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Text Part Number: 78EE117C99-159912952

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## Contents

### **1.1 acl 2.2.51 :12.el7**

1.1.1 Available under license

### **1.2 ac/LGPLv2.1 2.2.51 :12.el7**

1.2.1 Available under license

### **1.3 amzn-drivers-ena r1.1.3**

1.3.1 Available under license

### **1.4 attr 2.4.46 :12.el7**

1.4.1 Available under license

### **1.5 attr/libattr 2.4.46 :12.el7**

1.5.1 Available under license

### **1.6 audit 2.4.1 :5.el7**

1.6.1 Available under license

### **1.7 basesystem 10.0 :7.el7.centos**

1.7.1 Available under license

### **1.8 bash 4.2.46 :12.el7**

1.8.1 Available under license

### **1.9 binutils 2.23.52.0.1 :30.el7\_1.1**

1.9.1 Available under license

### **1.10 Boost 1.45**

1.10.1 Available under license

### **1.11 busybox 1.24.1 1.24.1 :0**

1.11.1 Available under license

### **1.12 bzip2 1.0.6 :12.el7**

1.12.1 Available under license

### **1.13 ca-certificates 2014.1.98 :72.el7**

1.13.1 Available under license

## **1.14 centos-release 7 :1.1503.el7.centos.2.8**

1.14.1 Available under license

## **1.15 cffi 1.9.1**

1.15.1 Available under license

## **1.16 chkconfig 1.3.61 :4.el7**

1.16.1 Available under license

## **1.17 coreutils 8.22 :11.el7**

1.17.1 Available under license

## **1.18 cpio 2.11 :24.el7**

1.18.1 Available under license

## **1.19 cracklib 2.9.0 :11.el7**

1.19.1 Available under license

## **1.20 cronie 1.4.11 :13.el7**

1.20.1 Available under license

## **1.21 cryptography 1.7.2**

1.21.1 Available under license

## **1.22 cryptsetup 1.6.6 :3.el7**

1.22.1 Available under license

## **1.23 curl 7.29.0 :25.el7.centos**

1.23.1 Available under license

## **1.24 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :17.el7**

1.24.1 Notifications

1.24.2 Available under license

## **1.25 cyrus-sasl/libdes 2.1.26 :17.el7**

1.25.1 Notifications

1.25.2 Available under license

## **1.26 dbus 1.6.12 :11.el7**

1.26.1 Available under license

## **1.27 diffutils 3.3 :4.el7**

1.27.1 Available under license

## **1.28 DPDK-17.05 17.05**

1.28.1 Available under license

## **1.29 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :7.el7**

1.29.1 Available under license

## **1.30 elfutils 0.160 :1.el7**

1.30.1 Available under license

## **1.31 enum34 1.1.6**

1.31.1 Available under license

## **1.32 ethtool 3.15 :2.el7**

- 1.32.1 Available under license
- 1.33 expat 2.1.0 :8.el7**
  - 1.33.1 Available under license
- 1.34 expat\_PrintPath 2.1.0 :8.el7**
  - 1.34.1 Notifications
  - 1.34.2 Available under license
- 1.35 EZdriver NP 5c, loadable kernel module 14.44 :XE3.16**
  - 1.35.1 Available under license
- 1.36 file 5.11 :21.el7**
  - 1.36.1 Available under license
- 1.37 findutils 4.5.11 :3.el7**
  - 1.37.1 Available under license
- 1.38 fipscheck 1.4.1 :5.el7**
  - 1.38.1 Available under license
- 1.39 gawk 4.0.2 :4.el7**
  - 1.39.1 Available under license
- 1.40 gcc 4.8.3 :9.el7**
  - 1.40.1 Available under license
- 1.41 gdbm 1.10 :8.el7**
  - 1.41.1 Available under license
- 1.42 glib2 2.40.0 :4.el7**
  - 1.42.1 Available under license
- 1.43 glibc 2.17 :106.el7\_2.8**
  - 1.43.1 Available under license
- 1.44 gmp 6.0.0 :11.el7**
  - 1.44.1 Available under license
- 1.45 gnupg2 2.0.22 :3.el7**
  - 1.45.1 Available under license
- 1.46 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.el7**
  - 1.46.1 Available under license
- 1.47 gpgme\_docs 1.3.2 :5.el7**
  - 1.47.1 Available under license
- 1.48 grep 2.20 :2.el7**
  - 1.48.1 Available under license
- 1.49 gzip 1.5 :7.el7**
  - 1.49.1 Available under license
- 1.50 hostname 3.13 :3.el7**
  - 1.50.1 Available under license
- 1.51 idna 2.2**



## **1.52 igb 5.0.5**

1.52.1 Available under license

## **1.53 initscripts 9.49.24 :1.el7**

1.53.1 Available under license

## **1.54 ipaddress 1.0.18**

1.54.1 Available under license

## **1.55 iproute 3.10.0 :21.el7**

1.55.1 Available under license

## **1.56 iproute2-4.6.0 4.6.0 :0**

1.56.1 Available under license

## **1.57 iptables 1.4.21 :13.el7**

1.57.1 Available under license

## **1.58 iputils 20121221 :6.el7**

1.58.1 Available under license

## **1.59 iputils-s20151218 s20151218 :0**

1.59.1 Available under license

## **1.60 json-c 0.11 :4.el7\_0**

1.60.1 Available under license

## **1.61 keyutils 1.5.8 :3.el7**

1.61.1 Available under license

## **1.62 kmod 14 :10.el7**

1.62.1 Available under license

## **1.63 krb5 1.12.2 :14.el7**

1.63.1 Available under license

## **1.64 libassuan 2.1.0 :3.el7**

1.64.1 Available under license

## **1.65 libcap 2.22 :8.el7**

1.65.1 Available under license

## **1.66 libcap-ng 0.7.3 :5.el7**

1.66.1 Available under license

## **1.67 libcap-ng\_utils 0.7.3 :5.el7**

1.67.1 Available under license

## **1.68 libdb 5.3.21 :17.el7\_0.1**

1.68.1 Available under license

## **1.69 libedit 3.0 :12.20121213cvcs.el7**

1.69.1 Available under license

## **1.70 libestr 0.1.9 :2.el7**

1.70.1 Available under license

## **1.71 libffi 3.0.13 :11.el7**

- 1.71.1 Available under license
- 1.72 libffi\_testsuite 3.0.13 :11.el7**
  - 1.72.1 Available under license
- 1.73 libgcrypt 1.5.3 :12.el7**
  - 1.73.1 Available under license
- 1.74 libgpg-error 1.12 :3.el7**
  - 1.74.1 Available under license
- 1.75 libidn 1.28 :3.el7**
  - 1.75.1 Available under license
- 1.76 libmnl 1.0.3 :7.el7**
  - 1.76.1 Available under license
- 1.77 libnetfilter\_contrack 1.0.4 :2.el7**
  - 1.77.1 Available under license
- 1.78 libnfnetlink 1.0.1 :4.el7**
  - 1.78.1 Available under license
- 1.79 libpcap 1.5.3 :December 18, 2013**
  - 1.79.1 Available under license
- 1.80 libpwquality 1.2.3 :4.el7**
  - 1.80.1 Available under license
- 1.81 libseline-utils-GPLv2 2.2.2 :6.el7**
  - 1.81.1 Available under license
- 1.82 libsemanage 2.1.10 :16.el7**
  - 1.82.1 Available under license
- 1.83 libsepol 2.1.9 :3.el7**
  - 1.83.1 Available under license
- 1.84 libssh2 1.4.3 :10.el7\_2.1**
  - 1.84.1 Available under license
- 1.85 libtasn1 3.8 :2.el7**
  - 1.85.1 Available under license
- 1.86 libuser 0.60 :5.el7**
  - 1.86.1 Available under license
- 1.87 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.el7**
  - 1.87.1 Available under license
- 1.88 libverto 0.2.5 :4.el7**
  - 1.88.1 Available under license
- 1.89 libxml2 2.9.1 :6.el7\_2.3**
  - 1.89.1 Available under license
- 1.90 logrotate 3.8.6 :4.el7**
  - 1.90.1 Available under license

- 1.91 lua 5.1.4 :14.el7**
  - 1.91.1 Available under license
- 1.92 lvm2 2.02.115 :3.el7**
  - 1.92.1 Available under license
- 1.93 lxml 3.7.2**
  - 1.93.1 Available under license
- 1.94 lxmltest.py 3.7.2**
  - 1.94.1 Available under license
- 1.95 make 3.82 :21.el7**
  - 1.95.1 Available under license
- 1.96 ncclient 0.5.3**
  - 1.96.1 Available under license
- 1.97 ncclient 0.4.2**
  - 1.97.1 Available under license
- 1.98 ncurses 5.9 :13.20130511.el7**
  - 1.98.1 Available under license
- 1.99 net-tools 2.0 :0.17.20131004git.el7**
  - 1.99.1 Available under license
- 1.100 nspr 4.10.6 :3.el7**
  - 1.100.1 Available under license
- 1.101 nss 3.16.2.3 :5.el7**
  - 1.101.1 Available under license
- 1.102 nss-softokn 3.16.2.3 :9.el7**
  - 1.102.1 Available under license
- 1.103 nss-util 3.16.2.3 :2.el7**
  - 1.103.1 Available under license
- 1.104 openldap 2.4.40 :8.el7**
  - 1.104.1 Available under license
- 1.105 openssh 6.6.1p1 :11.el7**
  - 1.105.1 Available under license
- 1.106 openssl 1.0.1e :51.el7\_2.5**
  - 1.106.1 Notifications
  - 1.106.2 Available under license
- 1.107 OpenSSL 0.9.7d**
  - 1.107.1 Notifications
  - 1.107.2 Available under license
- 1.108 p11-kit 0.20.7 :3.el7**
  - 1.108.1 Available under license
- 1.109 pam 1.1.8 :12.el7**

- 1.109.1 Available under license
- 1.110 paramiko 2.1.1**
  - 1.110.1 Available under license
- 1.111 passwd 0.79 :4.el7**
  - 1.111.1 Available under license
- 1.112 pcre 8.32 :14.el7**
  - 1.112.1 Available under license
- 1.113 pinentry 0.8.1 :14.el7**
  - 1.113.1 Available under license
- 1.114 pkgconfig 0.27.1 :4.el7**
  - 1.114.1 Available under license
- 1.115 policycoreutils 2.2.5 :15.el7**
  - 1.115.1 Available under license
- 1.116 popt 1.13 :16.el7**
  - 1.116.1 Available under license
- 1.117 procps-ng 3.3.10 :3.el7**
  - 1.117.1 Available under license
- 1.118 pth 2.0.7**
  - 1.118.1 Available under license
- 1.119 pyasn1 0.2.2**
- 1.120 pygpgme 0.3 :9.el7**
  - 1.120.1 Available under license
- 1.121 pyliblzma 0.5.3 :11.el7**
  - 1.121.1 Available under license
- 1.122 python 2.7.5 :16.el7**
  - 1.122.1 Available under license
- 1.123 Python-2.7.11 2.7.11 :1**
  - 1.123.1 Available under license
- 1.124 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7**
  - 1.124.1 Available under license
- 1.125 python-pip 8.1.2**
  - 1.125.1 Available under license
- 1.126 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :17.el7**
  - 1.126.1 Available under license
- 1.127 python-request-2.10.0 2.10.0 :0**
  - 1.127.1 Available under license
- 1.128 python-setuptools-22.0.5 22.0.5 :0**
  - 1.128.1 Available under license
- 1.129 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :6.el7**

1.129.1 Available under license  
**1.130 python\_GPLv3 2.7.5 :16.el7**  
1.130.1 Available under license  
**1.131 pyxattr 0.5.1 :5.el7**  
1.131.1 Available under license  
**1.132 qrencode 3.4.1 :3.el7**  
1.132.1 Available under license  
**1.133 readline 6.2 :9.el7**  
1.133.1 Available under license  
**1.134 rootfiles 8.1 :11.el7**  
1.134.1 Available under license  
**1.135 rp3-ixgbe 4.2.1**  
1.135.1 Available under license  
**1.136 rpm 4.11.1 :25.el7**  
1.136.1 Available under license  
**1.137 rsyslog 7.4.7 :7.el7\_0**  
1.137.1 Available under license  
**1.138 sed 4.2.2 :5.el7**  
1.138.1 Available under license  
**1.139 setup 2.8.71 :5.el7**  
1.139.1 Available under license  
**1.140 shadow-utils 4.1.5.1 :18.el7**  
1.140.1 Available under license  
**1.141 shared-mime-info 1.1 :7.el7**  
1.141.1 Available under license  
**1.142 six 1.10.0 :3**  
1.142.1 Available under license  
**1.143 sqlite 3.7.17 :4.el7**  
**1.144 strace 4.8 :7.el7**  
1.144.1 Available under license  
**1.145 sudo 1.8.6p7 :13.el7**  
1.145.1 Available under license  
**1.146 systemd 208 :20.el7\_1.2**  
1.146.1 Available under license  
**1.147 sysvinit 2.88 :14.dsfl7**  
1.147.1 Available under license  
**1.148 tar 1.26 :29.el7**  
1.148.1 Available under license  
**1.149 tcp\_wrappers 7.6 :77.el7**

- 1.149.1 Available under license
- 1.150 tcpdump 4.5.1 :2.el7**
  - 1.150.1 Available under license
- 1.151 telnet 0.17 :59.el7**
  - 1.151.1 Available under license
- 1.152 texinfo 5.1 :4.el7**
  - 1.152.1 Available under license
- 1.153 TianoCore EDK 1.03**
  - 1.153.1 Available under license
- 1.154 traceroute 2.0.19 :5.el7**
  - 1.154.1 Available under license
- 1.155 tzdata 2015d :1.el7**
  - 1.155.1 Available under license
- 1.156 uboot 2011.03**
  - 1.156.1 Available under license
- 1.157 ustr 1.0.4 :16.el7**
  - 1.157.1 Available under license
- 1.158 util-linux 2.23.2 :21.el7**
  - 1.158.1 Available under license
- 1.159 vim 7.4.160 :1.el7**
  - 1.159.1 Available under license
- 1.160 wget 1.14 :10.el7\_0.1**
  - 1.160.1 Available under license
- 1.161 which 2.20**
  - 1.161.1 Available under license
- 1.162 xz 5.1.2 :9alpha.el7**
  - 1.162.1 Available under license
- 1.163 yum 3.4.3 :125.el7.centos**
  - 1.163.1 Available under license
- 1.164 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7**
  - 1.164.1 Available under license
- 1.165 yum-utils 1.1.31 :29.el7**
  - 1.165.1 Available under license
- 1.166 zlib 1.2.7 :13.el7**
  - 1.166.1 Available under license
- 1.167 zlib/contrib-ada 1.2.7 :13.el7**
  - 1.167.1 Available under license
- 1.168 zlib/DotZLib 1.2.7 :13.el7**
  - 1.168.1 Available under license

## **Polaris IOS 16.7.1**

### **2.1 ASN-CMU v1**

2.1.1 Available under license

### **2.2 BSD 2.4.12**

2.2.1 Available under license

### **2.3 bzip2 1.0.0**

2.3.1 Available under license

### **2.4 C/C++ BEEP Core 0.2.00**

2.4.1 Available under license

### **2.5 Catalyst 2K 3K IBM PPC library 1**

2.5.1 Available under license

### **2.6 Catalyst 4K SrcGalaxyMathH 1**

2.6.1 Available under license

### **2.7 CUDD: CU Decision Diagram Package v2.4.1**

2.7.1 Available under license

### **2.8 Cyrus SASL 2.1.0**

2.8.1 Notifications

2.8.2 Available under license

### **2.9 e\_exp.c, e\_log.c (from Sun libmath) 1993 :IOS**

2.9.1 Available under license

### **2.10 endian.h (Cat4K AT&T/Sun) 1.0**

2.10.1 Available under license

### **2.11 Expat XML Parser - Series 1 v1.2**

2.11.1 Available under license

### **2.12 freebsd-tty-headers n/a**

2.12.1 Available under license

### **2.13 ftp.h 4.4BSD?**

2.13.1 Available under license

### **2.14 inflate.c c10p1**

2.14.1 Available under license

### **2.15 iniparser 2.8**

2.15.1 Available under license

### **2.16 IOS ION platform-independent UC Berkeley C 1**

2.16.1 Available under license

### **2.17 ipc.h (os infra pi ipc) 8.3**

2.17.1 Available under license

### **2.18 kerberos 5 5 :1.4.1**

2.18.1 Available under license

### **2.19 libgcc and libstdc++ (gcc) 4.2.1**

- 2.19.1 Available under license
- 2.20 libtiff 3.4**
  - 2.20.1 Available under license
- 2.21 Michael Ringgaard Localization unknown**
  - 2.21.1 Available under license
- 2.22 minix (ALTERNATIVE) 3**
  - 2.22.1 Available under license
- 2.23 netbsd-source-usr 1.0**
  - 2.23.1 Available under license
- 2.24 ntp 4.2.2**
  - 2.24.1 Available under license
- 2.25 OpenSSH 4.0p1**
  - 2.25.1 Available under license
- 2.26 OpenSSL 0.9.7**
  - 2.26.1 Notifications
  - 2.26.2 Available under license
- 2.27 pcap-bpf.h 1.34**
  - 2.27.1 Available under license
- 2.28 Poul-Henning Kamp Inflate and MD5 1**
  - 2.28.1 Available under license
- 2.29 Pservlet 0.3 :2**
  - 2.29.1 Available under license
- 2.30 radix 4.4BSD**
  - 2.30.1 Available under license
- 2.31 regex 3.8a**
  - 2.31.1 Available under license
- 2.32 RegEx 3.4a**
  - 2.32.1 Available under license
- 2.33 sem.h 4.4BSD? via NetBSD**
  - 2.33.1 Available under license
- 2.34 Softfloat Release 2b :IOS**
  - 2.34.1 Available under license
- 2.35 subbi (map3270) 2.6.1 :PI23**
  - 2.35.1 Available under license
- 2.36 Sun RPC Dec. 2006**
  - 2.36.1 Available under license
- 2.37 TCL/TK 8.3.4**
  - 2.37.1 Available under license
- 2.38 termcap 4.4BSD? via OpenBSD**



- 2.38.1 Available under license
- 2.39 tftp.h 4.4BSD? via FreeBSD**
  - 2.39.1 Available under license
- 2.40 tgoto.c 4.4BSD?**
  - 2.40.1 Available under license
- 2.41 TIRPC 2.3**
  - 2.41.1 Available under license
- 2.42 tputs.c 4.4BSD? via NetBSD**
  - 2.42.1 Available under license
- 2.43 UM-LDAP 3.3**
  - 2.43.1 Available under license
- 2.44 Zlib 1.1.2**
  - 2.44.1 Available under license

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- 3.1 acl 2.2.52 :r0**
  - 3.1.1 Available under license
- 3.2 acpid 2.0.26 :r0**
  - 3.2.1 Available under license
- 3.3 alsa-lib 1.1.0 :r0**
  - 3.3.1 Available under license
- 3.4 attr 2.4.47 :r0**
  - 3.4.1 Available under license
- 3.5 audit 2.6.6 :r0**
  - 3.5.1 Available under license
- 3.6 augeas 1.4.0 :r0**
  - 3.6.1 Available under license
- 3.7 avahi 0.6.32 :r0**
  - 3.7.1 Available under license
- 3.8 base-files 3.0.14 :r89**
  - 3.8.1 Available under license
- 3.9 base-passwd 3.5.29 :r0**
  - 3.9.1 Available under license
- 3.10 bash 4.2 :r6**
  - 3.10.1 Available under license
- 3.11 bash-completion 2.1 :r0**
  - 3.11.1 Available under license
- 3.12 bind 9.10.3-P3 :r0.3**
  - 3.12.1 Available under license
- 3.13 binutils 2.26 :r0**

- 3.13.1 Available under license
- 3.14 bison 3.0.4 :r0**
  - 3.14.1 Available under license
- 3.15 bluez5 5.37 :r0**
  - 3.15.1 Available under license
- 3.16 boost 1.61.0 :r0**
  - 3.16.1 Available under license
- 3.17 bridge-utils 1.5 :r0**
  - 3.17.1 Available under license
- 3.18 busybox 1.24.1 :r0.1**
  - 3.18.1 Available under license
- 3.19 bzip2 1.0.6 :r5**
  - 3.19.1 Available under license
- 3.20 ca-certificates 20160104 :r0**
  - 3.20.1 Available under license
- 3.21 cairo 1.14.6 :r0**
  - 3.21.1 Available under license
- 3.22 ccid 1.4.19 :r0**
  - 3.22.1 Available under license
- 3.23 checkpolicy 2.5 :r0**
  - 3.23.1 Available under license
- 3.24 cJSON 1.3.2 :r0**
  - 3.24.1 Available under license
- 3.25 coreutils 8.25 :r0**
  - 3.25.1 Available under license
- 3.26 cpio 2.12 :r0**
  - 3.26.1 Available under license
- 3.27 cracklib 2.9.5 :r0**
  - 3.27.1 Available under license
- 3.28 cryptsetup 1.7.0 :r0**
  - 3.28.1 Available under license
- 3.29 curl 7.47.1 :r0**
  - 3.29.1 Available under license
- 3.30 db 5.3.28 :r0**
  - 3.30.1 Available under license
- 3.31 dbus 1.10.6 :r0**
  - 3.31.1 Available under license
- 3.32 dbus-glib 0.106 :r0**
  - 3.32.1 Available under license

### **3.33 dhcp 4.3.3 :r0**

3.33.1 Available under license

### **3.34 diffutils 3.3 :r0**

3.34.1 Available under license

### **3.35 dmidecode 3.0 :r0**

3.35.1 Available under license

### **3.36 dnsmasq 2.75 :r0**

3.36.1 Available under license

### **3.37 dosfstools 3.0.28 :r0**

3.37.1 Available under license

### **3.38 dtc 1.4.1+gitAUTOINC+302fca9f4c :r0**

3.38.1 Available under license

### **3.39 e2fsprogs 1.42.99+1.43+gitAUTOINC+0f26747167 :r0**

3.39.1 Available under license

### **3.40 ebttables 2.0.10-4 :r3**

3.40.1 Available under license

### **3.41 elfutils 0.164 :r0**

3.41.1 Available under license

### **3.42 ethtool 4.2 :r0**

3.42.1 Available under license

### **3.43 expat 2.1.0 :r0**

3.43.1 Available under license

### **3.44 file 5.25 :r0**

3.44.1 Available under license

### **3.45 findutils 4.6.0 :r0**

3.45.1 Available under license

### **3.46 flac 1.3.1 :r0**

3.46.1 Available under license

### **3.47 flex 2.6.0 :r0**

3.47.1 Available under license

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 1.3 amzn-drivers-ena r1.1.3

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```
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```

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\*/

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From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTTP (8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)  
id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)  
Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:07:51 -0400  
Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)  
id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT  
Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT  
From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)  
Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>  
Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]  
To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>  
Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com  
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

-----

From spcedt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995  
Flags: 10  
Return-Path: spcedt@armory.com  
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)  
id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)  
Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)  
id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)  
From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>  
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700  
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>  
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)  
X-Www: <http://www.armory.com/~spcedt/>  
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)  
To: chet@po.cwru.edu  
Subject: Re: ksh scripts  
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

```
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
```

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu  
Subject: Bash scripts  
Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu  
In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400  
References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>  
Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on  
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let  
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in  
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and  
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)  
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.9 binutils 2.23.52.0.1 :30.e17\_1.1

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+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions.

Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under

copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,

in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.



4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit

modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major

components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know

that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the `@dfn{Lesser} General Public License` because it does `@emph{Less}` to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.



Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of

running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)  
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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany

it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse

engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

## 1.10 Boost 1.45

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// this module is derived from simplexml.cpp - an example shipped as part of

// the spirit parser. This example contains the following notice:

/\*=====\*/

simplexml.cpp

Spirit V1.3

URL: <http://spirit.sourceforge.net/>

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```

```
/*  
Fri Aug 15 16:29:47 EDT 1997
```

Harwell-Boeing File I/O in C  
V. 1.0

National Institute of Standards and Technology, MD.  
K.A. Remington

+++++

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+++++

```
/* Boost example/findroot_demo.cpp
* find zero points of some function by dichotomy
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*
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*
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```
*/
/*!
* jQuery TOC Plugin v1.1.x based on
* samaxesJS JavaScript Library
* http://code.google.com/p/samaxesjs/
*
* Copyright (c) 2008 samaxes.com
*
```

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*
* 2009-10-04, guwi17: modified and extended to meet uBLAS' needs
*/
/*=====
Boost.Wave: A Standard compliant C++ preprocessor library
http://www.boost.org/

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\*/

/\* Boehm, May 13, 1994 9:50 am PDT \*/

/\*\*\*\*\*

WeakPointer and CleanUp

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Last modified on Mon Jul 17 18:16:01 PDT 1995 by ellis

```
*****/
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*/
/* A Bison parser, made by GNU Bison 1.875. */

/* Skeleton parser for Yacc-like parsing with Bison,
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L. Peter Deutsch  
ghost@aladdin.com

```
*/
/*
* regcomp and regexec -- rebsub and regerror are elsewhere
*
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* be misrepresented as being the original software.
*** THIS IS AN ALTERED VERSION. It was altered by John Gilmore,
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*** to assist in implementing egrep.
*** THIS IS AN ALTERED VERSION. It was altered by John Gilmore,
*** hoptoad!gnu, on 27 Dec 1986, to add \< and \> for word-matching
*** as in BSD grep and ex.
*** THIS IS AN ALTERED VERSION. It was altered by John Gilmore,
*** hoptoad!gnu, on 28 Dec 1986, to optimize characters quoted with \.
*** THIS IS AN ALTERED VERSION. It was altered by James A. Woods,
*** ames!jaw, on 19 June 1987, to quash a regcomp() redundancy.
*** THIS IS AN ALTERED VERSION. It was altered by Christopher Seiwald
*** seiwald@vix.com, on 28 August 1993, for use in jam. Regmagic.h
```

```

*** was moved into regexp.h, and the include of regexp.h now uses ""s
*** to avoid conflicting with the system regexp.h. Const, bless its
*** soul, was removed so it can compile everywhere. The declaration
*** of strchr() was in conflict on AIX, so it was removed (as it is
*** happily defined in string.h).
*** THIS IS AN ALTERED VERSION. It was altered by Christopher Seiwald
*** seiwald@perforce.com, on 20 January 2000, to use function prototypes.
*
* Beware that some of this code is subtly aware of the way operator precedence
* is structured in regular expressions. Serious changes in regular-expression
* syntax might require a total rethink.
*/
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```

## 1.11 busybox 1.24.1 1.24.1 :0

### 1.11.1 Available under license :

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

[jseward@bzip.org](mailto:jseward@bzip.org)

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010  
-----



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# 1.14 centos-release 7 :1.1503.el7.centos.2.8

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## Special Recognition ##

One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

Contributors:

The Red Hat developers, without whom CentOS would look very different

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## 1.15 cffi 1.9.1

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)  
-----

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively

involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=  
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan  
=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...  
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679  
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing  
> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20  
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=  
=20  
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=  
eir=20  
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =  
a=20  
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=  
=20  
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
=20Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of  
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan  
=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...  
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679  
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----  
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...  
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of  
> Mike Frysinger  
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM  
> To: Neulinger, Nathan  
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett  
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
>=20  
> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:  
>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec  
> directly

> > and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this  
> point,  
> > it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what  
> it was  
> > released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> > clarification of the licensing that was already in place.  
>=20  
> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was  
> not  
> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the  
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> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.  
>=20  
> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib  
> unless their  
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the  
> place of a  
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should  
> be using.  
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
> bit of  
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's  
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting  
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and  
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code  
(where it is not already GPL).



I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>> bit of  
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>> by me.  
>  
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?  
>  
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:  
>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro

>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>>> bit of  
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>>> by me.  
>>  
>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?  
>>  
>> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
>> linked with any code, not just GPL...  
>  
> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable  
> timeframe.  
>  
> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,  
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the  
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the  
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages  
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.  
>  
> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>>

>> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we

>> make the change now ?

>

> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

-----  
BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.  
-----

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

-----  
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007  
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umn.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umn.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500  
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umn.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500  
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)  
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umn.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])  
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623  
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500  
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])  
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311  
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)  
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])  
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)  
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L  
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000

Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)  
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>  
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>  
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed  
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>  
Subject: Re: cracklib license  
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100  
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>  
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)  
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]  
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com  
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]  
Status: RO  
Content-Length: 585  
Lines: 21

>  
> ----- Forwarded message -----  
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>  
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM  
> Subject: RE: cracklib license  
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk  
>  
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly  
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that  
> email  
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the  
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained  
> would be  
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# Copyright 2009, 2012 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>
#
# This file is part of cracklib.
#
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```

```
# under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
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# (at your option) any later version.
#
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# General Public License for more details.
#
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# along with Prua; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation,
# Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
```

## 1.20 cronie 1.4.11 :13.el7

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```

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\*  
\*/  
/\*

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\*  
\* @(#)bitstring.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 7/19/93  
\*/

# 1.21 cryptography 1.7.2

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The code used in the OpenSSL locking callback and OS random engine is derived from the same in CPython itself, and is licensed under the terms of the PSF

## 1.22 cryptsetup 1.6.6 :3.el7

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## 1.23 curl 7.29.0 :25.el7.centos

### 1.23.1 Available under license :

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=====

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## 1.24 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :17.el7

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# 1.25 cyrus-sasl/libdes 2.1.26 :17.e17

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

## 1.29 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :7.eI7

## 1.29.1 Available under license :

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#

# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared  
# libraries.

#

# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

# BSDLIB\_VERSION = 1.0

# BSDLIB\_IMAGE = libce

# BSDLIB\_MYDIR = et

# BSDLIB\_INSTALL\_DIR = \$(SHLIBDIR)

#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile

@echo " MKDIR pic"

@mkdir -p pic

BSD\_LIB = \$(BSDLIB\_IMAGE).so.\$(BSDLIB\_VERSION)

BSDLIB\_PIC\_FLAG = -fpic

image: \$(BSD\_LIB)

```

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's/lib/;"/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
Index: tdbsa/tdb.c
=====
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
/*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      2005
+ Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      1999-2005
+ Copyright (C) Jeremy Allison      2000-2006
+ Copyright (C) Paul `Rusty' Russell  2000

** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb
** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
#!/bin/sh

find . -type f \! -name \*~ \! -exec grep -q Begin-Header \{\} \; -print \

```

| grep -v ^./build

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Theodore Ts'o

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```
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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:

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# 1.30 elfutils 0.160 :1.e17

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## 1.31 enum34 1.1.6

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## 1.35 EZdriver NP 5c, loadable kernel module

### 14.44 :XE3.16

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## 1.38 fipscheck 1.4.1 :5.e17

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.40 gcc 4.8.3 :9.e17

### 1.40.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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# 128 bit long double support was introduced with GCC 4.6.0 for FreeBSD.
# These lines make the symbols to get a @@GCC_4.6.0.

```

```

%exclude {
__addtf3
__copysigntf3
__divtc3
__divtf3
__eqtf2
__extenddftf2
__extendsftf2
__extendxftf2
__fabstf2
__fixtfdi
__fixtfsi
__fixtfti
__fixunstfdi
__fixunstfsi
__fixunstfti
__floatditf
__floatsitf
__floattitf
__floatunditf
__floatunsitf
__floatuntitf
__getf2
__gttf2
__letf2
__lttf2
__multc3
__multf3
__negtf2
__netf2
__powitf2

```

```

__subtf3
__trunctfdf2
__trunctfsf2
__trunctxf2
__unordtf2
}

GCC_4.6.0 {
__addtf3
#ifdef __x86_64__
__copysigntf3
#endif
__divtc3
__divtf3
__eqtf2
__extenddftf2
__extendsftf2
__extendxftf2
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fabstf2
#endif
__fixtfdi
__fixtfsi
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fixtfti
#endif
__fixunstfdi
__fixunstfsi
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fixunstfti
#endif
__floatditf
__floatsitf
#ifdef __x86_64__
__floattitf
#endif
__floatunditf
__floatunsitf
#ifdef __x86_64__
__floatuntitf
#endif
__getf2
__gttf2
__letf2
__lttf2
__multc3
__multf3
__negtf2

```

```
__netf2
__powtf2
__subtf3
__trunctfdf2
__trunctfsf2
__trunctxf2
__unordtf2
}
```

```
GCC_4.8.0 {
__cpu_model
__cpu_indicator_init
}
```

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

## HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the

generic code are due to Walter Underwood.  
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.  
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.  
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and  
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.  
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and  
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.  
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.  
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.  
Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.  
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.  
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).  
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).  
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.  
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.  
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.  
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.  
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

#### GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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```

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```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

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```
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
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@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@uref{http://fsf.org/}
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@end ignore
@c Special handling for inclusion in the install manual.
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@ifnohtml
@comment node-name, next, previous, up
@node GNU Free Documentation License, Concept Index, Old, Top
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<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>
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@c man begin DESCRIPTION
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.43 glibc 2.17 :106.e17\_2.8

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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```
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```
@iftex
@unnumberedsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS
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```
@enumerate 0
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@example

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

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@end example

@noindent

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

@noindent

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@smallexample

```
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
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type @samp{show w}. This is free software, and you are
welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions;
type @samp{show c} for details.
@end smallexample
```

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# 1.46 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which

must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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```
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@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for
details.
@end smallexample
```

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```
@end enumerate
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```

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## 1.48 grep 2.20 :2.e17

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.62 kmod 14 :10.el7

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cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
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lib/libgss/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
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lib/libgss/g\_verify.c  
lib/libgss/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi\_err\_generic.h  
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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in "src/lib/gssapi", including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi\_err\_generic.et  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_acquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_canon\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_compare\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_context\_time.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_status.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dup\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_export\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_glue.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_initialize.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_names.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_process\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_buffer.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_seal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_sign.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_unseal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_userok.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_utils.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_verify.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid\_ops.c  
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP\_spnego.h  
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego\_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

include/iprop\_hdr.h  
kadmin/server/ipropd\_svc.c  
lib/kdb/iprop.x  
lib/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.h  
lib/krb5/error\_tables/kdb5\_err.et  
slave/kpropd\_rpc.c  
slave/kproplog.c

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```
@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo
@unnumberedsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs
```

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

@smallexample

@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.

@end smallexample

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an ``about box".

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@end enumerate

@node Library Copying

@appendix GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION  
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@enumerate 0

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license

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@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of

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```

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(which makes passes at compilers) written
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```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
```

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

`@iftex`

`@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION`

`@end iftex`

`@ifinfo`

`@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE`

`@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION`

`@end ifinfo`

`@enumerate 0`

`@item`

This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called ``this License"). Each licensee is addressed as ``you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

@item

You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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@item

You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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@item

The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

@item

If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.



@item

You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be

linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the

library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

@item

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work

based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

@end enumerate

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@iftex
@heading NO WARRANTY
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center NO WARRANTY
@end ifinfo
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DAMAGES.
```

```
@end enumerate
```

```
@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo
```

```
@page
@heading How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries
```

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
@end smallexample
```

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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

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### Preamble

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the



library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

^L

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from

such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in

themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under

Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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## 1.74 libgpg-error 1.12 :3.e17

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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## 1.77 libnetfilter\_conntrack 1.0.4 :2.el7

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```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## 1.82 libsemanage 2.1.10 :16.el7

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## 1.83 libsepol 2.1.9 :3.el7

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.87 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.e17

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table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*

\* Private functions, types, etc. used for callback functions.

\*

\* The ref pointer is an opaque type and should remain as such.

\* Private data must only be accessible through the getter and

\* setter functions.

\*

\*\*\*\*\*/

# libtool (GNU libtool) 2.4.2

# Written by Gordon Matzigkeit <gord@gnu.ai.mit.edu>, 1996

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*
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## 1.110 paramiko 2.1.1

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## 1.112 pcre 8.32 :14.el7

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Written by: Philip Hazel  
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@smallexample

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@end smallexample

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@smallexample

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type `show w'. This is free software, and you are welcome

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for details.

@end smallexample

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```
@smallexample
```

```
@group
```

```
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(which makes passes at compilers) written  
by James Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
@end group
```

```
@end smallexample
```

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## 1.115 polycoreutils 2.2.5 :15.el7

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```

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```
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```

The hypothetical commands ``show w'` and ``show c'` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than ``show w'` and ``show c'`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.118 pth 2.0.7

### 1.118.1 Available under license :

```
-----  
| _\|||_|  ``Ian Fleming was a UNIX fan!  
| | )|_|'_\  How do I know? Well, James Bond  
| _/||| |   had the (license to kill) number 007,  
| | \_|| |   i.e., he could execute anyone!"
```

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.120 pygpgme 0.3 :9.el7

### 1.120.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata: LGPLv2+

## 1.121 pyliblzma 0.5.3 :11.el7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.122 python 2.7.5 :16.el7

### 1.122.1 Available under license :

#### A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes

2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
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2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
2.7	2.6	2010	PSF	yes

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/\* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library  
version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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Jean-loup Gailly      Mark Adler  
jloup@gzip.org      madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

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## 1.123 Python-2.7.11 2.7.11 :1

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
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2.2 and above	2.1.1	2001-now	PSF	yes

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2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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## 1.125 python-pip 8.1.2

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# 1.127 python-request-2.10.0 2.10.0 :0

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# 1.131 pyxattr 0.5.1 :5.el7

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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## 1.132 qrencode 3.4.1 :3.e17

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```
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```
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```
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```

```
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That's all there is to it!

## 1.137 rsyslog 7.4.7 :7.e17\_0

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
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```

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```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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## 1.138 sed 4.2.2 :5.e17

### 1.138.1 Available under license :

=====

Test 1.1:101

=====

Testing argument parsing

First type

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.2:102

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.3:103

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.4:104

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
Second type

=====  
Test 1.4.1:105

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 1.5:106

=====  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_1

s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.6:107

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_9

s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.7:108

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.8:109

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.9:110

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.10:111

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.11:112

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.12:113

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.13:114

=====

e1\_11\_1

e2\_e1\_11\_1

e2\_e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_2

e2\_e1\_11\_2

e2\_e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_3

e2\_e1\_11\_3

e2\_e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_4

e2\_e1\_11\_4

e2\_e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_5

e2\_e1\_11\_5

e2\_e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_6

e2\_e1\_11\_6

e2\_e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_7

e2\_e1\_11\_7

e2\_e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_8

e2\_e1\_11\_8

e2\_e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_9

e2\_e1\_11\_9

e2\_e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_10

e2\_e1\_11\_10

e2\_e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_11

e2\_e1\_11\_11

e2\_e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_12

e2\_e1\_11\_12

e2\_e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_13

e2\_e1\_11\_13

e2\_e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_14

e2\_e1\_11\_14

e2\_e1\_11\_14



=====

Test 1.14:115

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s2\_s1\_11\_1  
s2\_s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s2\_s1\_11\_2  
s2\_s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s2\_s1\_11\_3  
s2\_s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s2\_s1\_11\_4  
s2\_s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s2\_s1\_11\_5  
s2\_s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s2\_s1\_11\_6  
s2\_s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s2\_s1\_11\_7  
s2\_s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s2\_s1\_11\_8  
s2\_s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s2\_s1\_11\_9  
s2\_s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s2\_s1\_11\_10  
s2\_s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s2\_s1\_11\_11  
s2\_s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s2\_s1\_11\_12  
s2\_s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s2\_s1\_11\_13  
s2\_s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s2\_s1\_11\_14  
s2\_s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.15:116

=====

e1\_11\_1  
s1\_e1\_11\_1  
s1\_e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
s1\_e1\_11\_2  
s1\_e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
s1\_e1\_11\_3  
s1\_e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
s1\_e1\_11\_4  
s1\_e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
s1\_e1\_11\_5  
s1\_e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
s1\_e1\_11\_6  
s1\_e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
s1\_e1\_11\_7  
s1\_e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
s1\_e1\_11\_8  
s1\_e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
s1\_e1\_11\_9  
s1\_e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
s1\_e1\_11\_10  
s1\_e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
s1\_e1\_11\_11  
s1\_e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
s1\_e1\_11\_12  
s1\_e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
s1\_e1\_11\_13  
s1\_e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
s1\_e1\_11\_14  
s1\_e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.16:117

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.17:118

=====

11\_1  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_13  
11\_14  
11\_14

=====

Test 1.18:119

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

Testing address ranges

=====

Test 2.1:120

=====

11\_4

=====

Test 2.2:121

=====

12\_6

=====

Test 2.3:122

=====

11\_14

=====

Test 2.4:123

=====

12\_9

=====

Test 2.5:124

=====

=====

Test 2.6:125

=====

12\_9

=====

Test 2.7:126

=====

=====

Test 2.9:127

=====

11\_7

=====  
Test 2.10:128

=====  
11\_7

=====  
Test 2.11:129

=====  
11\_7

=====  
Test 2.12:130

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4

=====  
Test 2.13:131

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.14:132

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

12\_1

12\_2

12\_3

12\_4

12\_5

12\_6

12\_7

12\_8

12\_9

=====

Test 2.15:133

=====

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

12\_1

12\_2

12\_3

12\_4

12\_5

12\_6

12\_7

12\_8

12\_9

=====  
Test 2.16:134

=====  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6

=====  
Test 2.17:135

=====  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====  
Test 2.18:136

=====  
12\_3



12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====  
Test 2.19:137

=====  
11\_12

=====  
Test 2.20:138

=====  
11\_7  
Brace and other grouping

=====  
Test 3.1:139

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
^11T4\$  
^11T5\$  
^11T6\$  
^11T7\$  
^11T8\$  
^11T9\$  
^11T10\$  
^11T11\$  
^11T12\$  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 3.2:140

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
^11\_4  
^11\_5  
^11\_6\$  
^11\_7\$  
^11T8\$  
^11\_9\$

^I1\_10\$  
^I1\_11  
^I1\_12  
I1\_13  
I1\_14

=====  
Test 3.3:141

=====  
^I1T1\$  
^I1T2\$  
^I1T3\$  
I1\_4  
I1\_5  
I1\_6  
I1\_7  
I1\_8  
I1\_9  
I1\_10  
I1\_11  
I1\_12  
^I1T13\$  
^I1T14\$

=====  
Test 3.4:142

=====  
^I1\_1  
^I1\_2  
^I1\_3  
I1\_4  
I1\_5  
I1\_6  
I1\_7  
I1\_8  
I1\_9  
I1\_10  
I1\_11  
I1\_12  
^I1\_13  
^I1\_14

Testing a c d and i commands

=====  
Test 4.1:143

=====  
before\_il1\_1  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_1

before\_il1\_2  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_2  
before\_il1\_3  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_3  
before\_il1\_4  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_4  
before\_il1\_5  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_5  
before\_il1\_6  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_6  
before\_il1\_7  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_7  
before\_il1\_8  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_8  
before\_il1\_9  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_9  
before\_il1\_10  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_10  
before\_il1\_11  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_11  
before\_il1\_12  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_12  
before\_il1\_13  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_13  
before\_il1\_14  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_14  
before\_il2\_1  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_1  
before\_il2\_2  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_2  
before\_il2\_3  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_3  
before\_il2\_4  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_4  
before\_il2\_5  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_5  
before\_il2\_6  
inserted  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_6  
before\_il2\_7  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_7  
before\_il2\_8  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_8  
before\_il2\_9  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_9

