4 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.3 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.2a | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.3.1 | 17.3.1r[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.2.1 | 17.1.1[FC2] | - |
| Amsterdam 17.1.1 | 17.1.1[FC1] | - |



CHAPTER 8

Upgrading the Switch Software

- [Finding the Software Version, on page 35](#)
- [Software Images, on page 35](#)
- [Upgrading the ROMMON, on page 36](#)
- [Software Installation Commands, on page 36](#)
- [Upgrading in Install Mode, on page 37](#)
- [Downgrading in Install Mode, on page 42](#)
- [Field-Programmable Gate Array Version Upgrade, on page 47](#)

Finding the Software Version

The package files for the Cisco IOS XE software are stored on the system board flash device (flash:).

You can use the **show version** privileged EXEC command to see the software version that is running on your switch.



Note Although the **show version** output always shows the software image running on the switch, the model name shown at the end of this display is the factory configuration and does not change if you upgrade the software license.

You can also use the **dir filesystem:** privileged EXEC command to see the directory names of other software images that you might have stored in flash memory.

Software Images

| Release | Image Type | File Name |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW ⁶ | CAT9K_IOSXE | cat9k_iosxe.17.11.99sw.SPA.bin |
| Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 | CAT9K_IOSXE | cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin |
| | No Payload Encryption (NPE) | cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.11.01.SPA.bin |

⁶ • Targeted for limited deployments

- Cisco Technical Assistant (TAC) supported
- Consult your Cisco Sales team prior considering for network deployment

Upgrading the ROMMON

To know the ROMMON or bootloader version that applies to every major and maintenance release, see [ROMMON Versions, on page 33](#).

You can upgrade the ROMMON before, or, after upgrading the software version. If a new ROMMON version is available for the software version you are upgrading to, proceed as follows:

- Upgrading the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device

This ROMMON is upgraded automatically. When you upgrade from an existing release on your switch to a later or newer release for the first time, and there is a new ROMMON version in the new release, the system automatically upgrades the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device, based on the hardware version of the switch.

- Upgrading the ROMMON in the golden SPI flash device

You must manually upgrade this ROMMON. Enter the **upgrade rom-monitor capsule golden switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.



Note

- In case of a Cisco StackWise Virtual setup, upgrade the active and standby supervisor modules.
- In case of a High Availability set up, upgrade the active and standby supervisor modules.

After the ROMMON is upgraded, it will take effect on the next reload. If you go back to an older release after this, the ROMMON is not downgraded. The updated ROMMON supports all previous releases.

Software Installation Commands

| Summary of Software Installation Commands | |
|--|--|
| To install and activate the specified file, and to commit changes to be persistent across reloads: install add file <i>filename</i> [activate commit] | |
| To separately install, activate, commit, cancel, or remove the installation file: install ? | |
| add file tftp: <i>filename</i> | Copies the install file package from a remote location to the device and performs a compatibility check for the platform and image versions. |
| activate [auto-abort-timer] | Activates the file, and reloads the device. The auto-abort-timer keyword automatically rolls back image activation. |

| Summary of Software Installation Commands | |
|---|--|
| commit | Makes changes persistent over reloads. |
| rollback to committed | Rolls back the update to the last committed version. |
| abort | Cancels file activation, and rolls back to the version that was running before the current installation procedure started. |
| remove | Deletes all unused and inactive software installation files. |

Upgrading in Install Mode

Follow these instructions to upgrade from one release to another, using **install** commands, in install mode. To perform a software image upgrade, you must be booted into IOS through **boot flash:packages.conf**.

Before you begin



Caution You must comply with these cautionary guidelines during an upgrade:

- Do not power cycle the switch.
- Do not disconnect power or remove the supervisor module.
- Do not perform an online insertion and replacement (OIR) of either supervisor (in a High Availability setup), if one of the supervisor modules in the chassis is in the process of a bootloader upgrade or when the switch is booting up.
- Do not perform an OIR of a switching module (linecard) when the switch is booting up.

Note that you can use this procedure for the following upgrade scenarios:

| When upgrading from ... | To... |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.x or earlier releases | Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x |

The sample output in this section displays upgrade from Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1 to Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 using **install** commands.

Procedure

Step 1

Clean-up

install remove inactive

Use this command to clean-up old installation files in case of insufficient space and to ensure that you have at least 1GB of space in flash, to expand a new image.

