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In your requests please include the following reference number 78EE117C99-18244742

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1.1 bash 4.2

1.1.1 Available under license:

From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP

(8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995

12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)

id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)

Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>

Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]

To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book.

(Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP

(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu Subject: Bash scripts

Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

```
Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST
```

```
>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.
Sure. I think there's a later copy in
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and
es frobs in that file.
It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)
From speecdt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: spcecdt@armory.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP
(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from speecdt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with
SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from speedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
   "ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)
X-Www: http://www.armory.com/~spcecdt/
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Re: ksh scripts
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>
  Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might
want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.
    John
On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:
} Subject: ksh scripts
From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
       9 May 95 10:39 PDT
Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
```

```
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU 'Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
} Chet Ramey
\} "The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
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2004,2005,2006,2007,2008,2009
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.2 binutils 2.20.1

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes

a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under

copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

- 2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
 - a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
 - b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
 - c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
 - d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility

is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library. 4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
- c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is

normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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- 7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:
 - a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original

version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary

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1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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- 2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
 - a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
 - b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
 - c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
 - d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above

specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

- 7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:
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1.3 bzip2 1.0.6

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org	
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010	

1.4 coreutils 8.15

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1.5 curl 7.34.0

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1.7 e2fsprogs 1.41.12

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1.9 ethtool 2.6.34

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1.15 gawk 3.1.6

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.16 gdb 7.4.1

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.17 glib 2.28.8 :Sun Jun 5 2011 Matthias Clasen

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```
*/
/*

* sha.h : Implementation of the Secure Hash Algorithm

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1.18 glibc 2.11.1

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1.19 glibc 2.12.1

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1.20 grep 2.14

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1.24 ipcalc 1.3

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* \$Id: ipcalc.c,v 1.2 2006/12/04 17:06:06 pyr Exp \$

*

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1.26 iputils s20121221

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*

* @(#)tftp.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/2/93

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1.27 less 436

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1.34 Isof_LGPL 4.86

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1.35 module-init-tools 3.15

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1.36 mtd-utils 1.4.6

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1.41 netcat 0.7.1

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jpg "Clone me," says Dolly sheepishly.

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- 1. [1]Takao Abe <takao_abe@xurb.jp> Clock driver for JJY receivers
- 2. [2]Mark Andrews <mark_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock
- 3. [3]Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atlsoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices
- 4. [4] Viraj Bais < vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [5] Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
- 5. [6] Michael Barone < michael, barone @ lmco.com > GPSVME fixes
- 6. [7]Karl Berry <karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option
- 7. [8] Greg Brackley < greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT

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- port. Clean up recybuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
- 8. [9]Marc Brett < Marc.Brett@westgeo.com > Magnavox GPS clock driver
- 9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
- 10. [11]Nelson B Bolyard <nelson@bolyard.me> update and complete broadcast and crypto features in sntp
