

Configuring the Cisco Virtual Security Gateway Port Profile on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series Switch

This chapter describes the Cisco Virtual Security Gateway (VSG) for the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch licensing and configuration requirements on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch and includes the following section:

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For additional details about the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch port profiles, see the *Cisco Nexus* 1000V Port Profile Configuration Guide, Release 4.2(1)SV1(4).

Configuring the Cisco VSG Port Profile on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series Switch VSM for Protection from Service Loss

You can configure the vn-service parameter in the port profile on the Virtual Supervisor Module (VSM) for protection from service loss.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

You have the Cisco VSG software installed and the basic installation completed. For details, see the Cisco Virtual Security Gateway, Release 4.2(1)VSG1(1) and Cisco Virtual Network Management Center, Release 1.0.1 Installation Guide.

You must have the NEXUS_VSG_SERVICES_PKG license installed on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch. Ensure that you have enough licenses to cover the number of ESX hosts (VEMs) you want to protect.

The data IP address and management IP addresses should be configured. To configure the data IP address, see the Cisco Virtual Security Gateway, Release 4.2(1)VSG1(1) and Cisco Virtual Network Management Center, Release 1.0.1 Installation Guide.

You have completed creating the Cisco VSG port profiles for the service and HA interface.

You are logged in to the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch CLI in EXEC mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure
- **2. port-profile** *port-profile-name*
- 3. switchport mode access
- 4. switchport access vlan vlan-id
- 5. no shutdown
- 6. **vn-service ip-address** *ip-address* **vlan** *vlan-id* **mgmt-ip-address** *ip-address* [fail {open | close}] [security-profile name]
- 7. vmware port-group
- 8. state enabled
- 9. (Optional) copy running-config startup-config
- 10. exit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Places you in global configuration mode.
	Example: n1000v# configure n1000v(config)#	
Step 2	<pre>port-profile port-profile-name Example: n1000v(config-port-prof) # port-profile host-profile n1000v(config-port-prof) #</pre>	Enters the port profile configuration mode for the named port profile. If the port profile does not exist, it is created using the following characteristics: *port-profile-name*—The port profile name can be up to 80 alphanumeric characters and must be unique for each port profile on the Cisco VSG.
Step 3	<pre>switchport mode access Example: n1000v(config-port-prof)# switchport mode access n1000v(config-port-prof)#</pre>	Designates that the new port profile is used as an access port.
Step 4	switchport access vlan vlan-id	Specifies the access VLAN for the new port profile.
	Example: n1000v(config-port-prof)# switchport access vlan 2000 n1000v(config-port-prof)#	vlan-id—The VLAN ID is a unique identifier from 0 through 4096.
Step 5	no shutdown	Enables all ports in the new port profile.
	Example: n1000v(config-port-prof)# no shutdown n1000v(config-port-prof)#	

Command	Purpose	
<pre>vn-service ip-address ip-address vlan vlan-id mgmt-ip-address ip-address [fail {open close}] [security-profile name]</pre>	Configures the IP, VLAN, management IP, and profile for the Cisco VSG, and optionally allows a fail safe configuration.	
<pre>Example: n1000v(config-port-prof) # vn-service ip 100.1.1.100 vlan 1000 mgmt-ip 10.10.10.11 profile vnsp-1 n1000v(config-port-prof) #</pre>	Note	If you do not pick a security profile name, the default name is assumed. The security profile name must match the security profile created on the Cisco VSG.
	Note	The IP address must match the data interface (data0) IP address on the Cisco VSG.
	Note	The management IP address must match the management IP address that you entered when installing or configuring your Cisco VSG settings.
vmware port-group	Designates the port profile as a VMware port group.	
<pre>Example: n1000v(config-port-prof)# vmware port-group n1000v(config-port-prof)#</pre>		
state enabled	Sets t	he port profile state to enabled.
<pre>Example: n1000v(config-port-prof)# state enabled n1000v(config-port-prof)#</pre>		
copy running-config startup-config	(Optional) Saves configuration changes.	
<pre>Example: n1000v(config-port-prof) # copy running-config startup-config n1000v(config-port-prof) #</pre>		
exit	Exits	the configuration mode.
<pre>Example: n1000v(config-port-prof)# exit n1000v(config)#</pre>		

Verifying the Cisco VSG Configuration

To display information related to a Cisco VSG, perform one of the following tasks on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch CLI:

Command	Purpose	
<pre>show license usage Example: vsg# show license usage</pre>	Displays a table with the Cisco VSG license usage information for the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch.	
<pre>show license usage NEXUS_VSG_SERVICES_PKG Example: vsg# show license usage NEXUS_VSG_SERVICES_PKG</pre>	Displays the usage information for the license package NEXUS_VSG_SERVICES_PKG.	
<pre>show vsnstate {statistics brief {detail [{{vlan vlan-num [ip ip-addr]} module module-num}]}}</pre>	Displays configuration information, MAC address, state of associated Cisco VSG and Virtual Ethernet Module (VEM), Veths to which	
Example: vsg# show vsnstate statistics detail vlan 1	Cisco VSGs are bound, and Virtual Service Node (VSN) statistics for all VEM modules associated with Cisco VSGs.	

For detailed information about the fields in the output from these commands, see the *Cisco Nexus* 1000V Command Reference, Release 4.2(1)SV1(4).

Where to Go Next

After you have completed configuring the Cisco VSG port profile on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch for protection, you may proceed to assign port profiles to your VMs for Cisco VSG firewall protection on the vCenter.