The following sample output displays the cleaning up of unused files, by using the **install remove inactive** command:

```

Switch# install remove inactive
install_remove: START Mon Mar 27 19:51:48 UTC 2023
Cleaning up unnecessary package files
Scanning boot directory for packages ... done.
Preparing packages list to delete ...
  cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  packages.conf
    File is in use, will not delete.
done.

```

```

The following files will be deleted:
[switch 1]:
/flash/cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/packages.conf

```

Do you want to remove the above files? [y/n]y

```

[switch 1]:
Deleting file flash:cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:packages.conf ... done.
SUCCESS: Files deleted.
--- Starting Post_Remove_Cleanup ---
Performing Post_Remove_Cleanup on all members
[1] Post_Remove_Cleanup package(s) on switch 1
[1] Finished Post_Remove_Cleanup on switch 1
Checking status of Post_Remove_Cleanup on [1]
Post_Remove_Cleanup: Passed on [1]

```

```
Finished Post_Remove_Cleanup

SUCCESS: install_remove Mon Mar 27 19:52:25 UTC 2023
Switch#
```

Step 2 Copy new image to flash

a) **copy tftp:[[/location]/directory]/filenameflash:**

Use this command to copy the new image from a TFTP server to flash memory. The location is either an IP address or a host name. The filename is specified relative to the directory used for file transfers. Skip this step if you want to use the new image from a TFTP server.

```
Switch# copy tftp://10.8.0.6/image/cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin flash:
destination filename [cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin]?
Accessing tftp://10.8.0.6/image/cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin...
Loading /cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin from 10.8.0.6 (via GigabitEthernet0/0):
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
[OK - 601216545 bytes]

601216545 bytes copied in 50.649 secs (11870255 bytes/sec)
```

b) **dir flash:*.bin**

Use this command to confirm that the image has been successfully copied to flash.

```
Switch# dir flash:*.bin
Directory of flash:/*.bin

Directory of flash:/

434184 -rw- 601216545   Mar 27 2023 10:18:11 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin
11353194496 bytes total (8976625664 bytes free)
```

Step 3 Set boot variable

a) **boot system flash:packages.conf**

Use this command to set the boot variable to **flash:packages.conf**.

```
Switch(config)# boot system flash:packages.conf
```

b) **no boot manual**

Use this command to configure the switch to auto-boot. Settings are synchronized with the standby switch, if applicable.

```
Switch(config)# no boot manual
Switch(config)# exit
```

c) **write memory**

Use this command to save boot settings.

```
Switch# write memory
```

d) **show bootvar**

Use this command to verify the boot variable (packages.conf) and manual boot setting (no):

```
Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
```

```

BAUD variable = 9600
ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
BOOTMODE variable does not exist
IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
CONFIG_FILE variable =

Standby BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
Standby MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
Standby BAUD variable = 9600
Standby ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
Standby BOOTMODE variable does not exist
Standby IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
Standby CONFIG_FILE variable =

```

Step 4 Install image to flash

install add file activate commit

Use this command to install the image.

We recommend that you point to the source image on a TFTP server or the flash , if you have copied the image to flash memory.

The following sample output displays installation of the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 software image to flash:

```

Switch# install add file flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin activate commit
_install_add_activate_commit: START Mon Mar 27 16:37:25 IST 2023

*Mar 27 16:37:26.544 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_START_INFO: R0/0: install_engine: Started
install one-shot flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin
install_add_activate_commit: Adding PACKAGE
install_add_activate_commit: Checking whether new add is allowed ....

```

This operation requires a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed?
Please confirm you have changed boot config to flash:packages.conf [y/n]y

```

--- Starting initial file syncing ---
Copying image file: flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin to standby
Info: Finished copying flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin to standby
Finished initial file syncing

```

```

--- Starting Add ---
Performing Add on Active/Standby
[R0] Add package(s) on R0
[R0] Finished Add on R0
[R1] Add package(s) on R1
[R1] Finished Add on R1
Checking status of Add on [R0 R1]
Add: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Add

```

Image added. Version: 17.11.01

```

install_add_activate_commit: Activating PACKAGE
Following packages shall be activated:
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipspace.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SPA.pkg