- 11. [12]Jean-Francois Boudreault <Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca> IPv6 support
- 12. [13]Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)
- 13. [14] Steve Clift < clift@ml.csiro.au > OMEGA clock driver
- 14. [15]Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration
- 15. [16]Sven Dietrich <sven_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.
- 16. [17]John A. Dundas III <dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov> Apple A/UX port
- 17. [18]Torsten Duwe <duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de> Linux port
- 18. [19]Dennis Ferguson <dennis@mrbill.canet.ca> foundation code for NTP Version 2 as specified in RFC-1119
- 19. [20] John Hay < jhay@icomtek.csir.co.za> IPv6 support and testing
- 20. [21]Dave Hart <davehart@davehart.com> General maintenance, Windows port interpolation rewrite
- 21. [22]Claas Hilbrecht <neoclock4x@linum.com> NeoClock4X clock driver
- 22. [23] Glenn Hollinger < glenn@herald.usask.ca> GOES clock driver
- 23. [24]Mike Iglesias <i glesias @uci.edu> DEC Alpha port
- 24. [25]Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov> A/UX port
- 25. [26]Jeff Johnson <jbj@chatham.usdesign.com> massive prototyping overhaul
- 26. [27]Hans Lambermont <Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or
 [28]<H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpsweep
- 27. [29]Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
- 28. [30]Frank Kardel [31]kardel (at) ntp (dot) org> PARSE <GENERIC> driver (>14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup, dynamic interface handling
- 29. [32]William L. Jones <jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications
- 30. [33]Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port
- 31. [34]Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.4BSD port, ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver
- 32. [35]George Lindholm < lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
- 33. [36]Louis A. Mamakos < louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
- 34. [37]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
- 35. [38]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
- 36. [39]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation: clock discipline, authentication, precision kernel; clock drivers:

- Spectracom, Austron, Arbiter, Heath, ATOM, ACTS, KSI/Odetics; audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG
- 37. [40] Wolfgang Moeller < moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port
- 38. [41]Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility
- 39. [42]Tom Moore <tmoore@fievel.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port
- 40. [43]Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO OpenServer port
- 41. [44]Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [45]Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
- 42. [46]Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance
- 43. [47]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
- 44. [48]Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
- 45. [49]Wilfredo Snchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
- 46. [50]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
- 47. [51]Jack Sasportas < jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
- 48. [52]Ray Schnitzler < schnitz@unipress.com > Unixware1 port
- 49. [53] Michael Shields < shields @tembel.org > USNO clock driver
- 50. [54]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
- 51. [55]Harlan Stenn harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
- 52. [56] Kenneth Stone < ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
- 53. [57]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
- 54. [58]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
- 55. [59]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
- 56. [60]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD

References

- 1. mailto:%20takao_abe@xurb.jp
- 2. mailto:%20mark_andrews@isc.org
- 3. mailto: %20altmeier@atlsoft.de
- 4. mailto:%20vbais@mailman1.intel.co
- 5. mailto:%20kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com
- 6. mailto:%20michael.barone@lmco.com
- 7. mailto:%20karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com
- 8. mailto:%20greg.brackley@bigfoot.com
- 9. mailto:%20Marc.Brett@westgeo.com
- 10. mailto:%20Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk
- 11. mailto:%20nelson@bolyard.me

- 12. mailto: %20Jean-Francois. Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca
- 13. mailto:%20reg@dwf.com
- 14. mailto:%20clift@ml.csiro.au
- 15. mailto:casey@csc.co.za
- 16. mailto:%20Sven_Dietrich@trimble.COM
- 17. mailto:%20dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov
- 18. mailto:%20duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de
- 19. mailto:%20dennis@mrbill.canet.ca
- 20. mailto: %20jhay@icomtek.csir.co.za
- 21. mailto: %20dayehart@dayehart.com
- 22. mailto:%20neoclock4x@linum.com
- 23. mailto:%20glenn@herald.usask.ca
- 24. mailto:%20iglesias@uci.edu
- 25. mailto:%20jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov
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- 45. mailto:%20d@hd.org
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- 55. mailto:%20harlan@pfcs.com
- 56. mailto:%20ken@sdd.hp.com
- 57. mailto:%20ajit@ee.udel.edu
- 58. mailto:%20tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp
- 59. mailto:%20vixie@vix.com

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1.43 openssh 6.5p1

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- *
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1.45 OpenSSL patch to 0.9.8 branch to add RFC5649 (key wrap with pad) 1.0

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1.46 oprofile 0.9.8

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1.47 pcre 8.31

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1.50 python 2.7.5 :1

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

	Release	Deriv	red Y	'ear	Owner	r G	PL-
from					compatible? (1)		
	0.9.0 thru	1.2	199	1-1995	CWI	ye	s
	1.3 thru 1.	5.2 1.2	19	95-1999	CNR	eI y	yes
	1.6	1.5.2	2000	CN	RI	no	
	2.0	1.6	2000	BeC	pen.co	m no	
	1.6.1	1.6	2001	CN	RI	yes (2)

2.1	2.0+1.6	.1 2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6	5.1 2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0	0.1 2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-20	03 PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-20	03 PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-20	003 PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-20	003 PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.4	2.6.3	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
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1.51 grencode 3.4.1

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1.54 sed 4.2.1 :5.el6

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```
#!/bin/sh -
```

