



# Cisco Secure Access Release Notes

**First Published:** October 27, 2023

**Last Revised:** April 30, 2024

## Notice: Cisco Secure Access – Browser Zero Trust Access URL change

The browser-based Zero Trust Access URL (browser-based only) in Cisco Secure Access is changing from a .com domain to an .io domain as of **Tuesday, December 5, 2023**. The browser-based URL is the custom address that companies configure for end users to connect securely to private resources using browser-based Zero Trust Access.

To help with the transition, the current .com URL will coexist with the new .io URL from December 5-15, at which time the .com URL will be decommissioned. For your part, you do not need to change the URL prefix that uniquely identifies each of your resources. Secure Access will automatically join the prefix *<your organization's tenant ID>-ztna.sse.cisco.io* to form the new public URL address.

What you need to do is to **notify your application owners and end users of the updated URLs**. We recommend that end users bookmark the new URL.

## New Features – April 30, 2024 Release

This section describes some of the features that were added to Cisco Secure Access in April 2024.

### RAVPNaaS – RAVPN Reporting Enhancements

This release includes the following enhancements to RAVPN reporting to improve debugging and troubleshooting processes as well as support efficient remote access management:

- Display Username for Failed Events – Significantly improves how quickly issues can be tracked and addressed.
- ASA Syslog Message ID Extraction Support – Offers detailed insights by identifying the specific syslog messages used in the remote access logs.
- Device ID – Includes the device ID with every event, providing critical help to network administrators in numerous ways.
- Failed Events for Posture – Provides vital information for effective triage during failed connection attempts.

### RAVPNaaS – Selection of Region-based FQDN

Secure Access administrators can now customize VPN Profiles to add an optional user-friendly display name that is distinct from the VPN profile name. Administrators also have the ability to include the regional-based FQDN to the host name to provide flexibility to clients to connect to the closest VPN headend.

Branch-to-Private Applications Access Rule with IPS Enforcement

Secure Access administrators can now define a Private Access rule with IPS enforcement to secure traffic between a branch office and private applications. When IPS is enabled, traffic will be inspected to filter out malicious traffic moving laterally between branch offices and private applications hosted in customer’s private infrastructure. Any traffic matching the IPS profile will be blocked, and the events will be found under **Monitor > Activity Search > IPS** in Secure Access dashboard.

Cisco AI Policy Assistant for Secure Access

This release introduces the Cisco AI Assistant for Secure Access. The Policy Assistant is the first feature to debut on the AI Assistant platform in Secure Access. This intuitive AI model is designed to simplify the complex and time-consuming process of creating internet and private access rules for access policies. The Policy Assistant helps Secure Access administrators realize efficiency gains by reducing the amount of time spent on policy creation. Built-in safeguards keep newly created rules disabled by default until Secure Access administrators can review and enable them.

Known Issues – April 30, 2024 Release

Feature	Caveat Description	What is the customer impact?	Which users are impacted?
<b>ISE Integration</b>	ISE Posture requires that the Cisco Secure Client be able to resolve the FQDN of the ISE system.	Configure a private DNS server(s) as part of the VPN profile; or add a host entry on the Secure Client that maps the ISE FQDN to a private IP address.	IT Administrator
<b>ISE Integration</b>	User-Based Access Policies when External Radius/ISE used for RAVPN Authorization do not include the Origin ID.	User-based firewall access rules and user-based SWG rules do not work.	IT Administrator
<b>ISE Integration</b>	When configuring VPN profiles, configure the IP Pool first and save the profile, then add RADIUS groups and servers.	Remote Access VPNs may not work as expected.	IT Administrator
<b>Resource connector deployment</b>	Resource Connector VM should not be cloned and should be deployed independently.	If the Resource Connector is cloned, the original and cloned instance will not function properly.	IT Administrator
<b>IPv6 Support for Resource Connectors</b>	Only IPv4 addresses are supported on Resource Connectors. IPv6 is not supported yet.	Resource Connectors can only be configured with IPv4.	IT Administrator

Feature	Caveat Description	What is the customer impact?	Which users are impacted?
<b>Browser-based/Client-based ZTNA access via Resource Connectors</b>	Your network subnets should not overlap with the CGNAT range 100.64.0.0/10.	Configuring overlapping networks will cause issues routing traffic to the private resource.	IT Administrator
<b>Logging on dashboard</b>	For ZTNA traffic flowing through Resource Connectors, firewall events logged might have inaccurate IP addresses.	Logging events might be inaccurate.	IT Administrator
<b>Resource connector interfaces</b>	Resource connectors can only be launched with a single interface.	A resource connector configured with multiple interfaces is not supported.	IT Administrator
<b>Resource connector group provisioning key</b>	Provisioning keys show up on the API keys page in management dashboard.	If an administrator deletes any of the provisioning keys, it will lead to failure in enrolling new Resource Connectors using the deleted provisioning key.	IT Administrator
<b>Resource connector group region change</b>	An administrator will not be able to edit the region a Resource Connector Group is associated with after it is created.	After a resource connector group is created, the region can't be changed. The group must be deleted from the old region and recreated in the new region.	IT Administrator