```

```
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
```

This operation may require a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed? [y/n]y

```
--- Starting Activate ---
```

```
Performing Activate on Active/Standby
```

```
*Mar 27 16:45:21.695 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_AUTO_ABORT_TIMER_PROGRESS: R0/0: rollback_timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds [R0] Activate package(s) on R0
```

```
[R0] Finished Activate on R0
```

```
[R1] Activate package(s) on R1
```

```
[R1] Finished Activate on R1
```

```
Checking status of Activate on [R0 R1]
```

```
Activate: Passed on [R0 R1]
```

```
Finished Activate
```

```
*Mar 27 16:45:25.233 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_AUTO_ABORT_TIMER_PROGRESS: R1/0: rollback_timer:
```

```
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds--- Starting Commit ---
```

```
Performing Commit on Active/Standby
```

```
[R0] Commit package(s) on R0
```

```
[R0] Finished Commit on R0
```

```
[R1] Commit package(s) on R1
```

```
[R1] Finished Commit on R1
```

```
Checking status of Commit on [R0 R1]
```

```
Commit: Passed on [R0 R1]
```

```
Finished Commit
```

```
Install will reload the system now!
```

```
SUCCESS: install_add_activate_commit Mon Mar 27 16:46:18 IST 2023
```

Note The system reloads automatically after executing the **install add file activate commit** command. You do not have to manually reload the system.

Step 5 Verify installation

After the software has been successfully installed, use the **dir flash:** command to verify that the flash partition has ten new `.pkg` files and two `.conf` files.

a) **dir flash:*.conf**

The following is sample output of the **dir flash:*.pkg** command:

```
Switch# dir flash:*.pkg
Directory of flash:/*.pkg
Directory of flash:/
475140 -rw- 2012104 Nov 11 2022 09:52:41 -07:00 cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475141 -rw- 70333380 Nov 11 2022 09:52:44 -07:00 cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475142 -rw- 13256 Nov 11 2022 09:52:44 -07:00 cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475143 -rw- 349635524 Nov 11 2022 09:52:54 -07:00 cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475149 -rw- 24248187 Nov 11 2022 09:53:02 -07:00 cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475144 -rw- 25285572 Nov 11 2022 09:52:55 -07:00 cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475145 -rw- 20947908 Nov 11 2022 09:52:55 -07:00 cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475146 -rw- 2962372 Nov 11 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475147 -rw- 13284288 Nov 11 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475148 -rw- 13248 Nov 11 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg

491524 -rw- 25711568 Mar 27 2023 11:49:33 -07:00 cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491525 -rw- 78484428 Mar 27 2023 11:49:35 -07:00 cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491526 -rw- 1598412 Mar 27 2023 11:49:35 -07:00 cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491527 -rw- 404153288 Mar 27 2023 11:49:47 -07:00 cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491533 -rw- 31657374 Mar 27 2023 11:50:09 -07:00 cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491528 -rw- 27681740 Mar 27 2023 11:49:48 -07:00 cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491529 -rw- 52224968 Mar 27 2023 11:49:49 -07:00 cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491530 -rw- 31130572 Mar 27 2023 11:49:50 -07:00 cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
```

```

491531 -rw- 14783432   Mar 27 2023 11:49:51 -07:00  cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
491532 -rw- 9160      Mar 27 2023 11:49:51 -07:00  cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SPA.pkg

11353194496 bytes total (8963174400 bytes free)

```

b) **dir flash:*.conf**

The following is sample output of the **dir flash:*.conf** command. It displays the .conf files in the flash partition; note the two .conf files:

- `packages.conf`—the file that has been re-written with the newly installed .pkg files.
- `cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.conf`— a backup copy of the newly installed `packages.conf` file.

```

Switch# dir flash:*.conf

Directory of flash:/*.conf
Directory of flash:/

16631  -rw- 4882 Mar 27 2023 05:39:42 +00:00  packages.conf
16634  -rw- 4882 Mar 27 2023 05:34:06 +00:00  cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.conf

```

Step 6 Verify version

show version

After the image boots up, use this command to verify the version of the new image.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 image on the device:

```

Switch# show version

Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.11.01
Cisco IOS Software [Dublin], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.11.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fcl)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2023 by Cisco Systems, Inc..
<output truncated>

```

Downgrading in Install Mode

Follow these instructions to downgrade from one release to another, in install mode. To perform a software image downgrade, you must be booted into IOS through **boot flash:packages.conf**.

