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Text Part Number: 78EE117C99-173774262

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1.5 at-spi2-atk 2.14.1 :1.e17

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

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1.8 atlas 3.10.1 :10.e17

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1.10 augeas 1.4.0 :2.el7

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1.11 authconfig 6.2.8 :14.el7

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```
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```

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From speccdt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: speccdt@armory.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from speccdt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from speccdt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

From: John DuBois <speccdt@armory.com>

Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>

"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)

X-Www: <http://www.armory.com/~speccdt/>

X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Re: ksh scripts

Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on <ftp.armory.com>; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

} Subject: ksh scripts

} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995

} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;

```

}      9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: mikel@ora.com
Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP
(8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995
12:07:51 -0400
Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)
id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT
Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT
From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)
Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>
Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]
To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

```

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Bash scripts

Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on >the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let >me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in ~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference

directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use

this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the `@dfn{Lesser} General Public License` because it does `@emph{Less}` to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ```work based on the library``` and a ```work that uses the library```. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end ifinfo

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@item

This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called ``this License"). Each licensee is addressed as ``you".

A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

@item

You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote

it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under

Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@end enumerate

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@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo
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@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries
```

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
@end smallexample
```

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```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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That's all there is to it!
(This file is under construction.) -*- text -*-

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several

processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael

Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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1.15 biosdevname 0.7.2 :1.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

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1.16 boost 1.53.0 :26.e17

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```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE article PUBLIC "-//Boost//DTD BoostBook XML V1.0//EN"
```

```
"http://www.boost.org/tools/boostbook/dtd/boostbook.dtd">
```

```
<article id="copyright_test" last-revision="DEBUG MODE Date: 2000/12/20 12:00:00 $"
```

```
xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude">
```

```
<title>Copyright Test</title>
```

```
<articleinfo>
```

```
<copyright>
```

```
<year>1963</year> <year>1964</year> <year>1965</year> <holder>Jane Doe</holder>
```

```
</copyright>
```

```
<copyright>
```

```
<year>2018</year> <holder>Joe Blow, John Coe</holder>
</copyright>
<copyright>
  <year>1977</year> <year>1985</year> <holder>Someone else</holder>
</copyright>
</articleinfo>
</article>
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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by

Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)

subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.) This package was debianized by Vladimir Prus <ghost@cs.msu.su> on Wed, 17 July 2002, 19:27:00 +0400.

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```
/+\
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1.17 btrfs-progs 4.4.1 :1.el7

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.19 ca-certificates 2015.2.6 :73.el7

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```
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```

```
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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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*
* @(#)bitstring.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 7/19/93
*/

1.30 cryptsetup 1.7.2 :1.e17

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands ``show w'` and ``show c'` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than ``show w'` and ``show c'`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

GNU LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
Version 2, June 1991

Copyright (C) 1991 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is

the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a

table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or

link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license

restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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You should have received a copy of the GNU Library General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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ever read sources, credits must appear in the documentation.

4. This notice may not be removed or altered.

1.32 curl 7.29.0 :35.el7

1.32.1 Available under license :

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

=====

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that GPL[1]-licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the Original BSD license (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an exception[2]. This particular problem was addressed when the Modified BSD license was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl <http://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html>

Uses an MIT (or Modified BSD)-style license that is as liberal as possible. Some of the source files that deal with KRB4 have Original BSD-style announce-clause licenses. You may not distribute binaries with krb4-enabled libcurl that also link with GPL-licensed code!

OpenSSL <http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL's licensing is a problem for you, consider using GnuTLS or yassl instead.

GnuTLS <http://www.gnutls.org/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the LGPL[3] license. If this is

a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL instead. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

yassl <http://www.yassl.com/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL[1] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL or GnuTLS instead.

NSS <http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Is covered by the MPL[4] license, the GPL[1] license and the LGPL[3] license. You may choose to license the code under MPL terms, GPL terms, or LGPL terms. These licenses grant you different permissions and impose different obligations. You should select the license that best meets your needs.

axTLS <http://axtls.sourceforge.net/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

c-ares <http://daniel.haxx.se/projects/c-ares/license.html>

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

krb4

While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any particular license, the one I've tried and used successfully so far (kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

MIT Kerberos <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/>

(May be used for GSS support) MIT licensed, that shouldn't collide with any other parts.

Heimdal <http://www.pdc.kth.se/heimdal/>

(May be used for GSS support) Heimdal is Original BSD licensed with

the announcement clause.

GNU GSS <http://www.gnu.org/software/gss/>

(May be used for GSS support) GNU GSS is GPL licensed. Note that you may not distribute binary curl packages that uses this if you build curl to also link and use any Original BSD licensed libraries!

fbopenssl

(Used for SPNEGO support) Unclear license. Based on its name, I assume that it uses the OpenSSL license and thus shares the same issues as described for OpenSSL above.

libidn <http://josefsson.org/libidn/>

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also include the full LGPL license text. Please properly point out what parts of the distributed package that the license addresses.

OpenLDAP <http://www.openldap.org/software/release/license.html>

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2 <http://www.libssh2.org/>

(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

[1] = GPL - GNU General Public License: <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>

[2] = <http://www.fsf.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs> details on how to write such an exception to the GPL

[3] = LGPL - GNU Lesser General Public License:

<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html>

[4] = MPL - Mozilla Public License:

<http://www.mozilla.org/MPL/>

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1.33 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :21.e17

1.33.1 Available under license :

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Center for Technology Transfer and Enterprise Creation
4615 Forbes Avenue
Suite 302
Pittsburgh, PA 15213
(412) 268-7393, fax: (412) 268-7395
innovation@andrew.cmu.edu

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```

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```

```
 * Tim Martin
```

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 * Rob Earhart
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```
 * Rob Siemborski
```

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```
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```

```
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1.35 dconf 0.22.0 :2.e17

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1.36 desktop-file-utils 0.22 :1.el7

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```
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```

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.37 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :99.el7

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1.38 device-mapper-persistent-data 0.6.3 :1.el7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

* `admin/check-style.sh`, `admin/check-style-common.awk`, `admin/check-style-cpp.awk`, `admin/check-style-shell.awk`: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

```
=====
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1.40 ding-libs 0.6.0 :27.el7

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```
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```
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1.42 dnsmasq 2.76 :2.e17_4.2

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1.44 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :9.e17

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====
-- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

*/

/*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

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#

This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
libraries.

#

In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = \$(SHLIBDIR)

#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile

@echo " MKDIR pic"

@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = \$(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.\$(BSDLIB_VERSION)

BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: \$(BSD_LIB)

```

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;' /$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

```

```

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

```

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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1.45 ebttables 2.0.10 :15.e17

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.46 elfutils 0.166 :2.el7

1.46.1 Available under license :

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```

```
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Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
```

```
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
```

```
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
;ELC
```

```
;;; Compiled by gm@skiddaw on Fri Mar 8 00:17:33 2013
```

```
;;; from file /misc/emacs/bzr/emacs24-merge/lisp/emacs-lisp/copyright.el
```

```
;;; in Emacs version 24.3.1
```

```
;;; with all optimizations.
```

```
;;; This file contains utf-8 non-ASCII characters,
```

;;; and so cannot be loaded into Emacs 22 or earlier.

```
(and (boundp 'emacs-version)
      (< (aref emacs-version (1- (length emacs-version))) ?A)
      (string-lessp emacs-version "23")
      (error ""%s' was compiled for Emacs 23 or later" #$_))
```

.....

```
(byte-code
 "\300\301\302\303\304\305%\210\306\307\310\311\304\301\312\313&\210\306\314\302\315\304\301\312\316\317\
320&
\210\306\321\322\323\304\301\312\324&\210\306\325\326\327\304\301\312\324&\210\306\330\331\332\304\301\3
12\324&\210\306\333\302\334\304\301\312\316\317\335& \210\306\336\337\340\304\301\312\341&\207" [custom-
declare-group copyright nil "Update the copyright notice in current buffer." :group tools custom-declare-variable
copyright-limit 2000 "Don't try to update copyright beyond this position unless interactive.\nA value of nil means to
search whole buffer." :type (choice (integer :tag "Limit") (const :tag "No limit")) copyright-at-end-flag "Non-nil
means to search backwards from the end of the buffer for copyright.\nThis is useful for ChangeLogs." boolean
:version "23.1" copyright-regexp "\\(\\|@copyright{ }\\|\\[Cc]opyright\\s *:?\\s *\\(?:C\\|)?)?\\|\\[Cc]opyright\\s *:?\\s
*\\|\\s *\\(?:[^0-9\\n]*\\s *\\|)?\\|\\([1-9]\\|\\([-0-9, ;/*%#\\n ]\\|\\|s<\\|\\|s>\\|)*[0-9]+\\|)" "What your copyright notice looks
like.\n\nThe second \\( \\) construct must match the years." regexp copyright-names-regexp "" "Regex matching the
names which correspond to the user.\n\nOnly copyright lines where the name matches this regexp will be
updated.\n\nThis allows you to avoid adding years to a copyright notice belonging to\nsomeone else or to a group for
which you do not work." copyright-years-regexp "\\(\\|s *\\|\\|\\([1-9]\\|\\([-0-9, ;/*%#\\n ]\\|\\|s<\\|\\|s>\\|)*[0-9]+\\|)" "Match
additional copyright notice years.\n\nThe second \\( \\) construct must match the years." copyright-year-ranges "Non-
nil if individual consecutive years should be replaced with a range.\n\nFor example: 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 might be
replaced with 2005-2008.\n\nIf you use ranges, you should add an explanatory note in a README file.\n\nThe function
`copyright-fix-years' respects this variable." "24.1" copyright-query 'function "If non-nil, ask user before changing
copyright.\n\nWhen this is `function', only ask when called non-interactively." (choice (const :tag "Do not ask") (const
:tag "Ask unless interactive" function) (other :tag "Ask" t))] 10)
#@60 String representing the current version of the GPL or nil.
(defconst copyright-current-gpl-version "3" (#$ . 2656))
#@75 The function `copyright-update' sets this to nil after updating a buffer.
(defvar copyright-update t (#$ . 2778))
#@39 String representing the current year.
(defvar copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y") (#$ . 2898))
(defalias 'copyright-limit #[nil "\205 \203fZ\207`\\207" [copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag] 2])
(put 'copyright-limit 'byte-optimizer 'byte-compile-inline-expand)
#@69 Re-search forward or backward depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'.
(defalias 'copyright-re-search #[(regexp &optional bound noerror count) "\203\305 \n\fs\207\306 \n\fs\207"
 [copyright-at-end-flag regexp bound noerror count re-search-backward re-search-forward] 5 (#$ . 3189))]
#@70 Return point-min or point-max, depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'.
(defalias 'copyright-start-point #[nil "\203d\207e\207" [copyright-at-end-flag] 1 (#$ . 3479))]
#@65 Return non-nil if point is too far from the edge of the buffer.
(defalias 'copyright-offset-too-large-p #[nil "\205 \203`dZW\207`e\\V\207" [copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag] 3
 (#$ . 3653))]
#@218 Return non-nil if a copyright header suitable for updating is found.
The header must match `copyright-regexp' and `copyright-names-regexp', if set.
```

This function sets the match-data that `copyright-update-year` uses.

```
(defalias 'copyright-find-copyright #[nil "~\210\300 b\210\301\302\303\217\207" [copyright-start-point err (byte-code "\304\305\306 \307\260\n\205\203`nZ\202`n\\\310#\207" [copyright-regexp copyright-names-regexp copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag copyright-re-search "\(\\" "\)\)\([ ]*\n\)\)?.*\(\(?" "\)" t] 6) ((error (message "Can't update copyright: %s" err) nil))] 3 (#$ . 3862))
```

#@175 Possibly adjust the search performed by `copyright-find-copyright'.

If the years continue onto multiple lines that are marked as comments, skips to the end of all the years.

```
(defalias 'copyright-find-end #[nil "\212g\305=\2053\306u\210\307\310w\210\2053\2053\311\312\216\306y\210\313!\205\314\225b*\2053\n\315\313*)\205H\306y\210\316!\210\316\317\320\n"! \210\202\207" [comment-start-skip save-match-data-internal copyright-years-regexp regexp inhibit-changing-match-data 44 1 " nil match-data ((byte-code "\301\302`\207" [save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) looking-at 0 t re-search-forward format "\\(%s\\)" 4 (#$ . 4487))
```

```
(defalias 'copyright-update-year #[(replace noquery) "\305\225b\210\306\210\307\310!\311\225\312Z\311\225{\313\314O\230?\205\247 \204>\315\316\216\317p!\210\212\320\2035\321\322Q\2029\323\324Q!+\205\247\203J\325\326\211\314\311%\207\212\327\314x)\330!\330`f\{ !Z\331\246\305=\203\332`f\333#\334=\204x\332`f\313#\334=\203\335f!\210\202\241\212\336\337\340 \326#\203\217\341\305!\202\220\342)c\210\332`f\343#\344=\203\241\344c\210\314Oc)\207" [copyright-current-year noquery #1=#:wconfig replace size 1 copyright-find-end format-time-string "%Y" 3 2 -2 nil current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1#)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p "Replace copyright year(s) by " " " "Add " " to copyright?" replace-match t "0-9" string-to-number 100 + -1 45 delete-char re-search-backward "[0-9]\(\( *, *\)[0-9]" line-beginning-position match-string ", " -3 39] 6)
```

#@369 Update copyright notice to indicate the current year.

With prefix ARG, replace the years in the notice rather than adding the current year after them. If necessary, and `copyright-current-gpl-version' is set, any copying permissions following the copyright are updated as well.

If non-nil, INTERACTIVEP tells the function to behave as when it's called interactively.

```
(defalias 'copyright-update #[(&optional arg interactivep) "\204 \205\207\n?\206\n\306=\205 \212\214\307\203~\310f`\210\311 b\210\203~\312\313\205@\203<`Z\202@`\\\314#\203~\315\316\317!!\315!W\203~\204v\320 \321\216\317\225b\210\322 \323\216\324p!\210\325\326\327\330\317!\#!,\203~\331\314\211\332\317%\210)\333\300!\210\332*\332\207" [copyright-update interactivep copyright-query noquery arg copyright-current-gpl-version function copyright-find-copyright copyright-update-year copyright-start-point copyright-re-search "the Free Software Foundation[;,n].*either version \(\([0-9]+\)\)\(\(?: of the License\)\)?, or[\n].*any later version" t string-to-number match-string 1 match-data ((byte-code "\301\302`\207" [save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s?" match-string-no-properties replace-match nil make-local-variable copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag save-match-data-internal #1#] 6 (#$ . 6067) "*P\n")
```

#@208 Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.

Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.

If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also independently replaces consecutive years with a range.

```
(defalias 'copyright-fix-years #[nil "\306 \203 \307\224\310\311\224\312\211\211\211\211\211\211\211`#%&\313\225b\210\314
```

```

\210\315\307\225T!#&b\210\316\317#\320#\203\331%\312\223\210\311\224b\210\321\322\311!!`Sf\211\203f
z\323U\204f
\324U\204f\325c\210f\326W\203\207f\327Y\203v\330\202w\331c\210f\211\327Y\203\204\332\202\205\333\|%b
\210\203\320
\324=\203\235\312\211\202\320\203\255\ftU\203\255`\202\320\n\203\314\203\314\nV\203\314b\210
|\210\334\335" c\210%b\210f\%f%"2025"\203\203\376\n\203\376\203\376\nV\203\376b\210
|\210\334\335" c\210"b\210\336\312x\210\214$` |\210\337ed"\210)#\312\211\223\210%\312\211\223.\207\340\34
1!\207" [range-end range-start first-year prev-year year sep copyright-find-copyright 3 make-marker 0 nil 1
copyright-find-end copy-marker re-search-forward "[0-9]+" t string-to-number match-string 32 45 " " 100 50 "19"
"20" 1900 2000 format "-%d" " " fill-region message "No copyright message" last e copystart p s copyright-year-
ranges] 12 (#$ . 7556) nil])
(put 'copyright 'no-self-insert t)
#@558 Insert a copyright by $ORGANIZATION notice at cursor.

```

This is a skeleton command (see `skeleton-insert').
Normally the skeleton text is inserted at point, with nothing "inside".
If there is a highlighted region, the skeleton text is wrapped
around the region text.

A prefix argument ARG says to wrap the skeleton around the next ARG words.
A prefix argument of -1 says to wrap around region, even if not highlighted.
A prefix argument of zero says to wrap around zero words---that is, nothing.
This is a way of overriding the use of a highlighted region.

```

(defalias 'copyright #[( &optional str arg) "\302\303#\207" [str arg skeleton-proxy-new ("Company: " comment-start
"Copyright (C) " `(format-time-string "%Y") " by " (or (getenv "ORGANIZATION") str) '(if (copyright-offset-too-
large-p) (message "Copyright extends beyond `copyright-limit' and won't be updated automatically.")) comment-end
n)] 4 (#$ . 8883) "*P\nP"]])

```

#@122 Update copyright notice for all files in DIRECTORY matching MATCH.

If FIX is non-nil, run `copyright-fix-years' instead.

```

(defalias 'copyright-update-directory #[(directory match &optional fix) "\306\307
\310$\310\211\205E@\311\n!\204=\312\313\n"\210\314\310\315\n!\210*\307\2032\316 \210\2025\317 \210)\320
\210\321p!\210A\211\204
\310*\207" [directory match file --dolist-tail-- enable-local-eval enable-local-variables directory-files t nil file-
directory-p message "Updating file `%s'" :safe find-file copyright-fix-years copyright-update save-buffer kill-buffer
inhibit-read-only fix] 6 (#$ . 9815) "DDirectory: \nMFilenames matching (regexp): ")])
(provide 'copyright)

```

```

;;; copyright.el --- update the copyright notice in current buffer

```

```

;; Copyright (C) 1991-1995, 1998, 2001-2013 Free Software Foundation,
;; Inc.

```

```

;; Author: Daniel Pfeiffer <occitan@esperanto.org>

```

```

;; Keywords: maint, tools

```

```

;; This file is part of GNU Emacs.

```

```

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```

```
::: Commentary:
```

```
:: Allows updating the copyright year and above mentioned GPL version manually
:: or when saving a file.
:: Do (add-hook 'before-save-hook 'copyright-update), or use
:: M-x customize-variable RET before-save-hook RET.
```

```
::: Code:
```

```
(defgroup copyright nil
  "Update the copyright notice in current buffer."
  :group 'tools)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-limit 2000
  "Don't try to update copyright beyond this position unless interactive.
A value of nil means to search whole buffer."
  :group 'copyright
  :type '(choice (integer :tag "Limit")
               (const :tag "No limit")))
```

```
(defcustom copyright-at-end-flag nil
  "Non-nil means to search backwards from the end of the buffer for copyright.
This is useful for ChangeLogs."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'boolean
  :version "23.1")
;;;###autoload(put 'copyright-at-end-flag 'safe-local-variable 'booleanp)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-regexp
  "\\(\\|@copyright{ }\\|\\[Cc]opyright\\|s *:?\\|s *\\(?:C\\|\\)?)?\\|
\\[Cc]opyright\\|s *:?\\|s *\\|\\|
\\|s *\\(?:^[^0-9\\n]*\\|s *\\|\\)?)?\\|
\\|[1-9]\\|[0-9,;/%#\\n\\t]\\|\\|s<\\|\\|s>\\|\\)*[0-9]+\\|)"
  "What your copyright notice looks like.
The second \\( \\) construct must match the years."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'regexp)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-names-regexp ""
  "Regex matching the names which correspond to the user.
  Only copyright lines where the name matches this regexp will be updated.
  This allows you to avoid adding years to a copyright notice belonging to
  someone else or to a group for which you do not work."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'regexp)
```

```
;; The worst that can happen is a malicious regexp that overflows in
;; the regexp matcher, a minor nuisance. It's a pain to be always
;; prompted if you want to put this in a dir-locals.el.
;;;###autoload(put 'copyright-names-regexp 'safe-local-variable 'stringp)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-years-regexp
  "\\(\\s *\\)\\([1-9]\\([-0-9, '/*%#\\n\\t]\\|\\s<\\|\\s>\\))*[0-9]+\\)"
  "Match additional copyright notice years.
  The second \\( \\) construct must match the years."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'regexp)
```

```
;; See "Copyright Notices" in maintain.info.
;; TODO? 'end only for ranges at the end, other for all ranges.
;; Minimum limit on the size of a range?
```

```
(defcustom copyright-year-ranges nil
  "Non-nil if individual consecutive years should be replaced with a range.
  For example: 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 might be replaced with 2005-2008.
  If you use ranges, you should add an explanatory note in a README file.
  The function `copyright-fix-years' respects this variable."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'boolean
  :version "24.1")
```

```
;;;###autoload(put 'copyright-year-ranges 'safe-local-variable 'booleanp)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-query 'function
  "If non-nil, ask user before changing copyright.
  When this is `function', only ask when called non-interactively."
  :group 'copyright
  :type '(choice (const :tag "Do not ask")
                (const :tag "Ask unless interactive" function)
                (other :tag "Ask" t)))
```

```
;; when modifying this, also modify the comment generated by autoinsert.el
(defconst copyright-current-gpl-version "3"
  "String representing the current version of the GPL or nil.")
```

```

(defvar copyright-update t
  "The function `copyright-update' sets this to nil after updating a buffer.")

;; This is a defvar rather than a defconst, because the year can
;; change during the Emacs session.
(defvar copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y")
  "String representing the current year.")