=====

Test 4.2:144

=====

before\_al1\_1  
after\_abefore\_al1\_1  
before\_al1\_2  
after\_abefore\_al1\_2  
before\_al1\_3  
after\_abefore\_al1\_3  
before\_al1\_4  
after\_abefore\_al1\_4  
before\_a5-1211\_5  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_5  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_6  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_6  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_7  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_7  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_8  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_8  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_9  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_9  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_10  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_10  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_11  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_11  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_12  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_12  
appended  
before\_al1\_13  
after\_abefore\_al1\_13  
before\_al1\_14  
after\_abefore\_al1\_14  
before\_al2\_1  
after\_abefore\_al2\_1  
before\_al2\_2  
after\_abefore\_al2\_2  
before\_al2\_3  
after\_abefore\_al2\_3  
before\_al2\_4  
after\_abefore\_al2\_4  
before\_al2\_5  
after\_abefore\_al2\_5  
before\_al2\_6

after\_abefore\_al2\_6  
before\_al2\_7  
after\_abefore\_al2\_7  
before\_al2\_8  
after\_abefore\_al2\_8  
before\_al2\_9  
after\_abefore\_al2\_9

=====

Test 4.3:145

=====

^11\_1  
^11\_1\$  
appended  
^11\_2  
^11\_2\$  
appended  
^11\_3  
^11\_3\$  
appended  
^11\_4  
^11\_4\$  
appended  
^11\_5  
^11\_5\$  
appended  
^11\_6  
^11\_6\$  
appended  
^11\_7  
^11\_7\$  
appended  
^11\_8  
appended  
^11\_8  
11\_9\$  
^11\_10  
appended  
^11\_10  
11\_11\$  
^11\_12  
^11\_12\$  
appended  
^11\_13  
^11\_13\$  
appended  
^11\_14  
^11\_14\$

appended

^12\_1

^12\_1\$

^12\_2

^12\_2\$

^12\_3

^12\_3\$

^12\_4

^12\_4\$

^12\_5

^12\_5\$

^12\_6

^12\_6\$

^12\_7

^12\_7\$

^12\_8

^12\_8\$

^12\_9

^12\_9\$

=====

Test 4.4:146

=====

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

=====

Test 4.5:147

=====

hello

=====

Test 4.6:148

=====

hello

=====  
Test 4.7:149

=====  
hello

=====  
Test 4.8:150

=====  
Testing labels and branching

=====  
Test 5.1:151

=====  
label2\_11\_1  
label3\_label2\_11\_1  
label1\_11\_2  
label1\_11\_3  
label1\_11\_4  
label1\_11\_5  
label1\_11\_6  
label1\_11\_7  
label1\_11\_8  
label1\_11\_9  
label1\_11\_10  
label1\_11\_11  
label1\_11\_12  
label2\_11\_13  
label3\_label2\_11\_13  
label2\_11\_14  
label3\_label2\_11\_14

=====  
Test 5.2:152

=====  
tested l2\_1  
tested l2\_2  
tested l2\_3  
tested l2\_4  
tested l2\_5  
tested l2\_6  
tested l2\_7  
tested l2\_8  
tested l2\_9  
tested l2\_10  
tested l2\_11  
tested l2\_12  
tested l2\_13  
tested l2\_14

=====

Test 5.3:153

=====

^11\_1  
^11\_1\$  
^11\_2  
^11\_2\$  
^11\_3  
^11\_3\$  
^11\_4  
^11\_4\$  
11\_5\$  
11\_6\$  
11\_7\$  
11\_8\$

=====

Test 5.4:154

=====

^11\_1\$  
^11\_2\$  
^11\_3\$  
^11\_4\$  
^11\_5\$  
^11\_6\$  
^11\_7\$  
^11\_8\$  
11\_9\$  
11\_10\$  
11\_11\$  
11\_12\$  
11\_13\$  
11\_14\$

=====

Test 5.5:155

=====

^11\_1  
^11\_2  
^11\_4  
^11\_6  
^11\_8

=====

Test 5.6:156

=====

11\_1



l1\_2  
l1\_3  
l1\_4  
l1\_5

=====

Test 5.7:157

=====

l1\_1  
l1\_2  
l1\_3  
l1\_4  
hello  
l1\_5

=====

Test 5.8:158

=====

m1\_1  
m1\_2  
m1\_3  
m1\_4  
m1\_5  
m1\_6  
m1\_7  
m1\_8  
m1\_9  
m1\_10  
m1\_11  
m1\_12  
m1\_13  
m1\_14

Pattern space commands

=====

Test 6.1:159

=====

changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed

changed  
changed  
changed

=====  
Test 6.2:160

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.3:161

=====  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.4:162

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_5  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_2  
11\_3

11\_6  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====

Test 6.5:163

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====

Test 6.6:164

=====

Testing print and file routines

=====

Test 7.1:165

=====

\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t\$\n\v\r\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\  
\035\036\037 !"#\$%&'()\*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNQRSTUvwX\  
YZ[\]^\_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\  
\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\  
\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\  
\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\  
\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\  
\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\  
\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\  
\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\

\375\376\377\$

\$

=====

Test 7.2:166

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

15

12\_1

16

12\_2

17

12\_3

18

12\_4

19

12\_5

20

12\_6

21

12\_7

22

12\_8

23

12\_9

=====

Test 7.3:167

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
w results  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12

=====  
Test 7.4:168  
=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====

Test 7.5:169

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 7.6:170

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 7.8:171

=====

Testing substitution commands

=====

Test 8.1:172

=====

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX

=====  
Test 8.2:173

=====  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX

=====  
Test 8.3:174

=====  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX  
XXXXX

=====

Test 8.4:175

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 8.5:176

=====

11X1

11X2

11X3

11X4

11X5

11X6

11X7

11X8

11X9

11X10

11X11

11X12

11X13

11X14

=====

Test 8.6:177

=====

(1)(1)(\_)(1)

(1)(1)(\_)(2)

(1)(1)(\_)(3)

(1)(1)(\_)(4)

(1)(1)(\_)(5)

(1)(1)(\_)(6)

(1)(1)(\_)(7)

(1)(1)(\_)(8)

(1)(1)(\_)(9)

(1)(1)(\_)(1)(0)



(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)  
(1)(1)(1)(1)(2)  
(1)(1)(1)(1)(3)  
(1)(1)(1)(1)(4)

=====

Test 8.7:178

=====

(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

=====

Test 8.8:179

=====

x\_x1x11  
x\_x1x12  
x\_x1x13  
x\_x1x14  
x\_x1x15  
x\_x1x16  
x\_x1x17  
x\_x1x18  
x\_x1x19  
x\_x1x110  
x\_x1x111  
x\_x1x112  
x\_x1x113  
x\_x1x114

=====

Test 8.9:180

=====

11u0  
u1  
u21  
11u0

u1  
u22  
l1u0  
u1  
u23  
l1u0  
u1  
u24  
l1u0  
u1  
u25  
l1u0  
u1  
u26  
l1u0  
u1  
u27  
l1u0  
u1  
u28  
l1u0  
u1  
u29  
l1u0  
u1  
u210  
l1u0  
u1  
u211  
l1u0  
u1  
u212  
l1u0  
u1  
u213  
l1u0  
u1  
u214

=====

Test 8.10:181

=====

l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X

11\_X  
11\_X  
11\_X  
11\_X0  
11\_X1  
11\_X2  
11\_X3  
11\_X4

=====

Test 8.11:182

=====

IX\_1  
IX\_2  
IX\_3  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_10  
IX\_11  
IX\_12  
IX\_13  
IX\_14

s wfile results

IX\_1  
IX\_2  
IX\_3  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_10  
IX\_11  
IX\_12  
IX\_13  
IX\_14

=====

Test 8.12:183

=====

IX\_X  
IX\_X  
IX\_X

IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_X0  
IX\_XX  
IX\_XX  
IX\_XX  
IX\_X4

=====  
Test 8.13:184

=====  
18\_8  
18\_7  
18\_6  
18\_5  
18\_4  
18\_3  
18\_2  
18\_1  
18\_0  
18\_89  
18\_88  
18\_87  
18\_86  
18\_85

=====  
Test 8.14:185

=====  
18\_8  
18\_7  
18\_6  
18\_5  
18\_4  
18\_3  
18\_2  
18\_1  
18\_0  
18\_89  
18\_88  
18\_87  
18\_86  
18\_85

=====  
Test 8.15:186  
=====

11\_1X11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 8.16:187  
=====

eeefff  
Xeefff  
XYefff  
XYeYff  
XYeYYf  
XYeYYY  
XYeYYY

=====  
Test 8.17:188  
=====

&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&  
&&&&&  
&&&&&  
&&&&&  
&&&&&  
&&&&&

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# 1.146 systemd 208 :20.el7\_1.2

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- \* A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- \* in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- \*
- \* Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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## 1.149 tcp\_wrappers 7.6 :77.e17

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library

creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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```

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```
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```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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/\*

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```

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*/
#!/bin/bash
#
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#
#
TS_TOPDIR="$(dirname $0)/../.."
TS_DESC="nested BSD"

. $TS_TOPDIR/functions.sh
ts_init "$*"

FDISK_CMD_CREATE_DOSLABEL="o\n"          # create dos label

```

```

FDISK_CMD_SETID="x\ni\n0x1\nr\n"      # set non-random ID
FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE="w\nq\n"      # write to image
FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY1="n\np\n1\n\n+1M\n" # 1st primary partition of size 1MiB
FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY2="n\np\n2\n\n\n" # 2nd primary partition for whole of the disk
FDISK_CMD_CHANGE_PART2TYPE="t\n2\na5\n" # change partition type FreeBSD

FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE="b\ny\n"      # create nested BSD PT
FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST="b\np\nr\nq\n"  # list nested BSD PT and quit
FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE_PART="b\nn\na\n\n+1M\n" # add BSD partition 'a', size 1MiB
FDISK_CMD_BSD_PARTTYPE="b\nt\na\n7\n" # set partition 'a' to type 4.2BSD
FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST_TYPES="b\nl\nq\n" # list supported PT types and quit

#set -x

function print_layout {
echo -ne "\n---layout-----" >> $TS_OUTPUT
$TS_CMD_FDISK -l ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} |\
sed 's/^\.*\img/___ts_dev___/g;
s/^[[:blank:]]*Device Boot/ Device Boot/g' >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
echo -ne "-----\n\n" >> $TS_OUTPUT
}

function print_bsd_layout {
echo -ne "\n---layout-----" >> $TS_OUTPUT
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST}" | $TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} |\
sed 's/Reading .*/g;
s/Welcome to fdisk .*/' >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
echo -ne "-----\n\n" >> $TS_OUTPUT
}

ts_log "Initialize empty image"
TEST_IMAGE_NAME=$(ts_image_init 10)
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1

ts_log "Create new DOS partition table"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CREATE_DOSLABEL}${FDISK_CMD_SETID}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" \
| $TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1

print_layout

ts_log "Create 1st primary partition"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY1}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1

print_layout

```



```
ts_log "Create 2st primary partition"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY2}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

```
ts_log "Set 2nd partition type"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CHANGE_PART2TYPE}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

print\_layout

```
ts_log "Create default BSD"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

print\_bsd\_layout

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE_PART}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
```

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_PARTTYPE}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

print\_bsd\_layout

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST_TYPES}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} |\
sed 's/Reading .*/g; s/Welcome to fdisk .*/' >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

ts\_finalize

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## 1.159 vim 7.4.160 :1.eI7

## 1.159.1 Available under license :

\*uganda.txt\* For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

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\*iccf\* \*ICCF\*

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=====  
Kibaale Children's Centre \*kcc\* \*Kibaale\* \*charity\*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them

healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

\*donate\*

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small

organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre  
p.o. box 1658  
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: \*iccf-donations\*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

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Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy  
10238-168 Street  
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4  
Canada  
Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774  
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.  
Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:  
<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

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The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

[Bram@iccf-holland.org](mailto:Bram@iccf-holland.org)

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

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vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

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## 1.161 which 2.20

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e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

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## 1.162 xz 5.1.2 :9alpha.e17

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```
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## 1.166 zlib 1.2.7 :13.el7

### 1.166.1 Available under license :

```
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.7, May 2nd, 2012
```

```
Copyright (C) 1995-2012 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
```

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 jloup@gzip.org      madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950> (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

\*/

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-----
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```

-----
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--
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```

## 1.168 zlib/DotZLib 1.2.7 :13.e17

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## 2.3 bzip2 1.0.0

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.5 of 10 December 2007  
-----

## 2.4 C/C++ BEEP Core 0.2.00

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# 2.5 Catalyst 2K 3K IBM PPC library 1

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```
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* ioLib/ioLib.s, openbios_walnut, walnut_bios 6/17/99 12:54:45
*-----+
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*-----
*-----
*
* File Name: ioLib.s
*
* Function: C-callable assembler functions for I/O.
*
* Author: Bill DeStein.
*
* Change Activity-
*
* Date Description of Change BY
* -----
* 13-Aug-92 Created WCD
* 27-May-94 Port to Oak MPT
* 24-Apr-95 Port to Metaware JWB
* 26-Apr-99 Port to Walnut (added in and out byte reversed routines) JWB
*
*-----
```

## 2.6 Catalyst 4K SrcGalaxyMathH 1

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### v2.4.1

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\*

\* @(#)ttychars.h 8.2 (Berkeley) 1/4/94

\* \$FreeBSD: src/sys/sys/ttychars.h,v 1.7 1999/08/28 00:52:06 peter Exp \$

\*/

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* @(#)ttycom.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 3/28/94
* $FreeBSD: src/sys/sys/ttycom.h,v 1.16 2000/01/29 16:47:35 peter Exp $
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* @(#)ttydefaults.h 8.4 (Berkeley) 1/21/94
* $FreeBSD: src/sys/sys/ttydefaults.h,v 1.13.2.1 2001/03/06 03:37:08 jkh Exp $
*/

```

## 2.13 ftp.h 4.4BSD?

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* @(#)ftp.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/2/93
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## 2.14 inflate.c c10p1

### 2.14.1 Available under license :

```

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   version c10p1, 10 January 1993 */

/* You can do whatever you like with this source file, though I would
   prefer that if you modify it and redistribute it that you include
   comments to that effect with your name and the date.  Thank you.
   [The history has been moved to the file ChangeLog.]
*/
/* $Id: inflate.c,v 3.2.60.1 1996/03/18 19:11:09 gstovall Exp $
   $Source: /release/111/cvs/Xsys/czip/inflate.c,v $
   -----
   * inflate.c - unzip inflate
   *
   * December 1994, Michael Beesley
   *
   * Copyright (c) 1990-1997, 2001, 2004-2005, 2007 by cisco Systems, Inc.
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   *
   -----
   * $Log: inflate.c,v $
   * Revision 3.2.60.1 1996/03/18 19:11:09 gstovall
   * Branch: California_branch

```

```

* Elvis has left the building. He headed out to California, and took the
* port ready changes with him.
*
* Revision 3.2.26.2 1996/03/07 08:42:15 mdb
* Branch: DeadKingOnAThrone_branch
* cisco and ANSI/POSIX libraries.
*
* Revision 3.2.26.1 1996/02/20 13:44:31 dstine
* Branch: DeadKingOnAThrone_branch
*   Sync from DeadKingOnAThrone_baseline_960122 to
*   DeadKingOnAThrone_baseline_960213
*
* Revision 3.2 1995/11/17 08:58:13 hampton
* Remove old entries from the RCS header logs.
*
* Revision 3.1 1995/11/09 11:15:19 shaker
* Bump version numbers from 2.x to 3.x.
*
* Revision 2.2 1995/06/23 22:23:30 mbeesley
* CSCdi36360: 95q1 compiler fails to build czip_elf
* Work-around the compiler bug by declaring variables static.
* This allows zipped images for c4500, rsp to ship in 11.0.
*
* Revision 2.1 1995/06/07 20:22:19 hampton
* Bump version numbers from 1.x to 2.x.
*
*-----
* $Endlog$
*/

```

## 2.15 iniparser 2.8

### 2.15.1 Available under license :

Nothing in-file, but the following was at the ini-parser site. This seems to match the reference to the MIT license:

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## 2.16 IOS ION platform-independent UC Berkeley C 1

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## 2.17 ipc.h (os infra pi ipc) 8.3

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## 2.18 kerberos 5 5 :1.4.1

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```
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```

```
-----
```

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\*\$FreeBSD: src/lib/libc/net/inet\_network.c,v 1.6 1999/11/04 04:30:44 ache Exp \$

\*/

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1. [1]Mark Andrews <mark\_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock controller
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3. [3]Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [4]Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
4. [5]Michael Barone <michael,barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
5. [6]Jean-Francois Boudreault <Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca>IPv6 support
6. [7]Karl Berry <karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option
7. [8]Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
8. [9]Marc Brett <Marc.Brett@westgeo.com> Magnavox GPS clock driver
9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
10. [11]Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)
11. [12]Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
12. [13]Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration
13. [14]Sven Dietrich <sven\_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.
14. [15]John A. Dundas III <dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov> Apple A/UX port
15. [16]Torsten Duwe <duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de> Linux port
16. [17]Dennis Ferguson <dennis@mrbill.canet.ca> foundation code for NTP Version 2 as specified in RFC-1119
17. [18]John Hay <jhay@icomtek.csiro.co.za> IPv6 support and testing
18. [19]Glenn Hollinger <glenn@herald.usask.ca> GOES clock driver
19. [20]Mike Iglesias <iglesias@uci.edu> DEC Alpha port
20. [21]Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov> A/UX port
21. [22]Jeff Johnson <jbj@chatham.usdesign.com> massive prototyping overhaul
22. [23]Hans Lambermont <Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or [24]<H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpsweep
23. [25]Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
24. [26]Frank Kardel [27]<Frank.Kardel@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> PARSE <GENERIC> driver (14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup
25. [28]William L. Jones <jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications
26. [29]Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port

27. [30]Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.BSD port, ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver
  28. [31]George Lindholm <lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
  29. [32]Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
  30. [33]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
  31. [34]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
  32. [35]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation: clock discipline, authentication, precision kernel; clock drivers: Spectracom, Austron, Arbiter, Heath, ATOM, ACTS, KSI/Odetics; audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG
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  38. [42]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
  39. [43]Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
  40. [44]Wilfredo S?nchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
  41. [45]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
  42. [46]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
  43. [47]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
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  45. [49]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
  46. [50]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
  47. [51]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
  48. [52]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
  49. [53]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
  50. [54]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
  51. [55]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD
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```

## 2.27 pcap-bpf.h 1.34

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```

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*
* This code is derived from the Stanford/CMU enet packet filter,

```

```

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* SUCH DAMAGE.
*
* @(#)bpf.h 7.1 (Berkeley) 5/7/91
*
* @(#) $Header: /tcpdump/master/libpcap/pcap-bpf.h,v 1.34 2005/02/08 20:03:15 guy Exp $ (LBL)
*/

```

## 2.28 Poul-Henning Kamp Inflate and MD5 1

### 2.28.1 Available under license :

```

* February 1995, David Carrel
*
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*-----
*/

```

```

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* -----
*
*/

```

## 2.29 Pservlet 0.3 :2

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```
===== Pyro 2.0 =====
```

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```
===== Cookie.py =====
```

```

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```



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 *
 *   @(#)radix.c   8.4 (Berkeley) 11/2/94
 * $FreeBSD: src/sys/net/radix.c,v 1.20.2.3 2002/04/28 05:40:25 suz Exp $
 */
```