Before you begin

Note that you can use this procedure for the following downgrade scenarios:

| When downgrading from ... | To ... |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x | Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.x or earlier releases. |



Note New switch models that are introduced in a release cannot be downgraded. The release in which a module is introduced is the minimum software version for that model. We recommend upgrading all existing hardware to the same release as the latest hardware.

The sample output in this section shows downgrade from Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 to Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1, using **install** commands.

Procedure

Step 1

Clean-up

install remove inactive

Use this command to clean-up old installation files in case of insufficient space and to ensure that you have at least 1GB of space in flash, to expand a new image.

The following sample output displays the cleaning up of unused files, by using the **install remove inactive** command:

```
Switch# install remove inactive
install_remove: START Fri Mar 17 11:42:27 IST 2023

Cleaning up unnecessary package files

No path specified, will use booted path bootflash:packages.conf

Cleaning bootflash:
Scanning boot directory for packages ... done.
Preparing packages list to delete ...
  cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    File is in use, will not delete.
  packages.conf
    File is in use, will not delete.
done.
SUCCESS: No extra package or provisioning files found on media. Nothing to clean.

SUCCESS: install_remove  Fri Mar 17 11:42:39 IST 2023

--- Starting Post_Remove_Cleanup ---
Performing Post_Remove_Cleanup on all members
```

```
[1] Post_Remove_Cleanup package(s) on switch 1
[1] Finished Post_Remove_Cleanup on switch 1
Checking status of Post_Remove_Cleanup on [1]
Post_Remove_Cleanup: Passed on [1]
Finished Post_Remove_Cleanup

SUCCESS: install_remove Fri Mar 17 19:52:25 UTC 2023
Switch#
```

Step 2 Copy new image to flash

a) **copy tftp:[[/location]/directory]/filenameflash:**

Use this command to copy the new image from a TFTP server to flash memory. The location is either an IP address or a host name. The filename is specified relative to the directory used for file transfers. Skip this step if you want to use the new image from a TFTP server.

```
Switch# copy tftp://10.8.0.6/image/cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin flash:
Destination filename [cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin]?
Accessing tftp://10.8.0.6//cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin...
Loading /cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin from 10.8.0.6 (via GigabitEthernet0/0):
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
[OK - 508584771 bytes]
508584771 bytes copied in 101.005 secs (5035244 bytes/sec)
```

b) **dir flash:**

Use this command to confirm that the image has been successfully copied to flash.

```
Switch# dir flash:*.bin
Directory of flash:/*.bin

Directory of flash:/

434184 -rw- 508584771 Mar 17 2023 13:35:16 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin
11353194496 bytes total (9055866880 bytes free)
```

Step 3 Set boot variable

a) **boot system flash:packages.conf**

Use this command to set the boot variable to **flash:packages.conf**.

```
Switch(config)# boot system flash:packages.conf
```

b) **no boot manual**

Use this command to configure the switch to auto-boot. Settings are synchronized with the standby switch, if applicable.

```
Switch(config)# no boot manual
Switch(config)# exit
```

c) **write memory**

Use this command to save boot settings.

```
Switch# write memory
```

d) **show bootvar**

Use this command to verify the boot variable (packages.conf) and manual boot setting (no):


```

Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
BAUD variable = 9600
ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
BOOTMODE variable does not exist
IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
CONFIG_FILE variable =

Standby BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
Standby MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
Standby BAUD variable = 9600
Standby ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
Standby BOOTMODE variable does not exist
Standby IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
Standby CONFIG_FILE variable =

```

Step 4 Downgrade software image

install add file activate commit

Use this command to install the image.

We recommend that you point to the source image on a TFTP server or the flash , if you have copied the image to flash memory.

The following example displays the installation of the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1 software image to flash, by using the **install add file activate commit** command.

```

Switch# install add file flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin activate commit
_install_add_activate_commit: START Fri Mar 17 21:37:25 IST 2023

*Mar 17 16:37:26.544 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_START_INFO: R0/0: install_engine: Started
install one-shot flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin
install_add_activate_commit: Adding PACKAGE
install_add_activate_commit: Checking whether new add is allowed ....