(defsubst copyright-limit ()      ; re-search-forward BOUND
  (and copyright-limit
    (if copyright-at-end-flag
      (- (point) copyright-limit)
      (+ (point) copyright-limit))))

(defun copyright-re-search (regexp &optional bound noerror count)
  "Re-search forward or backward depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'."
  (if copyright-at-end-flag
    (re-search-backward regexp bound noerror count)
    (re-search-forward regexp bound noerror count)))

(defun copyright-start-point ()
  "Return point-min or point-max, depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'."
  (if copyright-at-end-flag
    (point-max)
    (point-min)))

(defun copyright-offset-too-large-p ()
  "Return non-nil if point is too far from the edge of the buffer."
  (when copyright-limit
    (if copyright-at-end-flag
      (< (point) (- (point-max) copyright-limit))
      (> (point) (+ (point-min) copyright-limit)))))

(defun copyright-find-copyright ()
  "Return non-nil if a copyright header suitable for updating is found.
The header must match `copyright-regexp' and `copyright-names-regexp', if set.
This function sets the match-data that `copyright-update-year' uses."
  (widen)
  (goto-char (copyright-start-point))
  (condition-case err
    ;; (1) Need the extra \\( \\) around copyright-regexp because we
    ;; goto (match-end 1) below. See note (2) below.
    (copyright-re-search (concat "\\(" copyright-regexp
      "\\)\\([ \\t]*\\n\\)?.*\\(?:"
      copyright-names-regexp "\\)"))
    (copyright-limit)
    t)
  ;; In case the regexp is rejected. This is useful because

```

```
;; copyright-update is typically called from before-save-hook where
;; such an error is very inconvenient for the user.
```

```
(error (message "Can't update copyright: %s" err) nil)))
```

```
(defun copyright-find-end ()
```

```
  "Possibly adjust the search performed by `copyright-find-copyright'.
```

```
  If the years continue onto multiple lines that are marked as comments,
  skips to the end of all the years."
```

```
  (while (save-excursion
```

```
    (and (eq (following-char) ?,)
```

```
    (progn (forward-char 1) t)
```

```
    (progn (skip-chars-forward " \t") (eolp))
```

```
    comment-start-skip
```

```
    (save-match-data
```

```
      (forward-line 1)
```

```
      (and (looking-at comment-start-skip)
```

```
        (goto-char (match-end 0))))
```

```
    (looking-at-p copyright-years-regexp)))
```

```
  (forward-line 1)
```

```
  (re-search-forward comment-start-skip
```

```
  ;; (2) Need the extra \\( \\) so that the years are subexp 3, as
```

```
  ;; they are at note (1) above.
```

```
  (re-search-forward (format "\\(%s\\)" copyright-years-regexp))))
```

```
(defun copyright-update-year (replace noquery)
```

```
  ;; This uses the match-data from copyright-find-copyright/end.
```

```
  (goto-char (match-end 1))
```

```
  (copyright-find-end)
```

```
  (setq copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y"))
```

```
  (unless (string= (buffer-substring (- (match-end 3) 2) (match-end 3))
```

```
    (substring copyright-current-year -2))
```

```
  (if (or noquery
```

```
    (save-window-excursion
```

```
      (switch-to-buffer (current-buffer))
```

```
      ;; Fixes some point-moving oddness (bug#2209).
```

```
      (save-excursion
```

```
    (y-or-n-p (if replace
```

```
      (concat "Replace copyright year(s) by "
```

```
      copyright-current-year "? ")
```

```
      (concat "Add " copyright-current-year
```

```
      " to copyright? ")"))))
```

```
  (if replace
```

```
    (replace-match copyright-current-year t t nil 3)
```

```
    (let ((size (save-excursion (skip-chars-backward "0-9"))))
```

```
      (if (and (eq (% (- (string-to-number copyright-current-year)
```

```
        (string-to-number (buffer-substring
```

```
        (+ (point) size)
```

```
        (point))))
```



```

100)
1)
  (or (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -1)) ?-)
      (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -2)) ?-)))
;; This is a range so just replace the end part.
(delete-char size)
  ;; Insert a comma with the preferred number of spaces.
  (insert
    (save-excursion
      (if (re-search-backward "[0-9]\\( *, *\\)[0-9]"
        (line-beginning-position) t)
        (match-string 1)
        ", ")))
  ;; If people use the '91 '92 '93 scheme, do that as well.
  (if (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -3)) '?')
      (insert '?'))
  ;; Finally insert the new year.
  (insert (substring copyright-current-year size))))))

;;;###autoload
(defun copyright-update (&optional arg interactive)
  "Update copyright notice to indicate the current year.
With prefix ARG, replace the years in the notice rather than adding
the current year after them. If necessary, and
`copyright-current-gpl-version' is set, any copying permissions
following the copyright are updated as well.
If non-nil, INTERACTIVEP tells the function to behave as when it's called
interactively."
  (interactive "*P\n")
  (when (or copyright-update interactivep)
    (let ((noquery (or (not copyright-query)
                      (and (eq copyright-query 'function) interactivep))))
      (save-excursion
        (save-restriction
          ;; If names-regexp doesn't match, we should not mess with
          ;; the years _or_ the GPL version.
          ;; TODO there may be multiple copyrights we should update.
          (when (copyright-find-copyright)
            (copyright-update-year arg noquery)
            (goto-char (copyright-start-point))
            (and copyright-current-gpl-version
                 ;; Match the GPL version comment in .el files.
                 ;; This is sensitive to line-breaks. :(
                 (copyright-re-search
                  "the Free Software Foundation[,\n].*either version \
\\([0-9]+\\)\\(?: of the License\\)\\)?, or[ \n].*any later version"
                  (copyright-limit) t)
                 ;; Don't update if the file is already using a more recent

```

```

;; version than the "current" one.
(< (string-to-number (match-string 1))
  (string-to-number copyright-current-gpl-version))
(or noquery
  (save-match-data
    (goto-char (match-end 1))
    (save-window-excursion
      (switch-to-buffer (current-buffer))
      (y-or-n-p
        (format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? "
          (match-string-no-properties 1)
          copyright-current-gpl-version))))))
(replace-match copyright-current-gpl-version t t nil 1)))
(set (make-local-variable 'copyright-update) nil))
;; If a write-file-hook returns non-nil, the file is presumed to be written.
nil))

```

;; FIXME heuristic should be within 50 years of present (cf calendar).

;;###autoload

```
(defun copyright-fix-years ()
```

"Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.

Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.

If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also independently replaces consecutive years with a range."

(interactive)

;; TODO there may be multiple copyrights we should fix.

```
(if (copyright-find-copyright)
```

```
  (let ((s (match-beginning 3))
```

```
        (p (make-marker))
```

;; Not line-beg-pos, so we don't mess up leading whitespace.

```
        (copystart (match-beginning 0))
```

```
        e last sep year prev-year first-year range-start range-end)
```

;; In case years are continued over multiple, commented lines.

```
(goto-char (match-end 1))
```

```
(copyright-find-end)
```

```
(setq e (copy-marker (1+ (match-end 3))))
```

```
(goto-char s)
```

```
(while (re-search-forward "[0-9]+" e t)
```

```
  (set-marker p (point))
```

```
  (goto-char (match-beginning 0))
```

```
  (setq year (string-to-number (match-string 0)))
```

```
  (and (setq sep (char-before))
```

```
       (/= (char-syntax sep) ?\s)
```

```
       (/= sep ?-)
```

```
       (insert " "))
```

```
  (when (< year 100)
```

```
    (insert (if (>= year 50) "19" "20"))
```

```

(setq year (+ year (if (>= year 50) 1900 2000))))
(goto-char p)
(when copyright-year-ranges
  ;; If the previous thing was a range, don't try to tack more on.
  ;; Ie not 2000-2005 -> 2000-2005-2007
  ;; TODO should merge into existing range if possible.
  (if (eq sep ?-)
    (setq prev-year nil
          year nil)
      (if (and prev-year (= year (1+ prev-year)))
        (setq range-end (point))
        (when (and first-year prev-year
                  (> prev-year first-year))
          (goto-char range-end)
          (delete-region range-start range-end)
          (insert (format "-%d" prev-year))
          (goto-char p))
        (setq first-year year
              range-start (point))))))
(setq prev-year year
      last p)
(when last
  (when (and copyright-year-ranges
            first-year prev-year
            (> prev-year first-year))
    (goto-char range-end)
    (delete-region range-start range-end)
    (insert (format "-%d" prev-year)))
  (goto-char last)
  ;; Don't mess up whitespace after the years.
  (skip-chars-backward "\t")
  (save-restriction
    (narrow-to-region copystart (point))
    ;; This is clearly wrong, eg what about comment markers?
    ;; (let ((fill-prefix " "))
    ;;   ;; TODO do not break copyright owner over lines.
    ;;   (fill-region (point-min) (point-max))))
  (set-marker e nil)
  (set-marker p nil)
  ;; Simply reformatting the years is not copyrightable, so it does
  ;; not seem right to call this. Also it messes with ranges.
  ;; (copyright-update nil t)
  (message "No copyright message"))

;;;###autoload
(define-skeleton copyright
  "Insert a copyright by $ORGANIZATION notice at cursor."
  "Company: ")

```

```
comment-start
"Copyright (C) " `(format-time-string "%Y") " by "
(or (getenv "ORGANIZATION")
    str)
'(if (copyright-offset-too-large-p)
    (message "Copyright extends beyond `copyright-limit' and won't be updated automatically."))
comment-end \n)
```

```
:: TODO: recurse, exclude COPYING etc.
```

```
::###autoload
```

```
(defun copyright-update-directory (directory match &optional fix)
```

```
"Update copyright notice for all files in DIRECTORY matching MATCH.
```

```
If FIX is non-nil, run `copyright-fix-years' instead."
```

```
(interactive "DDirectory: \nMFilenames matching (regexp): ")
```

```
(dolist (file (directory-files directory t match nil))
```

```
  (unless (file-directory-p file)
```

```
    (message "Updating file `%s'" file)
```

```
    ;; FIXME we should not use find-file+save+kill.
```

```
    (let ((enable-local-variables :safe)
```

```
          (enable-local-eval nil))
```

```
(find-file file))
```

```
  (let ((inhibit-read-only t))
```

```
(if fix
```

```
  (copyright-fix-years)
```

```
  (copyright-update)))
```

```
(save-buffer)
```

```
(kill-buffer (current-buffer))))))
```

```
(provide 'copyright)
```

```
:: For the copyright sign:
```

```
:: Local Variables:
```

```
:: coding: utf-8
```

```
:: End:
```

```
::: copyright.el ends here
```

```
@c The GNU General Public License.
```

```
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007
```

```
@c This file is intended to be included within another document,
```

```
@c hence no sectioning command or @node.
```

```
@display
```

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```
@end display
```

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@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0

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@enumerate a

@item

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

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@end enumerate

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You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

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@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be

on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

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```
@smallexample
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
@end smallexample
```

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| <a href="http://www.unicode.org/sitemap/" class="bar">Site Map</a> |

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    <tr>
        <td valign="top" class="navColCell">
<a href="http://www.unicode.org/policies/policies.html">Unicode
Policies</a></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
        <td valign="top" class="navColCell"></td>
    </tr>
</table>

```

```

<!-- BEGIN CONTENTS -->

```

```

<td>

<blockquote>
  <h1>Unicode Terms of Use</h1>

  <p>For the general privacy policy governing access to this site, see
  the 
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  Unicode Consortium Name and Trademark Usage Policy</a>.</p>

  <table class="sidebar" align="right" width="50%" id="table1">
    <tr>
      <td class="sidebarTitle">Notice to End User: Terms of Use</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td class="sidebar">Carefully read the following legal agreement
      ("Agreement"). Use or copying of the software and/or codes
      provided with this agreement (The "Software") constitutes your
      acceptance of these terms. If you have any questions about these terms of use, please <a
      href="http://www.unicode.org/contacts.html">contact the Unicode Consortium</a>.</td>
    </tr>
  </table>
  <ol type="A">
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<hr width="95%">

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<a title="http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/" onClick="return top.js.OpenExtLink(window,event,this)"
target="_blank" href="http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/">
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<a title="http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/" onClick="return top.js.OpenExtLink(window,event,this)"
target="_blank" href="http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/">
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src="http://www.unicode.org/webscripts/lastModified.js">

</script>

</center>

</div>

</td>

</tr>

</table>

</body>

</html>

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Some terminology:

A "copyright notice" consists of one or a few lines of this format:

"Copyright (C) 2006, 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc."

A "license notice" is a statement of permissions, and is usually much longer, eg the text "GNU Emacs is free software...".

Summary for the impatient:

1. Don't add code to Emacs written by someone other than yourself without thinking about the legal aspect. Even if the changes are trivial, consider if they combine with previous changes by the same author to make a non-trivial total. If so, make sure they have an assignment. If adding a whole file adjust the copyright statements in the file.
2. When installing code written by someone else, the ChangeLog entry should be in the name of the author of the code, not the person who installs it. Also use bzd commit's "--author" option.
Do not install any of your own changes in the same commit.
3. With images, add the legal info to a README file in the directory containing the image.
4. If you add a lot of text to a previously trivial file that had no legal notices, consider if you should add a copyright statement.
5. Please don't just add an FSF copyright without checking that is the right thing to do.

Every non-trivial file distributed through the Emacs repository should be self-explanatory in terms of copyright and license. This includes files that are not distributed in Emacs releases (for example, the admin/ directory), because the whole Emacs repository is publicly available.

The definition of triviality is a little vague, but a rule of thumb is that any file with less than 15 lines of actual content is trivial. If a file is auto-generated (eg ldefs-boot.el) from another one in the repository, then it does not really matter about adding a copyright statement to the generated file.

Legal advice says that we could, if we wished, put a license notice even in trivial files, because copyright law in general looks at the overall work as a whole. It is not *_necessary_* to do so, and rms prefers that we do not. This means one needs to take care that trivial files do not grow and become non-trivial without having a license added. NB consequently, if you add a lot of text to a small file, consider whether your changes have made the file worthy of a copyright notice, and if so, please add one.

It can be helpful to put a reminder comment at the start of a trivial file, eg: "add a license notice if this grows to > 10 lines of code".

The years in the copyright notice should be updated every year (see file "years" in this directory). The PDF versions of refcards etc should display copyright notices (an exception to the rule about "generated" files), but these can just display the latest year. The full list of years should be kept in comments in the source file. If these are distributed in the repository, check in a regenerated version when the tex files are updated.

Copyright changes should be propagated to any associated repositories (eg Gnus, MH-E), but I think in every case this happens automatically (?).

All README (and other such text files) that are non-trivial should contain copyright statements and GPL license notices, exactly as .el files do (see e.g. README in the top-level directory). Before 2007, we used a simple, short statement permitting copying and modification provided legal notices were retained. In Feb 2007 we switched to the standard GPL text, on legal advice. Some older text files in etc/ should, however, keep their current licenses (see below for list).

For image files, the copyright and license details should be recorded in a README file in each directory with images. (Legal advice says that we need not add notices to each image file individually, if they allow for that.). It is recommended to use the word "convert" to describe the automatic process of changing an image from one format to another (<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-02/msg00618.html>).

When installing a file with an "unusual" license (after checking first it is ok), put a copy of the copyright and license in the file (if possible. It's ok if this makes the file incompatible with its original format, if it can still be used by Emacs), or in a README file in the relevant directory.

The vast majority of files are copyright FSF and distributed under the

GPL. A few files (mainly related to language and charset support) are copyright AIST alone, or both AIST and FSF. (Contact Kenichi Handa with questions about legal issues in such files.) In all these cases, the copyright years in each file should be updated each year.

There are some exceptions to the points in the previous paragraph, and these are listed below for reference, together with any files where the copyright needs to be updated in "unusual" ways.

If you find any other such cases, please consult to check they are ok, and note them in this file. This includes missing copyright notices, and "odd" copyright holders. In most cases, individual authors should not appear in copyright statements. Either the copyright has been assigned (check copyright.list) to the FSF (in which case the original author should be removed and the year(s) transferred to the FSF); or else it is possible the file should not be in Emacs at all (please report!).

Note that it seems painfully clear that one cannot rely on commit logs, or even ChangeLogs, for older changes. People often installed changes from others, without recording the true authorship.

[For reference, most of these points were established via email with rms, 2007/1, "Copyright years".

In March 2011, information on some files no longer included was removed. Consult older versions of this document if interested.]

```
lisp/version.el      # emacs-copyright
lib-src/ebrowse.c    # version
lib-src/etags.c      # print_version
lib-src/rcs2log      # Copyright
Cocoa/Emacs.base/Contents/Info.plist
Cocoa/Emacs.base/Contents/Resources/English.lproj/InfoPlist.strings
GNUstep/Emacs.base/Resources/Info-gnustep.plist
`set-copyright' in admin.el will do all the above.

aclocal.m4
configure
m4/*.m4
- copyright FSF, with unlimited permission to copy, distribute and modify

lib/Makefile.in
- copyright FSF, with MIT-like license

build-aux/install-sh
- this file is copyright MIT, which is OK. Leave the copyright alone.
```

etc/refcards/*.tex

also update the \def\year macro for the latest year.

etc/future-bug

- doesn't need a humorless disclaimer, because Karl Fogel says we can consider it part of Emacs, and he has a blander disclaimer for Emacs changes. (email to rgm "[Emacs-commit] emacs/etc future-bug", 2007028)

etc/letter.pbm,letter.xpm

- trivial, no notice needed.

<<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-02/msg00324.html>>

etc/FTP, ORDERS

- trivial (at time of writing), no license needed

etc/GNU, INTERVIEW, LINUX-GNU, MOTIVATION, SERVICE, THE-GNU-PROJECT, WHY-FREE

rms: "These are statements of opinion or testimony. Their licenses should permit verbatim copying only. Please don't change the licenses that they have. They are distributed with Emacs but they are not part of Emacs."

etc/HELLO

standard notices. Just a note that although the file itself is not really copyrightable, in the wider context of it being part of Emacs (and written by those with assignments), a standard notice is fine.

etc/MAILINGLISTS

rms: simple license is fine for this file

leim/CXTERM-DIC/4Corner.tit, ARRAY30.tit, CCDOSPY.tit, ECDICT.tit, ETZY.tit, PY-b5.tit, Punct-b5.tit, Punct.tit, QJ-b5.tit, QJ.tit, SW.tit, TONEPY.tit, ZOZY.tit

- leave the copyrights alone.

leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau-b5.html, CTLau.html, cangjie-table.b5, cangjie-table.cns, pinyin.map, ziranma.cin

- leave the copyright alone.

Note that pinyin.map, ziranma.cin (and hence the generated leim/quail/PY.el, ZIRANMA.el) are under GPLv1 or later.

leim/SKK-DIC/SKK-JISYO.L

ja-dic/ja-dic.el

(the latter is auto-generated from the former). Leave the copyright alone.

lib-src/etags.c

Copyright information is duplicated in etc/ETAGS.README. Update that file too.

Until 2007 etags.c was described as being copyright FSF and Ken Arnold.

After some investigation in Feb 2007, then to the best of our knowledge we believe that the original 1984 Emacs version was based on the version in BSD4.2. See for example this 1985 post from Ken Arnold:

<http://groups.google.com/group/mod.sources/browse_thread/thread/ffe5c55845a640a9>

I have received enough requests for the current source to ctags to post it. Here is the latest version (what will go out with 4.3, modulo any bugs fixed during the beta period). It is the 4.2 ctags with recognition of yacc and lex tags added.

See also a 1984 version of ctags (no copyright) posted to net.sources:

<<http://groups.google.com/group/net.sources/msg/a21b6c21be12a98d>>

Version of etags.c in emacs-16.56 duplicates comment typos.

Accordingly, in Feb 2007 we added a 1984 copyright for the University of California and a revised BSD license. The terms of this require that the full license details be available in binary distributions - hence the file etc/ETAGS.README. The fact that the --version output just says "Copyright <year> FSF" is apparently OK from a legal point of view.

lisp/cedet/semantic/imenu.el

- See <http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2010-03/msg00410.html> in which Eric Ludlam established that the remaining contributions from authors other than himself were negligible.

lisp/play/tetris.el

- no special rules about the copyright. We note here that we believe (2007/1) there is no problem with our use of the name "tetris" or the concept.

rms: "My understanding is that game rules as such are not copyrightable."

<<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-01/msg00960.html>>

rms: Legal advice is that we are ok and need not worry about this.

lisp/net/tramp.el

- there are also copyrights in the body of the file. Update these too.

lplib/

rms (2007/02/17): "lplib is not assigned to the FSF; we don't consider it part of Emacs. [...] Therefore non-FSF copyrights are ok in lplib."

NB don't change the GPL version used for lplib .c and .h files (see

below).

FSF copyrights should only appear in files which have undergone non-trivial cumulative changes from the original versions in the Lucid Widget Library. NB this means that if you make non-trivial changes to a file with no FSF copyright, you should add one. Also, if changes are reverted to the extent that a file becomes basically the same as the original version, the FSF copyright should be removed.

In my (rgm) opinion, as of Feb 2007, all the non-trivial files differ significantly from the original versions, with the exception of `lwlib-Xm.h`. Most of the changes that were made to this file have subsequently been reverted. Therefore I removed the FSF copyright from this file (which is arguably too trivial to merit a notice anyway). I added FSF copyright to the following files which did not have them already: `Makefile.in`, `lwlib-Xaw.c`, `lwlib-int.h` (borderline), `lwlib-utils.c` (borderline), `lwlib.c`, `lwlib.h`.

Copyright years before the advent of public CVS in 2001 were those when I judged (from the CVS logs) that non-trivial amounts of change had taken place. I also adjusted the existing FSF years in `xlwmenu.c`, `xlwmenu.h`, and `xlwmenuP.h` on the same basis.

Note that until Feb 2007, the following files in `lwlib` were lacking notices: `lwlib-int.h`, `lwlib.h`, `lwlib-Xaw.h`, `lwlib-Xlw.h`, `lwlib-utils.h`

The following files did not list a Lucid copyright: `xlwmenu.h`, `xlwmenuP.h`.

To the best of our knowledge, all the code files in `lwlib` were originally part of the Lucid Widget Library, even if they did not say so explicitly. For example, they were all present in Lucid Emacs 19.1 in 1992. The exceptions are the two `Xaw` files, which did not appear till Lucid Emacs 19.9 in 1994. The file `lwlib-Xaw.h` is too trivial to merit a copyright notice, but would presumably have the same one as `lwlib-Xaw.c`. We have been unable to find a true standalone version of LWL, if there was such a thing, to check definitively.

To clarify the situation, in Feb 2007 we added Lucid copyrights and GPL notices to those files lacking either that were non-trivial, namely: `lwlib-int.h`, `lwlib.h`, `xlwmenu.h`, `xlwmenuP.h`. This represents our best understanding of the legal status of these files. We also clarified the notices in `Makefile.in`, which was originally the `Makefile` auto-generated from Lucid's `Imakefile`.

As of Feb 2007, the following files are considered too trivial for notices: `lwlib-Xaw.h`, `lwlib-Xlw.h`, `lwlib-utils.h`.

The version of lwlib/ first installed in Emacs seems to be the same as that used in Lucid Emacs 19.8 (released 6-sep-93); except the two Xaw files, which did not appear till Athena support was added in Lucid Emacs 19.9. In Lucid Emacs 19.1, all files were under GPLv1 or later, but by Lucid Emacs 19.8, lwlib.c and xlwmenu.c had been switched to v2 or later. These are the versions that were first installed in Emacs. So in GNU Emacs, these two files have been under v2 or later since 1994.

It seems that it was the intention of Lucid to use v1 or later (excepting the two files mentioned previously); so this is the license we have used when adding notices to code that did not have notices originally. Although we have the legal right to switch to v2 or later, rms prefers that we do not do so.

doc/*/doclicense.texi

- leave the copyright alone in this imported file.

doc/*/*.texi - All manuals should be under GFDL (but see below), and should include a copy of it, so that they can be distributed separately. faq.texi has a different license, for some reason no-one can remember.

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-04/msg00583.html>

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-04/msg00618.html>

doc/misc/mh-e.texi is dual-licensed (GPL and GFDL) per agreement with FSF (reconfirmed by rms Aug 25 2008). Discussion with licensing@fsf.org starting on Thu, 07 Aug 2003 with subject: "[gnu.org #58812] Changing license of MH-E manual"

msdos/is_exec.c, sigaction.c - these files are copyright DJ Delorie.

Leave the copyrights alone. Leave the Eli Zaretskii copyright in is_exec.c alone. See the msdos/README file for the legal history of these files.

msdos/sed*.inp - These files are copyright FSF and distributed under an MIT-like license.

oldXMenu/

Keep the "copyright.h" method used by X11, rather than moving the licenses into the files. Note that the original X10.h did not use copyright.h, but had an explicit notice, which we retain.

If you make non-trivial changes to a file which does not have an FSF notice, add one and a GPL notice (as per Activate.c). If changes to a

file are reverted such that it becomes essentially the same as the original X11 version, remove the FSF notice and GPL.

Only the files which differ significantly from the original X11 versions should have FSF copyright and GPL notices. At time of writing (Feb 2007), this is: Activate.c, Create.c, Internal.c. I (rgm) established this by diffing the current files against those in X11R1, and when I found significant differences looking in the ChangeLog for the years they originated (the CVS logs are truncated before 1999). I therefore removed the FSF notices (added in 200x) from the other files. There are some borderline cases IMO: AddSel.c, InsSel.c, XMakeAssoc.c, XMenu.h. For these I erred on the side of NOT adding FSF notices.

With regards to whether the files we have changed should have GPL added or not, rms says (2007-02-25, "oldXmenu issues"):

It does not make much difference, because oldXmenu is obsolete except for use in Emacs (and it is not normally used in Emacs any more either).

So, to make things simple, please put our changes under the GPL.

insque.c had no copyright notice until 2005. The version of insque.c added to Emacs 1992-01-27 is essentially the same as insremque.c added to glibc three days later by Roland McGrath, with an FSF copyright and GPL, but no ChangeLog entry:

```
<http://sources.redhat.com/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/~checkout~/libc/misc/insremque.c?\
```

```
rev=1.1&cvsroot=glibc>
```

To the best of his recollection, McGrath (who has a copyright assignment) was the author of this file (email from roland at frob.com to rms, 2007-02-23, "Where did insque.c come from?"). The FSF copyright and GPL in this file are therefore correct as far as we understand it.

Imakefile had no legal info in Feb 2007, but was obviously based on the X11 version (which also had no explicit legal info). As it was unused, I removed it. It would have the same MIT copyright as Makefile.in does now.

src/gmalloc.c

- contains numerous copyrights from the GNU C library. Leave them alone.

src/ndir.h

- see comments below. This file is OK to be released with Emacs 22, but we may want to revisit it afterwards.

** Some notes on resolved issues, for historical information only

etc/TERMS

rms: "surely written either by me or by ESR. (If you can figure out which year, I can probably tell you which.) Either way, we have papers for it." It was present in Emacs-16.56 (15-jul-85). rms: "Then I conclude it was written by me."

lisp/term/README

- had no copyright notice till Feb 2007. ChangeLog.3 suggests it was written by Eric Raymond. When asked by rms on 14 Feb 2007 he said:

I don't remember writing it, but it reads like my prose and I believe I wrote the feature(s) it's describing. So I would have been the likeliest person to write it.

Odds are that I did, but I'm not certain.

Accordingly, FSF copyright was added.

src/unexhp9k800.c

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-02/msg00138.html>

- briefly removed due to legal uncertainty Jan-Mar 2007. The relevant assignment is under "hp9k800" in copyright.list. File was written by John V. Morris at HP, and disclaimed by the author and HP. So this file is public domain.

lisp/progmodes/python.el

Dave Love alerted us to a potential legal problem:

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-pretest-bug/2007-04/msg00459.html>

On consultation with a lawyer, we found there was no problem:

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-05/msg00466.html>

** Issues that are "fixed" for the release of Emacs 22, but we may wish to revisit later in more detail

admin/check-doc-strings

File says it's in the public domain, but that might not make it so.

etc/e/eterm-color.ti

src/ndir.h

On legal advice from Matt Norwood, the following comment was added to these files in Feb/Mar 2007:

The code here is forced by the interface, and is not subject to copyright, constituting the only possible expression of the algorithm in this format.

With the addition of this notice, these files are OK for the upcoming Emacs-22 release. Post-release, we can revisit this issue and possibly add a list of all authors who have changed these files. (details in email from Matt Norwood to rms, 2007/02/03).

src/s/aix3-2.h, hpux8.h, hpux9.h, irix5-0.h, netbsd.h, usg5-4-2.h
[note some of these have since been merged into other files]
- all these (not obviously trivial) files were missing copyrights till Feb 2007, when FSF copyright was added. Matt Norwood advised:

For now, I think the best policy is to assume that we do have assignments from the authors (I recall many of these header files as having been originally written by rms), and to attach an FSF copyright with GPL notice. We can amend this if and when we complete the code audit. Any additions to these files by non-assigned authors are arguably "de minimis" contributions to Emacs: small changes or suggestions to a work that are subsumed in the main authors' copyright in the entire work.

Here is my (rgm) take on the details of the above files:

? irix5-0.h

I would say started non-trivial (1993, jimb, heavily based on irix4-0.h). A few borderline non-tiny changes since.

usg5-4-2.h

started non-trivial, but was heavily based on usg5-4.h, which was and is copyright FSF. only tiny changes since installed.

aix3-2.h, hpux8.h, hpux9.h, netbsd.h

started trivial, grown in tiny changes.

netbsd.h:

Roland McGrath said to rms (2007/02/17): "I don't really remember anything about it. If I put it in without other comment, then probably I wrote it myself."

Someone might want to tweak the copyright years (for dates before 2001) that I used in all these files.

Note: erring on the side of caution, I also added notices to some files I thought might be considered non-trivial (if one includes

comment) in s/
aix4-1.h hpux10.h irix6-5.h
sol2.h

(everything with > 30 non-blank lines, which at least is some kind of system)

*** These are copyright issues that need not be fixed until after Emacs 22 is released (though if they can be fixed before, that is obviously good):

Is it OK to just `bzip remove' a file for legal reasons, or is something more drastic needed? A removed file is still available from the repository, if suitable options are applied. (This issue obviously does not affect a release).

rms: will ask lawyer

Make sure that all files with non-standard copyrights or licenses are noted in this file.

REMOVED etc/gnu.xpm, nt/icons/emacs21.ico, nt/icons/sink.ico
- Restore if find legal info. emacs21.ico is not due to Davenport.
Geoff Voelker checked but could not find a record of where it came from.

etc/images

Image files from GTK, Gnome are under GPLv2 (no "or later"?). RMS will contact image authors in regards to future switch to v3.

etc/TUTORIAL* (translations)

switch to GPL (see english TUTORIAL)

rms: "We can leave the TUTORIAL translations alone until their maintainers update them."

Can adapt short license text from end of GPL translations at:

<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/translations.html>

Only a few sentences around the license notice need changing from previous version.

Done: TUTORIAL.eo

*** These are copyright issues still to be addressed:

None known.

** NOTES ON RELICENSING TO GPLv3

The EMACS_22_BASE branch was changed to GPLv3 (or later) 2007/07/25.

Some notes:

(see <http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-07/msg01431.html>)

1. There are some files in the Emacs tree which are not part of Emacs (eg those included from Gnulib). These are all copyright FSF and (at time of writing) GPL >= 2. rms says may as well leave the licenses of these alone (may import them from Gnulib again). These are:

Gnulib:

- build-aux/compile
- build-aux/config.guess
- build-aux/config.sub
- build-aux/depcomp
- build-aux/missing
- build-aux/move-if-change
- build-aux/snippet/_Noreturn.h
- build-aux/snippet/arg-nonnull.h
- build-aux/snippet/c++defs.h
- build-aux/snippet/warn-on-use.h
- doc/man/texinfo.tex
- lib/*.[ch]
- lib/gnulib.mk
- src/gmalloc.c
- src/termcap.c
- src/tparam.c

Note `_not_` included in the above are `src/regex.{c,h}` (rms: "That forked version is only in Emacs, so definitely relicense that."), and `oldXMenu/insque.c` (rms: "We wrote that specifically for Emacs, so definitely relicense that.").

2. The files that are copyright FSF and AIST, or AIST alone, should be and were updated, ditto the oldXMenu files with FSF copyright, and `msdos/is_exec.c` and `sigaction.c`.

3. `lwlib/`

Files originally in Lucid Widget Library were left alone (excludes `ChangeLog`, etc), ie remain under GPL v1 or later, or v2 or later. (rms: "We may as well leave this alone, since we are never going to change it much.")

4. There are some files where the FSF holds no copyright. These were left alone:

```
leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau-b5.html >= v2
leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau.html >= v2
  (above included in lisp/international/titdic-cnv.el)
leim/MISC-DIC/pinyin.map >= v1
leim/MISC-DIC/ziranma.cin >= v1
leim/SKK-DIC/SKK-JISYO.L >= v2
leim/SKK-DIC/README >= v2
leim/ja-dic/ja-dic.el >= v2
```

5. At time of writing, some non-Emacs icons included from Gnome remain under GPLv2 (no "or later"). See:

```
etc/images/gnus/README
etc/images/mail/README
etc/images/README
nt/icons/README
```

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Why Software Should Be Free

by Richard Stallman

(Version of April 24, 1992)

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Introduction

The existence of software inevitably raises the question of how decisions about its use should be made. For example, suppose one individual who has a copy of a program meets another who would like a copy. It is possible for them to copy the program; who should decide whether this is done? The individuals involved? Or another party, called the "owner"?

Software developers typically consider these questions on the assumption that the criterion for the answer is to maximize developers' profits. The political power of business has led to the government adoption of both this criterion and the answer proposed by the developers: that the program has an owner, typically a corporation associated with its development.

I would like to consider the same question using a different criterion: the prosperity and freedom of the public in general.

This answer cannot be decided by current law--the law should conform to ethics, not the other way around. Nor does current practice decide this question, although it may suggest possible answers. The only way to judge is to see who is helped and who is hurt by recognizing owners of software, why, and how much. In other words, we should perform a cost-benefit analysis on behalf of society as a whole, taking account of individual freedom as well as production of material goods.

In this essay, I will describe the effects of having owners, and show that the results are detrimental. My conclusion is that programmers have the duty to encourage others to share, redistribute, study and improve the software we write: in other words, to write "free" software.(1)

How Owners Justify Their Power

Those who benefit from the current system where programs are property offer two arguments in support of their claims to own programs: the emotional argument and the economic argument.

The emotional argument goes like this: "I put my sweat, my heart, my soul into this program. It comes from *me*, it's *mine*!"

This argument does not require serious refutation. The feeling of

attachment is one that programmers can cultivate when it suits them; it is not inevitable. Consider, for example, how willingly the same programmers usually sign over all rights to a large corporation for a salary; the emotional attachment mysteriously vanishes. By contrast, consider the great artists and artisans of medieval times, who didn't even sign their names to their work. To them, the name of the artist was not important. What mattered was that the work was done--and the purpose it would serve. This view prevailed for hundreds of years.

The economic argument goes like this: "I want to get rich (usually described inaccurately as `making a living'), and if you don't allow me to get rich by programming, then I won't program. Everyone else is like me, so nobody will ever program. And then you'll be stuck with no programs at all!" This threat is usually veiled as friendly advice from the wise.

I'll explain later why this threat is a bluff. First I want to address an implicit assumption that is more visible in another formulation of the argument.

This formulation starts by comparing the social utility of a proprietary program with that of no program, and then concludes that proprietary software development is, on the whole, beneficial, and should be encouraged. The fallacy here is in comparing only two outcomes--proprietary software vs. no software--and assuming there are no other possibilities.

Given a system of intellectual property, software development is usually linked with the existence of an owner who controls the software's use. As long as this linkage exists, we are often faced with the choice of proprietary software or none. However, this linkage is not inherent or inevitable; it is a consequence of the specific social/legal policy decision that we are questioning: the decision to have owners. To formulate the choice as between proprietary software vs. no software is begging the question.

The Argument against Having Owners

The question at hand is, "Should development of software be linked with having owners to restrict the use of it?"

In order to decide this, we have to judge the effect on society of each of those two activities **independently**: the effect of developing the software (regardless of its terms of distribution), and the effect of restricting its use (assuming the software has been developed). If one of these activities is helpful and the other is harmful, we would be better off dropping the linkage and doing only the helpful one.

To put it another way, if restricting the distribution of a program already developed is harmful to society overall, then an ethical software developer will reject the option of doing so.

To determine the effect of restricting sharing, we need to compare the value to society of a restricted (i.e., proprietary) program with that of the same program, available to everyone. This means comparing two possible worlds.

This analysis also addresses the simple counterargument sometimes made that "the benefit to the neighbor of giving him or her a copy of a program is cancelled by the harm done to the owner." This counterargument assumes that the harm and the benefit are equal in magnitude. The analysis involves comparing these magnitudes, and shows that the benefit is much greater.

To elucidate this argument, let's apply it in another area: road construction.

It would be possible to fund the construction of all roads with tolls. This would entail having toll booths at all street corners. Such a system would provide a great incentive to improve roads. It would also have the virtue of causing the users of any given road to pay for that road. However, a toll booth is an artificial obstruction to smooth driving--artificial, because it is not a consequence of how roads or cars work.

Comparing free roads and toll roads by their usefulness, we find that (all else being equal) roads without toll booths are cheaper to construct, cheaper to run, safer, and more efficient to use.⁽²⁾ In a poor country, tolls may make the roads unavailable to many citizens. The roads without toll booths thus offer more benefit to society at less cost; they are preferable for society. Therefore, society should choose to fund roads in another way, not by means of toll booths. Use of roads, once built, should be free.

When the advocates of toll booths propose them as *merely* a way of raising funds, they distort the choice that is available. Toll booths do raise funds, but they do something else as well: in effect, they degrade the road. The toll road is not as good as the free road; giving us more or technically superior roads may not be an improvement if this means substituting toll roads for free roads.

Of course, the construction of a free road does cost money, which the public must somehow pay. However, this does not imply the inevitability of toll booths. We who must in either case pay will get more value for our money by buying a free road.

I am not saying that a toll road is worse than no road at all. That would be true if the toll were so great that hardly anyone used the road--but this is an unlikely policy for a toll collector. However, as long as the toll booths cause significant waste and inconvenience, it is better to raise the funds in a less obstructive fashion.

To apply the same argument to software development, I will now show that having "toll booths" for useful software programs costs society dearly: it makes the programs more expensive to construct, more expensive to distribute, and less satisfying and efficient to use. It will follow that program construction should be encouraged in some other way. Then I will go on to explain other methods of encouraging and (to the extent actually necessary) funding software development.

The Harm Done by Obstructing Software

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Consider for a moment that a program has been developed, and any necessary payments for its development have been made; now society must choose either to make it proprietary or allow free sharing and use. Assume that the existence of the program and its availability is a desirable thing.(3)

Restrictions on the distribution and modification of the program cannot facilitate its use. They can only interfere. So the effect can only be negative. But how much? And what kind?

Three different levels of material harm come from such obstruction:

- * Fewer people use the program.
- * None of the users can adapt or fix the program.
- * Other developers cannot learn from the program, or base new work on it.

Each level of material harm has a concomitant form of psychosocial harm. This refers to the effect that people's decisions have on their subsequent feelings, attitudes and predispositions. These changes in people's ways of thinking will then have a further effect on their relationships with their fellow citizens, and can have material consequences.

The three levels of material harm waste part of the value that the program could contribute, but they cannot reduce it to zero. If they waste nearly all the value of the program, then writing the program harms society by at most the effort that went into writing the program.

Arguably a program that is profitable to sell must provide some net direct material benefit.

However, taking account of the concomitant psychosocial harm, there is no limit to the harm that proprietary software development can do.

Obstructing Use of Programs

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The first level of harm impedes the simple use of a program. A copy of a program has nearly zero marginal cost (and you can pay this cost by doing the work yourself), so in a free market, it would have nearly zero price. A license fee is a significant disincentive to use the program. If a widely-useful program is proprietary, far fewer people will use it.

It is easy to show that the total contribution of a program to society is reduced by assigning an owner to it. Each potential user of the program, faced with the need to pay to use it, may choose to pay, or may forego use of the program. When a user chooses to pay, this is a zero-sum transfer of wealth between two parties. But each time someone chooses to forego use of the program, this harms that person without benefiting anyone. The sum of negative numbers and zeros must be negative.

But this does not reduce the amount of work it takes to *develop* the program. As a result, the efficiency of the whole process, in delivered user satisfaction per hour of work, is reduced.

This reflects a crucial difference between copies of programs and cars, chairs, or sandwiches. There is no copying machine for material objects outside of science fiction. But programs are easy to copy; anyone can produce as many copies as are wanted, with very little effort. This isn't true for material objects because matter is conserved: each new copy has to be built from raw materials in the same way that the first copy was built.

With material objects, a disincentive to use them makes sense, because fewer objects bought means less raw materials and work needed to make them. It's true that there is usually also a startup cost, a development cost, which is spread over the production run. But as long as the marginal cost of production is significant, adding a share of the development cost does not make a qualitative difference. And it does not require restrictions on the freedom of ordinary users.

However, imposing a price on something that would otherwise be free is a qualitative change. A centrally-imposed fee for software distribution becomes a powerful disincentive.

What's more, central production as now practiced is inefficient even as a means of delivering copies of software. This system involves enclosing physical disks or tapes in superfluous packaging, shipping large numbers of them around the world, and storing them for sale. This cost is presented as an expense of doing business; in truth, it is part of the waste caused by having owners.

Damaging Social Cohesion

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Suppose that both you and your neighbor would find it useful to run a certain program. In ethical concern for your neighbor, you should feel that proper handling of the situation will enable both of you to use it. A proposal to permit only one of you to use the program, while restraining the other, is divisive; neither you nor your neighbor should find it acceptable.

Signing a typical software license agreement means betraying your neighbor: "I promise to deprive my neighbor of this program so that I can have a copy for myself." People who make such choices feel internal psychological pressure to justify them, by downgrading the importance of helping one's neighbors--thus public spirit suffers. This is psychosocial harm associated with the material harm of discouraging use of the program.

Many users unconsciously recognize the wrong of refusing to share, so they decide to ignore the licenses and laws, and share programs anyway. But they often feel guilty about doing so. They know that they must break the laws in order to be good neighbors, but they still consider the laws authoritative, and they conclude that being a good neighbor (which they are) is naughty or shameful. That is also a kind of psychosocial harm, but one can escape it by deciding that these licenses and laws have no moral force.

Programmers also suffer psychosocial harm knowing that many users will not be allowed to use their work. This leads to an attitude of cynicism or denial. A programmer may describe enthusiastically the work that he finds technically exciting; then when asked, "Will I be permitted to use it?", his face falls, and he admits the answer is no. To avoid feeling discouraged, he either ignores this fact most of the time or adopts a cynical stance designed to minimize the importance of it.

Since the age of Reagan, the greatest scarcity in the United States is not technical innovation, but rather the willingness to work together for the public good. It makes no sense to encourage the former at the expense of the latter.

=====

The second level of material harm is the inability to adapt programs. The ease of modification of software is one of its great advantages over older technology. But most commercially available software isn't available for modification, even after you buy it. It's available for you to take it or leave it, as a black box--that is all.

A program that you can run consists of a series of numbers whose meaning is obscure. No one, not even a good programmer, can easily change the numbers to make the program do something different.

Programmers normally work with the "source code" for a program, which is written in a programming language such as Fortran or C. It uses names to designate the data being used and the parts of the program, and it represents operations with symbols such as '+' for addition and '-' for subtraction. It is designed to help programmers read and change programs. Here is an example; a program to calculate the distance between two points in a plane:

```
float
distance (p0, p1)
    struct point p0, p1;
{
    float xdist = p1.x - p0.x;
    float ydist = p1.y - p0.y;
    return sqrt (xdist * xdist + ydist * ydist);
}
```

Here is the same program in executable form, on the computer I normally use:

```
1314258944  -232267772  -231844864  1634862
1411907592  -231844736  2159150    1420296208
-234880989  -234879837  -234879966 -232295424
1644167167  -3214848    1090581031 1962942495
572518958  -803143692  1314803317
```

Source code is useful (at least potentially) to every user of a program. But most users are not allowed to have copies of the source code. Usually the source code for a proprietary program is kept secret by the owner, lest anybody else learn something from it. Users receive only the files of incomprehensible numbers that the computer will execute. This means that only the program's owner can change the program.

A friend once told me of working as a programmer in a bank for about

six months, writing a program similar to something that was commercially available. She believed that if she could have gotten source code for that commercially available program, it could easily have been adapted to their needs. The bank was willing to pay for this, but was not permitted to--the source code was a secret. So she had to do six months of make-work, work that counts in the GNP but was actually waste.

The MIT Artificial Intelligence lab (AI lab) received a graphics printer as a gift from Xerox around 1977. It was run by free software to which we added many convenient features. For example, the software would notify a user immediately on completion of a print job. Whenever the printer had trouble, such as a paper jam or running out of paper, the software would immediately notify all users who had print jobs queued. These features facilitated smooth operation.

Later Xerox gave the AI lab a newer, faster printer, one of the first laser printers. It was driven by proprietary software that ran in a separate dedicated computer, so we couldn't add any of our favorite features. We could arrange to send a notification when a print job was sent to the dedicated computer, but not when the job was actually printed (and the delay was usually considerable). There was no way to find out when the job was actually printed; you could only guess. And no one was informed when there was a paper jam, so the printer often went for an hour without being fixed.

The system programmers at the AI lab were capable of fixing such problems, probably as capable as the original authors of the program. Xerox was uninterested in fixing them, and chose to prevent us, so we were forced to accept the problems. They were never fixed.

Most good programmers have experienced this frustration. The bank could afford to solve the problem by writing a new program from scratch, but a typical user, no matter how skilled, can only give up.

Giving up causes psychosocial harm--to the spirit of self-reliance. It is demoralizing to live in a house that you cannot rearrange to suit your needs. It leads to resignation and discouragement, which can spread to affect other aspects of one's life. People who feel this way are unhappy and do not do good work.

Imagine what it would be like if recipes were hoarded in the same fashion as software. You might say, "How do I change this recipe to take out the salt?", and the great chef would respond, "How dare you insult my recipe, the child of my brain and my palate, by trying to tamper with it? You don't have the judgment to change my recipe and make it work right!"

"But my doctor says I'm not supposed to eat salt! What can I do?"

Will you take out the salt for me?"

"I would be glad to do that; my fee is only \$50,000." Since the owner has a monopoly on changes, the fee tends to be large. "However, right now I don't have time. I am busy with a commission to design a new recipe for ship's biscuit for the Navy Department. I might get around to you in about two years."

Obstructing Software Development

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The third level of material harm affects software development. Software development used to be an evolutionary process, where a person would take an existing program and rewrite parts of it for one new feature, and then another person would rewrite parts to add another feature; in some cases, this continued over a period of twenty years. Meanwhile, parts of the program would be "cannibalized" to form the beginnings of other programs.

The existence of owners prevents this kind of evolution, making it necessary to start from scratch when developing a program. It also prevents new practitioners from studying existing programs to learn useful techniques or even how large programs can be structured.

Owners also obstruct education. I have met bright students in computer science who have never seen the source code of a large program. They may be good at writing small programs, but they can't begin to learn the different skills of writing large ones if they can't see how others have done it.

In any intellectual field, one can reach greater heights by standing on the shoulders of others. But that is no longer generally allowed in the software field--you can only stand on the shoulders of the other people *in your own company*.

The associated psychosocial harm affects the spirit of scientific cooperation, which used to be so strong that scientists would cooperate even when their countries were at war. In this spirit, Japanese oceanographers abandoning their lab on an island in the Pacific carefully preserved their work for the invading U.S. Marines, and left a note asking them to take good care of it.

Conflict for profit has destroyed what international conflict spared. Nowadays scientists in many fields don't publish enough in their papers to enable others to replicate the experiment. They publish only enough to let readers marvel at how much they were able to do. This is certainly true in computer science, where the source code for the programs reported on is usually secret.

It Does Not Matter How Sharing Is Restricted

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I have been discussing the effects of preventing people from copying, changing and building on a program. I have not specified how this obstruction is carried out, because that doesn't affect the conclusion. Whether it is done by copy protection, or copyright, or licenses, or encryption, or ROM cards, or hardware serial numbers, if it *succeeds* in preventing use, it does harm.

Users do consider some of these methods more obnoxious than others. I suggest that the methods most hated are those that accomplish their objective.

Software Should be Free

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I have shown how ownership of a program--the power to restrict changing or copying it--is obstructive. Its negative effects are widespread and important. It follows that society shouldn't have owners for programs.

Another way to understand this is that what society needs is free software, and proprietary software is a poor substitute. Encouraging the substitute is not a rational way to get what we need.

Vaclav Havel has advised us to "Work for something because it is good, not just because it stands a chance to succeed." A business making proprietary software stands a chance of success in its own narrow terms, but it is not what is good for society.

Why People Will Develop Software

If we eliminate intellectual property as a means of encouraging people to develop software, at first less software will be developed, but that software will be more useful. It is not clear whether the overall delivered user satisfaction will be less; but if it is, or if we wish to increase it anyway, there are other ways to encourage development, just as there are ways besides toll booths to raise money for streets. Before I talk about how that can be done, first I want to question how much artificial encouragement is truly necessary.

Programming is Fun

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There are some lines of work that few will enter except for money;

road construction, for example. There are other fields of study and art in which there is little chance to become rich, which people enter for their fascination or their perceived value to society. Examples include mathematical logic, classical music, and archaeology; and political organizing among working people. People compete, more sadly than bitterly, for the few funded positions available, none of which is funded very well. They may even pay for the chance to work in the field, if they can afford to.

Such a field can transform itself overnight if it begins to offer the possibility of getting rich. When one worker gets rich, others demand the same opportunity. Soon all may demand large sums of money for doing what they used to do for pleasure. When another couple of years go by, everyone connected with the field will deride the idea that work would be done in the field without large financial returns. They will advise social planners to ensure that these returns are possible, prescribing special privileges, powers and monopolies as necessary to do so.

This change happened in the field of computer programming in the past decade. Fifteen years ago, there were articles on "computer addiction": users were "onlining" and had hundred-dollar-a-week habits. It was generally understood that people frequently loved programming enough to break up their marriages. Today, it is generally understood that no one would program except for a high rate of pay. People have forgotten what they knew fifteen years ago.

When it is true at a given time that most people will work in a certain field only for high pay, it need not remain true. The dynamic of change can run in reverse, if society provides an impetus. If we take away the possibility of great wealth, then after a while, when the people have readjusted their attitudes, they will once again be eager to work in the field for the joy of accomplishment.

The question, "How can we pay programmers?", becomes an easier question when we realize that it's not a matter of paying them a fortune. A mere living is easier to raise.

Funding Free Software

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Institutions that pay programmers do not have to be software houses. Many other institutions already exist which can do this.

Hardware manufacturers find it essential to support software development even if they cannot control the use of the software. In 1970, much of their software was free because they did not consider restricting it. Today, their increasing willingness to join consortiums shows their realization that owning the software is not

what is really important for them.

Universities conduct many programming projects. Today, they often sell the results, but in the 1970s, they did not. Is there any doubt that universities would develop free software if they were not allowed to sell software? These projects could be supported by the same government contracts and grants which now support proprietary software development.

It is common today for university researchers to get grants to develop a system, develop it nearly to the point of completion and call that "finished", and then start companies where they really finish the project and make it usable. Sometimes they declare the unfinished version "free"; if they are thoroughly corrupt, they instead get an exclusive license from the university. This is not a secret; it is openly admitted by everyone concerned. Yet if the researchers were not exposed to the temptation to do these things, they would still do their research.

Programmers writing free software can make their living by selling services related to the software. I have been hired to port the GNU C compiler to new hardware, and to make user-interface extensions to GNU Emacs. (I offer these improvements to the public once they are done.) I also teach classes for which I am paid.

I am not alone in working this way; there is now a successful, growing corporation which does no other kind of work. Several other companies also provide commercial support for the free software of the GNU system. This is the beginning of the independent software support industry-an industry that could become quite large if free software becomes prevalent. It provides users with an option generally unavailable for proprietary software, except to the very wealthy.

New institutions such as the Free Software Foundation can also fund programmers. Most of the foundation's funds come from users buying tapes through the mail. The software on the tapes is free, which means that every user has the freedom to copy it and change it, but many nonetheless pay to get copies. (Recall that "free software" refers to freedom, not to price.) Some users order tapes who already have a copy, as a way of making a contribution they feel we deserve. The Foundation also receives sizable donations from computer manufacturers.

The Free Software Foundation is a charity, and its income is spent on hiring as many programmers as possible. If it had been set up as a business, distributing the same free software to the public for the same fee, it would now provide a very good living for its founder.

Because the Foundation is a charity, programmers often work for the

Foundation for half of what they could make elsewhere. They do this because we are free of bureaucracy, and because they feel satisfaction in knowing that their work will not be obstructed from use. Most of all, they do it because programming is fun. In addition, volunteers have written many useful programs for us. (Recently even technical writers have begun to volunteer.)

This confirms that programming is among the most fascinating of all fields, along with music and art. We don't have to fear that no one will want to program.

What Do Users Owe to Developers?

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There is a good reason for users of software to feel a moral obligation to contribute to its support. Developers of free software are contributing to the users' activities, and it is both fair and in the long term interest of the users to give them funds to continue.

However, this does not apply to proprietary software developers, since obstructionism deserves a punishment rather than a reward.

We thus have a paradox: the developer of useful software is entitled to the support of the users, but any attempt to turn this moral obligation into a requirement destroys the basis for the obligation. A developer can either deserve a reward or demand it, but not both.

I believe that an ethical developer faced with this paradox must act so as to deserve the reward, but should also entreat the users for voluntary donations. Eventually the users will learn to support developers without coercion, just as they have learned to support public radio and television stations.

What Is Software Productivity?

If software were free, there would still be programmers, but perhaps fewer of them. Would this be bad for society?

Not necessarily. Today the advanced nations have fewer farmers than in 1900, but we do not think this is bad for society, because the few deliver more food to the consumers than the many used to do. We call this improved productivity. Free software would require far fewer programmers to satisfy the demand, because of increased software productivity at all levels:

* Wider use of each program that is developed.

* The ability to adapt existing programs for customization instead of starting from scratch.

* Better education of programmers.

* The elimination of duplicate development effort.

Those who object to cooperation because it would result in the employment of fewer programmers, are actually objecting to increased productivity. Yet these people usually accept the widely-held belief that the software industry needs increased productivity. How is this?

"Software productivity" can mean two different things: the overall productivity of all software development, or the productivity of individual projects. Overall productivity is what society would like to improve, and the most straightforward way to do this is to eliminate the artificial obstacles to cooperation which reduce it. But researchers who study the field of "software productivity" focus only on the second, limited, sense of the term, where improvement requires difficult technological advances.

Is Competition Inevitable?

Is it inevitable that people will try to compete, to surpass their rivals in society? Perhaps it is. But competition itself is not harmful; the harmful thing is *combat*.

There are many ways to compete. Competition can consist of trying to achieve ever more, to outdo what others have done. For example, in the old days, there was competition among programming wizards--competition for who could make the computer do the most amazing thing, or for who could make the shortest or fastest program for a given task. This kind of competition can benefit everyone, *as long as* the spirit of good sportsmanship is maintained.

Constructive competition is enough competition to motivate people to great efforts. A number of people are competing to be the first to have visited all the countries on Earth; some even spend fortunes trying to do this. But they do not bribe ship captains to strand their rivals on desert islands. They are content to let the best person win.

Competition becomes combat when the competitors begin trying to impede each other instead of advancing themselves--when "Let the best person win" gives way to "Let me win, best or not." Proprietary software is harmful, not because it is a form of competition, but because it is a form of combat among the citizens of our society.

Competition in business is not necessarily combat. For example, when two grocery stores compete, their entire effort is to improve their own operations, not to sabotage the rival. But this does not demonstrate a special commitment to business ethics; rather, there is little scope for combat in this line of business short of physical violence. Not all areas of business share this characteristic. Withholding information that could help everyone advance is a form of combat.

Business ideology does not prepare people to resist the temptation to combat the competition. Some forms of combat have been made banned with anti-trust laws, truth in advertising laws, and so on, but rather than generalizing this to a principled rejection of combat in general, executives invent other forms of combat which are not specifically prohibited. Society's resources are squandered on the economic equivalent of factional civil war.

"Why Don't You Move to Russia?"

In the United States, any advocate of other than the most extreme form of laissez-faire selfishness has often heard this accusation. For example, it is leveled against the supporters of a national health care system, such as is found in all the other industrialized nations of the free world. It is leveled against the advocates of public support for the arts, also universal in advanced nations. The idea that citizens have any obligation to the public good is identified in America with Communism. But how similar are these ideas?

Communism as was practiced in the Soviet Union was a system of central control where all activity was regimented, supposedly for the common good, but actually for the sake of the members of the Communist party. And where copying equipment was closely guarded to prevent illegal copying.

The American system of intellectual property exercises central control over distribution of a program, and guards copying equipment with automatic copying protection schemes to prevent illegal copying.

By contrast, I am working to build a system where people are free to decide their own actions; in particular, free to help their neighbors, and free to alter and improve the tools which they use in their daily lives. A system based on voluntary cooperation, and decentralization.

Thus, if we are to judge views by their resemblance to Russian Communism, it is the software owners who are the Communists.

The Question of Premises

I make the assumption in this paper that a user of software is no less important than an author, or even an author's employer. In other words, their interests and needs have equal weight, when we decide which course of action is best.

This premise is not universally accepted. Many maintain that an author's employer is fundamentally more important than anyone else. They say, for example, that the purpose of having owners of software is to give the author's employer the advantage he deserves--regardless of how this may affect the public.

It is no use trying to prove or disprove these premises. Proof requires shared premises. So most of what I have to say is addressed only to those who share the premises I use, or at least are interested in what their consequences are. For those who believe that the owners are more important than everyone else, this paper is simply irrelevant.

But why would a large number of Americans accept a premise which elevates certain people in importance above everyone else? Partly because of the belief that this premise is part of the legal traditions of American society. Some people feel that doubting the premise means challenging the basis of society.

It is important for these people to know that this premise is not part of our legal tradition. It never has been.

Thus, the Constitution says that the purpose of copyright is to "promote the progress of science and the useful arts." The Supreme Court has elaborated on this, stating in 'Fox Film vs. Doyal' that "The sole interest of the United States and the primary object in conferring the [copyright] monopoly lie in the general benefits derived by the public from the labors of authors."

We are not required to agree with the Constitution or the Supreme Court. (At one time, they both condoned slavery.) So their positions do not disprove the owner supremacy premise. But I hope that the awareness that this is a radical right-wing assumption rather than a traditionally recognized one will weaken its appeal.

Conclusion

We like to think that our society encourages helping your neighbor; but each time we reward someone for obstructionism, or admire them for the wealth they have gained in this way, we are sending the opposite message.

Software hoarding is one form of our general willingness to disregard the welfare of society for personal gain. We can trace this disregard from Ronald Reagan to Jim Bakker, from Ivan Boesky to Exxon, from failing banks to failing schools. We can measure it with the size of the homeless population and the prison population. The antisocial spirit feeds on itself, because the more we see that other people will not help us, the more it seems futile to help them. Thus society decays into a jungle.

If we don't want to live in a jungle, we must change our attitudes. We must start sending the message that a good citizen is one who cooperates when appropriate, not one who is successful at taking from others. I hope that the free software movement will contribute to this: at least in one area, we will replace the jungle with a more efficient system which encourages and runs on voluntary cooperation.

----- Footnotes -----

(1) The word "free" in "free software" refers to freedom, not to price; the price paid for a copy of a free program may be zero, or small, or (rarely) quite large.

(2) The issues of pollution and traffic congestion do not alter this conclusion. If we wish to make driving more expensive to discourage driving in general, it is disadvantageous to do this using toll booths, which contribute to both pollution and congestion. A tax on gasoline is much better. Likewise, a desire to enhance safety by limiting maximum speed is not relevant; a free access road enhances the average speed by avoiding stops and delays, for any given speed limit.

(3) One might regard a particular computer program as a harmful thing that should not be available at all, like the Lotus Marketplace database of personal information, which was withdrawn from sale due to public disapproval. Most of what I say does not apply to this case, but it makes little sense to argue for having an owner on the grounds that the owner will make the program less available. The owner will not make it **completely** unavailable, as one would wish in the case of a program whose use is considered destructive.

1.48 ethtool 4.5 :3.e17

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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
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1.54 fipscheck 1.4.1

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1.61 fuse 2.9.2 :7.e17

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1.63 gawk 4.0.2

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1.64 gcc 4.8.5 :11.el7

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.

Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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```
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@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
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@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
@c man begin SEEALSO
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@c man end
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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library'' must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally

accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

@item

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@end ifinfo

@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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Version 2.1, February 1999

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making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
```

```
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
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```

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@c man end

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Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to

permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for

writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you

distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a

work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that

uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining

where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

8. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

9. You are not required to accept this License, since you have not signed it. However, nothing else grants you permission to modify or distribute the Library or its derivative works. These actions are prohibited by law if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or distributing the Library (or any work based on the Library), you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so, and all its terms and conditions for copying, distributing or modifying the Library or works based on it.

10. Each time you redistribute the Library (or any work based on the Library), the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensor to copy, distribute, link with or modify the Library subject to these terms and conditions. You may not impose any further restrictions on the recipients' exercise of the rights granted herein. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties to this License.

11. If, as a consequence of a court judgment or allegation of patent infringement or for any other reason (not limited to patent issues), conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot distribute so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not distribute the Library at all. For example, if a patent license would not permit royalty-free redistribution of the Library by all those who receive copies directly or indirectly through you, then the only way you could satisfy both it and this License would be to refrain entirely from distribution of the Library.

If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

It is not the purpose of this section to induce you to infringe any patents or other property right claims or to contest validity of any such claims; this section has the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the free software distribution system which is

implemented by public license practices. Many people have made generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

12. If the distribution and/or use of the Library is restricted in certain countries either by patents or by copyrighted interfaces, the original copyright holder who places the Library under this License may add an explicit geographical distribution limitation excluding those countries, so that distribution is permitted only in or among countries not thus excluded. In such case, this License incorporates the limitation as if written in the body of this License.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Library General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Library General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU Library General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]
@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge

for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General

Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

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Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1

above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library

with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@item

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@enumerate a

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@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

@end enumerate

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@end enumerate

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
@end smallexample
```

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```
@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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```
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Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.66 gdbm 1.10 :8.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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@page

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@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

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```
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@end smallexample
```

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```
@example
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end example
```

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@cindex LGPL, GNU Lesser General Public License
@cindex License, GNU LGPL
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

```
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glennrp at users.sourceforge.net
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1.71 ghostscript-fonts 5.50 :32.el7

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Date: Mon, 21 Jul 2008 11:43:35 -0600

From: Kevin Hartig <kevin.hartig@gmail.com>

To: "Tom \"spot\" Callaway" <tcallawa@redhat.com>

Subject: Re: Licensing question

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-kevin.

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>

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>

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>

> hartig@fsl.noaa.gov

> khartig@nyx.cs.du.edu

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>

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1.72 giflib 4.1.6 :9.el7

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1.73 git 1.8.3.1 :6.el7_2.1

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```
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1.74 glib-networking 2.42.0 :1.e17

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1.75 glib2 2.46.2 :4.e17

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Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative

work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the

Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.76 glibc 2.17 :157.e17_3.1

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or

collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the

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When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood

that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.78 gnome-icon-theme 3.12.0 :1.e17

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Constant-time SSSE3 AES core implementation.

version 0.1

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By Mike Hamburg (Stanford University), 2009

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For details see http://shiftleft.org/papers/vector_aes/ and

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1.81 gobject-introspection 1.42.0 :1.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data

structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use

this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object

file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

```
@iftex
@section TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo
```

```
@enumerate 0
@item Definitions.
```

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@enumerate a

@item

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

@item

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released

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You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

@enumerate a

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you

offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

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1.86 grep 2.20 :2.e17

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- . The file `src/libs/snprintf/snprintf.c', written by Mark Martinec <mark.martinec@ijs.si>.

Please look into snprintf.c for the copyright message.

The complete snprintf package together with documentation is available from

<http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/> .

- . The `gm' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com> and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part of the original Berkeley ditroff distribution, without AT&T code, and are in the public domain.

The original package can be found at

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```
src/preproc/gm/gprint.h
src/preproc/gm/hdb.cpp
src/preproc/gm/hgraph.cpp
src/preproc/gm/hpoint.cpp
src/preproc/gm/main.cpp
```

- . The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program and thus has the X license.

```
src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
src/devices/xditview/FontMap
src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
src/devices/xditview/ad2c
src/devices/xditview/device.c
src/devices/xditview/device.h
src/devices/xditview/draw.c
src/devices/xditview/font.c
src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
```

src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c

src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h

src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c

Macro Packages

. The -mdoc macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man

. The -me macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man
doc/meintro.me
doc/meref.me

Hyphenation Patterns

. The file `tmac/hyphen.us' is identical to the file `hyphen.tex', part of the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found at

<ftp://labrea.stanford.edu/pub/tex/dist/lib/hyphen.tex> .

It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available

under the filenames ``hyphen.<language>'`, e.g. ``hyphen.de'` or ``hyphen.uk'`.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.fr'` contains the same patterns as the file ``frhyph.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.sv'` is identical to the file ``svhyph.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The files ``tmac/hyphen.det'` and ``tmac/hyphen.den'` contain the same patterns as the files ``dehyphn.tex'` and ``dehypht.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

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. The file ``tmac/hyphenex.det'` is identical to the file ``dehyphtex.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.cs'` contains the same patterns as the file ``czhyphen.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found in the archive

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.94 gtk3 3.14.13 :20.e17

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```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" lang="en" xml:lang="en"><head><!--
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X
    This file is generated from xml source: DO NOT EDIT
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X
    -->
<title>The Apache License, Version 2.0 - Apache HTTP Server</title>
<link href="/style/css/manual.css" rel="stylesheet" media="all" type="text/css" title="Main stylesheet" />
<link href="/style/css/manual-loose-100pc.css" rel="alternate stylesheet" media="all" type="text/css" title="No
Sidebar - Default font size" />
<link href="/style/css/manual-print.css" rel="stylesheet" media="print" type="text/css" /><link rel="stylesheet"
type="text/css" href="/style/css/prettify.css" />
<script src="/style/scripts/prettify.js" type="text/javascript">
</script>

<link href="/images/favicon.ico" rel="shortcut icon" /></head>
<body id="manual-page" class="no-sidebar"><div id="page-header">
<p class="menu"><a href="/mod/">Modules</a> | <a href="/mod/directives.html">Directives</a> | <a
href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a> | <a
href="/sitemap.html">Sitemap</a></p>
<p class="apache">Apache HTTP Server Version 2.4</p>
</div>
<div class="up"><a href="/"></a></div>
<div id="path">
<a href="http://www.apache.org">Apache</a> > <a href="http://httpd.apache.org">HTTP Server</a> > <a
href="http://httpd.apache.org/docs/">Documentation</a> > <a href="/">Version 2.4</a></div><div id="page-
content"><div id="preamble"><h1>The Apache License, Version 2.0</h1>
<div class="topleng">
<p><span>Available Languages: </span><a href="/en/license.html" title="English">&nbsp;en&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;</a></p>
</div>
```

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```
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</div>

</div>

```
<div class="bottomlang">
```

```
<p><span>Available Languages: </span><a href="/en/license.html" title="English">&nbsp;en&nbsp;</a></p>
```

```
</div><div class="top"><a href="#page-header"></a></div><div
```

```
class="section"><h2><a id="comments_section" name="comments_section">Comments</a></h2><div
```

```
class="warning"><strong>Notice:</strong><br />This is not a Q&A section. Comments placed here should be pointed towards suggestions on improving the documentation or server, and may be removed again by our moderators if they are either implemented or considered invalid/off-topic. Questions on how to manage the Apache HTTP Server should be directed at either our IRC channel, #httpd, on Freenode, or sent to our <a href="http://httpd.apache.org/lists.html">mailing lists</a></div>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript"><!--><![CDATA[//><!--
```

```
var comments_shortcode = 'httpd';
```

```
var comments_identifier = 'http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/license.html';
```

```
(function(w, d) {
```

```
  if (w.location.hostname.toLowerCase() == "httpd.apache.org") {
```

```
    d.write('<div id="comments_thread"></div>');
```

```
    var s = d.createElement('script');
```

```
    s.type = 'text/javascript';
```

```
    s.async = true;
```

```
    s.src = 'https://comments.apache.org/show_comments.lua?site=' + comments_shortcode + '&page=' +
```

```
comments_identifier;
```

```
    (d.getElementsByTagName('head')[0] || d.getElementsByTagName('body')[0]).appendChild(s);
```