## 2.31 regex 3.8a

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```

## 2.33 sem.h 4.4BSD? via NetBSD

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```
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 *
 * from: @(#)sem.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/6/93
 */
```

## 2.34 Softfloat Release 2b :IOS

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/\*-----

This C source file is part of the SoftFloat IEC/IEEE Floating-point Arithmetic

Package, Release 2b.

Written by John R. Hauser. This work was made possible in part by the

International Computer Science Institute, located at Suite 600, 1947 Center

Street, Berkeley, California 94704. Funding was partially provided by the

National Science Foundation under grant MIP-9311980. The original version

of this code was written as part of a project to build a fixed-point vector

processor in collaboration with the University of California at Berkeley,

overseen by Profs. Nelson Morgan and John Wawrzynek. More information

is available through the Web page '<http://www.cs.berkeley.edu/~jhauser/>

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Date: Wed, 18 Aug 2010 11:25:39 -0700

From: Wim Coekaerts <wim.coekaerts@oracle.com>

To: Peter Brown <peterb@fsf.org>, drepper@redhat.com, tcallawa@redhat.com

CC: Elena Zannoni <elena.zannoni@oracle.com>

Subject: sun rpc license

Hi -

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(1) rusers (netkit)

rstat\_proc.c

(2) krb5

authunix\_prot.c

bindresvport.c

clnt\_generic.c

clnt\_perror.c

clnt\_simple.c

get\_myaddress.c  
getrpcent.c  
pmap\_getmaps.c  
pmap\_getport.c  
rpc\_callmsg.c  
rpc\_commondata.c  
rpc\_dtablesize.c  
svc\_auth\_unix.c  
types.hin  
xdr\_alloc.c  
xdr\_reference.c

possibly also the following :

include/gssrpc/auth.h

include/gssrpc/auth\_unix.h

include/gssrpc/clnt.h

include/gssrpc/netdb.h

include/gssrpc/pmap\_clnt.h

include/gssrpc/pmap\_prot.h

include/gssrpc/pmap\_rmt.h

include/gssrpc/rpc.h

include/gssrpc/rpc\_msg.h

include/gssrpc/svc\_auth.h

include/gssrpc/svc.h

include/gssrpc/types.hin

include/gssrpc/xdr.h

kadmin/server/ovsec\_kadmd.c

lib/rpc/auth\_none.c

lib/rpc/auth\_unix.c

lib/rpc/authunix\_prot.c

lib/rpc/bindresvport.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_generic.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_perror.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_raw.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_simple.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_tcp.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_udp.c  
lib/rpc/get\_myaddress.c

lib/rpc/getrpcent.c  
lib/rpc/getrpcport.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_clnt.c

lib/rpc/pmap\_getmaps.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_getport.c

lib/rpc/pmap\_prot2.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_prot.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_rmt.c

lib/rpc/rpc\_callmsg.c  
lib/rpc/rpc\_commondata.c

lib/rpc/rpc\_dtablesize.c  
lib/rpc/rpc\_prot.c

lib/rpc/svc\_auth.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_auth\_unix.c  
lib/rpc/svc.c

lib/rpc/svc\_raw.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_run.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_simple.c

lib/rpc/svc\_tcp.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_udp.c

lib/rpc/unit-test/server.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_alloc.c

lib/rpc/xdr\_array.c  
lib/rpc/xdr.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_float.c

lib/rpc/xdr\_mem.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_rec.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_reference.c

lib/rpc/xdr\_sizeof.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_stdio.c

(3) glibc



auth\_des.c  
authdes\_prot.c  
auth.h  
auth\_none.c  
auth\_unix.c  
auth\_unix.h  
authuxprot.c  
bindsvprt.c  
bootparam\_prot.x  
clnt\_gen.c  
clnt.h  
clnt\_perr.c  
clnt\_raw.c  
clnt\_simp.c  
clnt\_tcp.c  
clnt\_udp.c  
clnt\_unix.c  
des\_crypt.c  
des\_crypt.h  
des\_soft.c  
get\_myaddr.c  
getrpcport.c  
key\_call.c  
key\_prot.c  
key\_prot.h  
key\_prot.x  
klm\_prot.x  
mount.x  
netdb.h  
nfs\_prot.x  
nlm\_prot.x  
openchild.c  
pmap\_clnt.c  
pmap\_clnt.h  
pmap\_prot2.c  
pmap\_prot.c  
pmap\_prot.h  
pmap\_rmt.c  
pmap\_rmt.h  
pm\_getmaps.c  
pm\_getport.c  
rex.x  
rpc\_clntout.c  
rpc\_cmsg.c  
rpc\_common.c  
rpc\_cout.c  
rpc\_des.h

rpc\_dtable.c  
rpc.h  
rpc\_hout.c  
rpcinfo.c  
rpc\_main.c  
rpc\_msg.h  
rpc\_parse.c  
rpc\_parse.h  
rpc\_prot.c  
rpc\_sample.c  
rpc\_scan.c  
rpc\_scan.h  
rpc\_svcout.c  
rpc\_tblout.c  
rpc\_util.c  
rpc\_util.h  
rstat.x  
rtime.c  
rusers.x  
sm\_inter.x  
spray.x  
svc\_auth.c  
svcauth\_des.c  
svc\_auth.h  
svc\_authux.c  
svc.c  
svc.h  
svc\_raw.c  
svc\_run.c  
svc\_simple.c  
svc\_tcp.c  
svc\_udp.c  
svc\_unix.c  
types.h  
xcrypt.c  
xdr\_array.c  
xdr.c  
xdr\_float.c  
xdr.h  
xdr\_mem.c  
xdr\_rec.c  
xdr\_ref.c  
xdr\_sizeof.c  
xdr\_stdio.c  
yppasswd.x

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## 2.38 termcap 4.4BSD? via OpenBSD

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```
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/* $NetBSD: termcap.c,v 1.7 1995/06/05 19:45:52 pk Exp $ */

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 */
```

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*
* @(#)tftp.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/2/93
* $FreeBSD: /repmoman/r/ncvs/src/include/arpa/tftp.h,v 1.3.6.1 2002/08/14 21:59:26 peter Exp $
*/

```

## 2.40 tgoto.c 4.4BSD?

### 2.40.1 Available under license :

```

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# * 2550 Garcia Avenue
# * Mountain View, California 94043
```

# \*/

Date: Wed, 18 Aug 2010 11:25:39 -0700

From: Wim Coekaerts <wim.coekaerts@oracle.com>

To: Peter Brown <peterb@fsf.org>, drepper@redhat.com, tcallawa@redhat.com

CC: Elena Zannoni <elena.zannoni@oracle.com>

Subject: sun rpc license

Hi -

I was thinking of doing patches for this but it's probably easier to just provide you with an email with permission to relicense then it can catch the files and projects. Please let me know if any files are missing I will be happy to review that as well. just send me a note with files and which project

On behalf of Oracle America, I authorize the following list of files to be re-licensed under the license below, (3-clause BSD) and changing the old Sun Microsystems license to the one attached. :

(1) rusers (netkit)

rstat\_proc.c

(2) krb5

authunix\_prot.c

bindresvport.c

clnt\_generic.c

clnt\_perror.c

clnt\_simple.c

get\_myaddress.c

getrpcent.c

pmap\_getmaps.c

pmap\_getport.c

rpc\_callmsg.c

rpc\_commondata.c

rpc\_dtablesize.c

svc\_auth\_unix.c

types.hin

xdr\_alloc.c

xdr\_reference.c

possibly also the following :

include/gssrpc/auth.h

include/gssrpc/auth\_unix.h

include/gssrpc/clnt.h

include/gssrpc/netdb.h



include/gssrpc/pmap\_clnt.h  
include/gssrpc/pmap\_prot.h

include/gssrpc/pmap\_rmt.h  
include/gssrpc/rpc.h

include/gssrpc/rpc\_msg.h  
include/gssrpc/svc\_auth.h

include/gssrpc/svc.h  
include/gssrpc/types.hin

include/gssrpc/xdr.h  
kadmin/server/ovsec\_kadmd.c

lib/rpc/auth\_none.c  
lib/rpc/auth\_unix.c

lib/rpc/authunix\_prot.c  
lib/rpc/bindresvport.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_generic.c  
lib/rpc/clnt\_perror.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_raw.c  
lib/rpc/clnt\_simple.c  
lib/rpc/clnt\_tcp.c

lib/rpc/clnt\_udp.c  
lib/rpc/get\_myaddress.c

lib/rpc/getrpcent.c  
lib/rpc/getrpcport.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_clnt.c

lib/rpc/pmap\_getmaps.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_getport.c

lib/rpc/pmap\_prot2.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_prot.c  
lib/rpc/pmap\_rmt.c

lib/rpc/rpc\_callmsg.c  
lib/rpc/rpc\_commondata.c

lib/rpc/rpc\_dtablesize.c  
lib/rpc/rpc\_prot.c

lib/rpc/svc\_auth.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_auth\_unix.c  
lib/rpc/svc.c

lib/rpc/svc\_raw.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_run.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_simple.c

lib/rpc/svc\_tcp.c  
lib/rpc/svc\_udp.c

lib/rpc/unit-test/server.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_alloc.c

lib/rpc/xdr\_array.c  
lib/rpc/xdr.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_float.c

lib/rpc/xdr\_mem.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_rec.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_reference.c

lib/rpc/xdr\_sizeof.c  
lib/rpc/xdr\_stdio.c

### (3) glibc

auth\_des.c  
authdes\_prot.c  
auth.h  
auth\_none.c  
auth\_unix.c  
auth\_unix.h  
authxprot.c  
bindsvprt.c  
bootparam\_prot.x  
clnt\_gen.c  
clnt.h  
clnt\_perr.c  
clnt\_raw.c  
clnt\_simp.c  
clnt\_tcp.c  
clnt\_udp.c  
clnt\_unix.c  
des\_crypt.c  
des\_crypt.h

des\_soft.c  
get\_myaddr.c  
getrpcport.c  
key\_call.c  
key\_prot.c  
key\_prot.h  
key\_prot.x  
klm\_prot.x  
mount.x  
netdb.h  
nfs\_prot.x  
nlm\_prot.x  
openchild.c  
pmap\_clnt.c  
pmap\_clnt.h  
pmap\_prot2.c  
pmap\_prot.c  
pmap\_prot.h  
pmap\_rmt.c  
pmap\_rmt.h  
pm\_getmaps.c  
pm\_getport.c  
rex.x  
rpc\_clntout.c  
rpc\_cmsg.c  
rpc\_common.c  
rpc\_cout.c  
rpc\_des.h  
rpc\_dtable.c  
rpc.h  
rpc\_hout.c  
rpcinfo.c  
rpc\_main.c  
rpc\_msg.h  
rpc\_parse.c  
rpc\_parse.h  
rpc\_prot.c  
rpc\_sample.c  
rpc\_scan.c  
rpc\_scan.h  
rpc\_svcout.c  
rpc\_tblout.c  
rpc\_util.c  
rpc\_util.h  
rstat.x  
rtime.c  
rusers.x  
sm\_inter.x

spray.x  
svc\_auth.c  
svcauth\_des.c  
svc\_auth.h  
svc\_authux.c  
svc.c  
svc.h  
svc\_raw.c  
svc\_run.c  
svc\_simple.c  
svc\_tcp.c  
svc\_udp.c  
svc\_unix.c  
types.h  
xcrypt.c  
xdr\_array.c  
xdr.c  
xdr\_float.c  
xdr.h  
xdr\_mem.c  
xdr\_rec.c  
xdr\_ref.c  
xdr\_sizeof.c  
xdr\_stdio.c  
yppasswd.x

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thanks

Wim Coekaerts  
Senior Vice President  
Linux and Virtualization Engineering  
Oracle Corporation

## 2.42 tputs.c 4.4BSD? via NetBSD

### 2.42.1 Available under license :

```
/* $NetBSD: tputs.c,v 1.23 2005/05/15 21:11:13 christos Exp $ */
```

```
/*
```

```
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```

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```

```
*
```

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## 2.43 UM-LDAP 3.3

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# * is provided 'as is'; without express or implied warranty.  
# *  
# * searchpref.h: display template library defines  
# * 16 May 1994 by Gordon Good  
# */
```

## 2.44 Zlib 1.1.2

### 2.44.1 Available under license :

```
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library  
version 1.1.3, July 9th, 1998
```

Copyright (C) 1995-1998 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

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Jean-loup Gailly      Mark Adler  
jloup@gzip.org      madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files ftp://ds.internic.net/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

\*/

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## 3.1 acl 2.2.52 :r0

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
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## 3.3 **alsa-lib 1.1.0 :r0**

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative

work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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## 3.4 attr 2.4.47 :r0

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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## 3.5 audit 2.6.6 :r0

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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# 3.7 avahi 0.6.32 :r0

## 3.7.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 3.8 base-files 3.0.14 :r89

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## 3.9 base-passwd 3.5.29 :r0

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Format-Specification: <http://svn.debian.org/wsvn/dep/web/deps/dep5.mdwn?op=file&rev=135>

Name: base-passwd

Maintainer: Colin Watson <cjwatson@debian.org>

Files: update-passwd.c, man/\*

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Files: passwd.master, group.master

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X-Notes: Originally written by Ian Murdock <imurdock@debian.org> and

Bruce Perens <bruce@pixar.com>.

Files: doc/\*

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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From spcedt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: spcedt@armory.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>

Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>

"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)

X-Www: <http://www.armory.com/~spcedt/>

X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Re: ksh scripts

Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

} Subject: ksh scripts

} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995

} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;

} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT

} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)  
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400  
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>  
} To: john@armory.com  
} Subject: ksh scripts  
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu  
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu  
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>  
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu  
} MIME-Version: 1.0  
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii  
} Status: OR  
}  
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for  
} the FSF.  
}  
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site  
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions  
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit  
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?  
}  
} Chet Ramey  
}  
} --  
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer  
}  
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu  
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey

From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP  
(8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995  
12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)

id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)

Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>

Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]

To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger  
to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing

it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

-----

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Bash scripts

Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on >the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let >me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in ~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

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Version 1.3, 3 November 2008

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## 3.11 bash-completion 2.1 :r0

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\* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

\* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

\* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

\* `admin/check-style.sh`, `admin/check-style-common.awk`, `admin/check-style-cpp.awk`, `admin/check-style-shell.awk`: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that

process, the shell script was created.

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```
vim: filetype=text:textwidth=75:expandtab:shiftwidth=2:softtabstop=2
```

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the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
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@end smallexample
```

The hypothetical commands `@samp{show w}` and `@samp{show c}` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an ``about box".

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@c man end

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex  
@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION  
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@ifinfo  
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE  
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@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0

@item

This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called ``this License"). Each licensee is addressed as ``you".

A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

@item

You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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@item

The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

@item

If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

@item

You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library'' must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally

accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

@item

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

@end enumerate

@item

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@end enumerate

@iftex  
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS  
@end iftex  
@ifinfo  
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS  
@end ifinfo

@page  
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}  
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

@smallexample

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library  
'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better  
strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that  
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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid  
distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these  
rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for  
you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis

or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for

making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.



If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work

during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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That's all there is to it!  
(This file is under construction.) -\*- text -\*-

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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## 3.14 bison 3.0.4 :r0

### 3.14.1 Available under license :

```
#!/usr/bin/perl -0777 -pi

# Update b4_copyright invocations or b4_copyright_years definitions to
# include the current year.

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use strict;
use warnings;

my $margin = 72;

my $this_year = $ENV{UPDATE_COPYRIGHT_YEAR};
if (!$this_year || $this_year !~ m/^\d{4}$/)
{
    my ($sec, $min, $hour, $mday, $month, $year) = localtime (time ());
    $this_year = $year + 1900;
}
my $old_re = <<'EOF'
(
    (?^\n)
    #BEFORE
    (?
        b4_copyright\(\[[^\[\]]*\]
        | m4_(?:push|pop)def\(\[b4_copyright_years]
    )
    #AFTER
)
```

```

(?:
  ,\s*
  (
    \[s* (?:\d{4}(?:,\s*|-))* (\d{4}) \s*\]
  )
)?
\)
EOF
;

while (/(Sold_re)/gx)
{
  my $start = pos() - length ($1);
  my $b4_copyright_line = $2;
  my $year_lines = $3;
  my $final_year = $4;
  $year_lines .= ');

  # If there was a second argument, it contains years, so update them.
  if ($final_year)
  {
    $b4_copyright_line .= ',';
    if ($final_year != $this_year)
    {
      # Update the year.
      $year_lines =~ s/$final_year/$final_year, $this_year/;
    }

    # Normalize all whitespace.
    $year_lines =~ s/\s+/ /g;

    # Put spaces after commas.
    $year_lines =~ s/, ?, /g;

    # Compress to intervals.
    $year_lines =~
    s/
    (\d{4})
    (?
    (, \ | -)
    ((?){
      if ($2 eq '-') { "\d{4}"; }
      elsif (!$3)    { $1 + 1; }
      else          { $3 + 1; }
    }
    ))
    )+
    /$1-$3/gx;

```

```

# Format within margin.
my $year_lines_new;
my $indent = index ($b4_copyright_line, '[');
--$indent if ($b4_copyright_line =~ m/^\n/);
while (length $year_lines)
{
    my $text_margin = $margin - $indent;
    if (($year_lines =~ s/^(.{1,$text_margin})(?: |$)/)
        || ($year_lines =~ s/^([\S]+)(?: |$)/))
    {
        my $line = "\n" . ('x'$indent) . $1;
        ++$indent if (!$year_lines_new);
        $year_lines_new .= $line;
    }
    else
    {
        # Should be unreachable, but we don't want an infinite
        # loop if it can be reached.
        die;
    }
}

# Replace the old invocation. Should never die.
die if (!s/$old_re/G/$b4_copyright_line$year_lines_new/x);

# Prepare for the next search.
pos () = $start + length ("b4_copyright_line$year_lines_new");
}
}

while (/(\bb4_copyright\()/g)
{
    my $start = pos () - length ($1);
    my $end = pos ();
    my $re = $old_re;
    pos () = $start;
    $re =~ s/#BEFORE/\G/;
    if (!$re/x)
    {
        my $line = (substr ($_, 0, $start) =~ s/\n\n/g) + 1;
        print STDERR
            "$ARGV:$line: warning: failed to update a b4_copyright\n";
    }
    pos () = $end;
}

while (/([\b4_copyright_years])/g)
{

```

```

my $start = pos () - length ($1);
my $end = pos ();
my $re = $old_re;
$re =~ s/^#AFTER^\\G/;
if (!$re/x)
{
# The substr operation blows away pos (), so restoring pos ()
# at the end is necessary.
my $line = (substr ($_, 0, $start) =~ s/^n^n/g) + 1;
print STDERR
"$ARGV:$line: warning: failed to update a"
. " b4_copyright_years\n";
}
pos () = $end;
}

```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 3.15 bluez5 5.37 :r0

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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--- end ---

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

## HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research

projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood. Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't

made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)  
This package was debianized by Vladimir Prus <ghost@cs.msu.su> on  
Wed, 17 July 2002, 19:27:00 +0400.

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010  
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## **3.21 cairo 1.14.6 :r0**

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## 3.25 coreutils 8.25 :r0

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## 3.26 cpio 2.12 :r0

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```
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```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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## 3.27 cracklib 2.9.5 :r0

### 3.27.1 Available under license :

-----  
EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected  
in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)  
-----

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively  
involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=  
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under  
> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20  
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=  
=20  
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=  
eir=20  
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =  
a=20  
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=  
=20  
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46  
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of  
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan  
=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...  
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679  
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----  
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...



> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of  
> Mike Frysinger  
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM  
> To: Neulinger, Nathan  
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett  
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
>=20  
> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:  
>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec  
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> unless their  
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the  
> place of a  
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should  
> be using.  
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
> bit of  
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>> bit of  
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>> by me.  
>  
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?  
>  
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>>> bit of  
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>>> by me.

>>

>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>>

>> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
>> linked with any code, not just GPL...

>

> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable  
> timeframe.

>

> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,  
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the  
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the  
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages  
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.  
>>  
>> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we  
>> make the change now ?  
>  
> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

-----  
BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.  
-----

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

-----  
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007  
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500  
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500  
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)  
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000

Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])  
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623  
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500  
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])  
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311  
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)  
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])  
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)  
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L  
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000  
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)  
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>  
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>  
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed  
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>  
Subject: Re: cracklib license  
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100  
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>  
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)  
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]  
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com  
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]  
Status: RO  
Content-Length: 585  
Lines: 21

>  
> ----- Forwarded message -----  
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>  
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM  
> Subject: RE: cracklib license  
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk  
>  
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly  
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that  
> email  
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the  
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained  
> would be  
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 3.28 cryptsetup 1.7.0 :r0

### 3.28.1 Available under license :

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## 3.29 curl 7.47.1 :r0

### 3.29.1 Available under license :

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

---

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I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

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## 3.30 db 5.3.28 :r0

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\* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

\* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

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\* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

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\* `admin/check-style.sh`, `admin/check-style-common.awk`, `admin/check-style-cpp.awk`, `admin/check-style-shell.awk`: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

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## 3.37 dosfstools 3.0.28 :r0

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## 3.38 dtc 1.4.1+gitAUTOINC+302fca9f4c :r0

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David Gibson <david@gibson.dropbear.id.au>  
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2 November 2007

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## 3.39 e2fsprogs

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

```
=====
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
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#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic
```

```
BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
```

```
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic
```

```
image: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
```

```
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
```

```
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
```

```
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's/lib/;"/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))
```

```
install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
```

```
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
```

```
$(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

```
install-strip: install
```

```
install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs
```

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
```

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
```

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```
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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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```

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by  
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Theodore Ts'o  
23-June-2007

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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## 3.40 ebttables 2.0.10-4 :r3

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## 3.41 elfutils 0.164 :r0

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#  
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#
```



# Don't put empty lines into this file!

#

.gitignore

#

builds/unix/pkg.m4

#

docs/FTL.TXT

docs/GPLv2.TXT

#

include/freetype/internal/fthash.h

#

src/base/fthash.c

src/base/md5.c

src/base/md5.h

#

src/bdf/bdf.c

src/bdf/bdf.h

src/bdf/bdfdrivr.c

src/bdf/bdfdrivr.h

src/bdf/bdferror.h

src/bdf/bdflib.c

src/bdf/module.mk

src/bdf/README

src/bdf/rules.mk

#

src/pcf/module.mk

src/pcf/pcf.c

src/pcf/pcf.h

src/pcf/pcfdrivr.c

src/pcf/pcfdrivr.h

src/pcf/pcferror.h

src/pcf/pcfread.c

src/pcf/pcfread.h

src/pcf/pcfutil.c

src/pcf/pcfutil.h

src/pcf/README

src/pcf/rules.mk

#

src/gzip/adler32.c

src/gzip/infblock.c

src/gzip/infblock.h

src/gzip/infcodes.c

src/gzip/infcodes.h

src/gzip/inffixed.h

src/gzip/inflate.c

src/gzip/inftrees.c

src/gzip/inftrees.h

src/gzip/infutil.c

```
src/gzip/infutil.h
src/gzip/zconf.h
src/gzip/zlib.h
src/gzip/zutil.c
src/gzip/zutil.h
#
src/tools/apinames.c
src/tools/frandom/frandom.c
#
# EOF
```

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--- end of FTL.TXT ---

## 3.50 gawk 4.1.3 :r0

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Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's

free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)



Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,

the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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#### Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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That's all there is to it!

## 3.51 gconf 3.2.6 :r0

### 3.51.1 Available under license :

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#### Preamble

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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## 3.52 gdb 7.10.1 :r0

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```
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```

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is  
numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

### Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your  
freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public  
Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change  
free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

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your libraries, too.

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid  
anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights.  
These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if  
you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis  
or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave  
you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source  
code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide  
complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them  
with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling  
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright  
the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal  
permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain

that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only

works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.



In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a

derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

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### Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use  
it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this  
license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to  
use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it  
in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these  
things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid  
distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these  
rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for  
you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis

or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.



For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@end iftex
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@enumerate 0
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@end enumerate

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative

work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@page

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@smallexample

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 3.53 gdbm 1.11 :r0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)



Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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its purpose remains meaningful.

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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```
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```

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(at your option) any later version.
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```
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## 3.55 glib-2.0 2.46.2 :r0

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## 3.56 glibc 2.23 :r0

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## 3.57 gmp 6.1.0 :r0

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```
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## 3.58 gnome-desktop-testing 2014.1 :r1

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above

specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 3.59 gnulib git :r0

### 3.59.1 Available under license :

Files:

tests/test-update-copyright.sh

Depends-on:

configure.ac:

```
abs_aux_dir=`cd "$ac_aux_dir"; pwd`
```

```
AC_SUBST([abs_aux_dir])
```

Makefile.am:

```
TESTS += test-update-copyright.sh
```

```
TESTS_ENVIRONMENT += abs_aux_dir='${abs_aux_dir}'
```

Description:

Provide the GNU Free Documentation License in Texinfo format.

Files:

doc/fdl.texi

Depends-on:

configure.ac:

Makefile.am:

Include:

License:

unmodifiable license text

Maintainer:

all

Description:

Locating a program in PATH (LGPLed version).

Files:

lib/findprog.h

lib/findprog.c

lib/findprog-lgpl.c

m4/findprog.m4

m4/eaccess.m4

Depends-on:

stdbool



strdup  
concat-filename  
unistd

configure.ac:  
gl\_FINDPROG  
gl\_MODULE\_INDICATOR([findprog-lgpl])

Makefile.am:  
lib\_SOURCES += findprog.h findprog.c

Include:  
"findprog.h"

License:  
LGPLv2+

Maintainer:  
Bruno Haible  
Description:  
Extract specific portions of filenames.

Files:  
lib/dirname.h  
lib/dirname-lgpl.c  
lib/basename-lgpl.c  
lib/stripslash.c  
m4/dirname.m4

Depends-on:  
dosname  
double-slash-root  
malloc-posix  
stdbool

configure.ac:  
gl\_DIRNAME\_LGPL

Makefile.am:  
lib\_SOURCES += dirname-lgpl.c basename-lgpl.c stripslash.c

Include:  
"dirname.h"

License:  
LGPLv2+

Maintainer:

Jim Meyering, Eric Blake

Files:

tests/test-getcwd-lgpl.c

tests/signature.h

tests/macros.h

Depends-on:

configure.ac:

Makefile.am:

TESTS += test-getcwd-lgpl

check\_PROGRAMS += test-getcwd-lgpl

test\_getcwd-lgpl\_LDADD = \$(LDADD) \$(LIBINTL)

Description:

realpath, canonical\_file\_name: Provide canonical absolute file name

Files:

lib/canonicalize-lgpl.c

m4/canonicalize.m4

m4/double-slash-root.m4

Depends-on:

extensions

stdlib

nocrash

alloca-opt [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

errno [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

lstat [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test \$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME  
= 1]

alloca [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

memmove [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

pathmax [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

readlink [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

sys\_stat [test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test  
\$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1]

configure.ac:

gl\_CANONICALIZE\_LGPL

if test \$HAVE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 0 || test \$REPLACE\_CANONICALIZE\_FILE\_NAME = 1; then  
AC\_LIBOBJ([canonicalize-lgpl])

fi

```
gl_MODULE_INDICATOR([canonicalize-lgpl])
gl_STDLIB_MODULE_INDICATOR([canonicalize_file_name])
gl_STDLIB_MODULE_INDICATOR([realpath])
```

Makefile.am:

Include:  
<stdlib.h>

License:  
LGPLv2+

Maintainer:  
Bruno Haible  
Description:  
Concatenate two arbitrary file names.

Files:  
lib/filenamecat.h  
lib/filenamecat-lgpl.c  
m4/filenamecat.m4

Depends-on:  
dirname-lgpl

configure.ac:  
gl\_FILE\_NAME\_CONCAT\_LGPL

Makefile.am:  
lib\_SOURCES += filenamecat-lgpl.c

Include:  
"filenamecat.h"

License:  
LGPLv2+

Maintainer:  
Jim Meyering  
Description:  
Ensure getcwd(NULL, 0) returns a buffer allocated by malloc().

Files:  
lib/getcwd-lgpl.c  
m4/getcwd.m4

Depends-on:  
unistd

strdup [test \$REPLACE\_GETCWD = 1]

configure.ac:

```
gl_FUNC_GETCWD_LGPL
if test $REPLACE_GETCWD = 1; then
  AC_LIBOBJ([getcwd-lgpl])
fi
gl_UNISTD_MODULE_INDICATOR([getcwd])
```

Makefile.am:

Include:

<unistd.h>

License:

LGPLv2+

Maintainer:

Eric Blake

Files:

tests/test-canonicalize-lgpl.c  
tests/signature.h  
tests/macros.h

Depends-on:

ignore-value  
same-inode  
symlink

configure.ac:

Makefile.am:

```
TESTS += test-canonicalize-lgpl
check_PROGRAMS += test-canonicalize-lgpl
```

Description:

Help make libraries relocatable, that is, to allow them to function properly when copied to an arbitrary directory.

Files:

doc/relocatable.texi  
lib/relocatable.h  
lib/relocatable.c  
m4/relocatable-lib.m4

Depends-on:

strdup

configure.ac:

gl\_RELOCATABLE\_LIBRARY

Makefile.am:

DEFS += -DNO\_XMALLOC

Include:

"relocatable.h"

License:

LGPLv2+

Maintainer:

Bruno Haible, Ben Pfaff

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@center Version 2.1, February 1999

@c This file is intended to be included within another document,

@c hence no sectioning command or @node.

@display

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the `@dfn{Lesser} General Public License` because it does `@emph{Less}` to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers `Less` of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is `Less` protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ```work based on the library``` and a ```work that uses the library```. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

`@subheading TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION`

`@enumerate 0`

@item

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@item

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@item

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the

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@item

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@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@smallexample
@group
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{your name}.
Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document
under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.3
or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation;
with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and no Back-Cover
Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled ``GNU
Free Documentation License".
@end group
@end smallexample
```

If you have Invariant Sections, Front-Cover Texts and Back-Cover Texts, replace the ``with@dots{ }Texts."@: line with this:

```
@smallexample
@group
  with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with
  the Front-Cover Texts being @var{list}, and with the Back-Cover Texts
  being @var{list}.
@end group
@end smallexample
```

If you have Invariant Sections without Cover Texts, or some other combination of the three, merge those two alternatives to suit the situation.

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.

```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
Please email the following information to fsf-records@gnu.org, and we
will send you the assignment form that covers your program.
```

Please use your full legal name (in ASCII characters) as the subject line of the message.

[What is the name of the program or package you're contributing?]

[Will this become part of a larger GNU package? If so, what package?]

[Did you copy any files or text written by someone else into the program? Even if that material is free software, we need to know about it.]

[Do you have an employer who might have a basis to claim to own your changes? Do you attend a school which might make such a claim?]

[What country are you a citizen of?]

[What year were you born?]

[Please write your email address here.]

[Please write your postal address here.]

I'd like to ask you to sign a disclaimer for the manual, thus putting it in the public domain. (For a small manual such as this, it's not worth our trying to assert a copyleft.)

I, <name of person>, hereby disclaim all copyright interest in my manual <manual> which does <one-line description>.

I affirm that I have no other proprietary interest that would undermine this release, and will do nothing to undermine it in the future. I represent that the work is my own and not a copy of someone else's work.

<signature and date>

\*Don't forget to include the date.\*

Spell out the month name--don't use a number for the month. Dates using a number for the month are ambiguous; 2/8/95 means one thing in the US and another in Europe.

If you are employed to do writing (even at a university), or have made an agreement with your employer or school saying it owns what you write, then we also need a signed disclaimer from your employer or school.

This disclaimer should be signed by a vice president or general manager of the company. If you can't get at them, anyone else authorized to license software produced there will do. Here is a sample wording:

Yoyodyne, Inc. hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the manual "sample.tex" written by Hugh Hacker, including both the present version of the program and his/her future changes and enhancements to it. We do not consider it or them as a work made for hire for us.

Yoyodyne, Inc. affirms that it has no other proprietary interest that would undermine this release, and will do nothing to undermine it in the future.

<signature of Moe Ghoul>, 1 April 1987  
Moe Ghoul, President of Vice, Yoyodyne, Inc.

If your employer says they do have a claim that could conflict with the use of the manual, then please put me in touch with a suitable representative of the company, so that we can negotiate what to do about it.

**IMPORTANT:** When you talk to your employer, \*no matter what instructions they have given you\*, don't fail to show them the sample disclaimer above, or a disclaimer with the details filled in for your specific case. Companies are usually willing to sign a disclaimer without any fuss. If you make your request less specific, you may create spurious anxieties about issues that don't pertain to the real situation. That could cause a long and unnecessary delay.

Please send a scanned copy of the signed disclaimers to <assign@gnu.org>.

You can also fax the forms to +1-617-542-2652, or send the forms via the postal mail to:

Attn: Copyright Administrator  
Free Software Foundation  
51 Franklin Street, 5th Floor  
Boston, MA 02110, USA

Please print your email address on the printed disclaimer.  
The way to assign copyright on this manual to the Foundation is to sign an assignment contract.

In addition, if you have made an agreement with an employer or school



to give them rights to such work, or if it might be considered part of your job, then you and we need a signed piece of paper from your employer or school, disclaiming rights to the manual.

The disclaimer should be signed by a vice president or general manager of the company. If you can't get at them, anyone else authorized to license works produced there will do. Here is a sample wording:

Digital Stimulation Corporation hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the manual, "The Automatic Manual", written by Mr. Write, including both the present version of the manual and his/her future changes and enhancements to it. We do not consider it or them as a work made for hire for us.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1987

Ty Coon, President of Vice, Digital Stimulation Corp.

**IMPORTANT:** When you talk to your employer, \*no matter what instructions they have given you\*, don't fail to show them the sample disclaimer above. Companies are usually willing to sign a disclaimer without any fuss. If you vary the request, or make it less specific, you are liable to open a Pandora's Box and cause a long and unnecessary delay.

Below is the assignment contract that we usually use. You would need to print it out, sign it, and snail it to me:

Assignment Coordinator  
Free Software Foundation  
51 Franklin Street, Suite 500  
Boston, MA 02110-1335  
USA

Snail me a copy of the employer's disclaimer as well.

Please send me email about what you decide to do. If you have any questions, or would like something to be changed, ask me via email.

#### ASSIGNMENT

For \$1 and other good and valuable consideration, receipt of which I acknowledge, I, NAME OF PERSON, hereby transfer to the Free Software Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") my entire right, title, and interest (including all rights under copyright) in my manual "NAME OF MANUAL" (the "Work"), subject to the conditions below. The work hereby assigned shall further include any future changes and/or enhancements hereafter made by me.

Upon thirty days' prior written notice, the Foundation agrees to grant me non-exclusive rights to use the Work as I see fit; (and the Foundation's

rights shall otherwise continue unchanged).

For the purposes of this contract, a work "based on the Work" means any work that in whole or in part incorporates or is derived from all or part of the Work.

The Foundation promises that all distribution of the Work, or of any work "based on the Work", that takes place under the control of the Foundation or its agents or assignees, shall be on terms that explicitly and perpetually permit anyone possessing a copy of the work to which the terms apply, and possessing accurate notice of these terms, to redistribute copies of the work to anyone on the same terms. These terms shall not restrict which members of the public copies may be distributed to. These terms shall not require a member of the public to pay any royalty to the Foundation or to anyone else for any permitted use of the work they apply to, or to communicate with the Foundation or its agents in any way either when redistribution is performed or on any other occasion.

The Foundation promises that any work "based on the Work" which is a program, and which is offered to the public by the Foundation or its agents or assignees, shall be offered in the form of machine-readable source code, in addition to any other forms of the Foundation's choosing. However, the Foundation is free to choose at its convenience the media of distribution for machine-readable source code.

The Foundation promises to give or send me, upon reasonable prior notice and payment of a fee no more than twenty times the cost of the necessary materials and postage, a copy of any or all of the works "based on the Work" that it offers to the public or that it has offered within the past six months, or that it distributed for the first time within the past six months. For works that are programs, the machine-readable source code shall be included. My request shall detail whether I wish to receive all such works or specific works. My choice of works to request may affect the cost and therefore the fee.

I hereby represent and warrant that I am the sole copyright holder for the Work and that I have the right and power to enter into this contract. I hereby indemnify and hold harmless the Foundation, its officers, employees, and agents against any and all claims, actions or damages (including attorney's reasonable fees) asserted by or paid to any party on account of a breach or alleged breach of the foregoing warranty. I make no other express or implied warranty (including without limitation, in this disclaimer of warranty, any warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE).

Agreed: [signature and date]

ACCEPTED: FREE SOFTWARE FOUNDATION - Thanks for contributing to the GNU project!

Richard M. Stallman, President

Please write down the answers to these questions, and snail this page with your assignment.

[For the copyright registration, what country are you a citizen of?]

[What year were you born?]

[What is your email address?]

[Please write your snail address here, so we can snail a copy back to you.]

I'd like to ask you to sign a disclaimer for your changes, thus putting them in the public domain. (For small to medium changes such as this, that is just as good for us as assigning copyright.) I'm assuming that you wrote these changes yourself; if other people wrote parts, we may need papers from them.

I, <name of person>, hereby disclaim all copyright interest in my changes and enhancements to the manual <manual>.

I affirm that I have no other intellectual property interest that would undermine this release. I represent that these changes and enhancements are my own and not a copy of someone else's work.

<signature and date>

\*Don't forget to include the date.\*

Spell out the month name--don't use a number for the month. Dates using a number for the month are ambiguous; 2/8/95 means one thing in the US and another in Europe.

If your job includes writing manuals (even at a university), or have made an agreement with your employer or school saying it owns manuals you write, then we also need a signed disclaimer from your employer or school.

This disclaimer should be signed by a vice president or general manager of the company. If you can't get at them, anyone else authorized to license a manual produced there will do. Here is a sample wording:

Digital Stimulation Corporation hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the changes and enhancements made by Hugh Heffner to the manual "The Seduction Manual". We do not consider them as a work made for hire for us.

Digital Stimulation Corporation affirms that it has no other intellectual property interest that would undermine this release.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1987

Ty Coon, President of Vice, Digital Stimulation Corp.

If your employer says they do have an intellectual property claim that could conflict with releasing your changes, then please put me in touch with a suitable representative of the company, so that we can negotiate what to do about it.

IMPORTANT: When you talk to your employer, \*no matter what instructions they have given you\*, don't fail to show them the sample disclaimer above, or a disclaimer with the details filled in for your specific case. Companies are usually willing to sign a disclaimer without any fuss. If you make your request less specific, you may open Pandora's box and cause a long and unnecessary delay.

Please snail the signed disclaimers to:

Attn: Disclaimer Clerk  
Free Software Foundation  
59 Temple Place, Suite 330  
Boston, MA 02111-1307  
USA

Please print your email address on the printed disclaimer.  
Legal Issues about Contributing Code to GNU last updated 8 Feb 2009

Project GNU has to be careful to obey copyright laws, even though these laws are wrong when they stop people from sharing generally useful published information such as software, because we are in the public eye. We also use copyright to defend users' freedom, by means of copyleft (though this does not excuse copyright law for helping to make software proprietary).

This means that if you want to contribute software to GNU, you have to do something to give us legal permission to use it. There are three ways this can be done:

\* Assign the copyright to the Free Software Foundation.  
This allows the FSF to act to stop violations of the GPL.

\* Keep the copyright and release the program yourself under the GNU GPL. (This alternative too impractical for contributions to a preexisting FSF-copyrighted GNU program.)

\* Put the code in the public domain. Then there is nothing to stop hoarding of modified versions, but we can still use the program in GNU.

Most of these alternatives require a signed piece of paper to make it happen.

\* Assigning copyright.

Assigning the copyright means signing a contract that makes the Free Software Foundation the "owner" of the program according to the law. As the copyright holder, the Foundation can sue anyone who tries to distribute the program as a proprietary product. We are willing to keep your name on the program as the author for as long as the program remains recognizably distinct. ("Owner" is in quotes to show that we don't really believe in this kind of ownership.)

The assignment contract commits the foundation to setting distribution terms that permit free redistribution.

Often we don't want to do the work of starting to distribute a program right away. There are many things which we will need in order to have a complete system but which aren't really useful until the rest of the system is done. But signing the assignment does not stop you from distributing the program yourself--as long as you do so under the GNU terms. You don't have to wait for us to start distributing. You can start distributing as soon as you attach our standard copyleft to the files. (Ask for our advice on how to do this.)

The assignment contract we normally use has a clause that permits you to use your code in proprietary programs, on 30 days' notice. (The 30 days' notice is there because, through a legal technicality, it would improve our position in a suit against a hoarder.) Although we believe that proprietary software is wrong, we include this clause because it would serve no purpose to ask you to promise not to do it. You're giving us a gift in the first place.

You don't need to invoke this clause in order to distribute copies as free software under the GNU GPL, since everyone is allowed to do that.

\* Releasing it yourself.

You can release a program yourself under copyleft distribution terms such as the GNU GPL. (In order to accept the program as GNU software, we would have to be happy with your choice of terms.) This does not

require a contract between you and the FSF, but we would appreciate having a signed piece of paper to confirm your decision.

If someone violates your terms--for example, if someone gets a copy from us, and uses it as a basis for a proprietary product in violation of the terms--we cannot sue him. You would have to sue, or he gets away with it.

\* Public domain.

If you put the program in the public domain, we prefer to have a signed piece of paper--a disclaimer of rights--from you confirming this. If the program is not very important, we can do without one; the worst that could happen is that we might some day be forced to stop using it.

The law says that anyone can copyright a modified version of the public domain work. (This doesn't restrict the original, which remains in the public domain; only the changes are copyrighted.) If we make extensive changes, we will probably do this and add our usual copyleft. If we make small changes, we will leave the version we distribute in the public domain.

\* What about your employer?

If you are employed to do programming, or have made an agreement with your employer that says it owns programs you write, we need a signed piece of paper from your employer disclaiming rights to the program. It should be signed by a vice president or general manager of the company. If you can't get at them, it is almost as good to find someone who signs licenses for software that is purchased. Here is a sample wording:

Digital Stimulation Corporation hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program "seduce.el" (a program to direct assemblers to make passes at compilers under GNU Emacs) written by Hugh Heffner.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1987

Ty Coon, President of Vice, Digital Stimulation Corp.

The description of what the program does is just to make it clearer what the disclaimer covers.

If what you did was change an existing program, it should say this:

...in the changes and enhancements made by Hugh Heffner to the program "seduce.el".

\* Did anyone else contribute?

If someone else contributed more than a few lines here or there to the program, then that person too is an author, and that person too needs to sign papers just as you do. So may that person's employer. However, if his contribution is just a fraction of the whole work, it is satisfactory if he disclaims his own rights, even if you are assigning yours. (If just the minor contributors' work goes in the public domain, that doesn't leave much of a loophole for hoarders.)

If you incorporated packages which you found floating around as "public domain", we might still want to track down their authors, to get disclaimers to reassure us that they really are in the public domain. So keep track of what these packages are and who wrote them.

\* A reminder:

In working on a project for GNU, DO NOT study and follow any Unix sources or other non-free software that might have any bearing on the project. Don't refer to them at all, unless you are forced to for non-GNU reasons.

It is not considered a serious problem if you have read Unix sources or other non-free source code in the past for other purposes, provided you don't copy anything in particular from them. However, referring to them while you do the work could cause us legal problems later. The way to assign copyright to the Foundation is to sign an assignment contract. This is what legally makes the FSF the copyright holder so that we can register the copyright on the new version. I'm assuming that you wrote these changes yourself; if other people wrote parts, we may need papers from them.

If you are employed to do writing (even at a university), or have made an agreement with your employer or school saying it owns text you write, then you and we need a signed piece of paper from your employer disclaiming rights to your changes.

The disclaimer should be signed by a vice president or general manager of the company. If you can't get at them, anyone else authorized to license manuals produced there will do. Here is a sample wording:

Digital Stimulation Corporation hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the changes and enhancements made by Hugh Heffner to the manual "The Seduction Manual", also including any future revisions of these changes and enhancements. We do not consider them as a work made for hire for us.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1987  
Ty Coon, President of Vice, Digital Stimulation Corp.

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Below is the assignment contract that we usually use. You would need to print it out, sign it, and snail it to:

Assignment Coordinator  
Free Software Foundation  
51 Franklin Street, Suite 500  
Boston, MA 02110-1335  
USA

Snail a copy of the employer's disclaimer as well.

Please send me email about what you decide to do. If you have any questions, or would like something to be changed, ask rms@ai.mit.edu via email.

#### ASSIGNMENT

For good and valuable consideration, receipt of which I acknowledge, I, NAME OF PERSON, hereby transfer to the Free Software Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") my entire right, title, and interest (including all rights under copyright) in my changes and enhancements to the manual "NAME OF MANUAL", subject to the conditions below. These changes and enhancements are herein called the "Work". The work hereby assigned shall also include any future revisions of these changes and enhancements hereafter made by me.

Upon thirty days' prior written notice, the Foundation agrees to grant me non-exclusive rights to use the Work (i.e. my changes and enhancements, not the manual which I enhanced) as I see fit; (and the Foundation's rights shall otherwise continue unchanged).

For the purposes of this contract, a work "based on the Work" means any work that in whole or in part incorporates or is derived from all or part of the Work.

The Foundation promises that all distribution of the Work, or of any work "based on the Work", that takes place under the control of the Foundation or its assignees, shall be on terms that explicitly and perpetually permit anyone possessing a copy of the work to which the terms apply, and possessing accurate notice of these terms, to redistribute copies of the work to anyone on the same terms. These terms shall not restrict which members of the public copies may be distributed to. These terms shall not require a member of the public to pay any royalty to the Foundation or to anyone else for any permitted use of the work they apply



to, or to communicate with the Foundation or its agents in any way either when redistribution is performed or on any other occasion.