```

This operation requires a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed?
Please confirm you have changed boot config to flash:packages.conf [y/n]

```

--- Starting initial file syncing ---
Copying image file: flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin to standby
Info: Finished copying flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin to standby
Finished initial file syncing

```

```

--- Starting Add ---
Performing Add on Active/Standby
  [R0] Add package(s) on R0
  [R0] Finished Add on R0
  [R1] Add package(s) on R1
  [R1] Finished Add on R1
Checking status of Add on [R0 R1]
Add: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Add

```

```

Image added. Version: 17.10.1
install_add_activate_commit: Activating PACKAGE
Following packages shall be activated:
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipsa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg

```

```
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbases.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
```

This operation may require a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed? [y/n]

--- Starting Activate ---

Performing Activate on Active/Standby

```
*Mar 17 21:45:21.695 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_AUTO_ABORT_TIMER_PROGRESS: R0/0: rollback_timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds [R0] Activate package(s) on R0
[R0] Finished Activate on R0
[R1] Activate package(s) on R1
[R1] Finished Activate on R1
Checking status of Activate on [R0 R1]
Activate: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Activate
```

```
*Mar 17 21:45:25.233 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_AUTO_ABORT_TIMER_PROGRESS: R1/0: rollback_timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds--- Starting Commit ---
Performing Commit on Active/Standby
[R0] Commit package(s) on R0
[R0] Finished Commit on R0
[R1] Commit package(s) on R1
[R1] Finished Commit on R1
Checking status of Commit on [R0 R1]
Commit: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Commit
```

Install will reload the system now!

SUCCESS: install_add_activate_commit Fri Mar 17 21:46:18 IST 2023

Note The system reloads automatically after executing the **install add file activate commit** command. You do not have to manually reload the system.

Step 5 Verify version

show version

After the image boots up, use this command to verify the version of the new image.

Note When you downgrade the software image, the ROMMON version does not downgrade. It remains updated.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1 image on the device:

```
Switch# show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.10.01
Cisco IOS Software [Dublin], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.10.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fcl)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2023 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
<output truncated>
```

Field-Programmable Gate Array Version Upgrade

A field-programmable gate array (FPGA) is a type of programmable memory device that exists on Cisco switches. They are re-configurable logic circuits that enable the creation of specific and dedicated functions.

To check the current FPGA version, enter the **show firmware version all** command in privileged EXEC mode or the **version -v** command in ROMMON mode.



Note

- Not every software release has a change in the FPGA version.
 - The version change occurs as part of the regular software upgrade and you do not have to perform any other additional steps.
-



CHAPTER 9

Caveats

- [Cisco Bug Search Tool](#), on page 49
- [Open Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x](#), on page 49
- [Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW](#), on page 49
- [Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1](#), on page 49

Cisco Bug Search Tool

The Cisco [Bug Search Tool](#) (BST) allows partners and customers to search for software bugs based on product, release, and keyword, and aggregates key data such as bug details, product, and version. The BST is designed to improve the effectiveness in network risk management and device troubleshooting. The tool has a provision to filter bugs based on credentials to provide external and internal bug views for the search input.

To view the details of a caveat, click on the identifier.

Open Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x

| Identifier | Headline |
|----------------------------|---|
| CSCwf67769 | 9500X/9600X SVL: Support permit/deny ACL logging on 9500X/9600X |

Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

There are no resolved caveats in this release.

Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

There are no resolved caveats in this release.



CHAPTER 10

Additional Information

- [Troubleshooting](#), on page 51
- [Related Documentation](#), on page 51
- [Communications, Services, and Additional Information](#), on page 51

Troubleshooting

For the most up-to-date, detailed troubleshooting information, see the Cisco TAC website at this URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/en/US/support/index.html>

Go to **Product Support** and select your product from the list or enter the name of your product. Look under **Troubleshoot and Alerts**, to find information for the problem that you are experiencing.

Related Documentation

Information about Cisco IOS XE at this URL: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/ios-nx-os-software/ios-xe/index.html>

All support documentation for Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches is at this URL: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/tsd-products-support-series-home.html>

Cisco Validated Designs documents at this URL: <https://www.cisco.com/go/designzone>

To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <https://cfmg.cisco.com/mibs>

Communications, Services, and Additional Information

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at [Cisco Profile Manager](#).
- To get the business impact you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit [Cisco Services](#).
- To submit a service request, visit [Cisco Support](#).
- To discover and browse secure, validated enterprise-class apps, products, solutions and services, visit [Cisco Marketplace](#).

- To obtain general networking, training, and certification titles, visit [Cisco Press](#).
- To find warranty information for a specific product or product family, access [Cisco Warranty Finder](#).

Cisco Bug Search Tool

[Cisco Bug Search Tool](#) (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.