```
  }
```

```
  else {
```

```
    d.write('<div id="comments_thread">Comments are disabled for this page at the moment.</div>');
```

```
  }
```

```
})(window, document);
```

```
//><![></script></div><div id="footer">
```

```
<p class="apache">Copyright 2013 The Apache Software Foundation.<br />Licensed under the <a href="http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0">Apache License, Version 2.0</a></p>
```

```
<p class="menu"><a href="/mod/">Modules</a> | <a href="/mod/directives.html">Directives</a> | <a href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a> | <a href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a> | <a href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a> | <a href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a>
```



```
href="/sitemap.html">Sitemap</a></p></div><script type="text/javascript"><!--<!--><![CDATA[</><!--<!--
if (typeof(prettyPrint) !== 'undefined') {
  prettyPrint();
}
--><![></script>
</body></html>
# GENERATED FROM XML -- DO NOT EDIT
```

URI: license.html.en
Content-Language: en
Content-type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1
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```
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 *
 */

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```

/*****
* NCSA HTTPd Server
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* National Center for Supercomputing Applications
* University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
* 605 E. Springfield, Champaign, IL 61820
* httpd@ncsa.uiuc.edu
*
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*
*****/
*
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*
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Written by Adam Twiss (adam@zeus.co.uk). March 1996

Thanks to the following people for their input:

Mike Belshe (mbelshe@netscape.com)
Michael Campanella (campanella@stevms.enet.dec.com)

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```
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.118 json-c 0.11 :4.e17_0

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1.119 json-glib 1.0.2 :1.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
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1.120 kbd 1.15.5 :12.el7

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spawn_console.c spawn_login.c
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1.121 kernel 3.10.0 :693.11.6.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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```

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
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*

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 * Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
 *
 * M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
 *
 *
 */

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```
#ifndef __LICENSE_H
#define __LICENSE_H
```

```
static inline int license_is_gpl_compatible(const char *license)
{
```

```
return (strcmp(license, "GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "GPL v2") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "GPL and additional rights") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual BSD/GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual MIT/GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual MPL/GPL") == 0);
}
```

#endif

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Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>
Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holz <kju@debian.org>
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>
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Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>
...and all the other dbox2 people
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>
for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq_dvb@lidskialf.net>
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>
for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>
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Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the
TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

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Andreas 'randy' Weinberger
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

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for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>
for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>
for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@m1k.net>
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>
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Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>

for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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1.124 kmod 20 :9.e17

1.124.1 Available under license :

LGPL

LGPL

LGPL

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```

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1.125 krb5 1.14.1 :27.el7_3

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cmd/krb5/iproplib/iproplib_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/iproplib_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech_gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech_spnego_mech.c
```


lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
lib/libgss/g_glue.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_initialize.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_context.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_names.c
lib/libgss/g_process_context.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_name.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_oid_set.c
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lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_utils.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

@item Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

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@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written

offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User

Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in ROM).

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

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@iftex

@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@unnumberedsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see @url{http://www.gnu.org/licenses/}.

@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

@smallexample

@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.

@end smallexample

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an ``about box''.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer'' for the program, if necessary.

For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see

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@end enumerate

@node Library Copying
@appendix GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]
@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your
freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public
Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change
free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some
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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid
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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis
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code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes

a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

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@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library''. Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials

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@item

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@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@end enumerate

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@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
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@page
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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object

file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.133 libcacard 2.5.2 :2.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.137 libconfig 1.4.9 :5.el7

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@c
@c %**start of header

@c All text is ignored before the setfilename.
@setfilename LGPL.info

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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten

lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
}
@end format
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```
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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

}

@end format

That's all there is to it!

@c @bye

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Tue, 10 Oct 2006 01:42:09 +0200.

It was downloaded from <http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig>

Upstream Author: Mark A Lindner

Mark Lindner - Lead developer & maintainer.

Daniel Marjamdki - Enhancements & bugfixes.

Andrew Tytula - Windows Port.

Glenn Herteg - Enhancements, bugfixes, documentation corrections.

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1.138 libcroco 0.6.8 :5.el7

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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1.139 libdaemon 0.14 :7.el7

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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1.140 libdb 5.3.21 :19.e17

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1.143 libestr 0.1.9 :2.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.144 libevent 2.0.21 :4.el7

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1.146 libfontenc 1.1.2 :3.el7

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1.147 libgcrypt 1.5.3 :13.el7_3.1

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1.150 libgusb 0.1.6 :3.e17

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```
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=====

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src/ld_iscsi.c

=====
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=====
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From RPM File Metadata:IJG

1.156 libblockfile 1.08 :17.el7

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1.157 libmnl 1.0.3

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

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1.161 libnetfilter_conntrack 1.0.4

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Version 2, June 1991

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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.162 libnfnetlink 1.0.1

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.163 libnfsidmap 0.25 :15.e17

1.163.1 Available under license :

This package was debianized by J. Bruce Fields <bfields@citi.umich.edu> on
Fri, 6 Aug 2004 16:10:43 -0400.

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1.164 libnl 1.1.4 :3.el7

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1.166 libogg 1.3.0 :7.e17

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1.167 libosinfo 0.3.0 :3.e17

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1.169 libpcap 1.5.3 :8.el7

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1.171 libpipeline 1.2.3 :3.el7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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September 27, 2012

1.173 libproxy 0.4.11 :10.e17

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.176 librsvg2 2.39.0 :1.e17

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The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source

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1.177 libseccomp 2.3.1 :2.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.181 libSM 1.2.2 :2.e17

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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the

user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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That's all there is to it!

1.184 libssh2 1.4.3 :10.el7_2.1

1.184.1 Available under license :

```
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*/

1.185 libtalloc 2.1.6 :1.el7

1.185.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata: LGPLv3+

1.186 libtasn1 3.8 :3.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data

prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
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- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no

charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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```
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1.187 libteam 1.25 :4.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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1.190 libtiff 4.0.3 :25.el7_2

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1.191 libtirpc 0.2.4 :0.8.el7

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```

1.192 libtool 2.4.2 :21.el7_2

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a

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@item

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@item

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@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (a) uses at run time a copy of the Library already present on the user's computer system, and (b) will operate properly with a modified version of the Library that is interface-compatible with the Linked Version.

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@item

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@item

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@enumerate a

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@enumerate a

@item

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@item

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@item

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@item

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@item

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```
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1.194 libunwind 1.1 :5.el7_2.2

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1.195 libusb 1.0.20 :1.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.196 libuser 0.60 :7.e17_1

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Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary

one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.197 libutempter 1.1.6

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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```

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Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
From e10845824c98d0996ced6a8eac5d62ac99ceedd3 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001
Message-Id: <e10845824c98d0996ced6a8eac5d62ac99ceedd3@dist-git>
From: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
Date: Fri, 7 Apr 2017 17:40:31 +0200
Subject: [PATCH] qemu: Move qemuCaps CPU data copying into a separate function
```

This introduces virQEMUCapsHostCPUDataCopy which will later be refactored a bit and called twice from virQEMUCapsNewCopy.

```
Signed-off-by: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
(cherry picked from commit 8be4346ca5ae4b568b3e8ce3de9cf46f2e94b416)
```

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=1444421

```
Signed-off-by: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
```

```
src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c | 39 ++++++-----
1 file changed, 25 insertions(+), 14 deletions(-)
```

```

diff --git a/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c b/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c
index 2bbc9253a..98a9a0f1d 100644
--- a/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c
+++ b/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c
@@ -2088,6 +2088,30 @@ virQEMUCapsNew(void)
 }

+static int
+virQEMUCapsHostCPUDataCopy(virQEMUCapsPtr dst,
+                            virQEMUCapsPtr src)
+{
+  if (src->kvmCPUModel &&
+      !(dst->kvmCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(src->kvmCPUModel)))
+    return -1;
+
+  if (src->tcgCPUModel &&
+      !(dst->tcgCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(src->tcgCPUModel)))
+    return -1;
+
+  if (src->kvmCPUModelInfo &&
+      !(dst->kvmCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(src->kvmCPUModelInfo)))
+    return -1;
+
+  if (src->tcgCPUModelInfo &&
+      !(dst->tcgCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(src->tcgCPUModelInfo)))
+    return -1;
+
+  return 0;
+}
+
virQEMUCapsPtr virQEMUCapsNewCopy(virQEMUCapsPtr qemuCaps)
{
    virQEMUCapsPtr ret = virQEMUCapsNew();
@@ -2125,20 +2149,7 @@ virQEMUCapsPtr virQEMUCapsNewCopy(virQEMUCapsPtr qemuCaps)
        goto error;
    }

-   if (qemuCaps->kvmCPUModel &&
-       !(ret->kvmCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(qemuCaps->kvmCPUModel)))
-       goto error;
-
-   if (qemuCaps->tcgCPUModel &&
-       !(ret->tcgCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(qemuCaps->tcgCPUModel)))
-       goto error;
-
-   if (qemuCaps->kvmCPUModelInfo &&

```

```

-     !(ret->kvmCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(qemuCaps->kvmCPUModelInfo)))
-     goto error;
-
-     if (qemuCaps->tcgCPUModelInfo &&
-         !(ret->tcgCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(qemuCaps->tcgCPUModelInfo)))
+     if (virQEMUCapsHostCPUDDataCopy(ret, qemuCaps) < 0)
+         goto error;

        if (VIR_ALLOC_N(ret->machineTypes, qemuCaps->nmachineTypes) < 0)
--

```

2.12.2

From 911438df6c652e377f80712c67da90aed91444b7 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

Message-Id: <911438df6c652e377f80712c67da90aed91444b7@dist-git>

From: John Ferlan <jferlan@redhat.com>

Date: Wed, 26 Apr 2017 08:41:09 -0400

Subject: [PATCH] disk: Force usage of parted when checking disk format for "bsd"

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=1439132

Add "bsd" to the list of format types to not checked during blkid processing even though it supposedly knows the format - for some (now unknown) reason it's returning partition table not found. So let's just let PARTED handle "bsd" too.

Signed-off-by: John Ferlan <jferlan@redhat.com>

(cherry picked from commit 98f424d5038b362d1b62549930d0b9253106bdca)

Signed-off-by: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>

src/storage/storage_util.c | 6 ++++--

1 file changed, 4 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)

diff --git a/src/storage/storage_util.c b/src/storage/storage_util.c

index 7a458b828..adec9ab6f 100644

--- a/src/storage/storage_util.c

+++ b/src/storage/storage_util.c

@@ -3002,10 +3002,12 @@ virStorageBackendBLKIDFindPart(blkid_probe probe,

```

/* A blkid_known_ptype on "dvh" and "pc98" returns a failure;
 * however, the blkid_do_probe for "dvh" returns "sgi" and
- * for "pc98" it returns "dos". So since those will cause problems
+ * for "pc98" it returns "dos". Although "bsd" is recognized,
+ * it seems that the parted created partition table is not being
+ * properly recognized. Since each of these will cause problems
 * with startup comparison, let's just treat them as UNKNOWN causing
 * the caller to fallback to using PARTED */
- if (STREQ(format, "dvh") || STREQ(format, "pc98"))
+ if (STREQ(format, "dvh") || STREQ(format, "pc98") || STREQ(format, "bsd"))

```

```
return VIR_STORAGE_BLKID_PROBE_UNKNOWN;
```

```
/* Make sure we're doing a partitions probe from the start */
```

```
--
```

```
2.12.2
```

1.200 libvirt-glib 0.2.3 :1.el7

1.200.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.201 libvirt-python 2.0.0 :2.el7

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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1.204 libX11 1.6.3 :3.el7

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1.205 libXau 1.0.8 :2.1.el7

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1.206 libXaw 1.0.12 :5.el7

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1.207 libxcb 1.11 :4.e17

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1.208 libXcomposite 0.4.4

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1.209 libXcursor 1.1.14

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1.210 libXdamage 1.1.4 :4.1.el7

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1.211 libXevie 1.0.3 :7.1.el7

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1.212 libXext 1.3.3 :3.e17

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1.213 libXfixes 5.0.1

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```
/* lib/font/fontfile/gunzip.c
   written by Mark Eichin <eichin@kitten.gen.ma.us> September 1996.
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1.215 libXft 2.3.2 :2.el7

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1.216 libXi 1.7.4 :2.el7

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1.217 libXinerama 1.1.3

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1.218 libxml2 2.9.1 :6.el7_2.3

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1.219 libXmu 1.1.2 :2.el7

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1.220 libXpm 3.5.11 :3.el7

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1.221 libXrandr 1.4.2 :2.e17

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1.222 libXrender 0.9.8 :2.1.e17

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1.223 libxshmfence 1.2 :1.e17

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1.225 libXt 1.1.4 :6.1.e17

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1.227 libXxf86vm 1.1.3

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1.229 Ildpad 1.0.1 :3.git036e314.e17

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1.230 Im_sensors 3.4.0

:4.20160601gitf9185e5.e17

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Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

- * Frodo Looijaard
Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.
- * Merlin Hughes
Original author of sensord.
- * Bob Schlaermann
Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in libsensors and sensors.
- * Mark M. Hoffman
Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.
- * Jean Delvare
New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.
Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.
Configuration file converter.
Rewrite of sensors-detect.
Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.240 mailcap 2.1.41

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Tom Callaway, Fedora Legal, Red Hat
Thu Sep 17, 2009

1.241 make 3.82 :23.e17

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.243 mariadb 5.5.52 :1.el7

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== MariaDB ==

The Debian package of MySQL was first debianized on 1997-04-12 by Christian Schwarz <schwarz@debian.org> and ist maintained since 1999-04-20 by Christian Hammers <ch@debian.org>.

The MariaDB packages were initially made by <http://ourdelta.org/>, and are now managed by the MariaDB development team, maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net

MariaDB can be downloaded from <http://downloads.askmonty.org/mariadb/>

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you

received the program in object code or executable form with such an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

If distribution of executable or object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place counts as distribution of the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands ``show w'` and ``show c'` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than ``show w'` and ``show c'`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.244 mesa 11.2.2 :2.20160614.el7

1.244.1 Available under license :

Subject: RE: Question about Mesa MLAA license
From: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>
Date: 01/08/2013 12:50 PM
To: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
CC: "jorge@iryoku.com" <jorge@iryoku.com>

Yes to both questions.

Thanks,
Jorge

From: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
Sent: January 8, 2013 6:49 PM
To: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>
CC: jorge@iryoku.com
Subject: Re: Question about Mesa MLAA license

On 01/08/2013 12:39 PM, Jorge Jimenez wrote:

> Hi Tom,
>
> What we meant with that is that we made an exception for clause 2.
> Instead of clause 2, in the case of the Mesa project, you have to name
> the technique Jimenez's MLAA in the config options of Mesa. We did that
> just to allow them to solve license issues. This exception should be for
> the Mesa project, and any project using Mesa, like Fedora.
>
> We want to widespread usage of our MLAA, so we want to avoid any kind of
> license complications. Hope current one is good for Fedora, if not
> please tell, and we'll see what we can do!

Okay, a few more questions:

* If Fedora decides to simply reproduce the quoted statement:
"Uses Jimenez's MLAA. Copyright (C) 2010 by Jorge Jimenez, Belen Masia,
Jose I. Echevarria, Fernando Navarro and Diego Gutierrez."

Specifically, if this is done as part of documentation included with
Mesa, is that sufficient to meet clause 2 even if the Mesa config option
is not set as described in your exception?

* Currently, the Mesa config option for MLAA says: "Morphological
anti-aliasing based on Jimenez\' MLAA. 0 to disable, 8 for default
quality". Is this in compliance with your exception?

Thanks again,

~tom

==

Fedora Project

Subject: RE: Question about Mesa MLAA license

From: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>

Date: 01/08/2013 12:39 PM

To: "jorge@iryoku.com" <jorge@iryoku.com>, Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>

Hi Tom,

What we meant with that is that we made an exception for clause 2. Instead of clause 2, in the case of the Mesa project, you have to name the technique Jimenez's MLAA in the config options of Mesa. We did that just to allow them to solve license issues. This exception should be for the Mesa project, and any project using Mesa, like Fedora.

We want to widespread usage of our MLAA, so we want to avoid any kind of license complications. Hope current one is good for Fedora, if not please tell, and we'll see what we can do!

Cheers,
Jorge

From: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>

Sent: January 8, 2013 6:30 PM

To: jorge@iryoku.com

Subject: Question about Mesa MLAA license

Jorge,

Thanks for all of your fantastic graphics work! I have been auditing Fedora (a popular distribution of Linux) for license compliance and I came across your MLAA code in Mesa.

The license says:

- * 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the following statement:
- *
- * "Uses Jimenez's MLAA. Copyright (C) 2010 by Jorge Jimenez, Belen Masia,
- * Jose I. Echevarria, Fernando Navarro and Diego Gutierrez."
- *
- * Only for use in the Mesa project, this point 2 is filled by naming the

* technique Jimenez's MLAA in the Mesa config options.

That wording is unclear. When you say "Only for use in the Mesa project...", it seems like you could either be saying:

- This code may only be used as part of Mesa.

OR

- In Mesa, you can comply with clause 2 by simply selecting "Jimenez's MLAA" in the Mesa config options.

If the first item is true, then we may have to remove the MLAA code from Fedora's copy of Mesa. However, looking at the license on your SMAA code, I do not believe it to be the case. Please let me know either way!

Thanks in advance,

Tom Callaway
Fedora Legal

==

Fedora Project

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Version 2, June 1991

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Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This

license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies

the executable.

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1.245 microcode_ctl 2.1 :29.e17

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This update supersedes microcode provided by Red Hat with the CVE-2017-5715 (Spectre) CPU branch injection vulnerability mitigation. (Historically, Red Hat has provided updated microcode, developed by our microprocessor partners, as a customer convenience.) Further testing has uncovered problems with the microcode provided along with the Spectre mitigation that could lead to system instabilities. As a result, Red Hat is providing an microcode update that reverts to the last known good microcode version dated before 03 January 2018. Red Hat strongly recommends that customers contact their hardware provider for the latest microcode updates.

IMPORTANT: Customers using Intel Skylake-, Broadwell-, and Haswell-based platforms must obtain and

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1.246 mod_wsgi 3.4 :12.el7_0

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1.247 mozjs17 17.0.0 :19.el7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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```

```
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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
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```

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```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
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```

```
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# even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A
# PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
```

```
# ck-copyright-notice can be run from the tools directory
dir=`pwd`
[ -d src ] || [ "`basename "$dir"`" != tools ] || cd ..
```

```
# Note: if paragraphs are reformatted, this may need to be updated.
```

```
lgpl="`sed -n '/version [0-9.]* or any later version/ {
s/.*version //
s/ or.*//
p
q
}` doc/mpfr.texi`"
```

```
# Do not use "find ... | while read file do ... done" because the "do"
# part needs to be run in the current shell, and some shells behave in
# a different way.
```

```
srctests=`find src tests -name '*.[ch]`
```

```
err=0
```

```

for file in $srctests
do
y=""
case $file in
tests/RRTest.c)
# This file doesn't have a copyright notice, but isn't distributed.
continue ;;
src/mpfr-longlong.h)
# This file (which comes from GMP) has a specific copyright notice.
continue ;;
src/get_patches.c)
file="tools/get_patches.sh" ;;
*/mparam.h)
y="2005," ;;
esac
grep -q "Copyright $y.* Free Software Foundation" "$file" && \
grep -q "GNU MPFR Library" "$file" && \
grep -q "either version $lgpl of the License" "$file" && continue
echo "Possibly missing or incorrect copyright notice in $file"
err=1
done

```

```

exit $err
@c MPFR tweak: Have this in mpfr.texi to help texinfo-mode
@c @node GNU Free Documentation License
@c @appendixsec GNU Free Documentation License

```

```

@cindex GNU Free Documentation License
@center Version 1.2, November 2002

```

```

@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 2000,2001,2002 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA

```

```

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies
of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.
@end display

```

```

@enumerate 0
@item
PREAMBLE

```

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1.250 ncurses 5.9

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1.251 net-snmp 5.7.2 :24.el7_2.1

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1.252 net-tools 2.0

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.

Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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<http://code.google.com/p/libdnet/>
- o PCRE: Perl-compatible regular expressions. PCRE is part of Nmap's version detection and is also made available as an NSE library. Distributed with Nmap in the libpcre subdirectory.
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- o liblua: Lua programming language. Lua is the implementation language of NSE, the Nmap Scripting Engine. Nmap links with liblua to allow running Lua programs inside Nmap. Distributed with Nmap in the liblua subdirectory. liblua can be omitted by configuring with the `--without-liblua` configuration directive.
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- o libsvn. The Subversion library, used by the updater program `nmap-update`. <http://subversion.apache.org/>
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- o WinPcap: libpcap for Windows. The libpcap license applies to WinPcap, and it also has its own license. A binary copy of the library is distributed with Nmap in the subdirectory mswin32/winpcap.
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Certain Nmap Scripting Engine scripts use the simplified BSD license in licenses/BSD-simplified.

Zenmap and Ndiff require:

- o Python. The binary distributions of Nmap include a Python interpreter and various libraries, built using either py2exe or py2app.
<http://www.python.org/>

The Windows and Mac OS X binary packages include bundled versions of:

- o GLib, GTK+, ATK, Pango: These libraries are licensed under the GNU LGPL 2, a copy of which is in the file licenses/LGPL-2.
<http://www.gtk.org/>
- o Cairo: graphics library. Dual-licensed under the GNU LGPL 2.1 and the MPL 1.1. See the files licenses/LGPL-2.1 and licenses/MPL-1.1.
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- o zlib and bzip2: compression libraries.
<http://www.zlib.org/> <http://www.bzip.org/>
- o Expat: XML parser library.
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- o PyCairo: bindings for Python. Dual-licensed under the GNU LGPL 2.1 and the MPL 1.1.

The Mac OS binary packages also include:

o Various X.org libraries. These were built using MacPorts.

<http://www.x.org/> <http://www.macports.org/>

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Written by: Philip Hazel
Email local part: ph10
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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Cambridge, England.

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4. [4]Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [5]Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
5. [6]Michael Barone <michael,barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
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7. [8]Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
8. [9]Marc Brett <Marc.Brett@westgeo.com> Magnavox GPS clock driver
9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
10. [11]Nelson B Bolyard <nelson@bolyard.me> update and complete broadcast and crypto features in sntp
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14. [15]Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration
15. [16]Sven Dietrich <sven_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.