The Foundation promises to give or send me, upon reasonable prior notice and payment of a fee no more than twenty times the cost of the necessary materials and postage, a copy of any or all of the works "based on the Work" that it offers to the public or that it has offered within the past six months, or that it distributed for the first time within the past six months. My request shall detail whether I wish to receive all such works or specific works. My choice of works to request may affect the cost and therefore the fee.

I hereby represent and warrant that I am the sole copyright holder for the Work and that I have the right and power to enter into this contract. I hereby indemnify and hold harmless the Foundation, its officers, employees, and agents against any and all claims, actions or damages (including attorney's reasonable fees) asserted by or paid to any party on account of a breach or alleged breach of the foregoing warranty. I make no other express or implied warranty (including without limitation, in this disclaimer of warranty, any warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE).

Agreed: [signature] Date:

ACCEPTED: FREE SOFTWARE FOUNDATION - Thanks for contributing to the GNU project!

Richard M. Stallman, President

Please do not delete the control-l character before this line.  
Please print this as a separate page.

Please email a copy of the information on this page to fsf-records@gnu.org, if you can, so that our clerk doesn't have to type it in. Use your full name as the subject line.

Otherwise, please write down the answers and snail this with your assignment.

[For the copyright registration, what country are you a citizen of?]

[What year were you born?]

[What is your email address?]

[Please write your snail address here, so we can snail a copy back to you.]

[Which files have you changed so far, and which new files have you written so far?]

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Digital Stimulation Corporation affirms that it has no other intellectual property interest that would undermine this release,

and will do nothing to undermine it in the future.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1987

Ty Coon, President of Vice, Digital Stimulation Corp.

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Attn: Disclaimer Clerk  
Free Software Foundation  
59 Temple Place, Suite 330  
Boston, MA 02111-1307  
USA

Please print your email address on the printed disclaimer.

The way to assign copyright to the Foundation is to sign an assignment contract. This is what legally makes the FSF the copyright holder so that we can register the copyright on the new version. I'm assuming that you did all the translating yourself; if other people wrote parts, we may need papers from them as well.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1987

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Assignment Coordinator  
Free Software Foundation  
51 Franklin Street, Suite 500  
Boston, MA 02110-1335  
USA

Snail a copy of the employer's disclaimer as well.

Please send me email about what you decide to do. If you have any questions, or would like something to be changed, ask rms@ai.mit.edu via email.

#### ASSIGNMENT

For good and valuable consideration, receipt of which I acknowledge, I, NAME OF PERSON, hereby transfer to the Free Software Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") my entire right, title, and interest (including all rights under copyright) in my translation of the manual "NAME OF MANUAL", subject to the conditions below. This translation is herein called the "Work". The work hereby assigned shall also include any future revisions of this translation hereafter made by me.

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The Foundation promises to give or send me, upon reasonable prior notice

and payment of a fee no more than twenty times the cost of the necessary materials and postage, a copy of any or all of the works "based on the Work" that it offers to the public or that it has offered within the past six months, or that it distributed for the first time within the past six months. My request shall detail whether I wish to receive all such works or specific works. My choice of works to request may affect the cost and therefore the fee.

I hereby represent and warrant that I am the sole copyright holder for the Work and that I have the right and power to enter into this contract. I hereby indemnify and hold harmless the Foundation, its officers, employees, and agents against any and all claims, actions or damages (including attorney's reasonable fees) asserted by or paid to any party on account of a breach or alleged breach of the foregoing warranty. I make no other express or implied warranty (including without limitation, in this disclaimer of warranty, any warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE).

Agreed: [signature] Date:

For the Free Software Foundation,  
Richard Stallman, President:

Please do not delete the control-I character before this line.

Please print this as a separate page.

[For the copyright registration, what country are you a citizen of?  
What year were you born? Please write the information here; sending it separately (eg. in a message) makes extra clerical work for us.]

[What is your email address?]

[Please write your snail address here, so we can snail a copy back to you.]

Please email the following information to [assign@gnu.org](mailto:assign@gnu.org), and we will send you the assignment form that covers the changes you have already written. That form will cover subsequent corrections to those changes, but it will not cover other unrelated future changes to the same program.

Please use your full legal name (in ASCII characters) as the subject line of the message.

-----  
REQUEST: SEND FORM FOR CHANGES ALREADY MADE

[What is the name of the program or package you're contributing to?]

[Did you copy any files or text written by someone else in these changes?  
Even if that material is free software, we need to know about it.]

[Do you have an employer who might have a basis to claim to own  
your changes? Do you attend a school which might make such a claim?]

[For the copyright registration, what country are you a citizen of?]

[What year were you born?]

[Please write your email address here.]

[Please write your postal address here.]

[Which files have you changed so far, and which new files have you written  
so far?]

Please email the following information to [assign@gnu.org](mailto:assign@gnu.org), and we  
will send you the assignment form for your past and future changes.

Please use your full legal name (in ASCII characters) as the subject  
line of the message.

-----  
REQUEST: SEND FORM FOR PAST AND FUTURE CHANGES

[What is the name of the program or package you're contributing to?]

[Did you copy any files or text written by someone else in these changes?  
Even if that material is free software, we need to know about it.]

[Do you have an employer who might have a basis to claim to own  
your changes? Do you attend a school which might make such a claim?]

[For the copyright registration, what country are you a citizen of?]

[What year were you born?]

[Please write your email address here.]

[Please write your postal address here.]

[Which files have you changed so far, and which new files have you written so far?]

The way to assign copyright to the Foundation is to sign an assignment contract. This is what legally makes the FSF the copyright holder so that we can register the copyright on the new version.

I'm assuming that you wrote these changes yourself;  
if other people wrote parts, we may need papers from them.

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Ty Coon, President of Vice, Digital Stimulation Corp.

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```
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## version 0.1  
##  
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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
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the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
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```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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## 3.61 gobject-introspection 1.46.0 :r0

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## 3.62 gptfdisk 1.0.1 :r0

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## 3.63 grep 2.23 :r0

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## 3.64 grpc 1.2.5 :r0

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## 3.65 grub 2.00 :r1

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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## 3.70 icu 56.1 :r0

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```
## *-makefile*-
## BSD-specific setup (FreeBSD, OpenBSD, NetBSD, *BSD)
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## Commands to generate dependency files
GEN_DEPS.c= $(CC) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)
GEN_DEPS.cc= $(CXX) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)

## Flags for position independent code
SHAREDLIBCFLAGS = -fPIC
SHAREDLIBCXXFLAGS = -fPIC
SHAREDLIBCPPFLAGS = -DPIC

## Additional flags when building libraries and with threads
THREADSCPPFLAGS = -D_REENTRANT
LIBCPPFLAGS =

## Compiler switch to embed a runtime search path
LD_RPATH=
LD_RPATH_PRE= -Wl,-rpath,

## Compiler switch to embed a library name
LD_SONAME = -Wl,-soname -Wl,$(notdir $(MIDDLE_SO_TARGET))

## Shared library options
LD_SOOPTIONS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

## Shared object suffix
SO = so
## Non-shared intermediate object suffix
STATIC_O = ao

## Compilation rules
%. $(STATIC_O): $(srcdir)/%.c
$(COMPILE.c) $(STATICCPPFLAGS) $(STATICCFLAGS) -o $@ $<
%.o: $(srcdir)/%.c
$(COMPILE.c) $(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) $(DYNAMICCFLAGS) -o $@ $<

%. $(STATIC_O): $(srcdir)/%.cpp
$(COMPILE.cc) $(STATICCPPFLAGS) $(STATICCXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<
%.o: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
$(COMPILE.cc) $(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) $(DYNAMICCXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<
```

```

## Dependency rules
%.d: $(srcdir)/%.c
@echo "generating dependency information for $<"
@$(SHELL) -ec '$(GEN_DEPS.c) $< \
| sed "s^\($*\)\.o[ :]*^1.o $@ : /g\'" > $@; \
[ -s $@ ] || rm -f $@'

%.d: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
@echo "generating dependency information for $<"
@$(SHELL) -ec '$(GEN_DEPS.cc) $< \
| sed "s^\($*\)\.o[ :]*^1.o $@ : /g\'" > $@; \
[ -s $@ ] || rm -f $@'

## Versioned libraries rules

%.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR}: %.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION}
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${<F} $@
%.${SO}: %.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR}
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${*F}.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION} $@

## Bind internal references

# LDflags that pkgdata will use
BIR_LDFLAGS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

# Dependencies [i.e. map files] for the final library
BIR_DEPS=

## Remove shared library 's'
STATIC_PREFIX_WHEN_USED =
STATIC_PREFIX =

## End BSD-specific setup

```

## 3.71 initscripts 1.0 :r155.3

### 3.71.1 Available under license :

NOT PROVIDED

## 3.72 inotify-tools 3.14 :r0

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```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## 3.82 less 481 :r0

### 3.82.1 Available under license :

```
Less License
-----
```

```
Less
Copyright (C) 1984-2015 Mark Nudelman
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## 3.83 libacpi 0.2 :r6

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man/explicit\_bzero.3

man/fgetln.3

man/fgetwln.3

man/funopen.3bsd

man/getbsize.3

man/heapsort.3

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man/queue.3bsd

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Files:

include/bsd/readpassphrase.h  
man/readpassphrase.3  
man/strncpy.3  
man/strtonum.3  
src/arc4random.c  
src/arc4random\_openbsd.h  
src/arc4random\_uniform.c  
src/arc4random\_unix.h  
src/closefrom.c  
src/getentropy\_aix.c  
src/getentropy\_bsd.c  
src/getentropy\_hpux.c  
src/getentropy\_hurd.c  
src/getentropy\_linux.c  
src/getentropy\_osx.c  
src/getentropy\_solaris.c  
src/readpassphrase.c  
src/reallocarray.c  
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Files:

src/inet\_net\_pton.c

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src/hash/md5.c

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Files:

src/explicit\_bzero.c

src/chacha\_private.h

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Files:

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src/hash/md5hl.c

src/hash/helper.c

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run

that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to

exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the

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## 3.89 libcheck 0.10.0 :r0

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c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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## 3.90 libdaemon 0.14 :r0

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## 3.96 libgpg-error 1.21 :r0

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## 3.101 libmspack 0.5alpha :r0

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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That's all there is to it!

## 3.103 libnfsidmap 0.25 :r0

### 3.103.1 Available under license :

This package was debianized by J. Bruce Fields <bfields@citi.umich.edu> on Fri, 6 Aug 2004 16:10:43 -0400.

The latest version can always be found at  
<http://www.citi.umich.edu/projects/nfsv4/linux/>

Authors: J. Bruce Fields, Andy Adamson, Marius Eriksen

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## 3.104 libnl 3.2.25 :r1

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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## 3.105 libogg 1.3.2 :r0

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## 3.106 libopflex beryllium-sr1 :r0

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## 3.110 libpcre 8.38 :r0

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)



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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that



they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
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October 28, 1997

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Sam Lantinga (slouken@libsdl.org)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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## 3.116 libsepol 2.5 :r0

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## 3.117 libsmi 0.5.0 :r0

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-----  
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-----

tools/shhopt.c, tools/shhopt.h:

Title: shhopt - library for parsing command line options.

Version: 1.1.2

Entered-date: 23MAR97

Description: C-functions for parsing command line options, both  
 traditional one-character options, and GNU'ish  
 --long-options.

Keywords: programming, library, lib, commandline, options

Author: s.h.huseby@usit.uio.no (Sverre H. Huseby)

Primary-site: <http://www.ifi.uio.no/~sverrehu/pub-unix/>

Alternate-site: [sunsite.unc.edu /pub/Linux/libs](http://sunsite.unc.edu/pub/Linux/libs)  
 shhopt-1.1.2.tar.gz

Platforms: Requires ANSI C-compiler.

Copying-policy: BeerWare: If you have the time and money, send me a bottle  
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---

## 3.118 libsndfile1 1.0.26 :r0

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with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free

library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)



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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to

distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.



## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### 0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

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### 1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official

standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

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You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

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## 3.120 libtirpc 1.0.1 :r0

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## 3.121 libtool 2.4.6 :r0

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 3.122 libunwind 1.1 :r0

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## 3.123 liburcu 0.9.1 :r0

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Mathieu Desnoyers  
May 13th, 2009

IBM Corporation allowed LGPLv2.1+ licensing of their contribution to the userspace RCU library in a patch submitted on May 8, 2009 from Paul E. McKenney and reviewed by Steven L. Bennett:

<http://lists.casi.polymtl.ca/pipermail/ltt-dev/2009-May/001584.html>



I (Mathieu Desnoyers) re-implemented ACCESS\_ONCE(), likely(), unlikely() and barrier() from scratch without reference to the original code.

commit id : 2dc5fa0f7cfbfb0a64a7a67b39626650e863f16a

Bert Wesarg <bert.wesarg@googlemail.com> approved LGPL relicensing of his patch in an email dated May 13, 2009 :

<http://lkml.org/lkml/2009/5/13/16>

xchg() primitives has been rewritten from a MIT-licensed cmpxchg for Intel and powerpc. They are MIT-licensed and therefore usable in LGPL code. This cmpxchg code was obtained from the atomic\_ops project:

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I (Mathieu Desnoyers) wrote the remainder of the code.

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```

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September 3, 2012

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```
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```

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m4/ax\_tls.m4

## 3.124 libusb-compat 0.1.5 :r0

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

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## 3.126 libuv 1.7.5 :r0

### 3.126.1 Available under license :

Files: \*

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Files: getopt.c

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## 3.127 libvirt 1.3.2 :r1

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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## 3.133 linux-kernel v4.4.76 :356-gde22ea1857c1

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Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holz <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login  
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>  
for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>  
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Felix Domke <tmbinc@elitedvb.net>  
Florian Schirmer <jolt@tuxbox.org>  
Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>  
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>  
...and all the other dbox2 people  
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and  
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>  
for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>  
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>  
for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>  
Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>  
Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>  
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>  
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,  
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>  
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the  
TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>  
Andreas 'randy' Weinberger  
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>  
for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>  
for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>  
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>  
for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>  
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>  
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>  
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>

for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a  
line to the DVB mailing list)

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
```

```

* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
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*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

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## 3.134 linux-kernel v4.4.76 :1838- g67fb80c63023

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like to be mentioned)

Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holz <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login  
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
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Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>  
...and all the other dbox2 people  
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and  
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver



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for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>  
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>  
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>  
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,  
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>  
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the  
TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>  
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for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

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Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>  
for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>  
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>  
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for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
```

```

* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

```

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## 3.135 linux-kernel v4.4.76 :553- g0d610bde19fd

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like to be mentioned)

Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holz <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login  
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>  
for his LIRC infrared handler

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Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>  
...and all the other dbox2 people  
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and  
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>

for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>

for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>

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Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>

for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>

for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,  
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>

for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the  
TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>

Andreas 'randy' Weinberger

for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

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for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>

for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>

for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>

for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>

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Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>

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for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a  
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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
```

```

* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

```

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Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holz <kju@debian.org>  
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Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacompt.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
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...and all the other dbox2 people  
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>  
for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>  
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>  
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>  
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,  
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>  
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the  
TechnoTrend/Hauppage DEC driver firmware

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for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

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for the l96330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>  
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

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Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>  
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a

single nxt200x frontend driver.

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
```

```

* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
* combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
* recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
*
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

```

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## 3.137 linux-kernel v3.10 :14331-g9684190d5164

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Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacompt.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login  
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
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Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>  
...and all the other dbox2 people  
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and  
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>  
for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>  
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>  
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Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>  
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>  
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,  
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>  
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the  
TechnoTrend/Hauppage DEC driver firmware

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for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

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for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>  
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Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>  
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

\*

\* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.

\* <http://www.hypermall.com/>

\* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY

\* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

\* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

\* and spelling mistakes.

\* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on

\* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is

\* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)

\*

\* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

\*

\* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

\*

\* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.

\* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;

\* see `init_nicstar()` for PHY initialization to change this. This driver

\* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists

\* (`skb->atm.iovcnt != 0`) for Rx skb's passed to `vcc->push`.

\*

\* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:

\* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers

\* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create

\* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)

\* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire

\* SDU, and leave `<small_buffer_data>` bytes empty at the start. Then

\* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.

\* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large

\* buffers. This is done by 2 things:

\* 1) `skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer`

\* combined, allow nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb to be called to  
 \* recycle large data buffers  
 \* 2) skb\_clone of received buffers  
 \* See nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb and linearize\_buffer for implementation  
 \* details.  
 \*  
 \*  
 \*  
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 \*  
 \* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996  
 \*  
 \*  
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That's all there is to it!  
Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

- \* Frodo Looijaard  
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- \* Merlin Hughes  
Original author of sensord.
- \* Bob Schlaermann  
Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in  
libsensors and sensors.
- \* Mark M. Hoffman  
Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.
- \* Jean Delvare  
New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.  
Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.  
Configuration file converter.  
Rewrite of sensors-detect.  
Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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```

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 3.142 Isof 4.89 :r0.2

### 3.142.1 Available under license :

NOT PROVIDED

# 3.143 Ittng-ust 2.7.1+gitAUTOINC+f89c1a3cf2 :r0

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
# Example makefile for build outside of the LTTng-UST tree.
```

```
hello:
${CC} -O2 -I. -o hello -lc -lltng-ust hello.c tp.c
```

```
.PHONY: clean
```

```
clean:
```

```
rm -f hello
```

```
GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
Version 2.1, February 1999
```

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## 3.144 lvm2 2.02.138 :r0

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## 3.145 Ixc 2.0.0 :r0

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```
/*
 * imap_gssapi.c is partially derived from sample code in:
 * GSS-API Programming Guide
 * Part No: 816-1331-11
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```
/* md5.h and md5.c are derived from RFC 1321:
```

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\* hmac.c is derived from:

Network Working Group     H. Krawczyk  
Request for Comments: 2104     IBM  
Category: Informational     M. Bellare  
                                UCSD  
                                R. Canetti  
                                IBM  
                                February 1997

### HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication

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#### Appendix -- Sample Code

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Parts of nss.c are derived from the Mozilla NSS 3.9.2 source, mozilla/security/nss/cmd/smimetools/cmsutil.c. Therefore:

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## 3.149 make 4.1 :r0

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Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## 3.154 ncurses 6.0+20160213 :r0

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It is currently maintained by Marco d'Itri <md@linux.it>.

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## 3.157 netcat 0.7.1 :r3

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2. [2]Mark Andrews <mark\_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock controller
3. [3]Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atlsoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices
4. [4]Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [5]Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
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7. [8]Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
8. [9]Marc Brett <Marc.Brett@westgeo.com> Magnavox GPS clock driver
9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
10. [11]Nelson B Bolyard <nelson@bolyard.me> update and complete broadcast and crypto features in sntp
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12. [13]Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)
13. [14]Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
14. [15]Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration
15. [16]Sven Dietrich <sven\_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference

- clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.
16. [17]John A. Dundas III <dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov> Apple A/UX port
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  18. [19]Dennis Ferguson <dennis@mrbill.canet.ca> foundation code for NTP Version 2 as specified in RFC-1119
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  27. [29]Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
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  33. [36]George Lindholm <lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
  34. [37]Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
  35. [38]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
  36. [39]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
  37. [40]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation, precision kernel; clock drivers: 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 11, 13, 18, 19, 22, 36
  38. [41]Wolfgang Moeller <moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port
  39. [42]Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility
  40. [43]Tom Moore <tmoore@fieval.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port
  41. [44]Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO OpenServer port
  42. [45]Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [46]Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
  43. [47]Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance
  44. [48]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling

45. [49]Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
  46. [50]Wilfredo Snchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
  47. [51]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
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  49. [53]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
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  51. [55]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
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  53. [57]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
  54. [58]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
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Open-vm-tools v10.0.7

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```
>>> base64.c-none
>>> convertutf.c/h from unicode, inc.-none
>>> freebsd-1.72
>>> icu4c-4.4.1
>>> unicode-5.0
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[OPENVMTOOLS1007CH021016]

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\*  
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\*  
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# 0.1.8+gitAUTOINC+53274f0875 :r0

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## 3.173 pciutils 3.4.1 :r0

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```

```
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## 3.174 pcsc-lite 1.8.13 :r0

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```
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```

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```

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```
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```

## 3.175 perl 5.22.1 :r0

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The End

```
#!/perl
```

```
=head1 NAME
```

```
copyright.t
```

```
=head1 DESCRIPTION
```

Tests that the latest copyright years in the top-level README file and the C<perl -v> output match each other.

If the test fails, update at least one of README and perl.c so that they match reality.