\$NetBSD: sed.test,v 1.3 1997/01/09 20:21:37 tls Exp \$

#

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# from: @(#)sed.test 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/6/93
# $NetBSD: sed.test,v 1.3 1997/01/09 20:21:37 tls Exp $
# sed Regression Tests
# Modified by Paolo Bonzini to:
# - not warn about buggy seds
# - run tests once instead of comparing them to the system sed
# - remove most uses of awk
# - cleanup at exit
# - comment tests that broke because of extensions
main()
TEST="${1-../sed/sed}"
TESTLOG="${2-sed.out}"
# DICT="${3-/usr/share/dict/words}"
:>lines1
: > lines2
for i in 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9; do
 echo 11_$i >> lines1
```

echo 12_\$i >> lines2

```
done
for i in 10 11 12 13 14; do
 echo 11_$i >> lines1
done
# Set these flags to get messages about known problems
tests "$TEST" "$TESTLOG"
rm -f lines[1234] script[12]
}
tests()
SED="$1"
LOG="$2"
MARK=100
rm -f "$LOG"
exec 3>&0 4>&1 5>&2
exec 0</dev/null 1>/dev/null 2>/dev/null
test error
exec 0>&3 1>&4 2>&5
exec 4>&1 5>&2
test\_args
test_addr
test_group
test_acid
test_branch
test_pattern
test_print
test_subst
exec 1>&4 2>&5
mark()
exec 2>&1 >>$LOG
test MARK = 100 \parallel echo
MARK=`expr $MARK + 1`
echo "Test $1:$MARK" | sed 's/./=/g'
echo "Test $1:$MARK"
echo "Test $1:$MARK" | sed 's/./=/g'
}
test_args()
mark '1.1'
```

```
echo Testing argument parsing
echo First type
$SED 's/^/e1_/p' lines1
mark '1.2'; $SED -n 's/^/e1_/p' lines1
mark '1.3'; $SED 's/^/e1_/p' < lines 1
mark '1.4'; $SED -n 's/^/e1_/p' < lines 1
echo Second type
mark '1.4.1'
$SED -e " < lines 1
echo 's/^/s1 /p' >script1
echo 's/^/s2_/p' >script2
mark '1.5'; $SED -f script1 lines1
mark '1.6'; $SED -f script1 < lines1
mark '1.7'; $SED -e 's/^/e1_/p' lines1
mark '1.8'; $SED -e 's/^/e1_/p' < lines 1
mark '1.9'; $SED -n -f script1 lines1
mark '1.10'; $SED -n -f script1 <lines1
mark '1.11'; $SED -n -e 's/^/e1 /p' lines1
mark '1.12'; $SED -n -e 's/^/e1_/p' < lines 1
mark '1.13'; $SED -e 's/^/e1_/p' -e 's/^/e2_/p' lines1
mark '1.14'; $SED -f script1 -f script2 lines1
mark '1.15'; $SED -e 's/^/e1_/p' -f script1 lines1
mark '1.16'; $SED -e 's/^/e1_/p' lines1 lines1
# POSIX D11.2:11251
mark '1.17'; $SED p < lines1 lines1
cat >script1 <<EOF
#n
# A comment
p
EOF
mark '1.18'; $SED -f script1 < lines1 lines1
test_addr()
echo Testing address ranges
mark '2.1'; $SED -n -e '4p' lines1
mark '2.2'; $SED -n -e '20p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.3'; $SED -n -e '$p' lines1
mark '2.4'; $SED -n -e '$p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.5'; $SED -n -e '$a\
hello' /dev/null
mark '2.6'; $SED -n -e '$p' lines1 /dev/null lines2
# Should not print anything
mark '2.7'; $SED -n -e '20p' lines1
# Disabled because it is undefined behavior
# mark '2.8'; $SED -n -e '0p' lines1
```

```
mark '2.9'; $SED -n '/11_7/p' lines1
mark '2.10'; $SED -n '/11_7/p' lines1
mark '2.11'; $SED -n '\_11\_7_p' lines1
mark '2.12'; $SED -n '1,4p' lines1
mark '2.13'; $SED -n '1,$p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.14'; $SED -n '1,/12_9/p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.15'; $SED -n '/4/,$p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.16'; $SED -n '/4/,20p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.17'; $SED -n '/4/,/10/p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.18'; $SED -n '/12_3/,/11_8/p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.19'; $SED -n '12,3p' lines1 lines2
mark '2.20'; $SED -n '/11_7/,3p' lines1 lines2
}
test_group()
echo Brace and other grouping
mark '3.1'; $SED -e '
4,12 {
s/^{\wedge}/^{\wedge}/
s/$/$/
s/ /T/
}' lines1
mark '3.2'; $SED -e '
4,12 {
s/^/^/
/6/,/10/ {
 s/$/$/
 /8/ s/_/T/
}' lines1
mark '3.3'; $SED -e '
4,12 !{
s/^{\Lambda}/^{\Lambda}/
/6/,/10/ !{
 s/$/$/
 /8/ !s/_/T/
}
}' lines1
mark '3.4'; $SED -e '4,12!s/^//' lines1
}
test_acid()
echo Testing a c d and i commands
mark '4.1'; $SED -n -e '
s/^/before_i/p
20i\
```