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42. [46]Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance
43. [47]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
44. [48]Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
45. [49]Wilfredo Snchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for

NetInfo

46. [50]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
 47. [51]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
 48. [52]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
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 50. [54]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
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```

```
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1.268 openldap 2.4.40 :13.e17

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```
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*
* Optimised ANSI C code for the Rijndael cipher (now AES)
*
* @author Vincent Rijmen <vincent.rijmen@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
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/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

```
#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_
```

```
typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;
```

```
typedef unsigned int nfds_t;
```

```
#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
```

```
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */
```

```

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* $Id: bsd-waitpid.h,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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 */

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

```

```

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
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- Zlib is now external, in a library
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* @version 3.0 (December 2000)

*

* Optimised ANSI C code for the Rijndael cipher (now AES)

*

* @author Vincent Rijmen <vincent.rijmen@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>

* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>

* @author Paulo Barreto <paulo.barreto@terra.com.br>

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```

```
*/
```

```

#ifndef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifndef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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 */

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#ifndef HAVE_POLL && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifndef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

typedef struct pollfd {
int fd;
short events;
short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

```

```

#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
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*
*/

#endif _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

```



```

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w)) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
diff -up openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100
+++ openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
.Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
.Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
.Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
.Ek
.Nm
.Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@ Sets an explicit
.Xr umask 2
to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the
user's default mask.
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode. Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc. Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
.El
.Pp
On some systems,
diff -up openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
/* Version of client */

```

```

static u_int version;

+/* Force file permissions */
+int permforce = 0;
+long permforcemode;
+
+/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
Attrib a;
char *name;
int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+ mode_t old_umask = 0;

if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
    (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+ if (permforce == 1) { /* Force perm if -m is set */
+ mode = permforcemode;
+ old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+ }
logit("open \"%s\" flags %s mode 0%o",
    name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
}
}
}
+ if (permforce == 1)
+ (void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
    send_status(id, status);
free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
fprintf(stderr,
    "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
    "[-l log_level]\n\t[-P blacklisted_requests] "
-   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
    "    %s -Q protocol_feature\n",
    __progname, __progname);
exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
pw = pwcopied(user_pw);

```

```

while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv,
- "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:cehR")) != -1) {
+ "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:m:cehR")) != -1) {
    switch (ch) {
        case 'Q':
            if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
@@ -1576,6 +1587,15 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
                fatal("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
                (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
                break;
+     case 'm':
+     /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
+     permforce = 1;
+     permforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);
+     if (permforcemode < 0 || permforcemode > 0777 ||
+         *cp != '\0' || (permforcemode == 0 &&
+             errno != 0))
+         fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\"", optarg);
+     break;
        case 'h':
        default:
            sftp_server_usage();

```

1.270 openssl 1.0.2k :8.el7

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1.271 openvswitch 2.7.0 :8.git20170530.el7fdb

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it

free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```


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1.276 pango 1.36.8 :2.e17

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to

permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.277 parted 3.1 :28.e17

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1.278 passwd 0.79 :4.el7

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1.279 patch 2.7.1

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.281 pciutils 3.5.1 :1.e17

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1.282 pcre 8.32 :15.el7_2.1

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

```
-----  
---  
abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'  
author:  
- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'  
- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the\nModule-Build mailing list at <module-  
build@perl.org>."  
build_requires:  
File::Temp: 0.15  
Test::Harness: 3.16  
Test::More: 0.49  
generated_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'  
license: gpl  
meta-spec:  
url: http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html  
version: 1.4  
name: Module-Build  
resources:  
MailingList: mailto:module-build@perl.org  
license: http://dev.perl.org/licenses/  
repository: http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/  
version: 3  
use strict;  
use lib 't/lib';  
use MBTest;  
use DistGen;  
  
plan 'no_plan';  
  
# Ensure any Module::Build modules are loaded from correct directory  
blib_load('Module::Build');  
  
#-----#  
# Create test distribution  
#-----#  
  
{  
my $dist = DistGen->new(  
    name => 'Simple::Name',  
    version => '0.01',  
    license => 'perl'  
);  
  
$dist->regen;  
$dist->chdir_in;
```

```

my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'perl',
    "license 'perl' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );

is( $meta->{license} => 'perl', "META license will be 'perl'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://dev.perl.org/licenses/",
    "META license URL is correct"
);

}

{
my $dist = DistGen->new(
    name => 'Simple::Name',
    version => '0.01',
    license => 'VaporWare'
);

$dist->regen;
$dist->chdir_in;

my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'VaporWare',
    "license 'VaporWare' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );

is( $meta->{license} => 'unrestricted', "META license will be 'unrestricted'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://example.com/vaporware/",
    "META license URL is correct"
);

}

# Test with alpha number
# vim:ts=2:sw=2:et:sta:sts=2
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```

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1.284 perl-Carp 1.26 :244.eI7

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1.285 perl-constant 1.27 :2.el7

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1.290 perl-File-Path 2.09 :2.el7

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1.293 perl-Getopt-Long 2.40 :2.e17

1.293.1 Available under license :

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1.294 perl-HTTP-Tiny 0.033 :3.el7

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.295 perl-parent 0.225 :244.el7

1.295.1 Available under license :

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1.296 perl-PathTools 3.40 :5.el7

1.296.1 Available under license :

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1.297 perl-Pod-Perldoc 3.20 :4.el7

1.297.1 Available under license :

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1.298 perl-Pod-Simple 3.28 :4.el7

1.298.1 Available under license :

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1.299 perl-Pod-Usage 1.63 :3.el7

1.299.1 Available under license :

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1.300 perl-podlators 2.5.1 :3.el7

1.300.1 Available under license :

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1.301 perl-Scalar-List-Utils 1.27 :248.el7

1.301.1 Available under license :

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1.302 perl-Socket 2.010 :4.e17

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```
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the  
program 'Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes  
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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This code was extracted from the Perl 5 core at perl 5.15.5.

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1.303 perl-srpm-macros 1 :8.el7

1.303.1 Available under license :

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1.304 perl-Storable 2.45 :3.el7

1.304.1 Available under license :

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1.305 perl-TermReadKey 2.30 :20.el7

1.305.1 Available under license :

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1.306 perl-Text-ParseWords 3.29 :4.e17

1.306.1 Available under license :

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From: "Alexandr Ciornii via RT" <bug-Text-ParseWords@rt.cpan.org>

Reply-To: bug-Text-ParseWords@rt.cpan.org

In-Reply-To: <rt-4.0.18-4704-1384789048-1647.90483-6-0@rt.cpan.org>

References: <RT-Ticket-90483@rt.cpan.org>

<rt-4.0.18-4704-1384789048-1647.90483-6-0@rt.cpan.org>

Message-ID: <rt-4.0.18-2172-1384790768-1347.90483-6-0@rt.cpan.org>

X-RT-Loop-Prevention: rt.cpan.org

RT-Ticket: rt.cpan.org #90483

Managed-BY: RT 4.0.18 (<http://www.bestpractical.com/rt/>)

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To: mmaslano@redhat.com

MIME-Version: 1.0

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Will do in next version.

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Alexandr Ciornii, <http://chorny.net>

1.307 perl-Thread-Queue 3.02 :2.el7

1.307.1 Available under license :

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1.308 perl-threads 1.87 :4.el7

1.308.1 Available under license :

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1.309 perl-threads-shared 1.43 :6.el7

1.309.1 Available under license :

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1.310 perl-Time-HiRes 1.9725 :3.el7

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
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the Free Software Foundation; either version 1, or (at your option)  
any later version.
```

```
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```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this
when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19xx name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the
appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the
commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show
c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your
program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your
school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if
necessary. Here a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the
program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

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The End

1.312 pexpect 2.3 :11.el7

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1.313 php 5.4.16 :42.el7

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charset=UTF-8

vim600: encoding=UTF-8

"streamable kanji code filter and converter"

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1-13-54F

Phone: 03-3512-3655, Fax: 03-3512-3656
Email: sales@happysize.co.jp

Web: <http://happysize.com/>

<sgk@happysize.co.jp>

1998/11/10 sgk implementation in C++

1999/4/25 sgk C

1999/4/26 sgk

1999/6/?? Unicode

1999/6/22 sgk LGPL

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on

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THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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1.314 php-pear 1.9.4 :21.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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1.322 poppler-data 0.4.6 :3.e17

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1.323 popt 1.13 :16.el7

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1.324 postfix 2.10.1 :6.el7

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Included for the use of the fix_strcasecmp.c module which works around a Solaris problem.

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1.325 ppp 2.4.5 :33.el7

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1.326 procps-ng 3.3.10 :10.e17

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While we attempt to provide a summary here, it is the ultimate responsibility of the packager to ensure the components they use in their build of PulseAudio meets their license requirements.

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Version 3, 19 November 2007

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1.331 pygobject2 2.28.6 :11.el7

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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1.336 python 2.7.5 :48.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes

2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.4	2.6.3	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
2.7	2.6	2010	PSF	yes

Footnotes:

- (1) GPL-compatible doesn't mean that we're distributing Python under the GPL. All Python licenses, unlike the GPL, let you distribute a modified version without making your changes open source. The GPL-compatible licenses make it possible to combine Python with other software that is released under the GPL; the others don't.
- (2) According to Richard Stallman, 1.6.1 is not GPL-compatible, because its license has a choice of law clause. According to CNRI, however, Stallman's lawyer has told CNRI's lawyer that 1.6.1 is "not incompatible" with the GPL.

Thanks to the many outside volunteers who have worked under Guido's direction to make these releases possible.

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1.337 python-backports 1.0 :8.e17

1.337.1 Available under license :

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1.338 python-backports-ssl_match_hostname

3.4.0.2 :4.e17

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1.339 python-beaker 1.5.4

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1.340 python-chardet 2.2.1 :1.e17_1

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1.341 python-configobj 4.7.2 :7.el7

1.341.1 Available under license :

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1.342 python-dateutil 1.5 :7.el7

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the

software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release from	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes

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1.343 python-decorator 3.4.0 :3.e17

1.343.1 Available under license :

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1.344 python-dmidecode 3.10.13

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```

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1.345 python-ethtool 0.8

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1.346 python-flask 0.10.1 :4.e17

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1.347 python-gudev 147.2

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1.348 python-hwdata 1.7.3

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1.349 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.e17

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived	Year	Owner	GPL-
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from	compatible? (1)			
0.9.0 thru 1.2	1991-1995	CWI		yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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1.350 python-ipaddr 2.1.9 :5.e17

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1.351 python-jinja2 2.7.2 :2.e17

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1.352 python-lxml 3.2.1 :4.e17

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1.353 python-markupsafe 0.11

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1.354 python-nose 1.3.0 :3.e17

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.355 python-paramiko 1.15.1 :1.e17

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1.356 python-paste 1.7.5.1

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1.357 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :19.el7

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1.358 python-pyudev 0.15 :7.e17_2.1

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1.359 python-requests 2.6.0 :1.e17_1

1.359.1 Available under license :

Requests includes some vendorized python libraries to ease installation.

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1.360 python-rhsm 1.17.9 :1.el7

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Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.361 python-scp 0.7.1 :3.el7

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1.362 python-setuptools 0.9.8 :4.e17

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1.363 python-six 1.9.0 :2.e17

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1.364 python-slip 0.4.0

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1.367 python-urllib3 1.10.2 :2.e17_1

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Contributions to the urllib3 project

Creator & Maintainer

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Contributors

In chronological order:

* victor.vde <<http://code.google.com/u/victor.vde/>>

* HTTPS patch (which inspired HTTPSConnectionPool)

* erikcederstrand <<http://code.google.com/u/erikcederstrand/>>

* NTLM-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool

* Basic-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool (merged into make_headers)

* niphlod <niphlod@gmail.com>

* Client-verified SSL certificates for HTTPSConnectionPool

* Response gzip and deflate encoding support

* Better unicode support for filepost using StringIO buffers

* btoconnor <brian@btoconnor.net>

* Non-multipart encoding for POST requests

* p.dobrogost <<http://code.google.com/u/@WBRSRIBZDhBFXQB6/>>

* Code review, PEP8 compliance, benchmark fix

* kennethreitz <me@kennethreitz.com>

* Bugfixes, suggestions, Requests integration

* georgemarshall <<http://github.com/georgemarshall>>

* Bugfixes, Improvements and Test coverage

- * Thomas Kluyver <thomas@kluyver.me.uk>
- * Python 3 support

- * brandon-rhodes <<http://rhodesmill.org/brandon>>
- * Design review, bugfixes, test coverage.

- * studer <theo.studer@gmail.com>
- * IPv6 url support and test coverage

- * Shivaram Lingamneni <slingamn@cs.stanford.edu>
- * Support for explicitly closing pooled connections

- * hartator <hartator@gmail.com>
- * Corrected multipart behavior for params

- * Thomas Weischuh <thomas@t-8ch.de>
- * Support for TLS SNI
- * API unification of ssl_version/cert_reqs
- * SSL fingerprint and alternative hostname verification
- * Bugfixes in testsuite

- * Sune Kirkeby <mig@ibofobi.dk>
- * Optional SNI-support for Python 2 via PyOpenSSL.

- * Marc Schlaich <marc.schlaich@gmail.com>
- * Various bugfixes and test improvements.

- * Bryce Boe <bbzbryce@gmail.com>
- * Correct six.moves conflict
- * Fixed pickle support of some exceptions

- * Boris Figovsky <boris.figovsky@ravellosystems.com>
- * Allowed to skip SSL hostname verification

- * Cory Benfield <<http://lukasa.co.uk/about/>>
- * Stream method for Response objects.
- * Return native strings in header values.
- * Generate 'Host' header when using proxies.

- * Jason Robinson <jaywink@basshero.org>
- * Add missing WrappedSocket.fileno method in PyOpenSSL

- * Audrius Butkevicius <audrius.butkevicius@elastichosts.com>
- * Fixed a race condition

- * Stanislav Vitkovskiy <stas.vitkovsky@gmail.com>
- * Added HTTPS (CONNECT) proxy support

- * Stephen Holsapple <sholsapp@gmail.com>
- * Added abstraction for granular control of request fields

- * Martin von Gagern <Martin.vGagern@gmx.net>
- * Support for non-ASCII header parameters

- * Kevin Burke <kev@inburke.com> and Pavel Kirichenko <juanych@yandex-team.ru>
- * Support for separate connect and request timeouts

- * Peter Waller <p@pwaller.net>
- * HTTPResponse.tell() for determining amount received over the wire

- * Nipunn Koorapati <nipunn1313@gmail.com>
- * Ignore default ports when comparing hosts for equality

- * Danilo @dbrgn <http://dbrgn.ch/>
- * Disabled TLS compression by default on Python 3.2+
- * Disabled TLS compression in pyopenssl contrib module
- * Configurable cipher suites in pyopenssl contrib module

- * Roman Bogorodskiy <roman.bogorodskiy@ericsson.com>
- * Account retries on proxy errors

- * Nicolas Delaby <nicolas.delaby@ezeep.com>
- * Use the platform-specific CA certificate locations

- * Josh Schneier <https://github.com/jschneier>
- * HTTPHeaderDict and associated tests and docs
- * Bugfixes, docs, test coverage

- * Tahia Khan <http://tahia.tk/>
- * Added Timeout examples in docs

- * Arthur Grunseid <http://grunseid.com>
- * source_address support and tests (with https://github.com/bui)

- * Ian Cordasco <graffatcolmingov@gmail.com>
- * PEP8 Compliance and Linting
- * Add ability to pass socket options to an HTTP Connection

- * Erik Tollerud <erik.tollerud@gmail.com>
- * Support for standard library io module.

- * Krishna Prasad <kprasad.iitd@gmail.com>
- * Google App Engine documentation

- * Aaron Meurer <asmeurer@gmail.com>

- * Added Url.url, which unparses a Url
- * Evgeny Kapun <abacabadabacaba@gmail.com>
- * Bugfixes
- * Benjamin Meyer <bm_witness@yahoo.com>
- * Security Warning Documentation update for proper capture
- * Shivan Sornarajah <github@sornars.com>
- * Support for using ConnectionPool and PoolManager as context managers.
- * Alex Gaynor <alex.gaynor@gmail.com>
- * Updates to the default SSL configuration
- * [Your name or handle] <[email or website]>
- * [Brief summary of your changes]

1.368 python-websocketify 0.8.0 :1.e17

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1.371 pyxattr 0.5.1

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.372 qemu-kvm 1.5.3 :141.el7_4.6

1.372.1 Available under license :

From 04a8a3d76b171deb5eaf8318591e5cfaea3cc843 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

From: Eduardo Habkost <ehabkost@redhat.com>

Date: Thu, 23 Feb 2017 14:29:44 +0100

Subject: [PATCH 14/17] target-i386: Loop-based copying and setting/unsetting

of feature words
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=UTF-8
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit

RH-Author: Eduardo Habkost <ehabkost@redhat.com>
Message-id: <20170223142945.17790-14-ehabkost@redhat.com>
Patchwork-id: 74045
O-Subject: [RHEL-7.4 qemu-kvm PATCH v2 13/14] target-i386: Loop-based copying and setting/unsetting of feature words
Bugzilla: 1382122
RH-Acked-by: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>
RH-Acked-by: Igor Mammedov <imammedo@redhat.com>
RH-Acked-by: Miroslav Rezanina <mrezanin@redhat.com>

Now that we have the feature word arrays, we don't need to manually copy each array item, we can simply iterate through each feature word.

Signed-off-by: Eduardo Habkost <ehabkost@redhat.com>
Signed-off-by: Andreas Frber <afaerber@suse.de>
(cherry picked from commit e1c224b4eb3b8693c230bb2762a959ae1f531f76)
Signed-off-by: Eduardo Habkost <ehabkost@redhat.com>
Signed-off-by: Miroslav Rezanina <mrezanin@redhat.com>

target-i386/cpu.c | 44 ++++++++-----

1 file changed, 10 insertions(+), 34 deletions(-)

diff --git a/target-i386/cpu.c b/target-i386/cpu.c

index d611062..010b95f 100644

--- a/target-i386/cpu.c

+++ b/target-i386/cpu.c

@@ -1755,6 +1755,7 @@ static inline void feat2prop(char *s)

static void cpu_x86_parse_featurestr(X86CPU *cpu, char *features, Error **errp)

{

 char *featurestr; /* Single "key=value" string being parsed */

+ FeatureWord w;

 /* Features to be added */

 FeatureWordArray plus_features = { 0 };

 /* Features to be removed */

@@ -1844,28 +1845,11 @@ static void cpu_x86_parse_featurestr(X86CPU *cpu, char *features, Error **errp)

 }

 featurestr = strtok(NULL, ",");

 }

- env->features[FEAT_1_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_1_EDX];

- env->features[FEAT_1_ECX] |= plus_features[FEAT_1_ECX];

- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX];

- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX] |= plus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX];

- env->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX];

```

- env->features[FEAT_KVM] |= plus_features[FEAT_KVM];
- env->features[FEAT_SVM] |= plus_features[FEAT_SVM];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX] |= plus_features[FEAT_7_0_EBX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX] |= plus_features[FEAT_7_0_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_7_0_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_XSAVE] |= plus_features[FEAT_XSAVE];
- env->features[FEAT_1_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_1_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_1_ECX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_1_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_KVM] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_KVM];
- env->features[FEAT_SVM] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_SVM];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_7_0_EBX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_7_0_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_7_0_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_XSAVE] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_XSAVE];
+
+ for (w = 0; w < FEATURE_WORDS; w++) {
+   env->features[w] |= plus_features[w];
+   env->features[w] &= ~minus_features[w];
+ }

out:
    return;
@@ -1974,6 +1958,7 @@ static void cpu_x86_register(X86CPU *cpu, const char *name, Error **errp)
{
    CPUX86State *env = &cpu->env;
    x86_def_t def1, *def = &def1;
+   FeatureWord w;

    memset(def, 0, sizeof(*def));

@@ -1992,21 +1977,12 @@ static void cpu_x86_register(X86CPU *cpu, const char *name, Error **errp)
    object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->family, "family", errp);
    object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->model, "model", errp);
    object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->stepping, "stepping", errp);
-   env->features[FEAT_1_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_1_EDX];
-   env->features[FEAT_1_ECX] = def->features[FEAT_1_ECX];
-   env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX];
-   env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX] = def->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX];
    object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->xlevel, "xlevel", errp);
-   env->features[FEAT_KVM] = def->features[FEAT_KVM];
-   env->features[FEAT_SVM] = def->features[FEAT_SVM];
-   env->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX];
-   env->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX] = def->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX];
-   env->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX] = def->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX];
-   env->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX];

```

```

- env->features[FEAT_XSAVE] = def->features[FEAT_XSAVE];
env->cpuid_xlevel2 = def->xlevel2;
-
  object_property_set_str(OBJECT(cpu), def->model_id, "model-id", errp);
+ for (w = 0; w < FEATURE_WORDS; w++) {
+   env->features[w] = def->features[w];
+ }
}

```

```
X86CPU *cpu_x86_create(const char *cpu_model, DeviceState *icc_bridge,
```

```
--
```

```
1.8.3.1
```

```
/*
```

```
* System call numbers.
```

```
*
```

```
* $FreeBSD: src/sys/sys/syscall.h,v 1.224 2008/08/24 21:23:08 rwatson Exp $
```

```
* created from FreeBSD: head/sys/kern/syscalls.master 182123 2008-08-24 21:20:35Z rwatson
```

```
*/
```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_syscall 0
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_exit 1
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fork 2
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_read 3
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_write 4
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_open 5
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_close 6
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_wait4 7
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_link 9
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlink 10
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chdir 12
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchdir 13
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknod 14
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chmod 15
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chown 16
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_break 17
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_getfsstat 18
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpid 20
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mount 21
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unmount 22
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setuid 23
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getuid 24
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_geteuid 25
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ptrace 26
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvmmsg 27
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendmsg 28
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvfrom 29
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_accept 30
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpeername 31