Optionally you can pass the C<--now> option to check they are at the current year. This isn't checked by default, so that it doesn't fail for people working on older releases. It should be run before making a new release.

```
=cut
```

```
use TestInit;
```

```

use strict;
use Config;
BEGIN { require 'test.pl' }

if ( $Config{usecrosscompile} ) {
    skip_all( "Not all files are available during cross-compilation" );
}

my ($opt) = @ARGV;

my $readme_year = readme_year();
my $v_year = v_year();

# Check that both copyright dates are up-to-date, but only if requested, so
# that tests still pass for people intentionally working on older versions:
if ($opt eq '--now')
{
    my $current_year = (gmtime)[5] + 1900;
    is $v_year, $current_year, 'perl -v copyright includes current year';
    is $readme_year, $current_year, 'README copyright includes current year';
}

# Otherwise simply check that the two copyright dates match each other:
else
{
    is $readme_year, $v_year, 'README and perl -v copyright dates match';
}

done_testing;

sub readme_year
# returns the latest copyright year from the top-level README file
{

    open my $readme, '<', './README' or die "Opening README failed: $!";

    # The copyright message is the first paragraph:
    local $/ = "";
    my $copyright_msg = <$readme>;

    my ($year) = $copyright_msg =~ /\b(\d{4,})/s
        or die "Year not found in README copyright message '$copyright_msg'";

    $year;
}

```

```

sub v_year
# returns the latest copyright year shown in perl -v
{

my $output = runperl switches => ['-v'];
my ($year) = $output =~ /copyright 1987.*\b(\d{4,})/i
    or die "Copyright statement not found in perl -v output '$output'";

$year;
}

```

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```

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

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---

abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'

author:

- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'

- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the\nModule-Build mailing list at <module-build@perl.org>."

build\_requires:

File::Temp: 0.15

Test::Harness: 3.16

Test::More: 0.49

generated\_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'

license: gpl

meta-spec:

url: <http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html>

version: 1.4

name: Module-Build

resources:

MailingList: <mailto:module-build@perl.org>

license: <http://dev.perl.org/licenses/>

repository: <http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/>

version: 3

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The following people contributed improvements, fixes, suggestions, and comments:

- Oliver Kurth (oku@debian.org) contributed bug fixes and the manual page for picocm.
- Julius P. Malkiewicz (julius@sonartech.com.au) contributed FreeBSD portability fixes, the C-\ command implementation, the UUCP locks implementation, and other minor fixes.
- Pavel Vymetalek (pvymetalek@seznam.cz) contributed the higher baudrates support.
- Niels Moller (nisse@lysator.liu.se) contributed support for non-alphabetic escape keys.
- (lwithers@gmail.com) contributed fixes to select(2) and read(2) error handling.
- (bob.dunlop@xyzyzy.org.uk) suggested fix to prevent serial port from becoming controlling terminal.
- Edgar Johansen (edgar@storteig.com) suggested conditionals to enable compilation without UUCP\_LOCK\_DIR
- Scott Tsai (scott.tw@gmail.com) suggested better UUCP\_LOCK\_DIR definition
- Josh Handley (<https://github.com/jhandley>) added support for line-editing, autocompletion and history when entering "send" and

"receive" file names. Editing support uses the "linenoise" library. See: <https://github.com/jhandleypicocom>

- Salvatore Sanfilippo (<https://github.com/antirez>) is the author of the linenoise line-editing library. See: <https://github.com/antirez/linenoise>
- From Cody Schafer's (<https://github.com/jmesmon>) fork originated the idea to add custom baudrate support to picocom. See: <https://github.com/jmesmon/picocom>
- From Paul Chakravarti's (<https://github.com/paulchakravarti>) fork originated the idea to add support for disabling the send- and receive-file commands, and for not using the shell when executing external programs (to avoid shell escapes). See: <https://github.com/paulchakravarti/picocom-noexec>
- Vicente Olivert Riera ([Vincent.Riera@imgtec.com](mailto:Vincent.Riera@imgtec.com)) contributed minor patches
- Peter Bradstreet ([peter.bradstreet@oracle.com](mailto:peter.bradstreet@oracle.com)) helped diagnose input performance problems on overloaded / slow systems.
- Cody Planteen (<https://github.com/planteen>) contributed the implementation of the toggle-RTS command.
- Joe Merten (<https://github.com/Joe-Merten>) contributed the --lower-rts and --lower-dtr options, custom baudrate support for OSX, the --logfile option implementation, and several bug-fixes.

## 3.177 pixman 0.32.8 :r0

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## 3.180 popt 1.16 :r3

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## 3.183 pps-tools

# 0.0.0+gitAUTOINC+0deb9c7e13 :r0

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## 3.184 procps 3.3.11 :r0

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## 3.185 protobuf

### 3.1.0+gitAUTOINC+a428e42072 :r0



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Michael Poole <mdpoole@troilus.org>  
\* Fixed warnings about generated constructors not explicitly initializing all fields (only present with certain compiler settings).  
\* Added generation of field number constants.  
Wink Saville <wink@google.com>  
\* Fixed initialization ordering problem in logging code.  
Will Pierce <willp@nuclei.com>  
\* Small patch improving performance of in Python serialization.  
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\* Detect whether zlib is new enough in configure script.  
\* Fixes for Solaris 10 32/64-bit confusion.  
Evan Jones <evanj@mit.edu>  
\* Optimize Java serialization code when writing a small message to a stream.  
\* Optimize Java serialization of strings so that UTF-8 encoding happens only once per string per serialization call.  
\* Clean up some Java warnings.  
\* Fix bug with permanent callbacks that delete themselves when run.  
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\* Fixed m4/acx\_pthread.m4 problem for some Linux distributions.

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\* Fixed detection of sched\_yield on Solaris.

\* Added atomicops for Solaris

Andrew Paprocki <andrew@ishiboo.com>

\* Fixed minor IBM xLC compiler build issues

\* Added atomicops for AIX (POWER)

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## 3.187 ptest-runner

# 2.0+gitAUTOINC+8bfdf946e7 :r0

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Andre Adrian's echo cancellation implementation is licensed under a less restrictive license - see src/modules/echo-cancel/adrian-license.txt for details.

Some other files pulled into PA source (i.e. reference implementations that are considered too small and stable to be considered as an external library) use the more permissive MIT license. This include the device reservation DBus protocol and realtime kit implementations.

A more permissive BSD-style license is used for LFE filters, see src/pulsecore/filter/LICENSE.WEBKIT for details.

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While we attempt to provide a summary here, it is the ultimate responsibility of the packager to ensure the components they use in their build of PulseAudio meets their license requirements.

## 3.189 python 2.7.11 :r1

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2 and above	2.1.1	2001-now	PSF	yes

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## 3.190 python-cffi 1.5.2 :r0

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## 3.205 python-pyopenssl 16.2.0 :r0

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## 3.206 python-pytest 2.9.1 :r0

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## 3.209 python-smartpm

### 1.5+gitAUTOINC+407a7eca76 :r0

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## 3.210 python-uwsgi 2.0.12 :r0

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=====

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David Gibson <david@gibson.dropbear.id.au>  
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Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Index: debug.c

```
=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/debug.c,v
retrieving revision 1.1
retrieving revision 1.3
diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3
--- debug.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1
+++ debug.c 15 Jan 2008 13:49:25 -0000 1.3
@@ -52,7 +52,11 @@
void X86EMU_trace_regs (void)
{
    if (DEBUG_TRACE()) {
-       x86emu_dump_regs();
+       if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA | SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)) {
+           x86emu_dump_xregs();
+       } else {
+           x86emu_dump_regs();
+       }
    }
    if (DEBUG_DECODE() && ! DEBUG_DECODE_NOPRINT()) {
        printk("%04x:%04x ",M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip);
    }
}
```

```

@@ -185,7 +189,7 @@
    for (i=0; i< M.x86.enc_pos; i++) {
        sprintf(buf1+2*i,"%02x", fetch_data_byte_abs(s,o+i));
    }
-   printk("%-20s",buf1);
+   printk("%-20s ",buf1);
}

```

static void print\_decoded\_instruction (void)

Index: ops2.c

=====  
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/ops2.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.3

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3

--- ops2.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ ops2.c 20 Mar 2008 15:48:34 -0000 1.3

```

@@ -149,8 +149,69 @@

```

```

    target += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", target);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   if (cond)
+   if (cond) {
        M.x86.R_IP = (u16)target;
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, " LONG COND ");
+   }
+   DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
+   END_OF_INSTR();
+}
+
+/*
+*****

```

+REMARKS:

+Handles opcode 0x0f,0xC8-0xCF

+\*\*\*\*\*

+s32 x86emu\_bswap(s32 reg)

```

+{
+ // perform the byte swap
+ s32 temp = reg;
+ reg = (temp & 0xFF000000) >> 24;
+ reg |= (temp & 0xFF0000) >> 8;
+ reg |= (temp & 0xFF00) << 8;
+ reg |= (temp & 0xFF) << 24;
+ return reg;
+}

```

```

+
+void x86emuOp2_bswap(u8 op2)

```

```

+{
+ /* byte swap 32 bit register */

```

```

+ START_OF_INSTR();
+ DECODE_PRINTF("BSWAP\t");
+ switch (op2) {
+   case 0xc8:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("EAX\n");
+     M.x86.R_EAX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EAX);
+     break;
+   case 0xc9:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("ECX\n");
+     M.x86.R_ECX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_ECX);
+     break;
+   case 0xca:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("EDX\n");
+     M.x86.R_EDX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EDX);
+     break;
+   case 0xcb:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("EBX\n");
+     M.x86.R_EBX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EBX);
+     break;
+   case 0xcc:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("ESP\n");
+     M.x86.R_ESP = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_ESP);
+     break;
+   case 0xcd:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("EBP\n");
+     M.x86.R_EBP = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EBP);
+     break;
+   case 0xce:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("ESI\n");
+     M.x86.R_ESI = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_ESI);
+     break;
+   case 0xcf:
+     DECODE_PRINTF("EDI\n");
+     M.x86.R_EDI = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EDI);
+     break;
+ }
+ TRACE_AND_STEP();
+   DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
+   END_OF_INSTR();
+ }
@@ -1702,14 +1763,14 @@
/* 0xc5 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xc6 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xc7 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xc8 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
/* 0xc9 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
/* 0xca */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
/* 0xcb */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */

```

```

-/* 0xcc */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xcd */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xce */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xcf */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
+/* 0xc8 */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xc9 */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xca */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcb */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcc */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcd */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xce */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcf */ x86emuOp2_bswap,

```

```

/* 0xd0 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xd1 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,

```

Index: ops.c

=====

RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/ops.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

diff -u -u -r1.1 ops.c

--- ops.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ ops.c 20 Mar 2008 16:52:00 -0000

@@ -1061,7 +1061,11 @@

```

    imm = (s8)fetch_byte_imm();
    DECODE_PRINTF2("PUSH\t%d\n", imm);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();

```

```

- push_word(imm);
+ if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+   push_long(imm);
+ } else {
+   push_word(imm);
+ }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}

```

@@ -1256,8 +1260,10 @@

```

    target = (u16)(M.x86.R_IP + (s16)offset);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", target);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();

```

```

- if (cond)
+ if (cond) {
+   M.x86.R_IP = target;
+ JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, " NEAR COND ");
+ }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}

```

@@ -2516,9 +2522,11 @@

```

count = 1;
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   count = M.x86.R_CX;
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
    M.x86.R_CX = 0;
+ if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+     M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
}
while (count--) {
@@ -2526,6 +2534,8 @@
    store_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI, val);
    M.x86.R_SI += inc;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
}
DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2559,9 +2569,11 @@
count = 1;
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   count = M.x86.R_CX;
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
    M.x86.R_CX = 0;
+ if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+     M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
}
while (count--) {
@@ -2574,6 +2586,8 @@
}
M.x86.R_SI += inc;
M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
}
DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2598,16 +2612,21 @@

if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {

```

```

/* REPE */
- /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
- while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+ /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+ while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
    val1 = fetch_data_byte(M.x86.R_SI);
    val2 = fetch_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
        cmp_byte(val1, val2);
-   M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX -- 1;
+   else
+       M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
    M.x86.R_SI += inc;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if ( (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE) && (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0) ) break;
    if ( (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) ) break;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
} else {
@@ -2644,8 +2663,8 @@
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* REPE */
-       /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-       while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+       /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+       while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
            if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
                val1 = fetch_data_long(M.x86.R_SI);
                val2 = fetch_data_long_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
@@ -2655,11 +2674,16 @@
                val2 = fetch_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
                cmp_word((u16)val1, (u16)val2);
            }
-           M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+           if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+               M.x86.R_ECX -- 1;
+           else
+               M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
            M.x86.R_SI += inc;
            M.x86.R_DI += inc;
            if ( (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE) && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0 ) break;
            if ( (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) ) break;
+           if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+               break;

```

```

    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
} else {
@@ -2741,11 +2765,16 @@
TRACE_AND_STEP();
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        store_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI, M.x86.R_AL);
-       M.x86.R_CX --;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX --;
+       else
+           M.x86.R_CX --;
        M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+           break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
} else {
@@ -2783,9 +2812,11 @@
count = 1;
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   count = M.x86.R_CX;
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
    M.x86.R_CX = 0;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
}
while (count--) {
@@ -2795,6 +2826,8 @@
    store_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI, M.x86.R_AX);
    }
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
}
DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2817,11 +2850,16 @@
inc = 1;

```

```

if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        M.x86.R_AL = fetch_data_byte(M.x86.R_SI);
-       M.x86.R_CX --;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX --;
+       else
+           M.x86.R_CX --;
        M.x86.R_SI += inc;
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+           break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
} else {
@@ -2859,9 +2897,11 @@
    count = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-       /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-       count = M.x86.R_CX;
+       /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+       count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
        M.x86.R_CX = 0;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
    }
    while (count--) {
@@ -2871,6 +2911,8 @@
        M.x86.R_AX = fetch_data_word(M.x86.R_SI);
    }
    M.x86.R_SI += inc;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
}
DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2894,26 +2936,36 @@
    inc = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE) {
        /* REPE */
-       /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-       while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+       /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */

```



```

+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
+       val2 = fetch_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
+       cmp_byte(M.x86.R_AL, val2);
-       M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX -- 1;
+       else
+           M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+       M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+       if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0)
+           break;
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+           break;
+   }
+   M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE;
+ } else if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) {
+   /* REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
+       val2 = fetch_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
+       cmp_byte(M.x86.R_AL, val2);
-       M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX -- 1;
+       else
+           M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+       M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+       if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))
+           break; /* zero flag set means equal */
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+           break;
+   }
+   M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE;
+ } else {
@@ -2951,8 +3003,8 @@
+   TRACE_AND_STEP();
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE) {
+     /* REPE */
-     /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-     while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+     /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+     while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+         val = fetch_data_long_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
+         cmp_long(M.x86.R_EAX, val);
@@ -2960,16 +3012,21 @@

```

```

        val = fetch_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
        cmp_word(M.x86.R_AX, (u16)val);
    }
-   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+   else
+       M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0)
        break;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE;
} else if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) {
    /* REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
            val = fetch_data_long_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
            cmp_long(M.x86.R_EAX, val);
@@ -2977,10 +3034,15 @@
            val = fetch_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
            cmp_word(M.x86.R_AX, (u16)val);
        }
-   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+   else
+       M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))
        break;    /* zero flag set means equal */
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE;
} else {
@@ -3238,9 +3300,9 @@
    DECODE_PRINTF("RET\t");
    imm = fetch_word_imm();
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", imm);
- RETURN_TRACE("RET", M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip);
TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();

```

```

+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "NEAR");
  M.x86.R_SP += imm;
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -3254,9 +3316,9 @@
{
  START_OF_INSTR();
  DECODE_PRINTF("RET\n");
- RETURN_TRACE("RET",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
  TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "NEAR");
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -3471,10 +3533,10 @@
  DECODE_PRINTF("RETF\t");
  imm = fetch_word_imm();
  DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", imm);
- RETURN_TRACE("RETF",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
  TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
  M.x86.R_CS = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "FAR");
  M.x86.R_SP += imm;
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -3488,10 +3550,10 @@
{
  START_OF_INSTR();
  DECODE_PRINTF("RETF\n");
- RETURN_TRACE("RETF",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
  TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
  M.x86.R_CS = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "FAR");
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -4020,8 +4082,11 @@
  ip += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
  DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
  TRACE_AND_STEP();
- M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
- if (M.x86.R_CX != 0 && !ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF)) /* CX != 0 and !ZF */
+ if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+ else

```

```

+   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+   if (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0 &&
!ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))   /* (E)CX != 0 and !ZF */
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -4041,8 +4106,11 @@
    ip += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
-   if (M.x86.R_CX != 0 && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))   /* CX != 0 and ZF */
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+   else
+   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+   if (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0 &&
ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))   /* (E)CX != 0 and ZF */
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -4062,8 +4130,11 @@
    ip += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
-   if (M.x86.R_CX != 0)
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+   else
+   M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+   if (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0)   /* (E)CX != 0 */
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -4085,8 +4156,10 @@
    target = (u16)(M.x86.R_IP + offset);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", target);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   if (M.x86.R_CX == 0)
+   if (M.x86.R_CX == 0) {
    M.x86.R_IP = target;
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, " CXZ ");
+   }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -4213,6 +4286,7 @@

```

```

    ip = (s16)fetch_word_imm();
    ip += (s16)M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, ip, " NEAR ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = (u16)ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
@@ -4233,6 +4307,7 @@
    cs = fetch_word_imm();
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x:", cs);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, cs, ip, " FAR ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    M.x86.R_CS = cs;
@@ -4254,6 +4329,7 @@
    offset = (s8)fetch_byte_imm();
    target = (u16)(M.x86.R_IP + offset);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", target);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, target, " BYTE ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = target;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
@@ -4357,6 +4433,8 @@
    DECODE_PRINTF("REPNE\n");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_32BIT_REP;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -4371,6 +4449,8 @@
    DECODE_PRINTF("REPE\n");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_32BIT_REP;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -5013,12 +5093,14 @@
    break;
    case 4: /* jmp word ptr ... */
        destval = fetch_data_word(destoffset);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, destval, " WORD ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = destval;

```

```

        break;
    case 5:      /* jmp far ptr ... */
        destval = fetch_data_word(destoffset);
        destval2 = fetch_data_word(destoffset + 2);
+       JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, destval2, destval, " FAR ");
        TRACE_AND_STEP();
        M.x86.R_IP = destval;
        M.x86.R_CS = destval2;

```

Index: prim\_ops.c

=====  
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/prim\_ops.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.3

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3

--- prim\_ops.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ prim\_ops.c 16 Jan 2008 14:18:15 -0000 1.3

@@ -1921,7 +1921,7 @@

```
void imul_long_direct(u32 *res_lo, u32* res_hi,u32 d, u32 s)
```

```
{
```

```
#ifdef __HAS_LONG_LONG__
```

```
- s64 res = (s64)d * (s64)s;
```

```
+ s64 res = (s64)(s32)d * (s64)(s32)s;
```

```
    *res_lo = (u32)res;
```

```
    *res_hi = (u32)(res >> 32);
```

@@ -2013,7 +2013,7 @@

```
void mul_long(u32 s)
```

```
{
```

```
#ifdef __HAS_LONG_LONG__
```

```
- u64 res = (u32)M.x86.R_EAX * (u32)s;
```

```
+ u64 res = (u64)M.x86.R_EAX * s;
```

```
    M.x86.R_EAX = (u32)res;
```

```
    M.x86.R_EDX = (u32)(res >> 32);
```

@@ -2312,16 +2312,15 @@

```
}
```

```
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
```

```
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
```

```
-    /* in until CX is ZERO. */
```

```
-    u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) ?
```

```
+    /* in until (E)CX is ZERO. */
```

```
+    u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ?
```

```
        M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX);
```

```
-
```

```
while (count--) {
```

```
    single_in(size);
```

```
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
```

```
}
```

```

M.x86.R_CX = 0;
-   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) {
        M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
@@ -2355,15 +2354,15 @@
    }
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-        /* out until CX is ZERO. */
-        u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) ?
+        /* out until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+        u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ?
            M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX);
        while (count-- > 0) {
            single_out(size);
            M.x86.R_SI += inc;
        }
        M.x86.R_CX = 0;
-        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) {
            M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
        }
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);

```

Index: sys.c

=====

RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/sys.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.2

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.2

--- sys.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ sys.c 7 Sep 2007 10:03:13 -0000 1.2

@@ -45,11 +45,6 @@

#include <x86emu/regs.h>

#include "debug.h"

#include "prim\_ops.h"

ifndef LINUXBIOS\_VERSION

include "io.h"

else

include <sys/io.h>

endif

ifdef IN\_MODULE

include "xf86\_ansi.h"

@@ -220,7 +215,7 @@

{

DB(if (DEBUG\_IO\_TRACE()))

```

    printk("inb %#04x \n", addr);
- return inb(addr);
+ return 0;
}

/*****
@@ -235,7 +230,7 @@
{
DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE())
    printk("inw %#04x \n", addr);
- return inw(addr);
+ return 0;
}

/*****
@@ -250,7 +245,7 @@
{
DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE())
    printk("inl %#04x \n", addr);
- return inl(addr);
+ return 0;
}

/*****
@@ -264,7 +259,6 @@
{
DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE())
    printk("outb %#02x -> %#04x \n", val, addr);)
- outb(val, addr);
return;
}

@@ -279,7 +273,6 @@
{
DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE())
    printk("outw %#04x -> %#04x \n", val, addr);)
- outw(val, addr);
return;
}

@@ -295,7 +288,6 @@
DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE())
    printk("outl %#08x -> %#04x \n", val, addr);)

- outl(val, addr);
return;
}

```



@@ -405,6 +397,6 @@

```
void X86EMU_setMemBase(void *base, size_t size)
{
- M.mem_base = (int) base;
+ M.mem_base = (unsigned long) base;
  M.mem_size = size;
}
```

Index: include/x86emu/debug.h

=====  
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/include/x86emu/debug.h,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.4

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.4

--- include/x86emu/debug.h 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ include/x86emu/debug.h 20 Mar 2008 15:25:27 -0000 1.4

@@ -40,8 +40,6 @@

#ifndef \_\_X86EMU\_DEBUG\_H

#define \_\_X86EMU\_DEBUG\_H

-//#define DEBUG 0

-#undef DEBUG

/\*----- Macros and type definitions -----\*/

/\* checks to be enabled for "runtime" \*/

@@ -78,6 +76,8 @@

# define DEBUG\_SYSINT() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_SYSINT\_F)

# define DEBUG\_TRACECALL() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_TRACECALL\_F)

# define DEBUG\_TRACECALLREGS() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_TRACECALL\_REGS\_F)

+# define DEBUG\_TRACEJMP() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_TRACEJMP\_F)

+# define DEBUG\_TRACEJMPREGS() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_TRACEJMP\_REGS\_F)