```
inserted
s/^/after_i/p
'lines1 lines2
mark '4.2'; $SED -n -e '
5,12s/^/5-12/
s/^/before_a/p
/5-12/a\
appended
s/^/after_a/p
'lines1 lines2
mark '4.3'; $SED -n -e '
s/^{\wedge}/p
/11_/a\
appended
8,10N
s/$/$/p
'lines1 lines2
mark '4.4'; $SED -n -e '
c \setminus
hello
'lines1
mark '4.5'; $SED -n -e '
8c\
hello
'lines1
mark '4.6'; $SED -n -e '
3,14c\
hello
'lines1
mark '4.7'; $SED -n -e '
8,3c\
hello
'lines1
mark '4.8'; $SED d < lines 1
}
test_branch()
echo Testing labels and branching
mark '5.1'; $SED -n -e '
b label4
:label3
s/^/label3_/p
b end
:label4
2,12b label1
b label2
:label1
```

```
s/^/label1_/p
b
:label2
s/^/label2_/p
b label3
:end
'lines1
mark '5.2'; $SED -n -e '
s/11_/12_/
t ok
b
:ok
s/^/tested /p
'lines1 lines2
mark '5.3'; $SED -n -e '
5,8b inside
1,5 {
s/^{\wedge}/^{\rho}
:inside
s/$/$/p
'lines1
# Check that t clears the substitution done flag
mark '5.4'; $SED -n -e '
1,8s/^/^/
t 11
:11
t 12
s/$/$/p
:12
s/^/ERROR/
'lines1
# Check that reading a line clears the substitution done flag
mark '5.5'; $SED -n -e '
t 12
1.8s/^/p
2,7N
:12
s/^/ERROR/p
'lines1
mark '5.6'; $SED 5q lines1
mark '5.7'; $SED -e '
5i∖
hello
5q' lines1
# Branch across block boundary
```

```
mark '5.8'; $SED -e '
{
:b
}
s/l/m/
tb' lines1
}
test_pattern()
echo Pattern space commands
# Check that the pattern space is deleted
mark '6.1'; $SED -n -e '
c\setminus
changed
'lines1
mark '6.2'; $SED -n -e '
4d
p
'lines1
mark '6.3'; $SED -e '
N
N
N
D
P
4p
'lines1
mark '6.4'; $SED -e '
2h
3H
4g
5G
6x
бр
6x
6р
'lines1
mark '6.5'; $SED -e '4n' lines1
mark '6.6'; $SED -n -e '4n' lines1
test_print()
echo Testing print and file routines
awk 'END {for (i = 1; i < 256; i++) printf("%c", i);print "\n"}' \
 </dev/null >lines3
```

```
mark '7.1'; $SED -n 1 lines3
mark '7.2'; $SED -e '/12_/=' lines1 lines2
rm -f lines4
mark '7.3'; $SED -e '3,12w lines4' lines1
echo w results
cat lines4
mark '7.4'; $SED -e '4r lines2' lines1
mark '7.5'; $SED -e '5r /dev/dds' lines1
mark '7.6'; $SED -e '6r /dev/null' lines1
# mark '7.7'
# sed '200q' $DICT | sed 's$.*$s/^/&/w tmpdir/&$' >script1
#rm -rf tmpdir
# mkdir tmpdir
#$SED -f script1 lines1
# cat tmpdir/*
#rm -rf tmpdir
mark '7.8'
echo line1 > lines3
echo "" >> lines3
$SED -n -e '$p' lines3 /dev/null
test_subst()
echo Testing substitution commands
mark '8.1'; $SED -e 's/./X/g' lines1
mark '8.2'; $SED -e 's,.,X,g' lines1
mark '8.3'; $SED -e 's.\..X.g' lines1
# POSIX does not say that this should work
# mark '8.4'; $SED -e 's/[/]/Q/' lines1
mark '8.4'; $SED -e 's/[\/]/Q/' lines1
mark '8.5'; $SED -e 's_\_X_' lines1
mark '8.6'; $SED -e 's/./(&)/g' lines1
mark '8.7'; $SED -e 's/./(\&)/g' lines1
mark '8.8'; $SED -e 's/(.)/(.)/(.)/x3x2x1/g' lines1
mark '8.9'; $SED -e 's/_/u0\
u1\
u2/g' lines1
mark '8.10'; $SED -e 's/./X/4' lines1
rm -f lines4
mark '8.11'; $SED -e 's/1/X/w lines4' lines1
echo s wfile results
cat lines4
mark '8.12'; $SED -e 's/[123]/X/g' lines1
mark '8.13'; $SED -e 'y/0123456789/9876543210/' lines1
mark '8.14'; $SED -e 'y10\123456789198765432\101' lines1
mark '8.15'; $SED -e '1N;2y/\n/X/' lines1
mark '8.16'
```