## Known Issues – October 27, 2023 Release

Feature	Caveat Description	What is the customer impact?	Which users are impacted?
<b>Client-based ZTA</b>	Secure Client ZTA Module only available on Windows 10 and 11 and MacOS versions 11, 12, 13, 14	Other platforms are not supported	End Users
<b>Sync intervals</b>	Certain configuration changes will take up to five minutes to be applied on all system components (this includes steering configuration, posture update from clients, and tunnel settings)		

Feature	Caveat Description	What is the customer impact?	Which users are impacted?
<b>External API</b>	External APIs are not documented and not supported.	Currently there are only two external APIs supported for SDWAN integration with Secure Access. Some of the existing APIs on Umbrella will be available as undocumented / unsupported APIs.	IT Administrator / Developer community
<b>Data Retention</b>	Data retentions is one year for DNS queries and 30 days for FW, SWG, and DNS.	None	IT Administrator
<b>Access policy support</b>	SWG and DNS does not enforce inline IP in the access policy.	Customer created rule for inline IP in source or destination will be supported by firewall only.	IT Administrator
<b>Policy rule management</b>	Supported rule limit is 5K. If the number of access rules exceed 5K, the performance of the Policy UI and policy enforcement is impacted.	Customer can create up to 5K rules including internet access and private access rules without experiencing significant performance impact.	IT Administrator
<b>ECMP support for branch connections</b>	ECMP-based load balancing is not yet supported.	Branch connections will not be able to leverage ECMP to load balance across multiple tunnels.	IT Administrator
<b>RAVPN</b>	Upgrades to remote access VPN service will disconnect current session.	The users will have to re-establish their session. This is existing ASA design which provides persistent VPN connection.	End Users
<b>RAVPN</b>	Multiple remote access VPN profiles with duplicate SAML configuration does not work properly.	You must use a different SAML configuration per VPN profile.	IT Administrator

Feature	Caveat Description	What is the customer impact?	Which users are impacted?
<b>No Overlapping Subnet support</b>	Each branch within the same organization must use different, non-overlapping subnets. For example, two branches of the same organization cannot both use the subnet 192.168.10.0/24.	Customers must ensure each branch has different subnets, or they must NAT the branch traffic on their side and only configure the NAT addresses to CNHE.	IT Administrator
<b>SAML + IP surrogate</b>	For an org with IP Surrogates enabled, if SAML is enabled and then disabled, user identity may still apply for authenticated users for up to 12 hours after SAML is disabled.	Customers may see user-based policies apply for previously authenticated users. No impact on non-authenticated users.	End Users
<b>Client-based ZTA on Mac</b>	We will not be able to support multiple users on macOS at this time. Only the first user who enrolls will be able to utilize ZTA. We are also unable to enroll different users on the same device. This is due to how security fundamentally works with macOS's Secure Enclave. We are investigating how we can improve the user experience surrounding this issue and will have more information in the coming weeks.	Only one user can do successful ZTA Enrollment on a macOS device.	Customers with multiple users on a single macOS device
<b>Endpoint Posture Management</b>	Posture profile limit per org is 100.	If the number of posture profiles created within an org are more than 100, then customer will be prompted with error message to either delete unused posture profiles or edit existing profiles.	IT Administrator
<b>Auto upgrade configuration for AD</b>	Customer needs to be able to configure the time period for upgrades for AD controllers. However, today the functionality is not available.	Upgrade takes place between 2AM-6AM every day.	IT Administrator
<b>BGP learned routing information is not displayed in user interface</b>	BGP Network Tunnel – Routes/prefixes learned from the remote location are not shown yet.		IT Administrator

Feature	Caveat Description	What is the customer impact?	Which users are impacted?
<b>Client-based and Clientless ZTA</b>	For the private traffic from the ZTNA, the IPS events will have the source IP in the range (100.64.0.0/10) and not the client IP.	Customer will need to instead use user ID in the logs for identification of the event.	IT Administrator
<b>Clientless ZTA</b>	Clientless ZTA does not support "TLS 1.3 only" applications.	Customer needs to also enable TLS 1.2 on the application side.	IT Administrator
<b>FWaaS</b>	For access policies with destination as any, application info will not be seen in firewall events.	There is no functional impact.	IT Administrator
<b>FWaaS</b>	SAML authentication may get blocked by Firewall (IPS) if Security over connectivity or Max Detection IPS profile is configured. This is only applicable for Branch to Internet traffic.	SAML authentication login page will not be served for authentication.	End Users
<b>Users and Groups</b>	Azure AD Scope change from 'Sync all Users and Groups' to 'Sync only assigned users and groups' is not sending disable events.	Users and groups outside the defined scope will get listed in the dashboard.	IT Administrator
<b>Secure Internet</b>	Users connecting with the Umbrella roaming module or PAC file in Israel are not reaching the Israel Secure Access PoP. Traffic is going to Frankfurt or London instead.  Workaround: Use IPsec tunnel or RAVPN to connect to Israel PoP.	Increased latency, pages rendered in English instead of Hebrew, geolocation, data sovereignty.	End Users

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