```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_access 33
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chflags 34
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchflags 35
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sync 36
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kill 37
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getppid 39
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup 41
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pipe 42
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getegid 43
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_profil 44
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktrace 45
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getlogin 49
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setlogin 50
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_acct 51
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaltstack 53
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_reboot 55
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msync 65
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sstk 70
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vadvise 72
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapon 85
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdtablesize 89
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socket 97

```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_connect 98
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpriority 100
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_listen 106
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_writev 121
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmod 124
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setregid 127
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rename 128
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifo 132
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendto 133
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shutdown 134
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socketpair 135
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdir 136
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rmdir 137
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utimes 138
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_adjtime 140
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsid 147
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_quotactl 148
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nlm_syscall 154
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfssvc 155
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_statfs 157
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_fstatfs 158
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lgetfh 160
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfh 161
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdomainname 162
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setdomainname 163
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_uname 164
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sysarch 165
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio 166
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semsys 169
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgsyz 170
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmsys 171
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_pread 173
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_pwrite 174
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setfib 175
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ntp_adjtime 176
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgid 181
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setegid 182
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_seteuid 183

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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_stat      188
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstat     189
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lstat     190
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pathconf  191
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fpathconf 192
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrlimit 194
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setrlimit 195
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdirentries 196
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_mmap 197
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___syscall 198
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_lseek 199
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_truncate 200
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_ftruncate 201
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___sysctl 202
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlock     203
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlock   204
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_undelete  205
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimes   206
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgid   207
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_poll      209
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___semctl  220
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semget    221
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semop     222
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgctl    224
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgget    225
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgsnd    226
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgrcv    227
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmat     228
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmctl    229
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmdt     230
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmget    231
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_getres 234
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_create 235
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_delete 236
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_settime 237
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_gettime 238
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_getoverrun 239
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nanosleep 240
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ntp_gettime 248
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_minherit  250
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rfork      251
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openbsd_poll 252
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_issetugid 253
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchown     254
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_read   255
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_write  256

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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdents 272
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchmod 274
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_netbsd_lchown 275
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lutimes 276
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_netbsd_msync 277
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nstat 278
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfstat 279
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nlstat 280
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_preadv 289
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwritev 290
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_fhstatfs 297
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhopen 298
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstat 299
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modnext 300
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modstat 301
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modfnnext 302
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modfind 303
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldload 304
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldunload 305
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldfind 306
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldnext 307
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldstat 308
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldfirstmod 309
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsid 310
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresuid 311
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresgid 312
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_return 314
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_suspend 315
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_cancel 316
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_error 317
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_oaio_read 318
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_oaio_write 319
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_olio_listio 320
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_yield 321
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlockall 324
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlockall 325
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___getcwd 326
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_setparam 327
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_getparam 328
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_setscheduler 329
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_getscheduler 330
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_yield 331
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_get_priority_max 332
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_get_priority_min 333
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_rr_get_interval 334
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utrace 335
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sendfile 336

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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldsym 337
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail 338
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigprocmask 340
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigsuspend 341
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sigaction 342
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigpending 343
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sigreturn 344
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigtimedwait 345
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigwaitinfo 346
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_file 347
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_file 348
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_fd 349
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_fd 350
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_file 351
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_fd 352
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_file 353
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_fd 354
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattrctl 355
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_file 356
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_file 357
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file 358
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_waitcomplete 359
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresuid 360
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresgid 361
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kqueue 362
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kevent 363
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd 371
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd 372
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd 373
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__setugid 374
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfscnt 375
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_eaccess 376
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nmount 378
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_proc 384
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_proc 385
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_fd 386
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_file 387
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_fd 388
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_file 389
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kenv 390
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchflags 391
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_uuidgen 392
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendfile 393
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mac_syscall 394
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfsstat 395
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_statfs 396
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatfs 397
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstatfs 398

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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_close 400
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_post 401
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_wait 402
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_trywait 403
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_init 404
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_open 405
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_unlink 406
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_getvalue 407
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_destroy 408
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_pid 409
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_link 410
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_link 411
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_link 412
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_link 413
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link 414
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_execve 415
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaction 416
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigreturn 417
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getcontext 421
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setcontext 422
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapcontext 423
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapoff 424
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_link 425
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_link 426
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_link 427
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_link 428
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigwait 429
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_create 430
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_exit 431
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_self 432
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill 433
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_lock 434
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_unlock 435
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail_attach 436
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd 437
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_file 438
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_link 439
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_timedwait 441
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_suspend 442
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_wake 443
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldunloadf 444
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_audit 445
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_audition 446
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit 447
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit 448
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit 449
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit 450
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit_addr 451
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit_addr 452
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_auditctl 453
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_op 454
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_new 455
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigqueue 456
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_open 457
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_setattr 458
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_timedreceive 459
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_timedsend 460
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_notify 461
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_unlink 462
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_abort2 463
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_set_name 464
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_fsync 465
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio_thread 466
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_peeloff 471
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_sendmsg 472
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_sendmsg_iov 473
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_recvmsg 474
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pread 475
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwrite 476
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mmap 477
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lseek 478
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_truncate 479
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ftruncate 480
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill2 481
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shm_open 482
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shm_unlink 483
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset 484
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_setid 485
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_getid 486
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_getaffinity 487
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_setaffinity 488
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_faccessat 489
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmodat 490
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchownat 491
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fexecve 492
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatat 493
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimesat 494
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_linkat 495
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdirat 496
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifoat 497
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknodat 498
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openat 499
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlinkat 500
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_renameat 501
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlinkat 502
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlinkat 503
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_posix_openpt    504
/*  $OpenBSD: syscall.h,v 1.101 2008/03/16 19:43:41 otto Exp $  */

/*
 * System call numbers.
 *
 * created from;    OpenBSD: syscalls.master,v 1.90 2008/03/16 19:42:57 otto Exp
 */

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_syscall    0
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_exit      1
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fork      2
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_read      3
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_write     4
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_open      5
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_close     6
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_wait4     7
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_link      9
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_unlink    10
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chdir     12
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchdir    13
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mknod     14
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chmod     15
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chown     16
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_break     17
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpid    20
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mount     21
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_unmount   22
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setuid    23
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getuid    24
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_geteuid   25
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ptrace    26
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_recvmsg   27
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sendmsg   28
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_recvfrom  29
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_accept    30
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpeername 31
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_access    33
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chflags   34
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchflags  35
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sync      36
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kill      37
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getppid   39
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_dup       41
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_opipe     42
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getegid   43
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_profil    44

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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ktrace 45
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigaction 46
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigprocmask 48
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getlogin 49
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setlogin 50
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_acct 51
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigpending 52
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_osigaltstack 53
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_reboot 55
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sstk 70
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_socket 97
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_connect 98
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpriority 100
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigreturn 103
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_listen 106
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigsuspend 111
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_writev 121

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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchmod 124
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setregid 127
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_rename 128
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mkfifo 132
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sendto 133
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shutdown 134
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_socketpair 135
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mkdir 136
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_rmdir 137
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_utimes 138
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_adjtime 140
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setsid 147
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_quotactl 148
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_nfssvc 155
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getfh 161
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sysarch 165
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pread 173
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pwrite 174
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setgid 181
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setegid 182
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR seteuid 183
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_bmapv 184
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_markv 185
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_segclean 186
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_segwait 187
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pathconf 191
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fpathconf 192
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_swapctl 193
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getrlimit 194
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setrlimit 195
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getdirentries 196
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mmap 197
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR__syscall 198
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lseek 199
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_truncate 200
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ftruncate 201
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR__sysctl 202
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mlock 203
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_munlock 204
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_futimes 206
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpgid 207
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_xfspioctl 208
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_semget 221
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgget 225

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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgsnd 226
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgrcv 227
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmat 228
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmdt 230
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_getres 234
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_nanosleep 240
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_minherit 250
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_rfork 251
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_poll 252
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_issetugid 253
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lchown 254
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsid 255
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msync 256
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pipe 263
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhopen 264
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_preadv 267
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pwritev 268
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kqueue 269
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kevent 270
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mlockall 271
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_munlockall 272
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpeereid 273
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getresuid 281
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setresuid 282
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getresgid 283
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setresgid 284
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mquery 286
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_closefrom 287
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigaltstack 288
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmget 289
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_semop 290
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_stat 291
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fstat 292
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lstat 293
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhstat 294
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___semctl 295
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmctl 296
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgctl 297
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sched_yield 298
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getthrid 299
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrslp 300
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrwake 301
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_threxit 302
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrsigdivert 303
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___getcwd 304
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_adjfreq 305

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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getfsstat 306
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_statfs 307
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fstatfs 308
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhstatfs 309

/* syscall flags from machine/trap.h */

/* $OpenBSD: trap.h,v 1.4 2008/07/04 22:04:37 kettenis Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: trap.h,v 1.4 1999/06/07 05:28:04 eeh Exp $ */

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 */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_SYSCALL_G2RFLAG 0x400 /* on success, return to %g2 rather than npc */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_SYSCALL_G7RFLAG 0x800 /* use %g7 as above (deprecated) */
/* $OpenBSD: errno.h,v 1.20 2007/09/03 14:37:52 millert Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: errno.h,v 1.10 1996/01/20 01:33:53 jtc Exp $ */

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 *
 * @(#)errno.h 8.5 (Berkeley) 1/21/94
 */

```
#define TARGET_EPERM      1      /* Operation not permitted */
#define TARGET_ENOENT     2      /* No such file or directory */
#define TARGET_ESRCH     3      /* No such process */
#define TARGET_EINTR     4      /* Interrupted system call */
#define TARGET_EIO       5      /* Input/output error */
#define TARGET_ENXIO     6      /* Device not configured */
#define TARGET_E2BIG     7      /* Argument list too long */
#define TARGET_ENOEXEC   8      /* Exec format error */
#define TARGET_EBADF     9      /* Bad file descriptor */
#define TARGET_ECHILD   10     /* No child processes */
#define TARGET_EDEADLK   11     /* Resource deadlock avoided */
                                /* 11 was EAGAIN */
#define TARGET_ENOMEM    12     /* Cannot allocate memory */
#define TARGET_EACCES   13     /* Permission denied */
#define TARGET_EFAULT   14     /* Bad address */
#define TARGET_ENOTBLK  15     /* Block device required */
#define TARGET_EBUSY    16     /* Device busy */
#define TARGET_EEXIST   17     /* File exists */
#define TARGET_EXDEV    18     /* Cross-device link */
#define TARGET_ENODEV   19     /* Operation not supported by device */
#define TARGET_ENOTDIR  20     /* Not a directory */
#define TARGET_EISDIR   21     /* Is a directory */
#define TARGET_EINVAL   22     /* Invalid argument */
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#define TARGET_ENFILE      23      /* Too many open files in system */
#define TARGET_EMFILE      24      /* Too many open files */
#define TARGET_ENOTTY      25      /* Inappropriate ioctl for device */
#define TARGET_ETXTBSY     26      /* Text file busy */
#define TARGET_EFBIG       27      /* File too large */
#define TARGET_ENOSPC      28      /* No space left on device */
#define TARGET_ESPIPE      29      /* Illegal seek */
#define TARGET_EROFS       30      /* Read-only file system */
#define TARGET_EMLINK      31      /* Too many links */
#define TARGET_EPIPE       32      /* Broken pipe */

/* math software */
#define TARGET_EDOM        33      /* Numerical argument out of domain */
#define TARGET_ERANGE      34      /* Result too large */

/* non-blocking and interrupt i/o */
#define TARGET_EAGAIN      35      /* Resource temporarily unavailable */
#define TARGET_EWOULDBLOCK EAGAIN /* Operation would block */
#define TARGET_EINPROGRESS 36      /* Operation now in progress */
#define TARGET_EALREADY    37      /* Operation already in progress */

/* ipc/network software -- argument errors */
#define TARGET_ENOTSOCK    38      /* Socket operation on non-socket */
#define TARGET_EDESTADDRREQ 39      /* Destination address required */
#define TARGET EMSGSIZE    40      /* Message too long */
#define TARGET_EPROTOTYPE  41      /* Protocol wrong type for socket */
#define TARGET_ENOPROTOOPT  42      /* Protocol not available */
#define TARGET_EPROTONOSUPPORT 43      /* Protocol not supported */
#define TARGET_ESOCKTNOSUPPORT 44      /* Socket type not supported */
#define TARGET_EOPNOTSUPP   45      /* Operation not supported */
#define TARGET_EPFNOSUPPORT  46      /* Protocol family not supported */
#define TARGET_EAFNOSUPPORT  47      /* Address family not supported by protocol family */
#define TARGET_EADDRINUSE   48      /* Address already in use */
#define TARGET_EADDRNOTAVAIL 49      /* Can't assign requested address */

/* ipc/network software -- operational errors */
#define TARGET_ENETDOWN     50      /* Network is down */
#define TARGET_ENETUNREACH  51      /* Network is unreachable */
#define TARGET_ENETRESET    52      /* Network dropped connection on reset */
#define TARGET_ECONNABORTED  53      /* Software caused connection abort */
#define TARGET_ECONNRESET    54      /* Connection reset by peer */
#define TARGET_ENOBUFS      55      /* No buffer space available */
#define TARGET_EISCONN      56      /* Socket is already connected */
#define TARGET_ENOTCONN     57      /* Socket is not connected */
#define TARGET_ESHUTDOWN    58      /* Can't send after socket shutdown */
#define TARGET_ETOOMANYREFS  59      /* Too many references: can't splice */
#define TARGET_ETIMEOUT     60      /* Operation timed out */
#define TARGET_ECONNREFUSED  61      /* Connection refused */

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#define TARGET_ELOOP      62      /* Too many levels of symbolic links */
#define TARGET_ENAMETOOLONG  63      /* File name too long */

/* should be rearranged */
#define TARGET_EHOSTDOWN    64      /* Host is down */
#define TARGET_EHOSTUNREACH  65      /* No route to host */
#define TARGET_ENOTEMPTY    66      /* Directory not empty */

/* quotas & mush */
#define TARGET_EPROCLIM 67      /* Too many processes */
#define TARGET_EUSERS     68      /* Too many users */
#define TARGET_EDQUOT     69      /* Disk quota exceeded */

/* Network File System */
#define TARGET_ESTALE      70      /* Stale NFS file handle */
#define TARGET_EREMOTE     71      /* Too many levels of remote in path */
#define TARGET_EBADRPC     72      /* RPC struct is bad */
#define TARGET_ERPCMISMATCH 73      /* RPC version wrong */
#define TARGET_EPROGUNAVAIL 74      /* RPC prog. not avail */
#define TARGET_EPROGMISMATCH 75      /* Program version wrong */
#define TARGET_EPROCUNAVAIL 76      /* Bad procedure for program */

#define TARGET_ENOLCK      77      /* No locks available */
#define TARGET_ENOSYS     78      /* Function not implemented */

#define TARGET_EFTYPE     79      /* Inappropriate file type or format */
#define TARGET_EAUTH      80      /* Authentication error */
#define TARGET_ENEEDAUTH  81      /* Need authenticator */
#define TARGET_EIPSEC     82      /* IPsec processing failure */
#define TARGET_ENOATTR    83      /* Attribute not found */
#define TARGET_EILSEQ     84      /* Illegal byte sequence */
#define TARGET_ENOMEDIUM  85      /* No medium found */
#define TARGET_EMEDIUMTYPE 86      /* Wrong Medium Type */
#define TARGET_EOVERFLOW  87      /* Conversion overflow */
#define TARGET_ECANCELED  88      /* Operation canceled */
#define TARGET_EIDRM      89      /* Identifier removed */
#define TARGET_ENOMSG     90      /* No message of desired type */
#define TARGET_ELAST      90      /* Must be equal largest errno */
/* $NetBSD: syscall.h,v 1.215 2008/06/17 16:07:57 tsutsui Exp $ */

/*
 * System call numbers.
 */
/*
 * created from NetBSD: syscalls.master,v 1.204 2008/06/17 16:05:23 tsutsui Exp
 */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_syscall  0

```

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_exit      1
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fork      2
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_read      3
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_write     4
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_open      5
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_close     6
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_wait4     7
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ocreat  8
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_link      9
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_unlink    10
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chdir     12
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchdir    13
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mknod     14
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chmod     15
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chown     16
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_break     17
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_getfsstat 18
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_olseek  19
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpid    20
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpid    20
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_40_mount  21
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_unmount    22
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setuid     23
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getuid     24
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getuid     24
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_geteuid    25
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ptrace     26
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_recvmmsg   27
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sendmsg    28
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_recvfrom   29
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_accept     30
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpeername 31
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_access     33
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chflags    34
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchflags   35
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sync       36
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kill       37
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_stat43  38
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getppid    39
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_lstat43 40
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_dup        41
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pipe       42
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getegid    43
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_profil     44
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ktrace     45
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigaction13 46
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgid     47

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigprocmask13 48
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getlogin 49
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___setlogin 50
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_acct 51
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigpending13 52
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigaltstack13 53
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_oreboot 55
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_fstat43 62
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetkerninfo 63
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetpagesize 64
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_msync 65
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sstk 70
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ommap 71
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_vadvise 72
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_owait 84
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_oswapon 85
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostname 87
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostname 88
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetdtablesize 89
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_socket 97
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_connect 98
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oaccept 99
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpriority 100

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osend 101
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecv 102
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigreturn13 103
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_listen 106
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigvec 108
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigblock 109
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigsetmask 110
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigsuspend13 111
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigstack 112
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecvmsg 113
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osendmsg 114
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_writev 121
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchmod 124
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecvfrom 125
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setregid 127
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rename 128
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_otruncate 129
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oftruncate 130
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mkfifo 132
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sendto 133
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shutdown 134
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_socketpair 135
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mkdir 136
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rmdir 137
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_utimes 138
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_adjtime 140
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetpeername 141
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostid 142
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osethostid 143
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetrlimit 144
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osetrlimit 145
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_okillpg 146
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setsid 147
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_quotactl 148
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oquota 149
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetsockname 150
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_nfssvc 155
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetdirentries 156

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_statfs 157
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_fstatfs 158
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_getfh 161
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ogetdomainname 162
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_osetdomainname 163
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ouname 164
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sysarch 165
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_osemsys 169
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_omsgsys 170
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_oshmsys 171
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pread 173
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pwrite 174
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_ntp_gettime 175
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ntp_adjtime 176
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setgid 181
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setegid 182
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_seteuid 183
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_bmapv 184
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_markv 185
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_segclean 186
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_segwait 187
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_stat12 188
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_fstat12 189
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_lstat12 190
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pathconf 191
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fpathconf 192
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getrlimit 194
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setrlimit 195
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_getdirentries 196
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mmap 197
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___syscall 198
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lseek 199
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_truncate 200
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ftruncate 201
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sysctl 202
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mlock 203
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munlock 204
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_undelete 205
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_futimes 206
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpgid 207
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_reboot 208
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_poll 209
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14___semctl 220
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semget 221
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semop 222
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semconfig 223
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14_msgctl 224
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgget 225

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14_shmctl 229
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmdt     230
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmget     231
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigtimedwait 244
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_modctl    246
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_unlink 249
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_close 250
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_post 251
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_getattr 260
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_fchown 284
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_lchown 285
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsid 286
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___clone 287
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fktrace 288
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_preadv 289
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pwritev 290
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_16___sigaction14 291
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigpending14 292
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigprocmask14 293
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigsuspend14 294
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_16___sigreturn14 295
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getcwd 296
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchroot 297
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhopen 298
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhstat 299
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___semctl13 301
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___shmctl13 303
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lchflags 304
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getcontext 307
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_create 309
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_exit 310
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_self 311
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_suspend 313
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_continue 314
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_unblockyield 336
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigaction_sigtramp 340
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pmc_get_info 341
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pmc_control 342
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rasctl 343
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kqueue 344
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kevent 345
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_setparam 346
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_getparam 347
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_setaffinity 348
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_getaffinity 349
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sched_yield 350
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fsync_range 354
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_uuidgen 355
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getvfsstat 356
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_statvfs1 357
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fstatvfs1 358
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhstatvfs1 359
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattrctl 360
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_file 361
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_file 362
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file 363
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd 364
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd 365
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd 366
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_link 367
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_link 368
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link 369
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getxattr 378
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ntp_gettime30    393
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_error    400
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_return    403
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_suspend    404
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lio_listio    406
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___mount50    410
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mremap    411
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_create    412
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_destroy    413
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_assign    414
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_bind    415
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_fadvise50    416
/*-
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*

* @(#)mman.h 8.2 (Berkeley) 1/9/95

* \$FreeBSD: src/sys/sys/mman.h,v 1.42 2008/03/28 04:29:27 ps Exp \$

*/

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_RESERVED0080 0x0080 /* previously misimplemented MAP_INHERIT */

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_RESERVED0100 0x0100 /* previously unimplemented MAP_NOEXTEND

*/

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_STACK 0x0400 /* region grows down, like a stack */

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_NOSYNC 0x0800 /* page to but do not sync underlying file */

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x1ff7

/* \$NetBSD: mman.h,v 1.42 2008/11/18 22:13:49 ad Exp \$ */

/*-

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*   @(#)mman.h    8.2 (Berkeley) 1/9/95
*/

#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_INHERIT    0x0080 /* region is retained after exec */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_TRYFIXED  0x0400 /* attempt hint address, even within break */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_WIRED     0x0800 /* mlock() mapping when it is established */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_STACK     0x2000 /* allocated from memory, swap space (stack) */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK  0x3ff7

/*   $OpenBSD: mman.h,v 1.18 2003/07/21 22:52:19 tedu Exp $ */
/*   $NetBSD: mman.h,v 1.11 1995/03/26 20:24:23 jtc Exp $ */

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*   @(#)mman.h    8.1 (Berkeley) 6/2/93
*/

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_INHERIT    0x0080 /* region is retained after exec */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_NOEXTEND  0x0100 /* for MAP_FILE, don't change file size */

```

```
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_TRYFIXED 0x0400 /* attempt hint address, even within heap */
```

```
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x17f7
```

```
// XXX
```

```
#define TARGET_BSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x3ff7
```

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```

```
ifndef TOP  
TOP = $(shell while ! test -e make.rules; do cd .. ; done; pwd)  
export TOP  
endif  
include $(TOP)/make.rules
```

```
SUBDIRS=  
ifeq ($(SNK_BIOSEMU_APPS), 1)  
SUBDIRS += x86emu
```

```

endif
CLEANSUBDIRS = $(SUBDIRS)

all :
for subdir in $(SUBDIRS) ; do $(MAKE) -C $$subdir || exit 1 ; done

# Common targets for all subdirectories:
clean distclean depend:
for subdir in $(CLEANSUBDIRS) ; do $(MAKE) -C $$subdir $$@ ; done
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ifndef TOP
TOP = $(shell while ! test -e make.rules; do cd .. ; done; pwd)
export TOP
endif
include $(TOP)/make.rules

ROOTDIR ?= ../..

LDFLAGS =
ASFLAGS = -I./include -Wa,-mregnames

#NOTE: -DDEBUG only needed for debugging/tracing...
CFLAGS = -UDEBUG -m64 -I. -I./include -I./include/x86emu \
-I$(TOP)/clients/net-snk/include -I$(ROOTDIR)/include \
-I$(ROOTDIR)/lib/libc/include -O3 -nostdinc -fno-builtin \
-ffreestanding -Wall -Wno-unused

X86EMU_OBJS = debug.o decode.o fpu.o ops2.o ops.o prim_ops.o sys.o

%.o: %.S
$(CC) $(ASFLAGS) -c -o $$@ $$^

%.o: %.c
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $$@ $$^

all: libx86emu.a

```

```
libx86emu.a: $(X86EMU_OBJS)
$(AR) -rc $@ $^
$(RANLIB) $@
```

clean:

```
$(RM) *.o *.i *.s libx86emu.a
```

distclean: clean

```
# *****
```

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```
# *****/
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
#set -x
```

```
#set -e
```

```
SVN=`which svn`
```

```
PATCH=`which patch`
```

```
DIFF_FILE=./x86emu_changes.diff
```

```
# check wether svn, patch, ... is available...
```

```
if [ ! -x $SVN ]; then
```

```
echo "subversion executable not found!"
```

```
exit -1
```

```
fi
```

```
if [ ! -x $PATCH ]; then
```

```
echo "patch executable not found!"
```

```
exit -1
```

```
fi
```

```
if [ ! -r $DIFF_FILE ]; then
```

```
echo "diff file $DIFF_FILE not found!"
```

```
exit -1
```

```
fi
```

```
# download the x86emu sources from LinuxBIOS subversion
```

```
#revision known to work...
```

```
REV=496
```

```
echo "Checking out x86emu from coreboot-v3 repository revision $REV"
$SVN co svn://coreboot.org/repository/coreboot-v3/util/x86emu -r $REV
```

```
echo "Copying files..."
```

```
mkdir -p include/x86emu
cp -v x86emu/x86emu/*.c .
cp -v x86emu/x86emu/*.h include/x86emu
cp -v x86emu/include/x86emu/*.h include/x86emu
```

```
echo "Removing checkedout subversion director..."
```

```
rm -rf x86emu
```

```
echo "Patching files..."
```

```
$PATCH -p0 < x86emu_changes.diff
```

```
echo "done"
```

```
exit 0
```

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

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```
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```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Version 2, June 1991

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make bin/rtl8139.rom.licence
```

to determine the resultant licence(s) for the build bin/rtl8139.rom
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From 4a988f436f785fa9349baf66a0d44e26b94f75af Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

Message-Id: <4a988f436f785fa9349baf66a0d44e26b94f75af.1389014116.git.minovotn@redhat.com>

In-Reply-To: <c8cc35838d42aa286242772d97e3a9be7bb786ba.1389014116.git.minovotn@redhat.com>

References: <c8cc35838d42aa286242772d97e3a9be7bb786ba.1389014116.git.minovotn@redhat.com>

From: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>

Date: Mon, 9 Dec 2013 14:09:21 +0100

Subject: [PATCH 33/50] block/iscsi: updated copyright

RH-Author: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>

Message-id: <1386598178-11845-36-git-send-email-pbonzini@redhat.com>

Patchwork-id: 56072

O-Subject: [RHEL 7.0 qemu-kvm PATCH 35/52] block/iscsi: updated copyright

Bugzilla: 1007815

RH-Acked-by: Jeffrey Cody <jcody@redhat.com>

RH-Acked-by: Fam Zheng <famz@redhat.com>

RH-Acked-by: Stefan Hajnoczi <stefanha@redhat.com>

From: Peter Lieven <pl@kamp.de>

added myself to reflect recent work on the iscsi block driver.