```
echo 'eeefff' | SED - e'p' - e's/e/X/p' - e':x' \setminus
   -e 's//Y/p' -e '/f/bx'
mark '8.17'; $SED -e 's&.&\&&g' lines1
}
test_error()
$SED -x && exit 1
$SED -f && exit 1
$SED -e && exit 1
$SED -f /dev/dds && exit 1
$SED p /dev/dds && exit 1
$SED -f /bin/sh && exit 1
$SED '{' && exit 1
$SED '{' && exit 1
$SED '/hello/' && exit 1
$SED '1,/hello/' && exit 1
$SED -e '-5p' && exit 1
$SED '/jj' && exit 1
# $SED 'a hello' && exit 1
# $SED 'a \ hello' && exit 1
$SED 'b foo' && exit 1
$SED 'd hello' && exit 1
$SED 's/aa' && exit 1
$SED 's/aa/' && exit 1
$SED 's/a/b' && exit 1
$SED 's/a/b/c/d' && exit 1
$SED 's/a/b/ 1 2' && exit 1
# $SED 's/a/b/ 1 g' && exit 1
$SED 's/a/b/w' && exit 1
$SED 'y/aa' && exit 1
$SED 'y/aa/b/' && exit 1
$SED 'y/aa/' && exit 1
$SED 'y/a/b' && exit 1
$SED 'y/a/b/c/d' && exit 1
$SED '!' && exit 1
$SED supercalifrangolisticexprialidociussupercalifrangolisticexcius
}
main ${1+"$@"}
GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
     Version 3, 29 June 2007
Copyright (C) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <a href="http://fsf.org/">http://fsf.org/</a>
```

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/* Skeleton implementation for Bison's Yacc-like parsers in C

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/* C LALR(1) parser skeleton written by Richard Stallman, by simplifying the original so-called "semantic" parser. */

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This is syslog-ng, written and maintained by <bazsi@balabit.hu> on Sat, 03 Mar 2007 16:07:59 +0100

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The of the start-stop-daemon

- * A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- * in C (faster it is executed many times during system startup).

*

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support for the IEEE Link Discovery Protocol as per 802.1AB

Original code by Hannes Gredler (hannes@juniper.net)
IEEE and TIA extensions by Carles Kishimoto <carles.kishimoto@gmail.com>
DCBX extensions by Kaladhar Musunuru <kaladharm@sourceforge.net>

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Functions for signature and digest verification.

Original code by Hannes Gredler (hannes@juniper.net)

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Optimized Link State Protocl (OLSR) as per rfc3626

Original code by Hannes Gredler hannes@juniper.net IPv6 additions by Florian Forster <octo at verplant.org>

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Format and print trivial file transfer protocol packets.

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support for the IEEE "slow protocols" LACP, MARKER as per 802.3ad OAM as per 802.3ah

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Code by Gert Doering, SpaceNet GmbH, gert@space.net

Reference documentation:

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Hacked version of print-ether.c Larry Lile lile@stdio.com>

Further tweaked to more closely resemble print-fddi.c Guy Harris <guy@alum.mit.edu>

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support for the The RPKI/Router Protocol Protocol as per draft-ietf-sidr-rpki-rtr-12

Original code by Hannes Gredler (hannes@juniper.net)

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Kevin Steves <ks@hp.se> July 2000

Modified to:

- print version, type string and packet length
- print IP address count if > 1 (-v)
- verify checksum (-v)
- print authentication string (-v)

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Decode and print Zephyr packets.

http://web.mit.edu/zephyr/doc/protocol

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1.61 termcap 1.3.1

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1.62 u-boot 2010.6

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1.65 vim 7.3

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1.66 vlan 1.9

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However, I (Ben) reworked the MAC-VLAN code extensively, including re-writing all of the locking code. So, any complaints & bugs should come to me.

--Ben Greear (greearb@candelatech.com) http://www.candelatech.com/~greear

1.67 yaffs2 5dce9cd

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That's all there is to it!

1.68 zlib 1.2.8

1.68.1 Available under license:

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.8, April 28th, 2013

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jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).
*/

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