# define DEBUG\_SYS() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_SYS\_F)

# define DEBUG\_MEM\_TRACE() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_MEM\_TRACE\_F)

# define DEBUG\_IO\_TRACE() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG\_IO\_TRACE\_F)

@@ -96,6 +96,8 @@

# define DEBUG\_SYSINT() 0

# define DEBUG\_TRACECALL() 0

# define DEBUG\_TRACECALLREGS() 0

+# define DEBUG\_TRACEJMP() 0

+# define DEBUG\_TRACEJMPREGS() 0

# define DEBUG\_SYS() 0

# define DEBUG\_MEM\_TRACE() 0

# define DEBUG\_IO\_TRACE() 0

@@ -169,14 +171,20 @@

x86emu\_dump\_regs();

if (DEBUG\_TRACECALL())

printf("%04x:%04x: CALL %s%04x:%04x\n", u, v, s, w, x);

-# define RETURN\_TRACE(n,u,v)

```

+# define RETURN_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s) \
if (DEBUG_TRACECALLREGS() \
    x86emu_dump_regs(); \
if (DEBUG_TRACECALL() \
- printk("%04x:%04x: %s\n",u,v,n);
+ printk("%04x:%04x: RET %s %04x:%04x\n",u,v,s,w,x);
+# define JMP_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s) \
+ if (DEBUG_TRACEJMPREGS() \
+   x86emu_dump_regs(); \
+ if (DEBUG_TRACEJMP() \
+   printk("%04x:%04x: JMP %s%04x:%04x\n", u , v, s, w, x);
#else
# define CALL_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
-# define RETURN_TRACE(n,u,v)
+# define RETURN_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
+# define JMP_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
#endif

#ifdef DEBUG
Index: include/x86emu/regs.h
=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/include/x86emu/regs.h,v
retrieving revision 1.1
retrieving revision 1.4
diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.4
--- include/x86emu/regs.h 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1
+++ include/x86emu/regs.h 15 Jan 2008 13:46:40 -0000 1.4
@@ -231,6 +231,9 @@
#define SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE 0x00000100
#define SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA 0x00000200
#define SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR 0x00000400
+//phueper: for REP(E|NE) Instructions, we need to decide wether it should be using
+//the 32bit ECX register as or the 16bit CX register as count register
+#define SYSMODE_32BIT_REP 0x00000800
#define SYSMODE_INTR_PENDING 0x10000000
#define SYSMODE_EXTRN_INTR 0x20000000
#define SYSMODE_HALTED 0x40000000
@@ -250,7 +253,8 @@
    SYSMODE_SEGOVR_GS  |\
    SYSMODE_SEGOVR_SS  |\
    SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA  |\
-   SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR  |\
+   SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)

#define INTR_SYNCH 0x1
#define INTR_ASYNCH 0x2
@@ -274,9 +278,9 @@

```

```

 */
 u32          mode;
 volatile int  intr; /* mask of pending interrupts */
- int         debug;
+ volatile int          debug;
#ifdef DEBUG
- int         check;
+ int         check;
  u16         saved_ip;
  u16         saved_cs;
  int         enc_pos;
Index: include/x86emu/x86emu.h

```

=====

RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/include/x86emu/x86emu.h,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.3

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3

--- include/x86emu/x86emu.h 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ include/x86emu/x86emu.h 19 Oct 2007 08:42:15 -0000 1.3

@@ -47,6 +47,7 @@

#include <console.h>

#define printk(x...) printk(BIOS\_DEBUG, x)

#else

+#include <stdio.h>

#define printk printf

#endif

@@ -189,6 +181,8 @@

#define DEBUG\_TRACECALL\_REGS\_F 0x004000

#define DEBUG\_DECODE\_NOPRINT\_F 0x008000

#define DEBUG\_SAVE\_IP\_CS\_F 0x010000

+#define DEBUG\_TRACEJMP\_F 0x020000

+#define DEBUG\_TRACEJMP\_REGS\_F 0x040000

#define DEBUG\_SYS\_F (DEBUG\_SVC\_F|DEBUG\_FS\_F|DEBUG\_PROC\_F)

void X86EMU\_trace\_regs(void);

@@ -200,5 +194,4 @@

#ifdef \_\_cplusplus

} /\* End of "C" linkage for C++ \*/

#endif

-

#endif /\* \_\_X86EMU\_X86EMU\_H \*/

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square

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-- Wolfgang Denk

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```

```
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 */

{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_fd, "__acl_aclcheck_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_file, "__acl_aclcheck_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_link, "__acl_aclcheck_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %d)", NULL, NULL
},
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_fd, "__acl_delete_fd", "%s(%d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_file, "__acl_delete_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_link, "__acl_delete_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_fd, "__acl_get_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_file, "__acl_get_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_link, "__acl_get_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_fd, "__acl_set_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_file, "__acl_set_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_link, "__acl_set_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__semctl, "__semctl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__syscall, "__syscall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__sysctl, "__sysctl", NULL, print_sysctl, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_op, "__umtx_op", "%s(%d, %d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__accept, "accept", "%s(%d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__access, "access", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acct, "acct", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__adjtime, "adjtime", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__bind, "bind", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__break, "break", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__chdir, "chdir", "%s(\"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
```

```

{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chflags, "chflags", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chmod, "chmod", "%s(\"%s\",%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chown, "chown", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chroot, "chroot", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_getres, "clock_getres", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_gettime, "clock_gettime", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_settime, "clock_settime", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_close, "close", "%s(%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_connect, "connect", "%s(%d,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup, "dup", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup2, "dup2", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_eaccess, "eaccess", "%s(\"%s\",%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_execve, "execve", NULL, print_execve, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_exit, "exit", "%s(%d)\n", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattrctl, "extattrctl", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %d, \"%s\"", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd, "extattr_delete_fd", "%s(%d, %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file, "extattr_delete_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link, "extattr_delete_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd, "extattr_get_fd", "%s(%d, %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_file, "extattr_get_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
},
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_file, "extattr_get_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL,
NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd, "extattr_list_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_file, "extattr_list_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_link, "extattr_list_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd, "extattr_set_fd", "%s(%d, %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_file, "extattr_set_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
},
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_link, "extattr_set_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL,
NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchdir, "fchdir", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchflags, "fchflags", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmod, "fchmod", "%s(%d,%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchown, "fchown", "%s(%d,%d,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fcntl, "fcntl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fexecve, "fexecve", NULL, print_execve, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhopen, "fhopen", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstat, "fhstat", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstatfs, "fhstatfs", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_flock, "flock", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fork, "fork", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fpathconf, "fpathconf", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstat, "fstat", "%s(%d,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatat, "fstatat", "%s(%d,\"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatfs, "fstatfs", "%s(%d,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fsync, "fsync", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ftruncate, "ftruncate", NULL, NULL, NULL },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimes, "futimes", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getcontext, "getcontext", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdirentries, "getdirentries", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_mmap, "freebsd6_mmap", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getegid, "getegid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_geteuid, "geteuid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfh, "getfh", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfsstat, "getfsstat", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgid, "getgid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgroups, "getgroups", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getitimer, "getitimer", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getlogin, "getlogin", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpeername, "getpeername", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgid, "getpgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgrp, "getpgrp", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpid, "getpid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getppid, "getppid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpriority, "getpriority", "%s(%#x,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresgid, "getresgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresuid, "getresuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrlimit, "getrlimit", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrusage, "getrusage", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsid, "getsid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockname, "getsockname", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockopt, "getsockopt", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_gettimeofday, "gettimeofday", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getuid, "getuid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ioctl, "ioctl", NULL, print_ioctl, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_issetugid, "issetugid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kevent, "kevent", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kill, "kill", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kqueue, "kqueue", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktrace, "ktrace", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchown, "lchown", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_link, "link", "%s(\"%s\", \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_listen, "listen", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lpathconf, "lpathconf", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lseek, "lseek", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lstat, "lstat", "%s(\"%s\", %p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_madvise, "madvise", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mincore, "mincore", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_minherit, "minherit", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdir, "mkdir", "%s(\"%s\", %o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifo, "mkfifo", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknod, "mknod", "%s(\"%s\", %o, %x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlock, "mlock", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlockall, "mlockall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mmap, "mmap", NULL, NULL, print_syscall_ret_addr },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mount, "mount", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mprotect, "mprotect", "%s(%#x,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgctl, "msgctl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgget, "msgget", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgrcv, "msgrcv", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgsnd, "msgsnd", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msync, "msync", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlock, "munlock", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlockall, "munlockall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munmap, "munmap", "%s(%p,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nanosleep, "nanosleep", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfssvc, "nfssvc", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_open, "open", "%s(\"%s\",%#x,%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openat, "openat", "%s(%d,\"%s\",%#x,%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pathconf, "pathconf", "%s(\"%s\",%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pipe, "pipe", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_poll, "poll", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pread, "pread", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_preadv, "preadv", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_profil, "profil", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ptrace, "ptrace", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwrite, "pwrite", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwritev, "pwritev", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_quotactl, "quotactl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_read, "read", "%s(%d,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlink, "readlink", "%s(\"%s\",%p,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readv, "readv", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_reboot, "reboot", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvfrom, "recvfrom", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvmsg, "recvmsg", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rename, "rename", "%s(\"%s\", \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_revoke, "revoke", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rfork, "rfork", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rmdir, "rmdir", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio_thread, "rtprio_thread", "%s(%d,%d,%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sbrk, "sbrk", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_yield, "sched_yield", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_select, "select", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semget, "semget", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semop, "semop", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendmsg, "sendmsg", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendto, "sendto", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setcontext, "setcontext", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setegid, "setegid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_seteuid, "seteuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgid, "setgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgroups, "setgroups", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setitimer, "setitimer", NULL, NULL, NULL },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setlogin, "setlogin", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpgid, "setpgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpriority, "setpriority", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setregid, "setregid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresgid, "setresgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresuid, "setresuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setreuid, "setreuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setrlimit, "setrlimit", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsid, "setsid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsockopt, "setsockopt", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_settimeofday, "settimeofday", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setuid, "setuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmat, "shmat", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmctl, "shmctl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmdt, "shmdt", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmget, "shmget", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shutdown, "shutdown", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaction, "sigaction", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaltstack, "sigaltstack", "%s(%p,%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigpending, "sigpending", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigprocmask, "sigprocmask", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigreturn, "sigreturn", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigsuspend, "sigsuspend", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socket, "socket", "%s(%d,%d,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socketpair, "socketpair", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sstk, "sstk", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_stat, "stat", "%s(\"%s\",%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_statfs, "statfs", "%s(\"%s\",%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlink, "symlink", "%s(\"%s\", \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sync, "sync", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sysarch, "sysarch", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_syscall, "syscall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_create, "thr_create", "%s(%#x, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_exit, "thr_exit", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill, "thr_kill", "%s(%d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill2, "thr_kill2", "%s(%d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_new, "thr_new", "%s(%#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_self, "thr_self", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_set_name, "thr_set_name", "%s(%d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_suspend, "thr_suspend", "%s(%d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_wake, "thr_wake", "%s(%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_truncate, "truncate", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_umask, "umask", "%s(%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlink, "unlink", "%s(\"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unmount, "unmount", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utimes, "utimes", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vfork, "vfork", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_wait4, "wait4", NULL, NULL, NULL },

```

```
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_write, "write", "%s(%d,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_writev, "writev", "%s(%d,%p,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
```

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@c Local Variables:  
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"  
@c End:

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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I would like to thank the following people (in alphabetical order):

- Seth Arnold, for contributing to the documentation.
- Daniel Black, (former) maintainer of the Gentoo GNU/Linux BeeCrypt package.
- Jan-Rudolph Bhrmann, for helping me get started on the 64-bit multi-precision integer library.
- Luca Filipozzi, (former) maintainer/packager of BeeCrypt for Debian GNU/Linux.
- Jeff Johnson, the guy behind RedHat's Package Manager, who has inspired and contributed to many of the changes for version 3.0.0. He also provided the new hash functions for version 4.2.0. 73 de Bob.
- Anibal Monsalve Salazar, (current) maintainer/packager of BeeCrypt for Debian GNU/Linux.
- Jon Sturgeon, bug hunter extraordinaire.

Further thanks go to:

- AMD, for donating a copy of "AMD x86-64 Architecture Programmer's Manual".
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- HP/Compaq, for their testdrive program, which gave me the opportunity to test and BeeCrypt on many new platforms.
- FSF France, for providing me with access to the GCC Compile Farm.
- SourceForge, for their excellent open source development platform.

Last but not least: thanks to everyone who provided bits of information, reported bugs, provided feedback, or works on including BeeCrypt in any other distros.

If I've missed anyone, it's due to oversight. Drop me a line and I'll rectify the situation as quickly as possible.

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## THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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I would like to thank to following people for helping to bring RRDtool into existence.

Alan Lichty <alan\_lichty with eli.net>

Alan Milligan <alan.milligan@last-bastion.net> Python bindings

Alex van den Bogaerd <alex with ergens.op.het.net> (rrd\_resize.c and more)

Amos Shapira <amos with gezernet.co.il>

Andreas Krooomaa <andre with ml.ee>

Andrew Turner <turner with mint.net> (LAST consolidator)

Aaron Gallagher <\_ with habnab.it> MEDIAN operator

Benny Baumann <benbe with geshi.org> rrd\_dump with callback support

Bernard Fischer <bfischer with syslog.ch> 64bit stuff, --alt-autoscale-max

Bernhard Fischer <rep dot dot dot nop with gmail.com> MMAP rewrite

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## 3.220 run-postinsts 1.0 :r9

### 3.220.1 Available under license :

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## 3.221 sbc 1.3 :r0

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 3.222 screen 4.3.1 :r0

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```
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```

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## 3.225 selinux-init 0.1 :r0

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## 3.226 selinux-labeldev 0.1 :r0

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# 3.227 sepolgen 1.2.3 :r0

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## 3.229 setserial 2.17 :r3

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## 3.230 sfdisk 2.25.2 :r0

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Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos

Disk identifier: <removed>

-----

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos

Disk identifier: <removed>

Device	Boot	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Id	Type
<removed>1		2048	4095	2048	1M	83	Linux

-----

Create 2st primary partition

1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img

Set 2nd partition type

2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbc bsd.img

---layout-----

Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disklabel type: dos  
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device	Boot	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Id	Type
<removed>1		2048	4095	2048	1M	83	Linux
<removed>2		4096	20479	16384	8M	a5	FreeBSD

-----

Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Welcome to fdisk <removed>.  
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders  
Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disklabel type: bsd  
partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-----

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Welcome to fdisk <removed>.

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.

Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders

Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: bsd

partitions: 4

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.

Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0	unused	5	4.1BSD	9	4.4LFS	d	boot
1	swap	6	Eighth Edition	a	unknown	e	ADOS
2	Version 6	7	4.2BSD	b	HPFS	f	HFS
3	Version 7	8	MS-DOS	c	ISO-9660	10	AdvFS
4	System V						

Command (m for help):

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## 3.231 shadow 4.2.1 :r0.1

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## 3.242 sysklogd 1.5.1 :r0

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## 3.247 tar 1.28 :r0

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## 3.257 util-linux 2.27.1 :r0.3

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Initialize empty image

`f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb` bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

`57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9` bsd.img

---layout-----

Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos

Disk identifier: <removed>

-----

Create 1st primary partition

`ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26` bsd.img

---layout-----

Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos

Disk identifier: <removed>

Device	Boot	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Id	Type
<removed>1		2048	4095	2048	1M	83	Linux

-----

Create 2st primary partition

`1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023` bsd.img

Set 2nd partition type

`2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe` bsd.img

---layout-----

Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes



Disklabel type: dos  
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device	Boot	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Id	Type
<removed>1		2048	4095	2048	1M	83	Linux
<removed>2		4096	20479	16384	8M	a5	FreeBSD

-----  
Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Welcome to fdisk <removed>.  
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders  
Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disklabel type: bsd

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-----  
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Welcome to fdisk <removed>.  
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders  
Units: sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disklabel type: bsd

Slice	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	Fsize	Bsize	Cpg
a	4096	6144	2049	1M	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c	4096	20479	16384	8M	unused	0	0	0
d	0	16064	16065	7.9M	unused	0	0	0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):  
-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0	unused	5	4.1BSD	9	4.4LFS	d	boot
1	swap	6	Eighth Edition	a	unknown	e	ADOS
2	Version 6	7	4.2BSD	b	HPFS	f	HFS
3	Version 7	8	MS-DOS	c	ISO-9660	10	AdvFS
4	System V						

Command (m for help):

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\*uganda.txt\*    For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL    by Bram Moolenaar

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## SUMMARY

\*iccf\* \*ICCF\*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see [kcc] below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

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You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see [manual-copyright].

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<maintainer@vim.org>

IV) It is not allowed to remove this license from the distribution of the Vim sources, parts of it or from a modified version. You may use this license for previous Vim releases instead of the license that they came with, at your option.

==== end of license ====

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.
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=====  
Kibaale Children's Centre \*kcc\* \*Kibaale\* \*charity\*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is

also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

\*donate\*

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Furthermore, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is

visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre  
p.o. box 1658  
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: \*iccf-donations\*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy  
10238-168 Street  
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4  
Canada  
Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774  
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:

<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any



country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

[https://www.paypal.com/en\\_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q](https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q)

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

## 3.261 volatile-binds 1.0 :r0

## 3.261.1 Available under license :

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## 3.262 wireshark 2.0.13 :r0

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```
/* <filename>.c
```

```
*
```

```
* Wireshark - Network traffic analyzer
```

```
* By Gerald Combs <gerald@wireshark.org>
```

```
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Sun, 13 Sep 1998 23:05:47 +0200

It was downloaded from <http://www.wireshark.org/download/src/all-versions/>

The Wireshark web site URL is <http://www.wireshark.org/>

Upstream Authors:

Gerald Combs <gerald@wireshark.org> and contributors

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epan/crypt-md5.h:

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\* L. Peter Deutsch  
\* ghost@aladdin.com

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epan/except.h:

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epan/inet\_aton.c:

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epan/inet\_ntop.c:

epan/inet\_pton.c:

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epan/dissectors/packet-etherip.c:

epan/dissectors/packet-ipsec-udp.c:

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epan/dissectors/packet-pflog.h:

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epan/dissectors/packet-vj.c:

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\*

\* Routines to compress and uncompress TCP packets (for transmission

\* over low speed serial lines).

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wiretap/erf.h:

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 Installing Wireshark on FreeBSD/OpenBSD/NetBSD/DragonFly BSD

=====

1. Extra packages required
2. Compiling Wireshark
3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement
4. Running Wireshark as a non-root user

1. Extra packages required

-----

Wireshark requires a number of additional programs to function.  
Install the latest versions of the following programs before compiling:

The easiest way to install these is by using your operating system's ports or packages system. If you prefer to build from source, the programs can be found at the following sites:

glib 2.16 or later:

[ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/](ftp://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/)  
<http://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/>

pkgconfig:

<http://pkgconfig.freedesktop.org/releases/>

python 2.5 or later:

<https://www.python.org/downloads/source/>

If you want to use the Wireshark GUI, install one or both of these toolkits:

gtk+ 2.12 or later:

[ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/gtk+/](ftp://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/gtk+/)  
<http://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/gtk+/>

Qt 4.7 or later:

[http://download.qt-project.org/official\\_releases/qt/](http://download.qt-project.org/official_releases/qt/)

(These programs may require additional dependencies)

Additional programs can be used to enhance Wireshark's functionality. These can be found by typing `./configure --help` or looking at the output at the end of running the configure script.

## 2. Compiling Wireshark

-----  
To compile Wireshark with the default options, run `configure`, `make` and `make install` (you may have to run `autogen.sh` first):

```
./configure
make
make install
```

The `configure` and `make` steps can be run as a non-root user and you can run Wireshark from the compilation directory itself. You must run `make install` as root in order to copy the program to the proper directories.

### 3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement

-----  
In order to capture packets (with Wireshark/TShark, tcpdump, or any other packet capture program) on a BSD system, your kernel must have the Berkeley Packet Filter mechanism enabled. The default kernel configurations in recent versions of BSD systems have this enabled already. To verify the bpf device is present, look in the /dev directory:

```
ls -l /dev/bpf*
```

You should see one or more bpf devices listed similar to this:

```
crw----- 1 root wheel  0, 90 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf0
crw----- 1 root wheel  0, 91 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf1
```

Packet-capturing programs will pick the first bpf device that's not in use. Recent versions of most BSDs will create bpf devices as needed, so you don't have to configure the number of devices that will be available.

### 4. Running wireshark as a non-root user

-----  
Since the bpf devices are read-only by the owner (root), you normally have to run packet capturing programs such as Wireshark as root. It is safer to run programs as a non-root user if possible. To run Wireshark as a non-root user, you must change the permissions on the bpf device(s). If you are the only user that needs to use Wireshark, the easiest way is to change the owner of each bpf device to your username. You can also add the read/write ability to the group (typically wheel) and add users that need to use Wireshark to the wheel group. Check your operating system's documentation on how to make permanent these changes as they are often reset upon reboot; if /dev is implemented with devfs, it might be possible to configure devfs to create all bpf devices owned by a particular user and/or group and with particular permissions. In FreeBSD 6.0 and later this can be done by creating an /etc/devfs.rules file with content such as

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' { mode and permissions }
```

where "mode and permissions" can include clauses such as

```
mode {octal permissions }
```

to set the permissions on the device (e.g., "mode 0660" to set the permissions to rw-rw-r--),

user {user}

to set the user who owns the device, or

group {group}

to set the group that owns the device and adding a line such as

```
devfs_system_ruleset=localrules
```

to /etc/rc.conf. For example, an /etc/devfs.rules file with

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' mode 0660 group wheel
```

will grant read and write permissions on all BPF devices to all users in the "wheel" group.

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#
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http://www.opensync.org/browser/branches/3rd-party-cmake-modules/modules
```

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## 3.263 xinetd 2.3.15 :r2

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# 3.265 xz / gplv2-portions 5.2.2 :r0

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## 3.266 xz / gplv3-portions 5.2.2 :r0

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## 3.267 yajl 2.1.0 :r0

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