Signed-off-by: Peter Lieven <pl@kamp.de>

Signed-off-by: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>

Signed-off-by: Stefan Hajnoczi <stefanha@redhat.com>

(cherry picked from commit 2af8a1a704a352bab2e9eaf803db0b3552e826d0)

block/iscsi.c | 1 +

1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)

Signed-off-by: Michal Novotny <minovotn@redhat.com>

block/iscsi.c | 1 +

1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)

diff --git a/block/iscsi.c b/block/iscsi.c

index c5cd86d..7ae61f9 100644

--- a/block/iscsi.c

+++ b/block/iscsi.c

@@ -2,6 +2,7 @@

* QEMU Block driver for iSCSI images

*

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1.387 rhn-client-tools 2.0.2 :8.el7

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1.388 rhnlib 2.5.65 :2.e17

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1.393 rsync 3.0.9 :17.el7

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```

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1.394 rsyslog 7.4.7 :16.e17

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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(at your option) any later version.
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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1.396 sed 4.2.2 :5.e17

1.396.1 Available under license :

```
=====  
Test 1.1:101  
=====  
Testing argument parsing  
First type  
e1_11_1  
e1_11_1  
e1_11_2  
e1_11_2  
e1_11_3  
e1_11_3  
e1_11_4  
e1_11_4
```

e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.2:102

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.3:103

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3

e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.4:104

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

Second type

=====

Test 1.4.1:105

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3

11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 1.5:106

=====

s1_11_1
s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_13
s1_11_14
s1_11_14

=====
Test 1.6:107

=====

s1_11_1

s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_13
s1_11_14
s1_11_14

=====

Test 1.7:108

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9

e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====
Test 1.8:109

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====
Test 1.9:110

=====

s1_11_1

s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_14

=====
Test 1.10:111

=====
s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_14

=====
Test 1.11:112

=====
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13

e1_11_14

=====
Test 1.12:113

=====
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

=====
Test 1.13:114

=====
e1_11_1
e2_e1_11_1
e2_e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e2_e1_11_2
e2_e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e2_e1_11_3
e2_e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e2_e1_11_4
e2_e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e2_e1_11_5
e2_e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e2_e1_11_6
e2_e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e2_e1_11_7
e2_e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e2_e1_11_8
e2_e1_11_8
e1_11_9

e2_e1_11_9
e2_e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e2_e1_11_10
e2_e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e2_e1_11_11
e2_e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e2_e1_11_12
e2_e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e2_e1_11_13
e2_e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e2_e1_11_14
e2_e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.14:115

=====

s1_11_1
s2_s1_11_1
s2_s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s2_s1_11_2
s2_s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s2_s1_11_3
s2_s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s2_s1_11_4
s2_s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s2_s1_11_5
s2_s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s2_s1_11_6
s2_s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s2_s1_11_7
s2_s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s2_s1_11_8
s2_s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s2_s1_11_9
s2_s1_11_9

s1_11_10
s2_s1_11_10
s2_s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s2_s1_11_11
s2_s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s2_s1_11_12
s2_s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s2_s1_11_13
s2_s1_11_13
s1_11_14
s2_s1_11_14
s2_s1_11_14

=====
Test 1.15:116

=====

e1_11_1
s1_e1_11_1
s1_e1_11_1
e1_11_2
s1_e1_11_2
s1_e1_11_2
e1_11_3
s1_e1_11_3
s1_e1_11_3
e1_11_4
s1_e1_11_4
s1_e1_11_4
e1_11_5
s1_e1_11_5
s1_e1_11_5
e1_11_6
s1_e1_11_6
s1_e1_11_6
e1_11_7
s1_e1_11_7
s1_e1_11_7
e1_11_8
s1_e1_11_8
s1_e1_11_8
e1_11_9
s1_e1_11_9
s1_e1_11_9
e1_11_10
s1_e1_11_10

s1_e1_11_10
e1_11_11
s1_e1_11_11
s1_e1_11_11
e1_11_12
s1_e1_11_12
s1_e1_11_12
e1_11_13
s1_e1_11_13
s1_e1_11_13
e1_11_14
s1_e1_11_14
s1_e1_11_14

=====
Test 1.16:117

=====
e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14
e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2

e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.17:118

=====

11_1
11_1
11_2
11_2
11_3
11_3
11_4
11_4
11_5
11_5
11_6
11_6
11_7
11_7
11_8
11_8
11_9
11_9
11_10

11_10
11_11
11_11
11_12
11_12
11_13
11_13
11_14
11_14

=====

Test 1.18:119

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

Testing address ranges

=====

Test 2.1:120

=====

11_4

=====

Test 2.2:121

=====

12_6

=====

Test 2.3:122

=====

11_14

=====

Test 2.4:123

=====

12_9

=====
Test 2.5:124
=====

=====
Test 2.6:125
=====

12_9

=====
Test 2.7:126
=====

=====
Test 2.9:127
=====

11_7

=====
Test 2.10:128
=====

11_7

=====
Test 2.11:129
=====

11_7

=====
Test 2.12:130
=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4

=====
Test 2.13:131
=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8

11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====

Test 2.14:132

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====

Test 2.15:133

=====

11_4
11_5

11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====

Test 2.16:134

=====

11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6

=====

Test 2.17:135

=====

11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8

11_9
11_10
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====
Test 2.18:136

=====
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====
Test 2.19:137

=====
11_12

=====
Test 2.20:138

=====
11_7
Brace and other grouping

=====
Test 3.1:139

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
^11T4\$
^11T5\$
^11T6\$
^11T7\$
^11T8\$
^11T9\$
^11T10\$

^11T11\$
^11T12\$
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 3.2:140

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
^11_4
^11_5
^11_6\$
^11_7\$
^11T8\$
^11_9\$
^11_10\$
^11_11
^11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 3.3:141

=====

^11T1\$
^11T2\$
^11T3\$
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
^11T13\$
^11T14\$

=====

Test 3.4:142

=====

^11_1
^11_2
^11_3
11_4

l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
^l1_13
^l1_14
Testing a c d and i commands

=====

Test 4.1:143

=====

before_il1_1
after_ibefore_il1_1
before_il1_2
after_ibefore_il1_2
before_il1_3
after_ibefore_il1_3
before_il1_4
after_ibefore_il1_4
before_il1_5
after_ibefore_il1_5
before_il1_6
after_ibefore_il1_6
before_il1_7
after_ibefore_il1_7
before_il1_8
after_ibefore_il1_8
before_il1_9
after_ibefore_il1_9
before_il1_10
after_ibefore_il1_10
before_il1_11
after_ibefore_il1_11
before_il1_12
after_ibefore_il1_12
before_il1_13
after_ibefore_il1_13
before_il1_14
after_ibefore_il1_14
before_il2_1
after_ibefore_il2_1
before_il2_2
after_ibefore_il2_2
before_il2_3

after_ibefore_il2_3
before_il2_4
after_ibefore_il2_4
before_il2_5
after_ibefore_il2_5
before_il2_6
inserted
after_ibefore_il2_6
before_il2_7
after_ibefore_il2_7
before_il2_8
after_ibefore_il2_8
before_il2_9
after_ibefore_il2_9

=====

Test 4.2:144

=====

before_al1_1
after_abefore_al1_1
before_al1_2
after_abefore_al1_2
before_al1_3
after_abefore_al1_3
before_al1_4
after_abefore_al1_4
before_a5-1211_5
after_abefore_a5-1211_5
appended
before_a5-1211_6
after_abefore_a5-1211_6
appended
before_a5-1211_7
after_abefore_a5-1211_7
appended
before_a5-1211_8
after_abefore_a5-1211_8
appended
before_a5-1211_9
after_abefore_a5-1211_9
appended
before_a5-1211_10
after_abefore_a5-1211_10
appended
before_a5-1211_11
after_abefore_a5-1211_11
appended
before_a5-1211_12

after_abefore_a5-1211_12
appended
before_al1_13
after_abefore_al1_13
before_al1_14
after_abefore_al1_14
before_al2_1
after_abefore_al2_1
before_al2_2
after_abefore_al2_2
before_al2_3
after_abefore_al2_3
before_al2_4
after_abefore_al2_4
before_al2_5
after_abefore_al2_5
before_al2_6
after_abefore_al2_6
before_al2_7
after_abefore_al2_7
before_al2_8
after_abefore_al2_8
before_al2_9
after_abefore_al2_9

=====

Test 4.3:145

=====

^11_1
^11_1\$
appended
^11_2
^11_2\$
appended
^11_3
^11_3\$
appended
^11_4
^11_4\$
appended
^11_5
^11_5\$
appended
^11_6
^11_6\$
appended
^11_7
^11_7\$

appended

^11_8

appended

^11_8

11_9\$

^11_10

appended

^11_10

11_11\$

^11_12

^11_12\$

appended

^11_13

^11_13\$

appended

^11_14

^11_14\$

appended

^12_1

^12_1\$

^12_2

^12_2\$

^12_3

^12_3\$

^12_4

^12_4\$

^12_5

^12_5\$

^12_6

^12_6\$

^12_7

^12_7\$

^12_8

^12_8\$

^12_9

^12_9\$

=====

Test 4.4:146

=====

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello

=====
Test 4.5:147

=====
hello

=====
Test 4.6:148

=====
hello

=====
Test 4.7:149

=====
hello

=====
Test 4.8:150

=====
Testing labels and branching

=====
Test 5.1:151

=====
label2_11_1
label3_label2_11_1
label1_11_2
label1_11_3
label1_11_4
label1_11_5
label1_11_6
label1_11_7
label1_11_8
label1_11_9
label1_11_10
label1_11_11
label1_11_12
label2_11_13
label3_label2_11_13
label2_11_14
label3_label2_11_14

=====
Test 5.2:152
=====

tested l2_1
tested l2_2
tested l2_3
tested l2_4
tested l2_5
tested l2_6
tested l2_7
tested l2_8
tested l2_9
tested l2_10
tested l2_11
tested l2_12
tested l2_13
tested l2_14

=====
Test 5.3:153
=====

^l1_1
^l1_1\$
^l1_2
^l1_2\$
^l1_3
^l1_3\$
^l1_4
^l1_4\$
l1_5\$
l1_6\$
l1_7\$
l1_8\$

=====
Test 5.4:154
=====

^l1_1\$
^l1_2\$
^l1_3\$
^l1_4\$
^l1_5\$
^l1_6\$
^l1_7\$
^l1_8\$
l1_9\$
l1_10\$
l1_11\$

l1_12\$

l1_13\$

l1_14\$

=====

Test 5.5:155

=====

^l1_1

^l1_2

^l1_4

^l1_6

^l1_8

=====

Test 5.6:156

=====

l1_1

l1_2

l1_3

l1_4

l1_5

=====

Test 5.7:157

=====

l1_1

l1_2

l1_3

l1_4

hello

l1_5

=====

Test 5.8:158

=====

m1_1

m1_2

m1_3

m1_4

m1_5

m1_6

m1_7

m1_8

m1_9

m1_10

m1_11

m1_12

m1_13

m1_14

Pattern space commands

=====

Test 6.1:159

=====

changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed
changed

=====

Test 6.2:160

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 6.3:161

=====

11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11

11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 6.4:162
=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_2
11_3
11_5
11_2
11_3
11_2
11_3
11_6
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 6.5:163
=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 6.6:164

=====

Testing print and file routines

=====

Test 7.1:165

=====

\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t\$
\v\f\r\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\
\035\036\037 !"#\$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ\
YZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\
\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\
\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\
\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\
\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\
\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\
\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\
\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\
\375\376\377\$
\$

=====

Test 7.2:166

=====

- 11_1
- 11_2
- 11_3
- 11_4
- 11_5
- 11_6
- 11_7
- 11_8
- 11_9
- 11_10
- 11_11
- 11_12
- 11_13
- 11_14
- 15
- 12_1
- 16
- 12_2
- 17
- 12_3
- 18
- 12_4
- 19
- 12_5
- 20

12_6
21
12_7
22
12_8
23
12_9

=====

Test 7.3:167

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

w results

11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12

=====

Test 7.4:168

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4

12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 7.5:169

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 7.6:170

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11

11_12

11_13

11_14

=====

Test 7.8:171

=====

Testing substitution commands

=====

Test 8.1:172

=====

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

=====

Test 8.2:173

=====

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

XXXXX

=====

Test 8.3:174

=====

XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX

=====

Test 8.4:175

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 8.5:176

=====

11X1
11X2
11X3
11X4
11X5
11X6
11X7
11X8
11X9
11X10
11X11

11X12

11X13

11X14

=====

Test 8.6:177

=====

(1)(1)()(1)

(1)(1)()(2)

(1)(1)()(3)

(1)(1)()(4)

(1)(1)()(5)

(1)(1)()(6)

(1)(1)()(7)

(1)(1)()(8)

(1)(1)()(9)

(1)(1)()(1)(0)

(1)(1)()(1)(1)

(1)(1)()(1)(2)

(1)(1)()(1)(3)

(1)(1)()(1)(4)

=====

Test 8.7:178

=====

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

=====

Test 8.8:179

=====

x_x1x11

x_x1x12

x_x1x13

x_x1x14

x_x1x15

x_x1x16
x_x1x17
x_x1x18
x_x1x19
x_x1x110
x_x1x111
x_x1x112
x_x1x113
x_x1x114

=====
Test 8.9:180
=====

11u0
u1
u21
11u0
u1
u22
11u0
u1
u23
11u0
u1
u24
11u0
u1
u25
11u0
u1
u26
11u0
u1
u27
11u0
u1
u28
11u0
u1
u29
11u0
u1
u210
11u0
u1
u211
11u0
u1

u212
l1u0
u1
u213
l1u0
u1
u214

=====
Test 8.10:181
=====

l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X0
l1_X1
l1_X2
l1_X3
l1_X4

=====
Test 8.11:182
=====

lX_1
lX_2
lX_3
lX_4
lX_5
lX_6
lX_7
lX_8
lX_9
lX_10
lX_11
lX_12
lX_13
lX_14
s wfile results
lX_1
lX_2
lX_3
lX_4

IX_5
IX_6
IX_7
IX_8
IX_9
IX_10
IX_11
IX_12
IX_13
IX_14

=====
Test 8.12:183

=====
IX_X
IX_X
IX_X
IX_4
IX_5
IX_6
IX_7
IX_8
IX_9
IX_X0
IX_XX
IX_XX
IX_XX
IX_X4

=====
Test 8.13:184

=====
18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86
18_85

=====

Test 8.14:185

=====

18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86
18_85

=====

Test 8.15:186

=====

11_1X11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 8.16:187

=====

eeefff
Xeefff
XYefff
XYeYff
XYeYYf
XYeYYY
XYeYYY

=====

Test 8.17:188

=====

&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&&
&&&&&
&&&&&
&&&&&
&&&&&

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run

that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.406 spice-gtk 0.31 :6.e17

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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1.407 spice-protocol 0.12.11 :1.e17

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1.408 sqlite 3.7.17 :8.el7

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1.412 syslinux 4.05 :13.e17

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1.414 systemd 219 :30.el7_3.6

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- * in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- *
- * Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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```

```
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1.418 tcl 8.5.13 :8.e17

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1.422 texinfo 5.1

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1.423 trousers 0.3.13 :1.e17

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1.424 tuned 2.7.1 :3.e17

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1.426 unbound 1.4.20 :28.e17

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1.427 unzip 6.0 :16.e17

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"He says that he thought that whoever contacted him understood that he has no objection to the Info-ZIP group's inclusion of his code. His primary concern is that it remain freely distributable, he said."

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```
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```

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1.431 ustr 1.0.4

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1.432 util-linux 2.23.2 :33.e17

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Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
--------	------	-------	-----	--------	----	--------

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout-----
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
a:	4096	6144	2049	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

0	unused	5	4.1BSD	9	4.4LFS	d	boot
1	swap	6	Eighth Edition	a	unknown	e	ADOS
2	Version 6	7	4.2BSD	b	HPFS	f	HFS
3	Version 7	8	MS-DOS	c	ISO-9660	10	AdvFS
4	System V						

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

#1:	32	7648	0x83
#2:	7680	8704	0xa5
#5:	7936	4864	0x7 (freebsd)
#6:	12544	3584	0x7 (freebsd)

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If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands 'show w' and 'show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may

be called something other than 'show w' and 'show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program 'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License.

1.434 vim 7.4.160 :1.el7

1.434.1 Available under license :

uganda.txt For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

uganda *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*

SUMMARY

iccf *ICCF*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see |kcc| below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See |sponsor|. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see |manual-copyright|.

=== begin of license ===

VIM LICENSE

I) There are no restrictions on distributing unmodified copies of Vim except that they must include this license text. You can also distribute unmodified parts of Vim, likewise unrestricted except that they must include this license text. You are also allowed to include executables that you made from the unmodified Vim sources, plus your own usage examples and Vim scripts.

II) It is allowed to distribute a modified (or extended) version of Vim, including executables and/or source code, when the following four conditions are met:

- 1) This license text must be included unmodified.
- 2) The modified Vim must be distributed in one of the following five ways:

- a) If you make changes to Vim yourself, you must clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. When the maintainer asks you (in any way) for a copy of the modified Vim you distributed, you must make your changes, including source code, available to the maintainer without fee. The maintainer reserves the right to include your changes in the official version of Vim. What the maintainer will do with your changes and under what license they will be distributed is negotiable. If there has been no negotiation then this license, or a later version, also applies to your changes. The current maintainer is Bram Moolenaar <Bram@vim.org>. If this changes it will be announced in appropriate places (most likely vim.sf.net, www.vim.org and/or comp.editors). When it is completely impossible to contact the maintainer, the obligation to send him your changes ceases. Once the maintainer has confirmed that he has received your changes they will not have to be sent again.

- b) If you have received a modified Vim that was distributed as mentioned under a) you are allowed to further distribute it unmodified, as mentioned at I). If you make additional changes the text under a) applies to those changes.

- c) Provide all the changes, including source code, with every copy of the modified Vim you distribute. This may be done in the form of a context diff. You can choose what license to use for new code you add. The changes and their license must not restrict others from making their own changes to the official version of Vim.

- d) When you have a modified Vim which includes changes as mentioned under c), you can distribute it without the source code for the changes if the following three conditions are met:

- The license that applies to the changes permits you to distribute the changes to the Vim maintainer without fee or restriction, and permits the Vim maintainer to include the changes in the official version of Vim without fee or restriction.

- You keep the changes for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim. When the maintainer or someone who you distributed the modified Vim to asks you (in any way) for the changes within this period, you must make them available to him.
 - You clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. This contact information must remain valid for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim, or as long as possible.
 - e) When the GNU General Public License (GPL) applies to the changes, you can distribute the modified Vim under the GNU GPL version 2 or any later version.
- 3) A message must be added, at least in the output of the ":version" command and in the intro screen, such that the user of the modified Vim is able to see that it was modified. When distributing as mentioned under 2)e) adding the message is only required for as far as this does not conflict with the license used for the changes.
 - 4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

III) If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you are encouraged to use the Vim license for your changes and make them available to the maintainer, including the source code. The preferred way to do this is by e-mail or by uploading the files to a server and e-mailing the URL. If the number of changes is small (e.g., a modified Makefile) e-mailing a context diff will do. The e-mail address to be used is
<maintainer@vim.org>

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=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.

- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.
- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.
- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED_BY define.

Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given.

Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in

Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy

10238-168 Street

Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4

Canada

Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:

<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

/*

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(which makes passes at compilers) written
by James Hacker.

signature of Ty Coon, 1 April 1989
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1.435 virt-manager 1.4.0 :2.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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1.438 which 2.20

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Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

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1.439 wpa_suppliant 2.0 :20.e17

1.439.1 Available under license :

wpa_suppliant and hostapd

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1.440 xdg-utils 1.1.0 :0.17.20120809git.el7

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1.441 xfsprogs 4.5.0 :8.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.442 xorg-x11-font-utils 7.5 :20.el7

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1.444 yajl 2.0.4 :4.e17

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1.445 yum 3.4.3 :150.e17

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